Evidence and Modeling of 3D Divertor Footprint Induced by JÜLICH Lower Hybrid Waves on EAST with Tungsten Divertor Upperations (EX/P7-10, L. Wang et al)



2D contour plots of measured particle fluxes on upper outer divertor target in Port D&O for three long-pulse discharges of different q_{95} in quasi-DN configuration. $P_{LHW, 4.6GHz} \sim 1.6MW$.

References

- [1] Y. Liang et al., PRL 110, 235002 (2013)
- [2] M. Rack et al., NF 54, 064016 (2014)
- [3] J. C. Xu, L. Wang* et al., RSI 87, 083514 (2016)



- ≻ LHW can induce edge topology change (n=1) → secondary magnetic flux lobes → 3D footprints [1-2]
- > 3D diagnostic in EAST: newly upgraded divertor probe arrays at two toroidal locations with $\Delta \phi = 112.5^{\circ}$ [3].
- > 3D particle flux footprints induced by LHWs in EAST were systematically studied with W divertor.
 - Vary with q95, 3D footprints in a wide range of q95
 - A threshold power of P_{LHW} ~0.9 MW for 3D footprints
 - In/out strike point splitting depends on Bt direction in USN
 - No ne dependence of footprint pattern in attached conditions

The experimental and modeling results of different toroidal locations show good agreement.

> Allowing further heat flux control using 3D footprint with regulating divertor conditions.