

Understanding relationship between separatrix and pedestal density is key to core-edge integration

- Ratio of $n_{e,sep}$ to $n_{e,ped}$ at detachment onset increases with power
 - $n_{e,sep}$ consistent with Two-Point Model (2PM) when accounting for power dissipation
- Closed upper divertor reduces pedestal ionization and density
 - Modeling indicates D_{\perp} does not change with particle source

✓ Detachment at lower $n_{e,sep}$ and $n_{e,ped}$ will be critical for core-edge compatibility in future devices

