## Summary Slide for Main Achievements of NIF Beryllium Campaign

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Slide 1

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## NIF Experiments Have Demonstrated Be Ablator Advantages, Are Working Towards Their Utilization

- Enhanced Be ablation properties are expected to provide improved control of the capsule stability and implosion symmetry
  - − Strong ablative stabilization → reduced "tent scar"
  - Larger ablation pressure  $\rightarrow$  larger hohlraums
- NIF Be experiments started in August of 2014 and have confirmed
  - Enhanced ablation front stability
  - Very good laser-capsule coupling and predictive implosion stability control for 0.8 mm capsules in low-fill 6.72 mm hohlraums, albeit at laser cone fractions ~0.24 (→ suboptimal laser use)
- Upcoming experiments will increase capsule radius to achieve predictable symmetric implosions with optimal cone fractions ~1/3
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**Top:** Enhanced Be ablation front stability

**Bottom:** Symmetry control of 0.8 mm Be capsule implosions in low-fill 6.72 mm hohlraums

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