

Synergetic effects of collisions, turbulence and sawtooth crashes on impurity transport.

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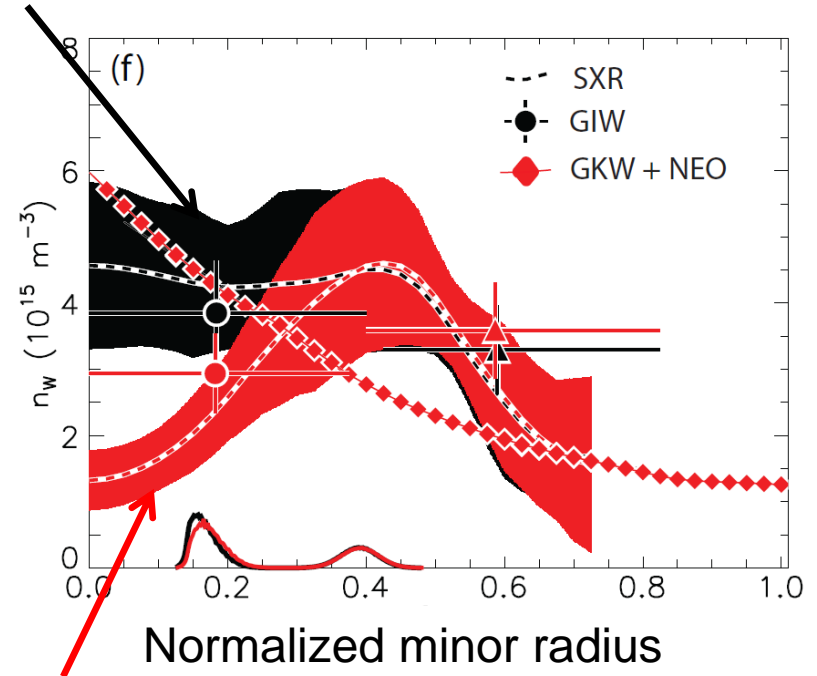
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- Tungsten plasma facing components → impurity accumulation in the core ?
- Neoclassical and turbulence transport processes compete
Casson 13, Angioni 14
- Interplay with MHD events : tearing modes, ELMs, sawtooth crashes Hender 16, Sertoli 15

After crash



Before crash

Asdex Upgrade – tungsten density- Sertoli 15

- 1) Interaction between turbulent and neoclassical transport.
- 2) Interaction between sawtooth cycles and neoclassical transport.

Punchline : interplay between different contributions to impurity transport are mediated by large scale flows

- Gyrokinetic description (GYSELA code) : $d_t F = C(F) + \text{Poisson equation}$ → neoclassical and turbulent transport Grandgirard 16
- MHD equations (XTOR code) + impurity density and momentum equations Lütjens 10

$$\frac{\partial N}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (N\mathbf{V}) = \nabla \cdot (\mathcal{D}\nabla N - \mathcal{V}N)$$

diffusion = $\langle N\mathbf{V} \rangle_{turb}$ pinch velocity

collisional friction force → neoclassical flux

$$Nm \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} + \mathbf{V} \cdot \nabla \right) \mathbf{V} = Ne (\mathbf{E} + \mathbf{V} \times \mathbf{B}) - \nabla \cdot \Pi + \mathbf{R}$$

→ Pfirsch-Schlüter transport included in the fluid dynamics

→ neoclassical and MHD transport

Impurity neoclassical flux is related to parallel friction force

- Neoclassical flux

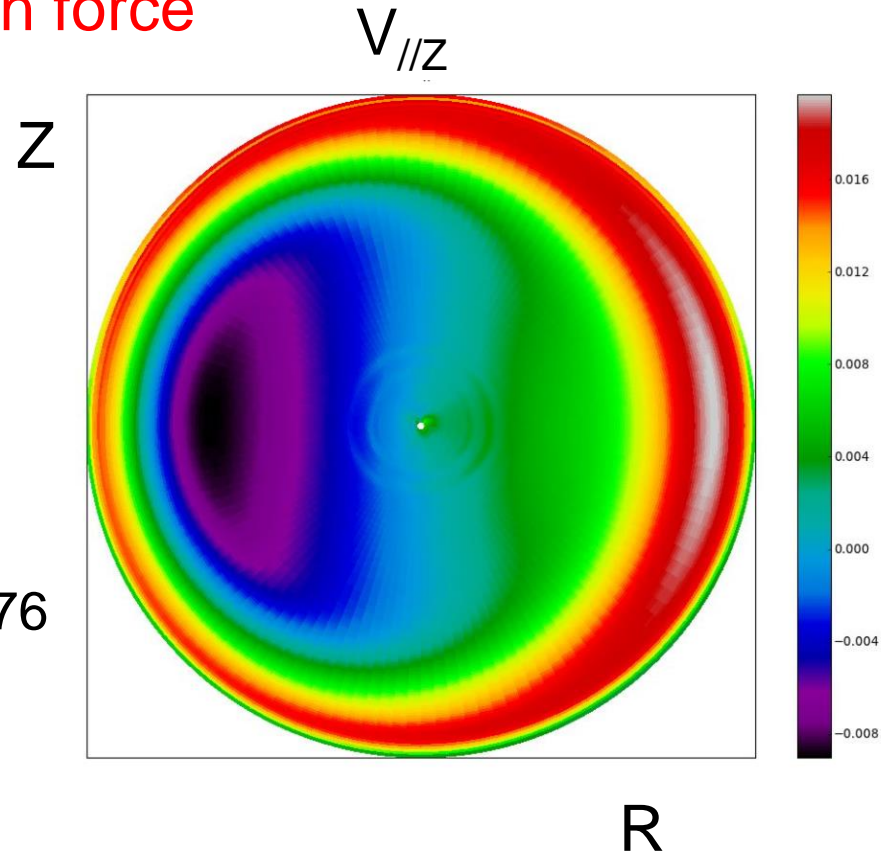
$$\Gamma^{\psi} = -\frac{B_T R}{Ze} \left\langle \frac{R_{\parallel}}{B} \right\rangle$$

// collisional friction force

- Pfirsch-Schlüter convection cell due to perpendicular compressibility Hinton & Hazeltine 76

- controls Γ^{ψ} at high collisionality

$$v_z^* > 1$$



Neoclassical thermal screening works against accumulation

- General form of the impurity flux Hirshman & Sigmar 81

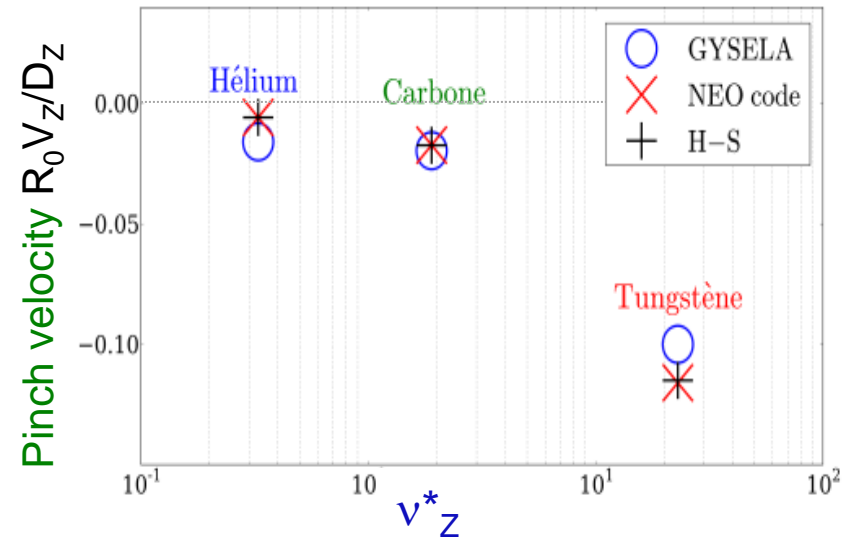
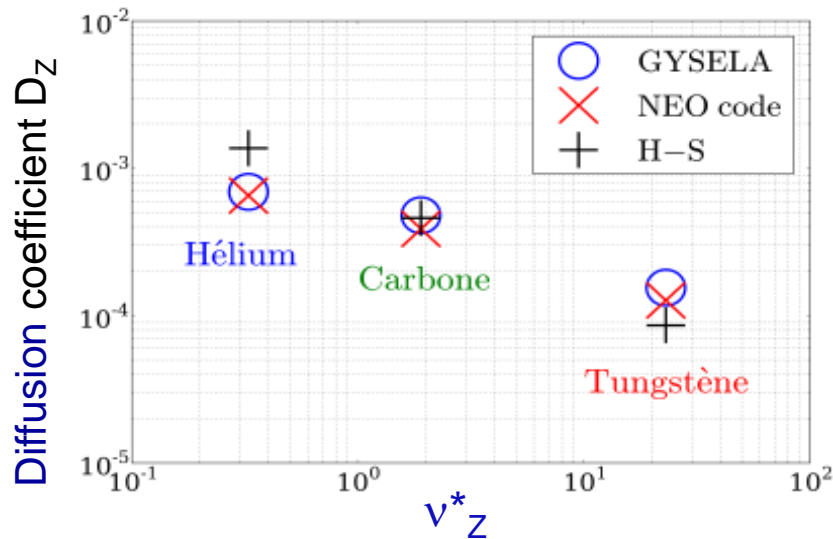
$$\frac{\Gamma_{Z\psi}}{D_{neo}N_Z} = -\frac{\partial \ln N_Z}{\partial r} + Z \frac{\partial \ln N_i}{\partial r} + H Z \frac{\partial \ln T_i}{\partial r}$$

Accumulation

Thermal screening

- Impurity collisional, ions weakly collisional $\rightarrow H = -1/2$ Hirshman 76

- GYSELA benchmarked against theory and NEO code Belli 08



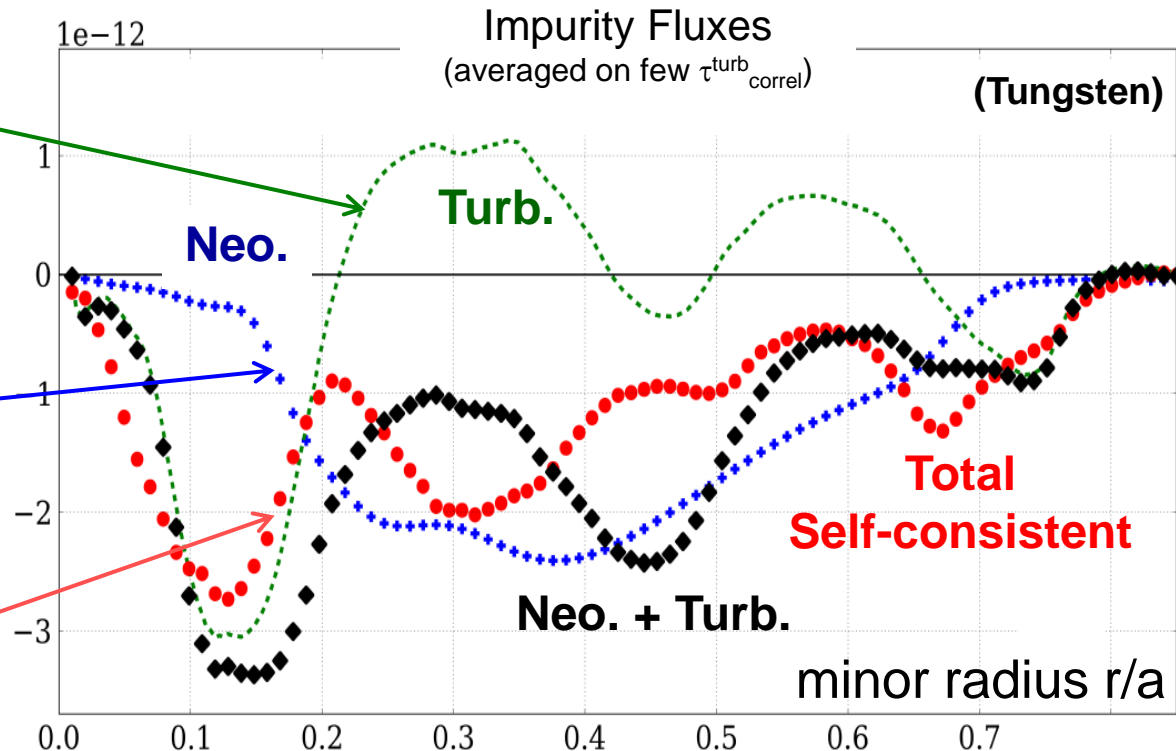
Neoclassical and turbulent transport processes are synergetic

- Neoclassical and turbulent contributions isolated by playing with collisionality and symmetries
- Total flux \neq neoclassical + turbulent

Turbulent, friction force $R_{||Z}=0$

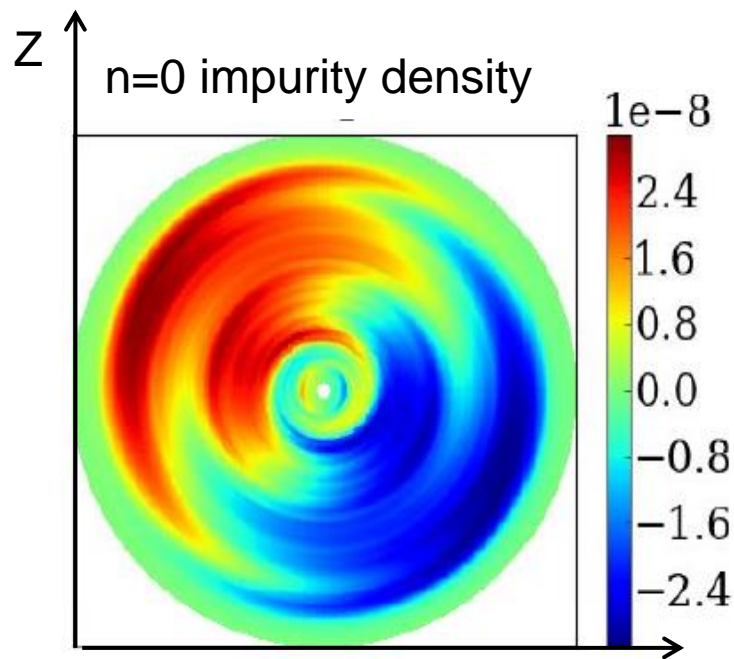
Neoclassical $R_{||Z} \neq 0$, axisymmetric $n=0$ modes only

Self-consistent $R_{||Z} \neq 0$, all modes



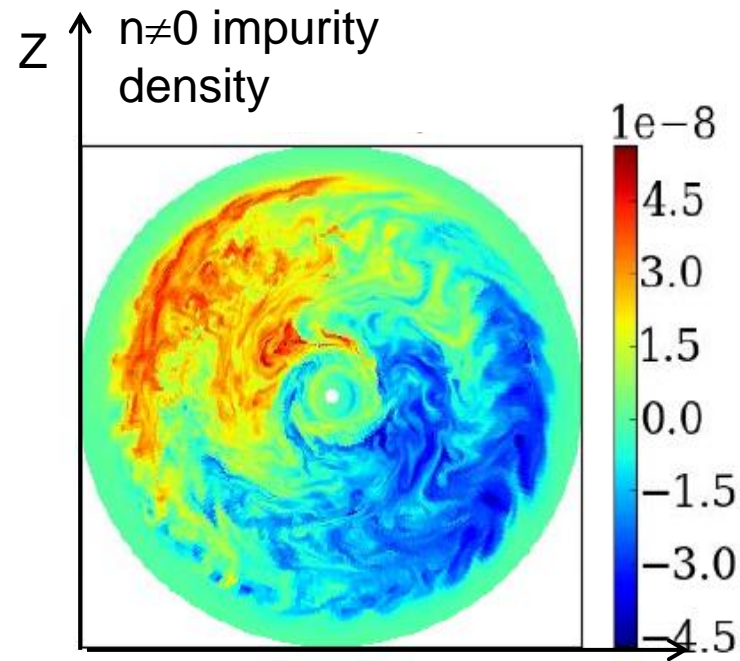
Interplay is mediated by poloidal convective cells

- Turbulent Reynolds stress → poloidal convective cells
- Poloidal asymmetries → change neoclassical impurity flux
- // momentum transport, turbulence self-regulation Diamond 05



Esteve 15

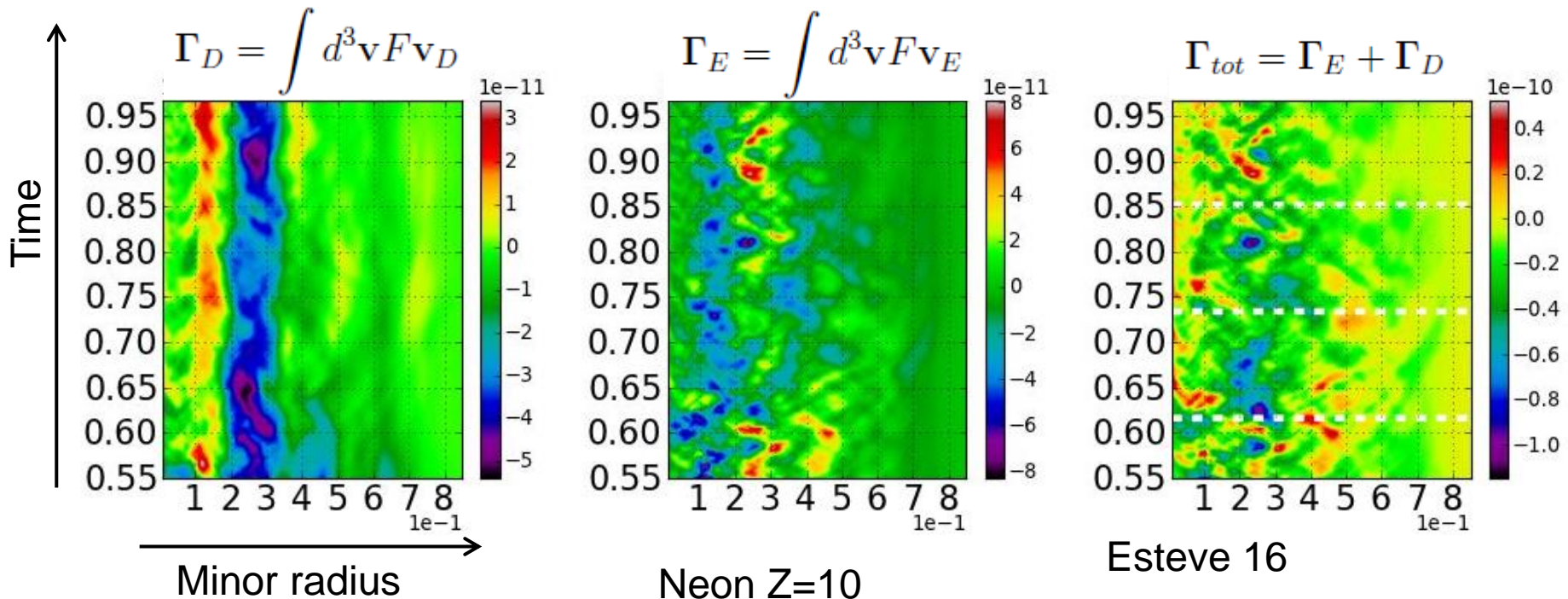
R



R

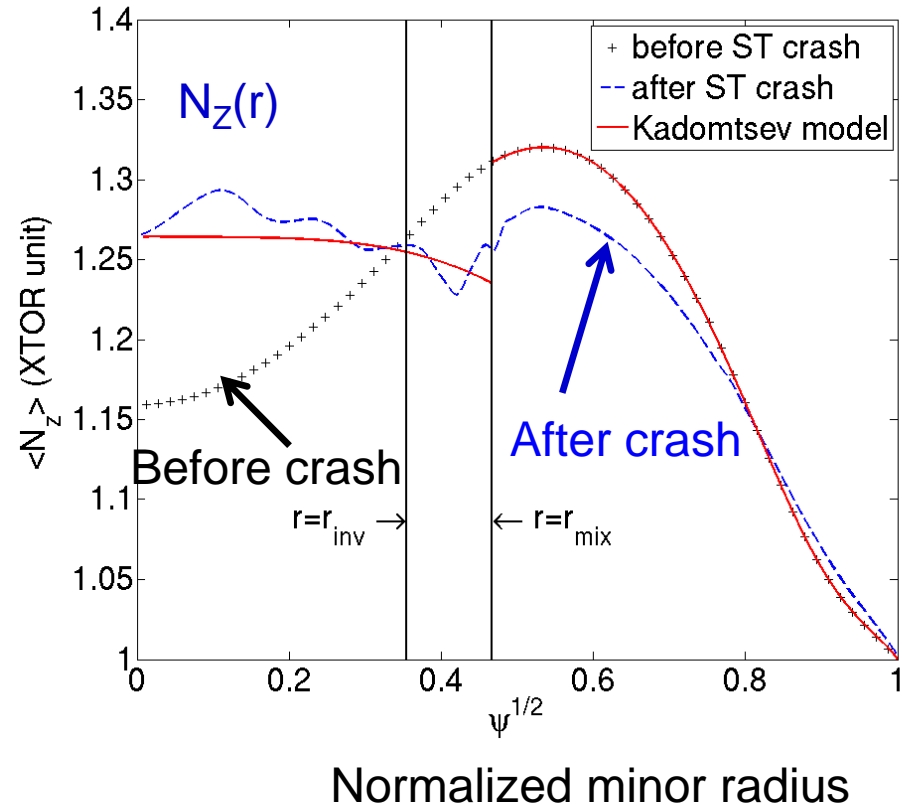
Curvature and ExB fluxes are anticorrelated

- Anti-correlation due to poloidal convective cells
- Thermal screening factor $H > -1/2$: consequence of static density poloidal asymmetries? Romanelli 98, Fülöp 99, Angioni 14, Breton 16

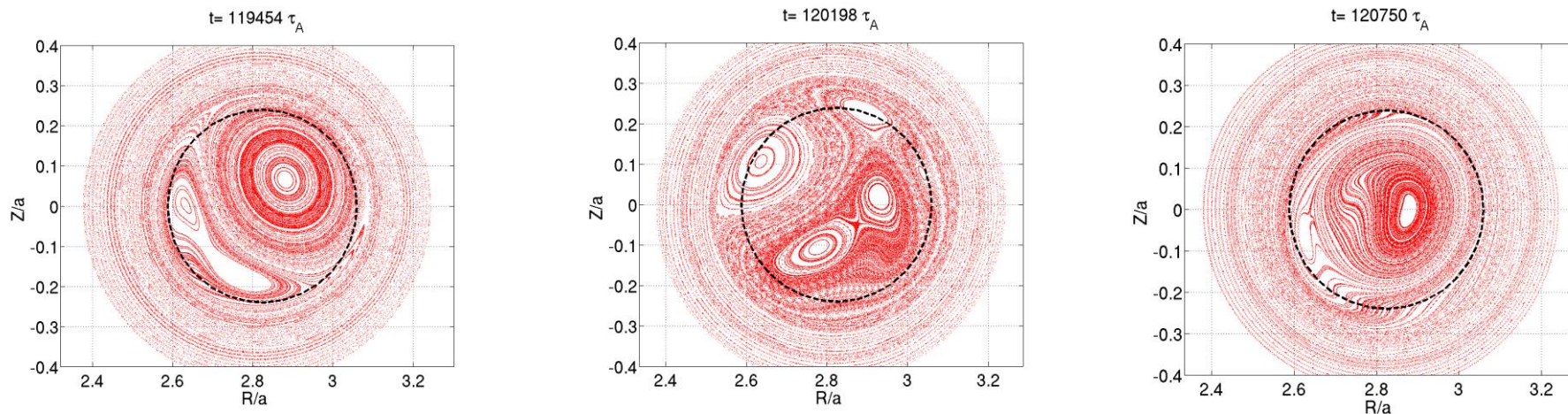


Ahn 16

- $\nabla N_i = 0, \nabla T_i \neq 0 \rightarrow$ screening
- Crash time \ll collision time \rightarrow neoclassical transport processes inefficient during crash
- Post-crash profile consistent with Kadomtsev model Kadomtsev 75, Porcelli 96, Nicolas 15

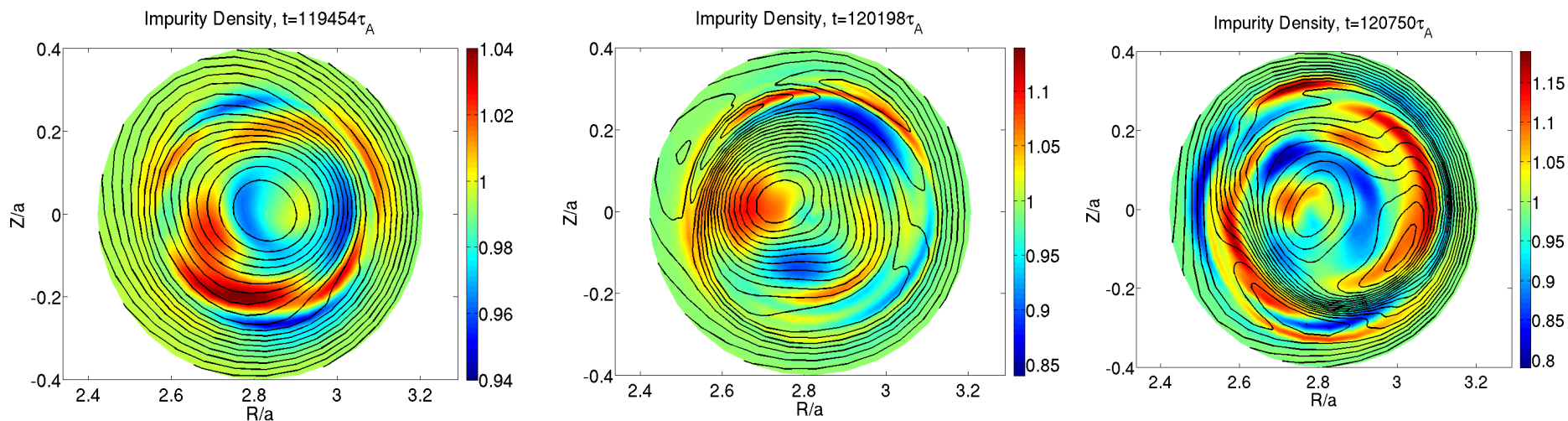


ExB drift is the main cause of impurity transport during a sawtooth crash



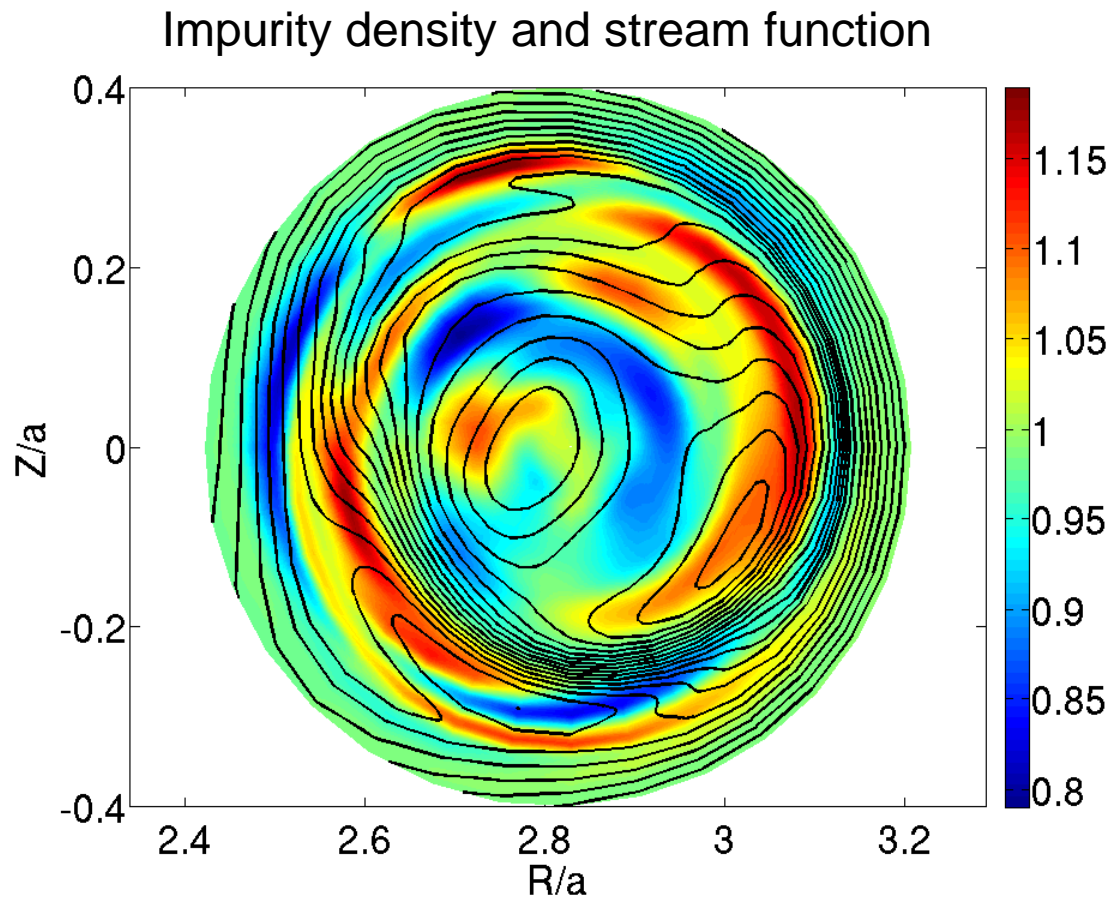
Poincaré map of magnetic field lines

time →



Impurity density and stream function

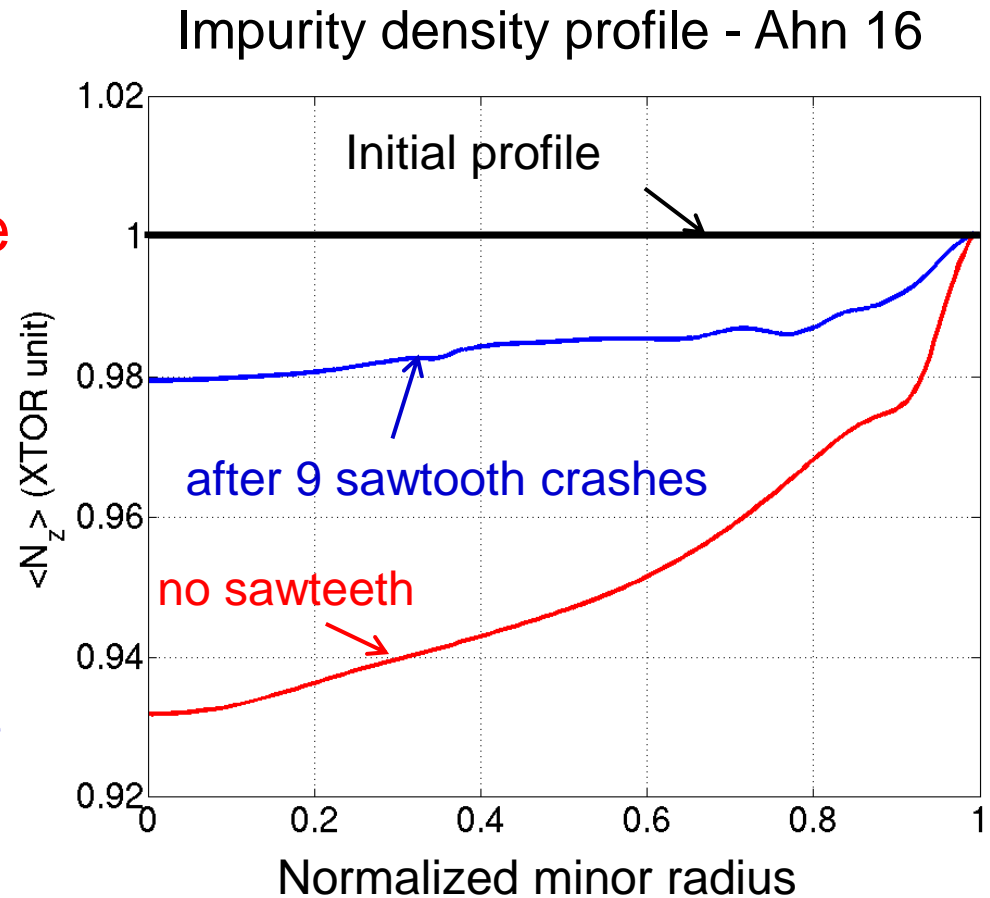
ExB drift is the main cause of impurity transport during a sawtooth crash (cont.)



- ExB impurity flux ~ 10 flux due to magnetic flutter
- Consistent with SXR measurements on TFTR Nagayama 91

Sawteeth change the impurity profile on long time scales

- Neoclassical transport dominant during recovery phase, but ion temperature gradient is lower
→ weaker thermal screening effect
- Overall temperature profile flatter with sawteeth



- Interplay between turbulent and neoclassical transport processes:
 - poloidal convective cells generated by turbulence → poloidal asymmetries – total flux \neq turbulent + neoclassical calculated separately. Should play at low rotation speed (e.g. EAST, WEST, ITER)
 - thermal screening gets weaker
- Sawteeth cycles affect neoclassical transport
 - crashes flatten impurity density profile + lower main ion temperature gradient → thermal screening less efficient