

Interaction between NTMs and non-local transport in HL-2A

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Outline

- ❖ **Motivation**
- ❖ **Non-local transport**
 - ◆ Non-local transport in HL-2A
 - ◆ Enhanced avalanche characteristics during non-local transport
- ❖ **NTM onset during non-local transport**
 - ◆ Typical feature of NTM onset during non-local transport
 - ◆ Relation between NTM onset and non-local transport
- ❖ **Impact of NTM on non-local transport**
 - ◆ Damping effects of NTM on non-local transport
 - ◆ Reduction of avalanche feature with NTM in non-locality
- ❖ **Summary**



Motivation

◆ What is the mechanism of non-local transport ?

- **Non-local transport has been observed in many fusion devices.**

TEXT-U / TFTR / RTP / JET / TORE-SUPRA / HL-2A / LHD... *K W Gentle, PRL 1995*

- **Non-local transport:** Long-distance-correlated events with reversed polarity.

- **Possible mechanisms:** *J. Callen, PPCF 1997, B173*

i) Empirical model, ii) marginal stability, iii) self-organized criticality (SOC)?

◆ What is the mechanism of NTM onset ?

- **NTM** effects → β limitation or major disruption

- **NTM** onset: Seeding process? Threshold? $[dw/dt \sim \Delta'(w), \Delta'_{BS}, \Delta'_{GGJ}, \Delta'_{pol}, \Delta'_{CD}]$

◆ What is the possible link between NTM and non-local transport ?

- In HL-2A, NTM onset during non-locality was observed for the first time.



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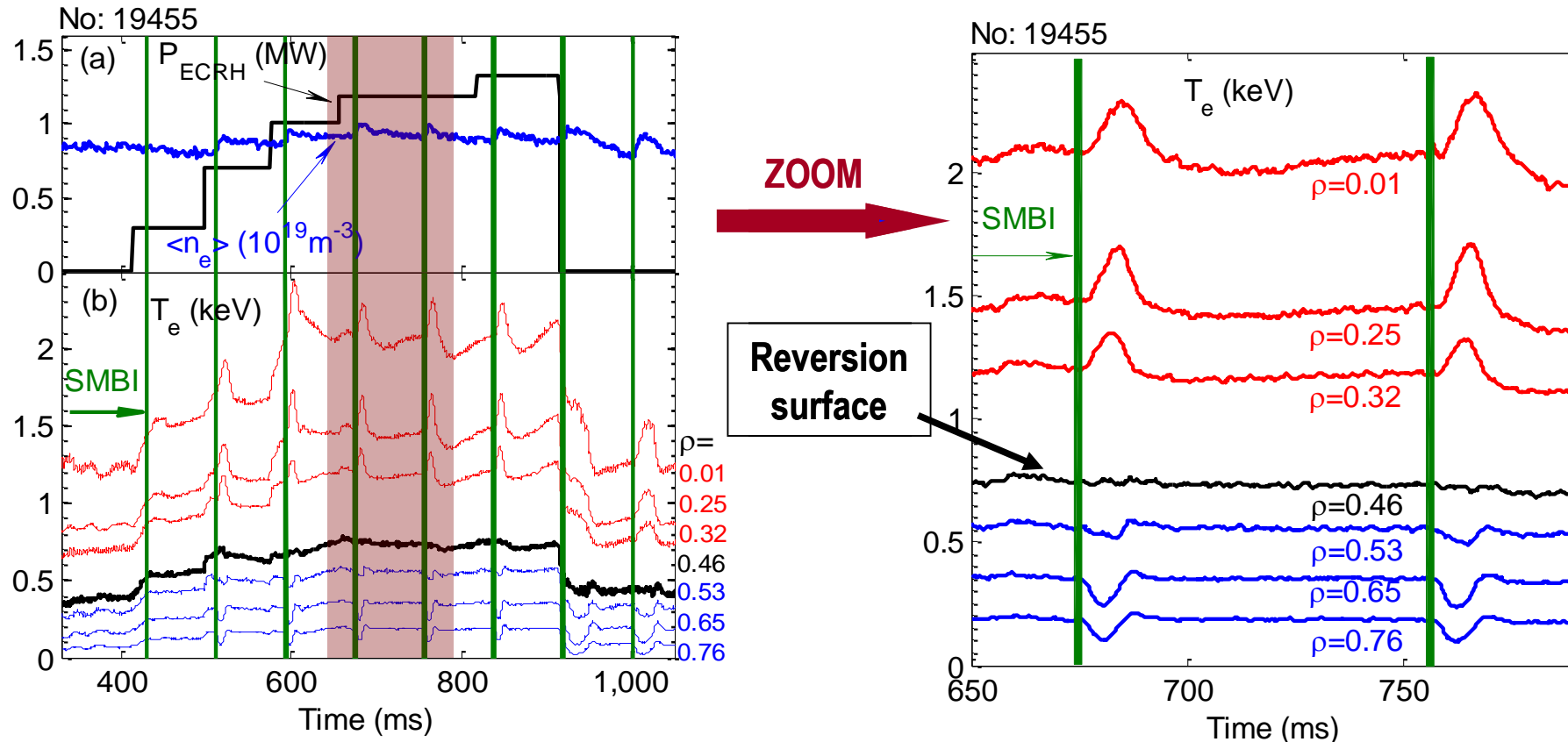
❖ **Impact of NTM on non-local transport**

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Non-local transport in HL-2A



- After each **SMBI** (Supersonic Molecular Beam Injection), edge T_e reduces by cooling whereas the core T_e quickly rises over long-distance — **non-local transport** !
- This non-locality usually occurs (i) in low density ($\langle n_e \rangle < 2.0 \times 10^{19} \text{m}^{-3}$) ohmic or ECRH heating plasmas; (ii) very transient process $\sim (15\text{-}30)$ ms
- Reversion surface of T_e perturbation is normally outside $q=1$



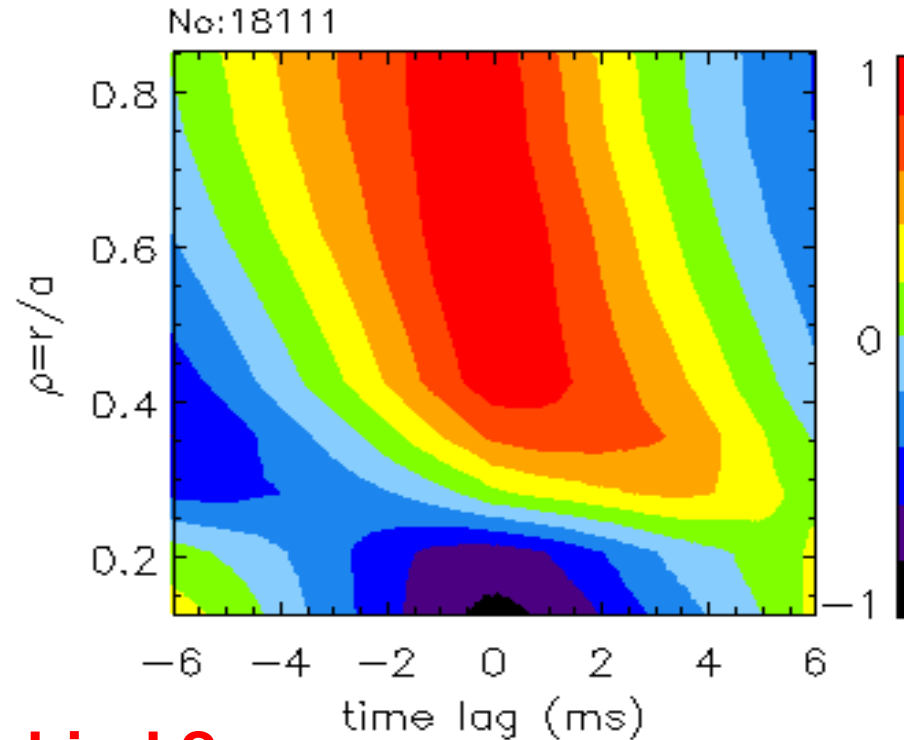
Non-local transport: long-range radial propagation

Inward heat flux propagation observed in low-frequency range ($f \sim 200$ Hz) of T_e fluctuations

Edge



Core

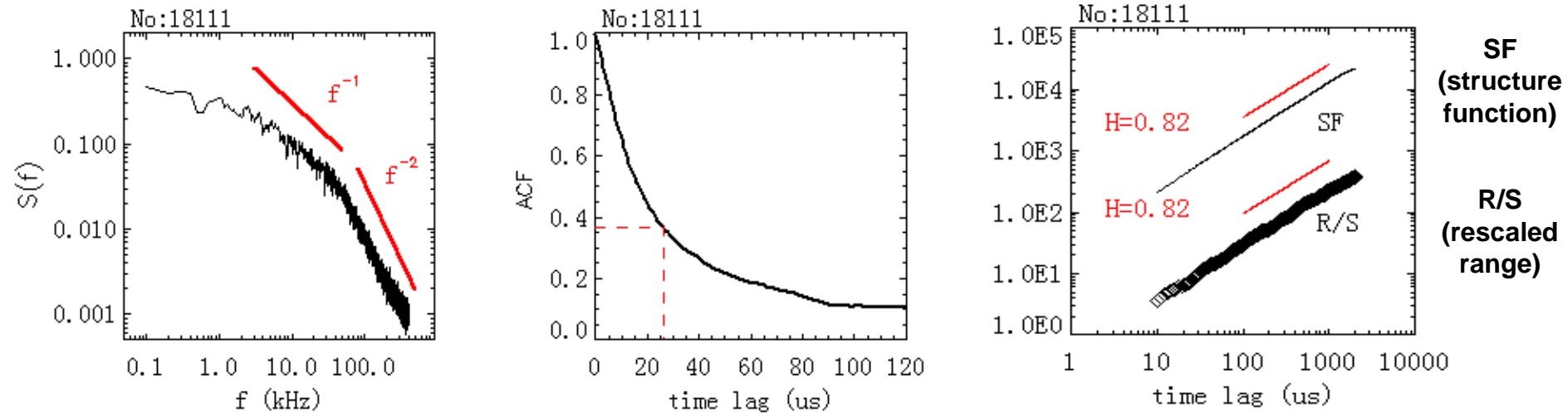


What are the mechanisms behind ?

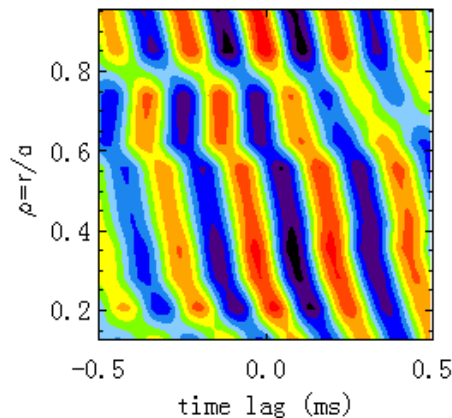
- Empirical model (added diffusion/ heat coefficients)
- Marginal stability (propose critical parameters determining system states)
- SOC (avalanche, f^{-1} dependence, self-similarity /large Hurst exponent.....)



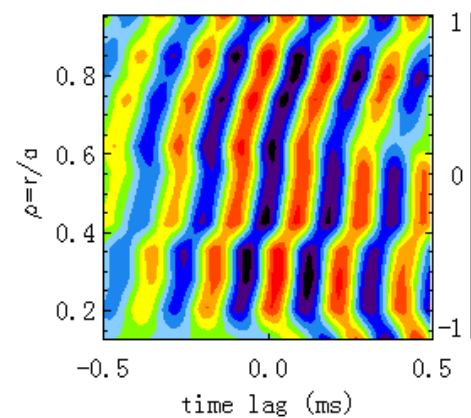
Typical characteristics of SOC behavior



Inward



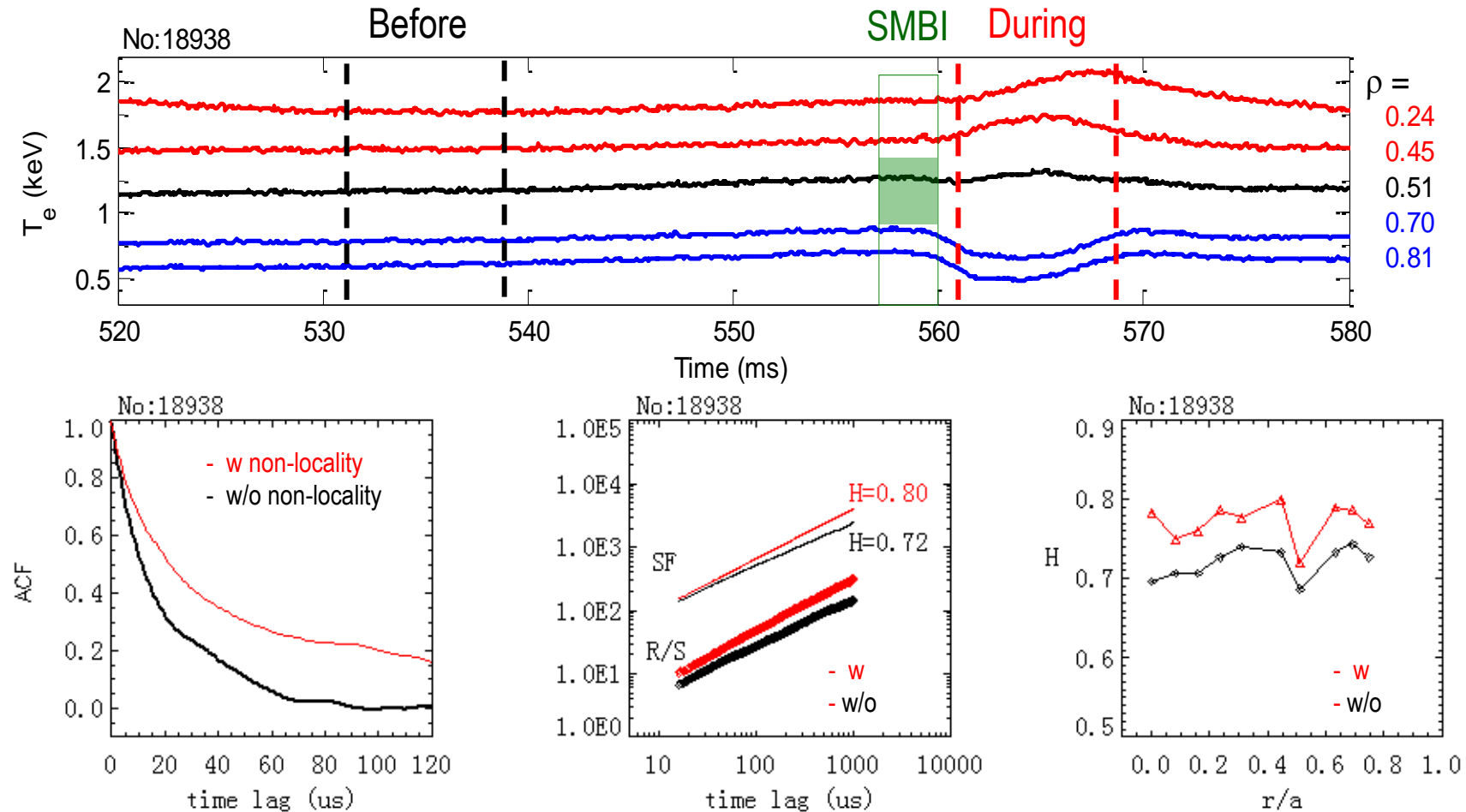
Outward



- f^{-1} dependence in Intermediate range (3-30 kHz) — overlapping of avalanche transport.
- long tail in autocorrelation function (ACF) — long time correlated events.
- Large value of Hurst parameter estimated by R/S and SF — indication of “self-similarity”.
- Dual propagation of avalanche events — a signature of SOC system !



Enhanced avalanche characteristics during non-local transport (I)

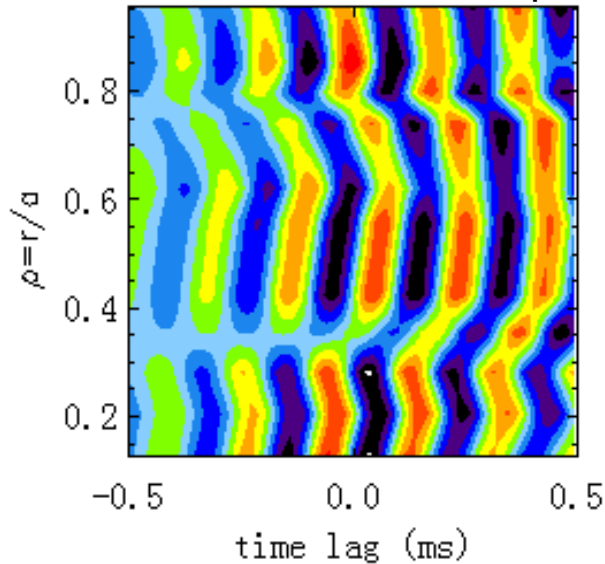


During non-local transport, the time lag in ACF and Hurst parameters are all larger than those before non-locality, revealing an enhanced avalanche behavior in the non-local transport.

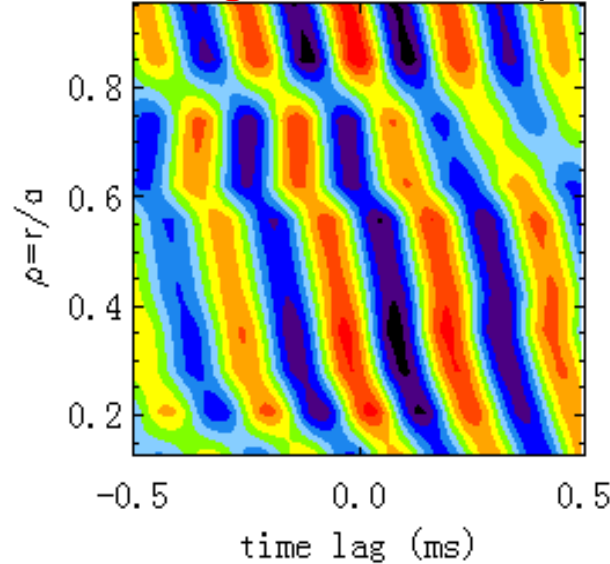


Enhanced avalanche characteristics during non-local transport (II)

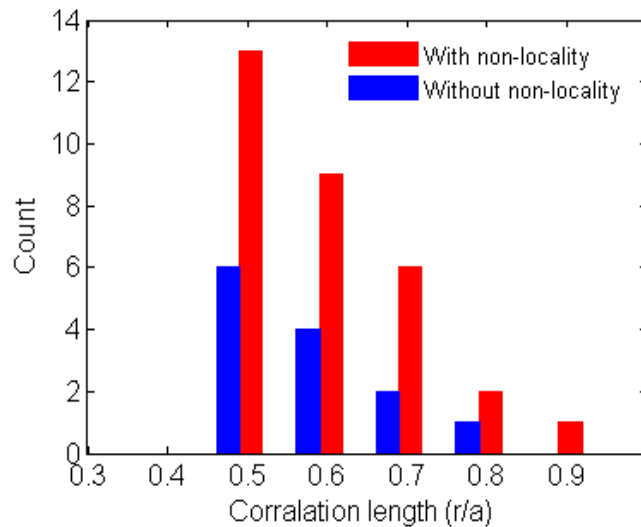
Before non-local transport



During non-local transport



Correlation length of radial propagation events **mostly** increase during non-locality.



Count number of radial correlation length for avalanche propagation events **with/without** non-locality

It appears that the SOC regime could be responsible for the non-local transport at HL-2A

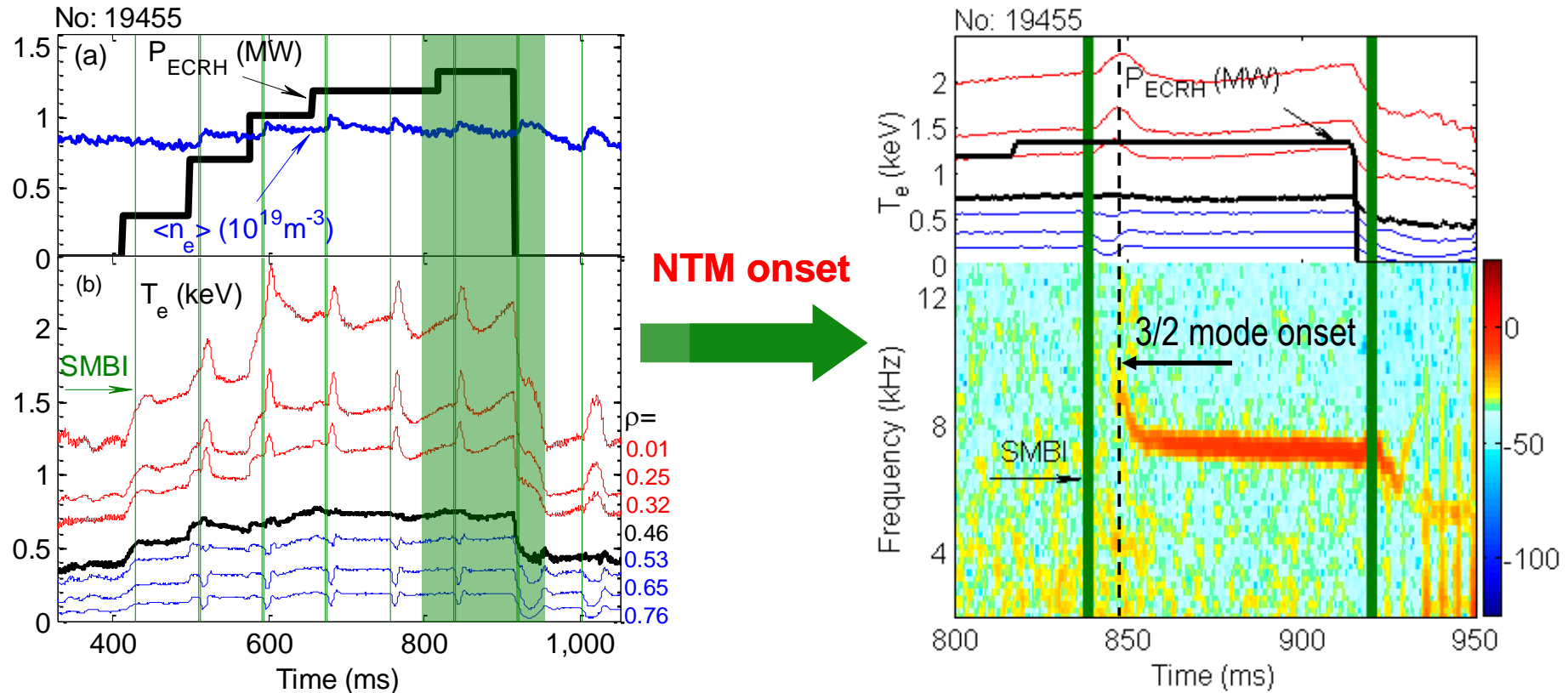


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Typical feature of NTM onset during non-local transport

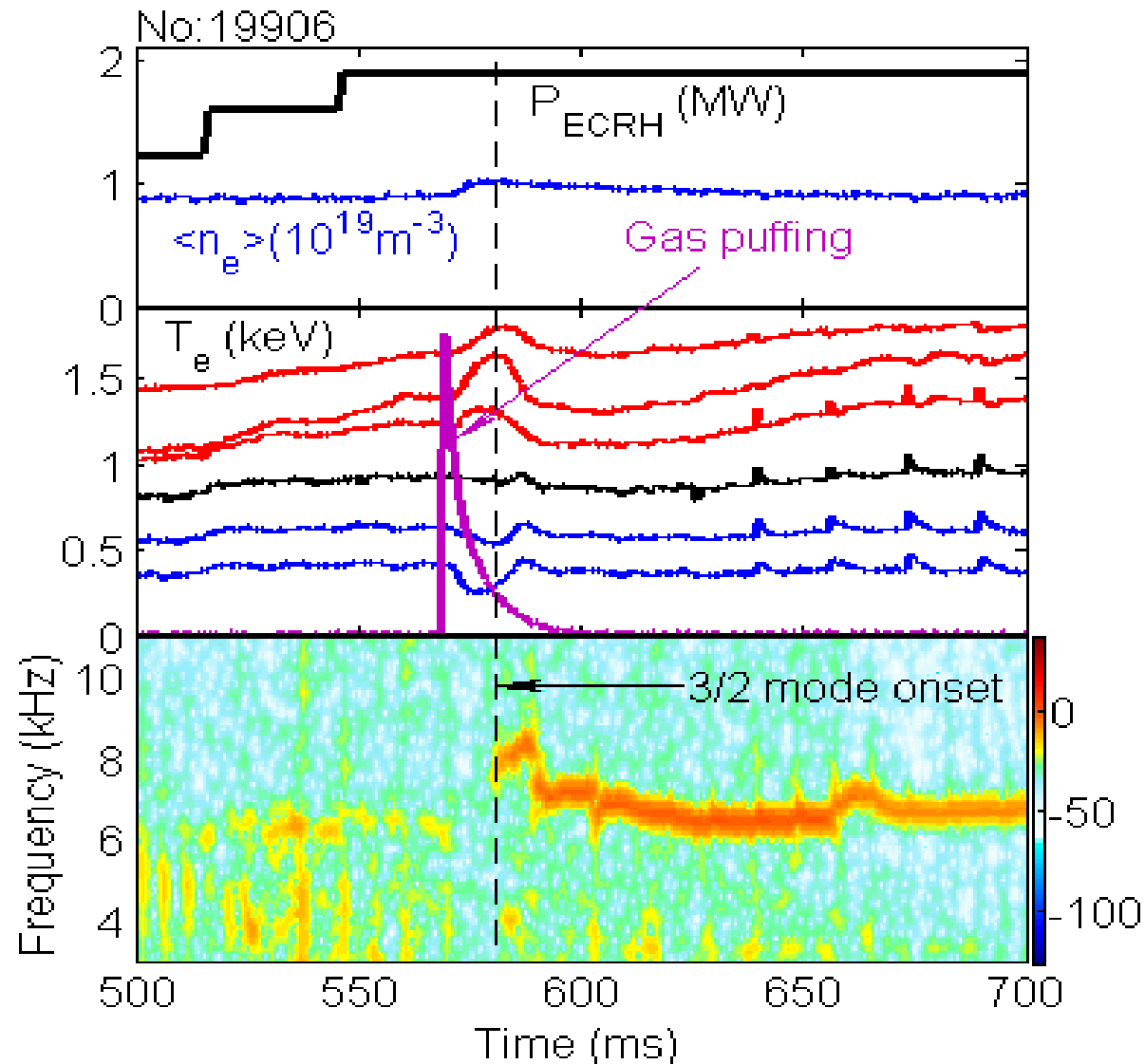


At high P_{ECRH} (high β), a 3/2 NTM mode is triggered during non-local transport

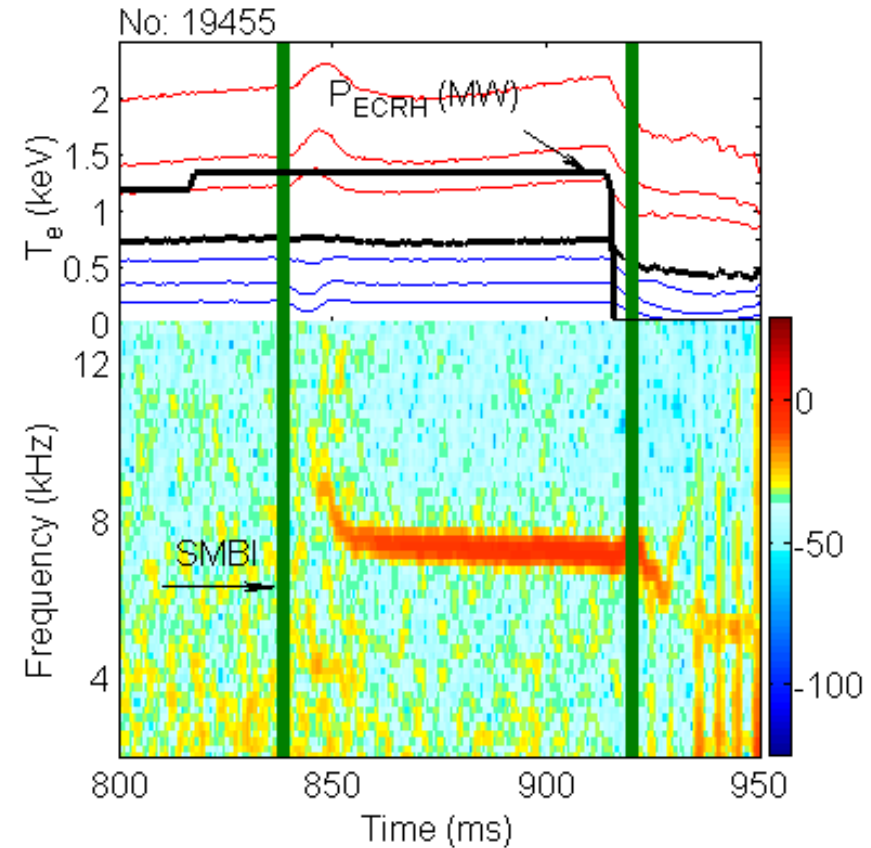
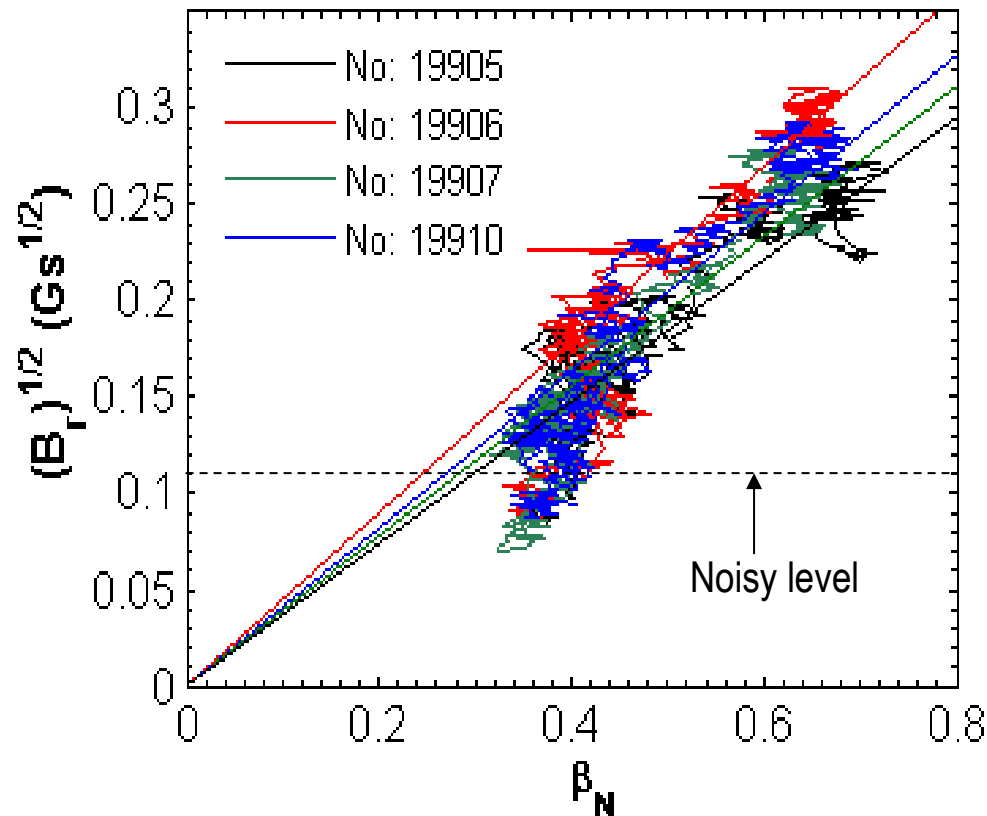
Note: NTM driven by the transient T_e perturbation during non-local transport is observed for the first time !



Another example of NTMs triggered by gas-puffing



Experimental evidence of NTM modes



- Island width $w \propto (B_r)^{1/2}$ displays linear dependence on β_N
- Saturated island width quickly drops on a time scale of ~ 10 ms after ECRH turn off

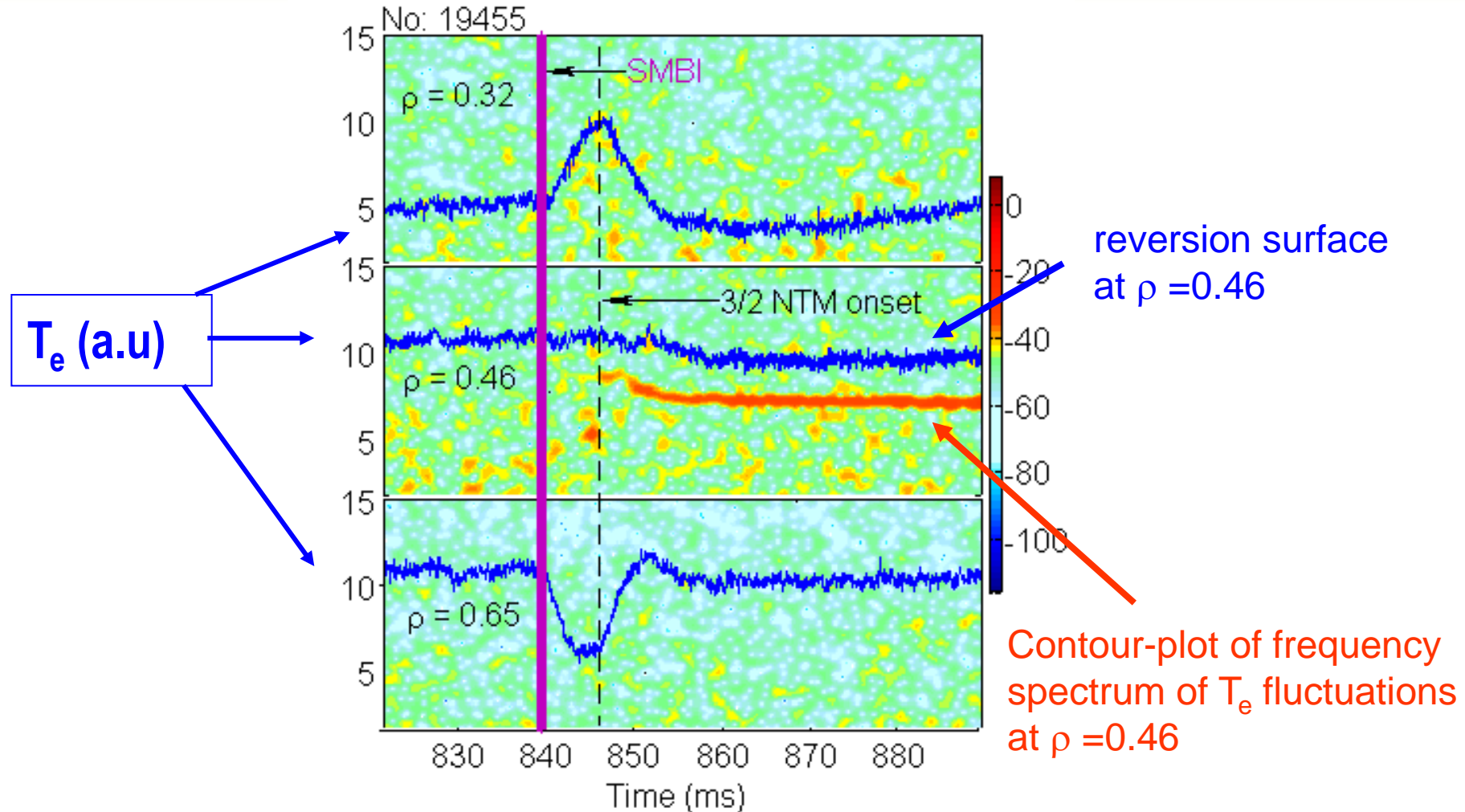


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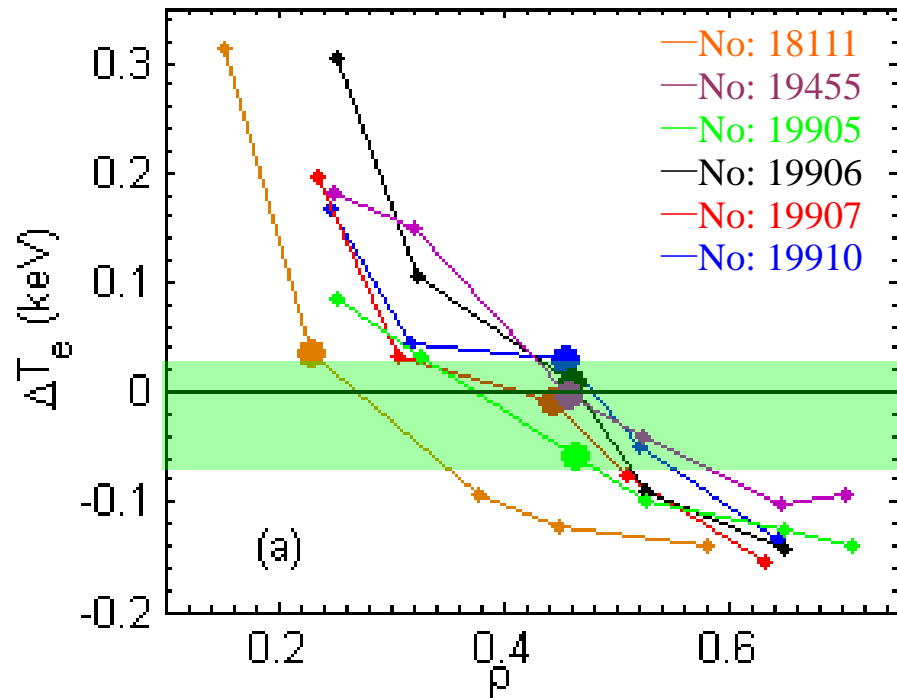
Relation between NTM onset and non-local transport



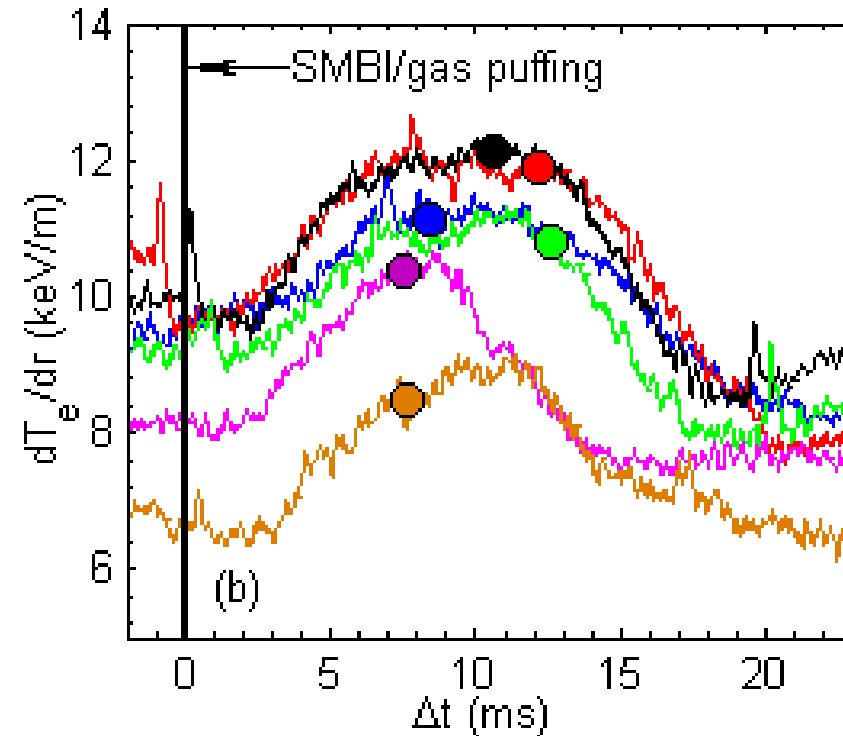
NTM onset location — at the reversion surface of non-locality
NTM onset time — at the maximum changes in T_e gradient



Relation between NTM onset and Non-local transport



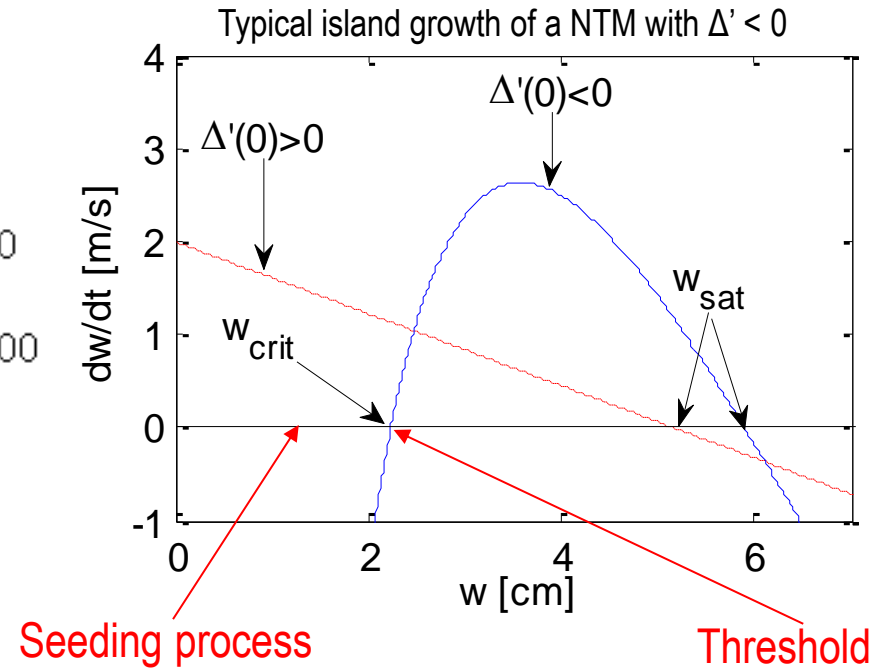
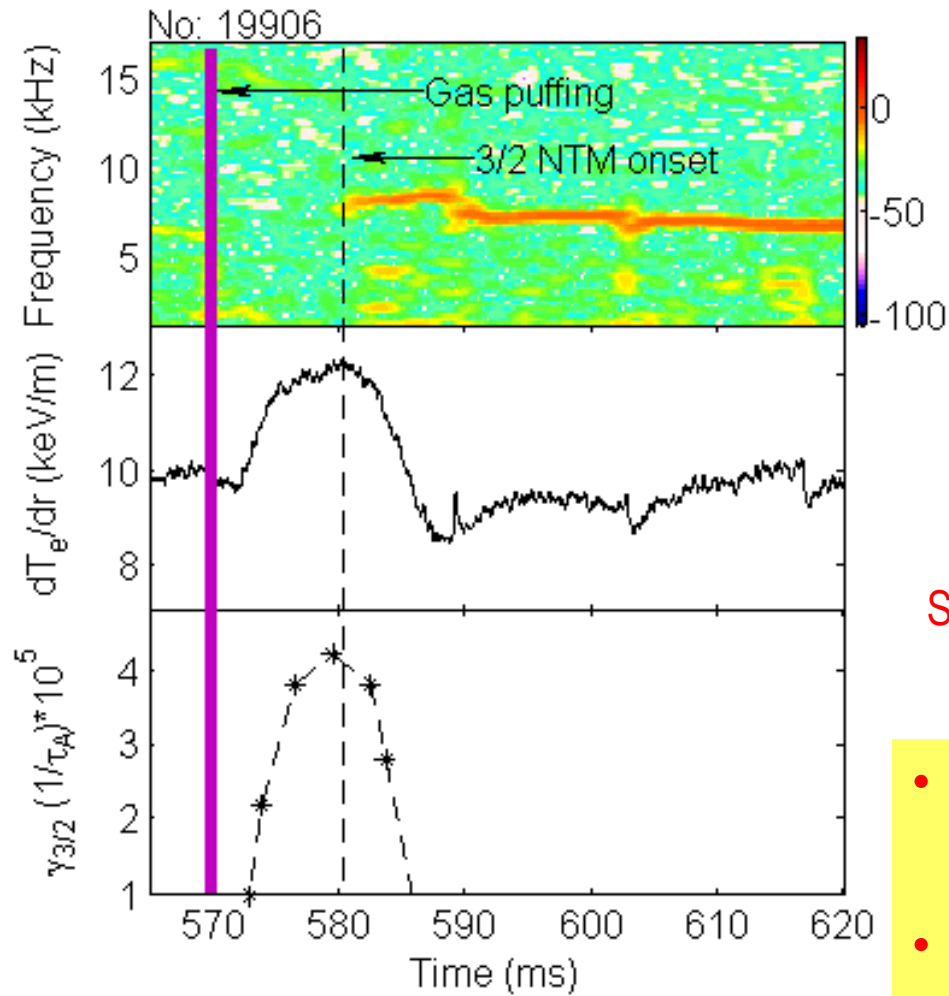
- $\Delta T_e = T_{e,3/2 \text{ NTM}} - T_{e,\text{SMBI/gas-puffing}}$
- Solid circles indicate location of $q=3/2$ surfaces
- ♦ The 3/2 NTMs are located near the inversion surface of electron temperature perturbation.



- dT_e/dr : T_e gradient of two radial loci around ρ_{inv}
- $\Delta t = t - t_{\text{SMBI/gas-puffing}}$
- Solid circles mark onset time of 3/2 NTM
- ♦ 3/2 NTMs onset when the local electron temperature gradient nearly reaches to the maximum value.



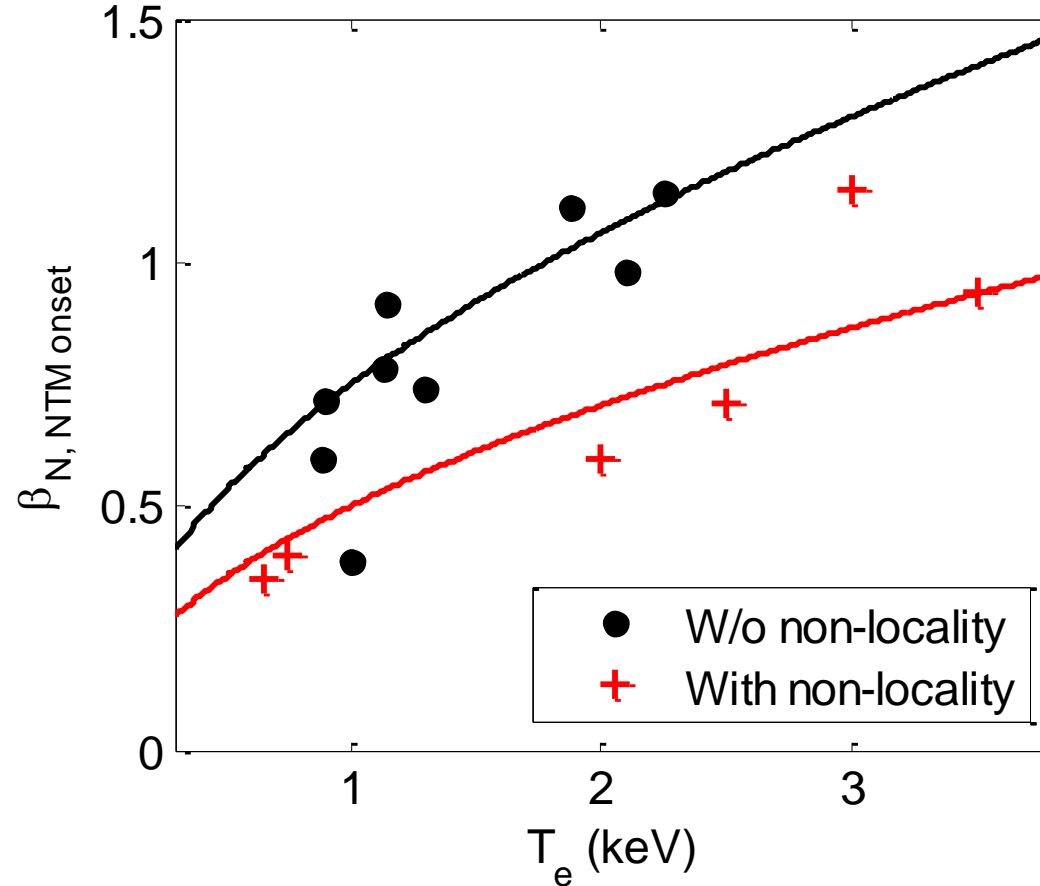
Spontaneous onset of NTMs during non-local transport



- Spontaneous NTM: no MHD activity was found as seeding island.
- ∇P grows strong enough (by non-locality) to linearly drive NTMs.



Critical value of β_N for NTM onset



- With non-locality, the critical value of β_N for NTM onset is reduced.
- Possible mechanism for lower β_N in non-local transport to trigger the NTM is due to enhanced local ∇P (Δ'_{BS}) around the reversion surface.

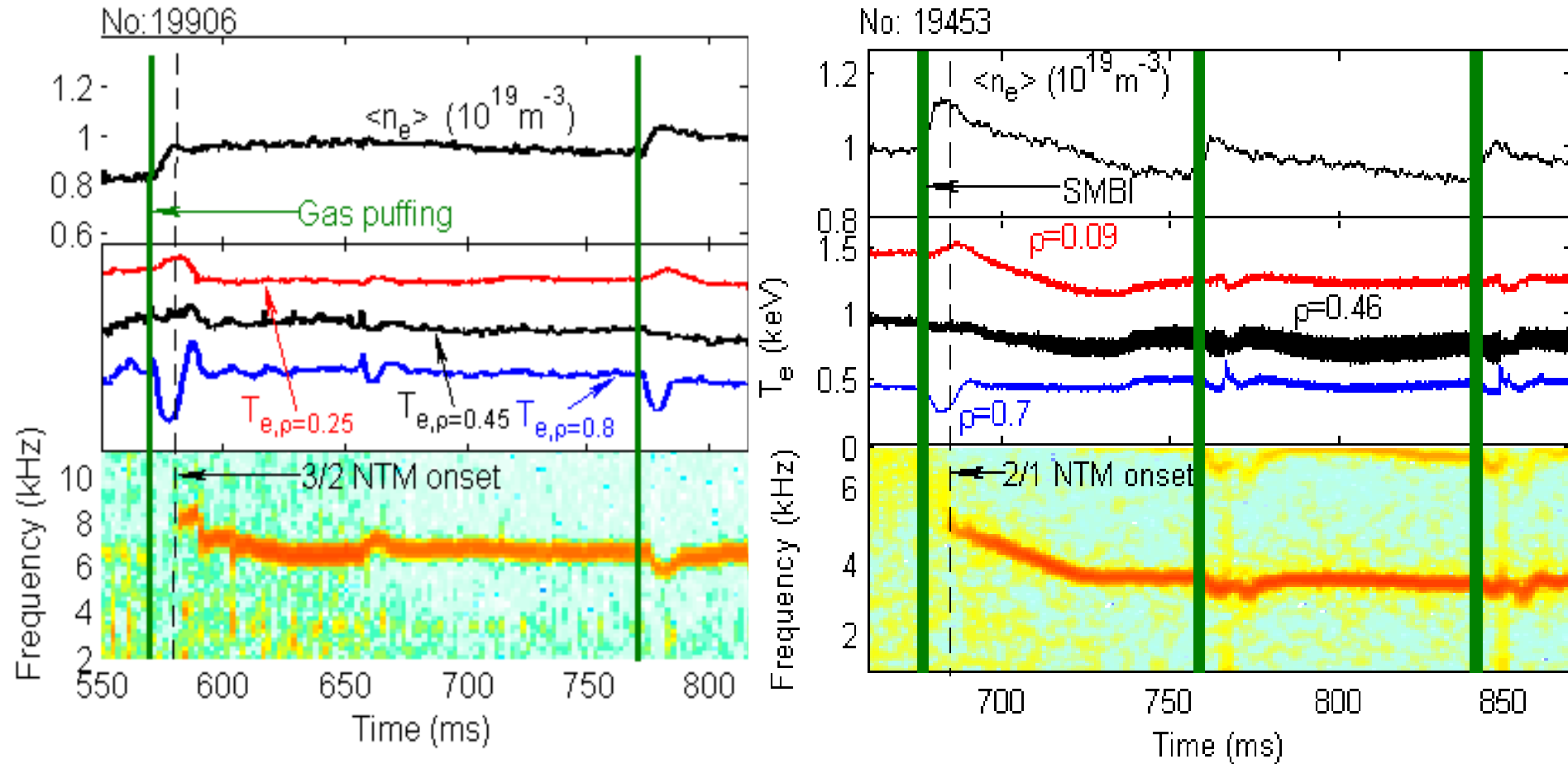


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Damping effect of NTM on non-local transport

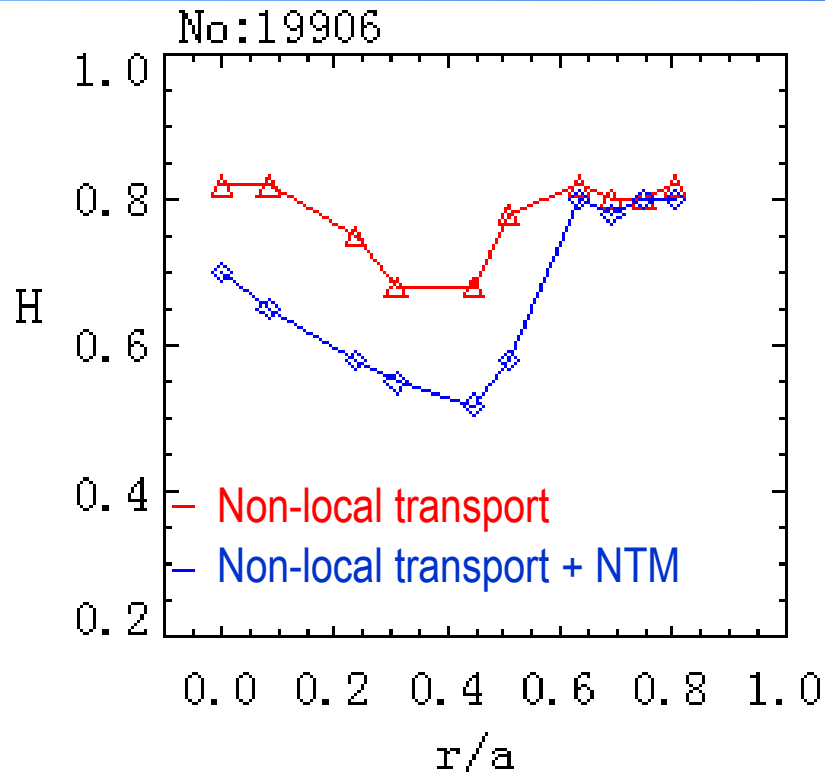


The NTMs impose damping effects on non-local transport.

Why ?



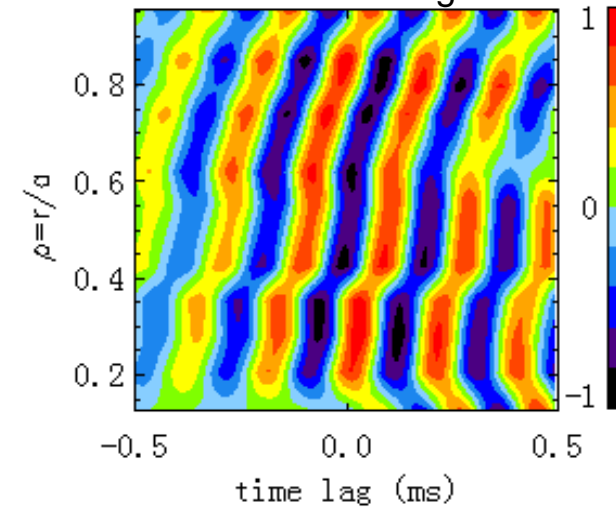
Reduction of avalanche feature with NTM in non-locality



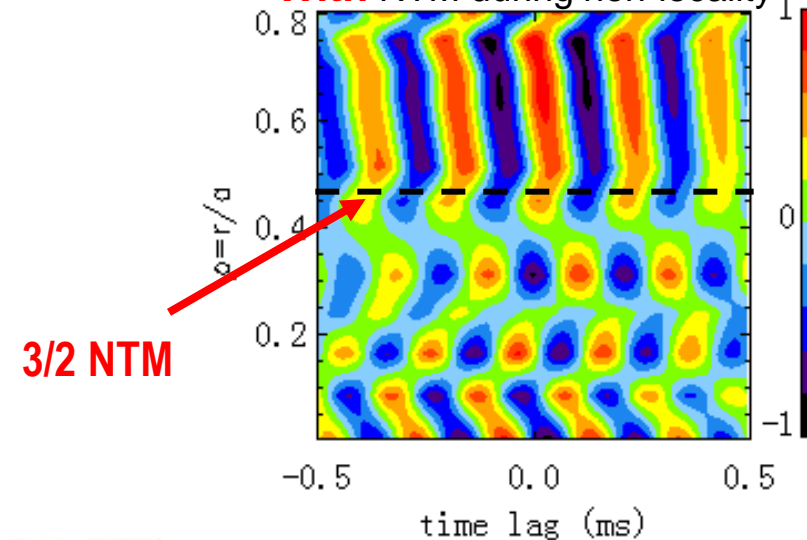
◆ With NTMs, Hurst exponents decrease with weakened SOC dynamics in the core.

◆ Avalanche propagation is blocked near the NTM surface of island, where enhanced flow shear around rational surface may suppress avalanche

Without NTM during non-locality



With NTM during non-locality



Summary

- In HL-2A, we observed NTM onset during non-locality for the first time.
- During non-locality, avalanche characteristics are enhanced, suggesting that the SOC regime could be responsible for non-local transport in HL-2A.
- Possible link between non-locality and NTMs has been identified:
 - (i) the local increase of ∇T_e nearby reversion surface of non-locality \rightarrow enhanced ∇P (Δ'_{BS}) \rightarrow onset of NTMs
 - (ii) no seeding island was observed, indicating that ∇P grows strong enough (by non-locality) to linearly drive NTMs.
 - (iii) Avalanche propagation is blocked nearby the NTM surface of island \rightarrow SOC dynamics of non-locality are weakened \rightarrow nonlocal transport is damped by NTM onset.



Thanks for your attention!



Modified Rutherford Equation

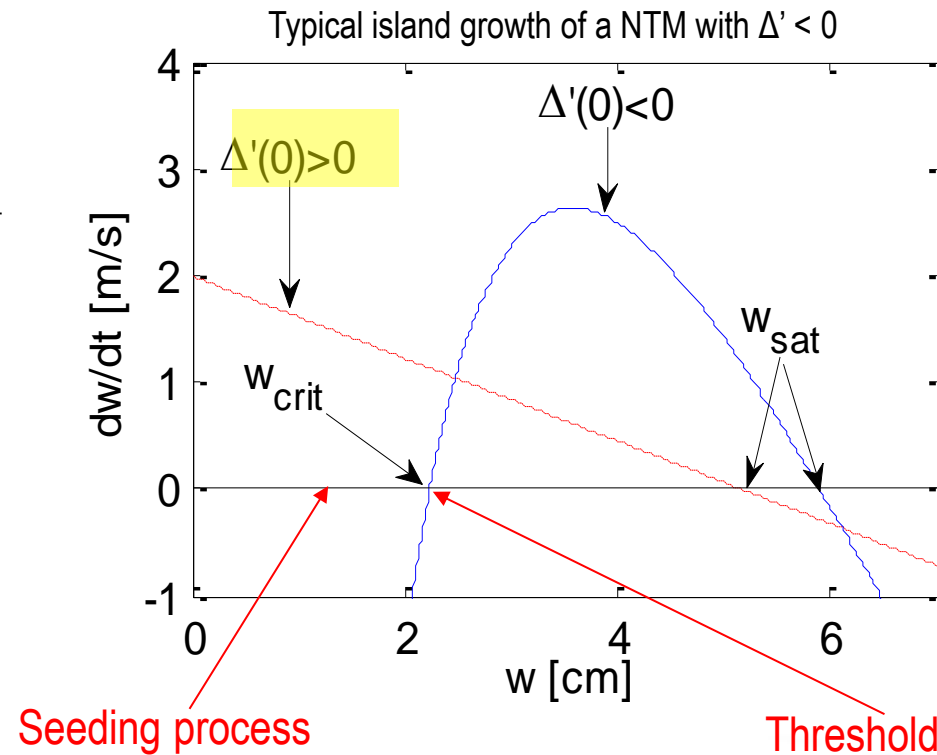
$$\frac{\tau_R}{r_s} \frac{dW}{dt} = r_s \Delta'(W) + r_s \beta_p (\Delta'_{BS} - \Delta'_{GGJ} - \Delta'_{pol}) + r_s \Delta'_{CD}$$

$$\Delta'_{BS} \propto \frac{W}{W^2 + W_d^2}$$

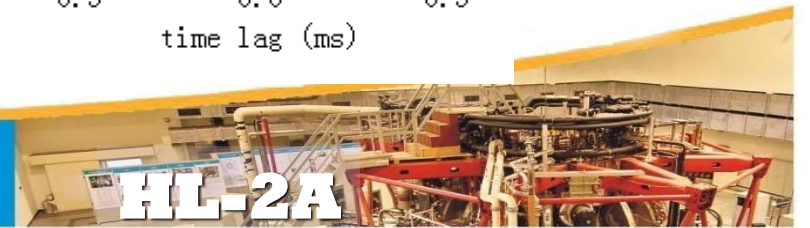
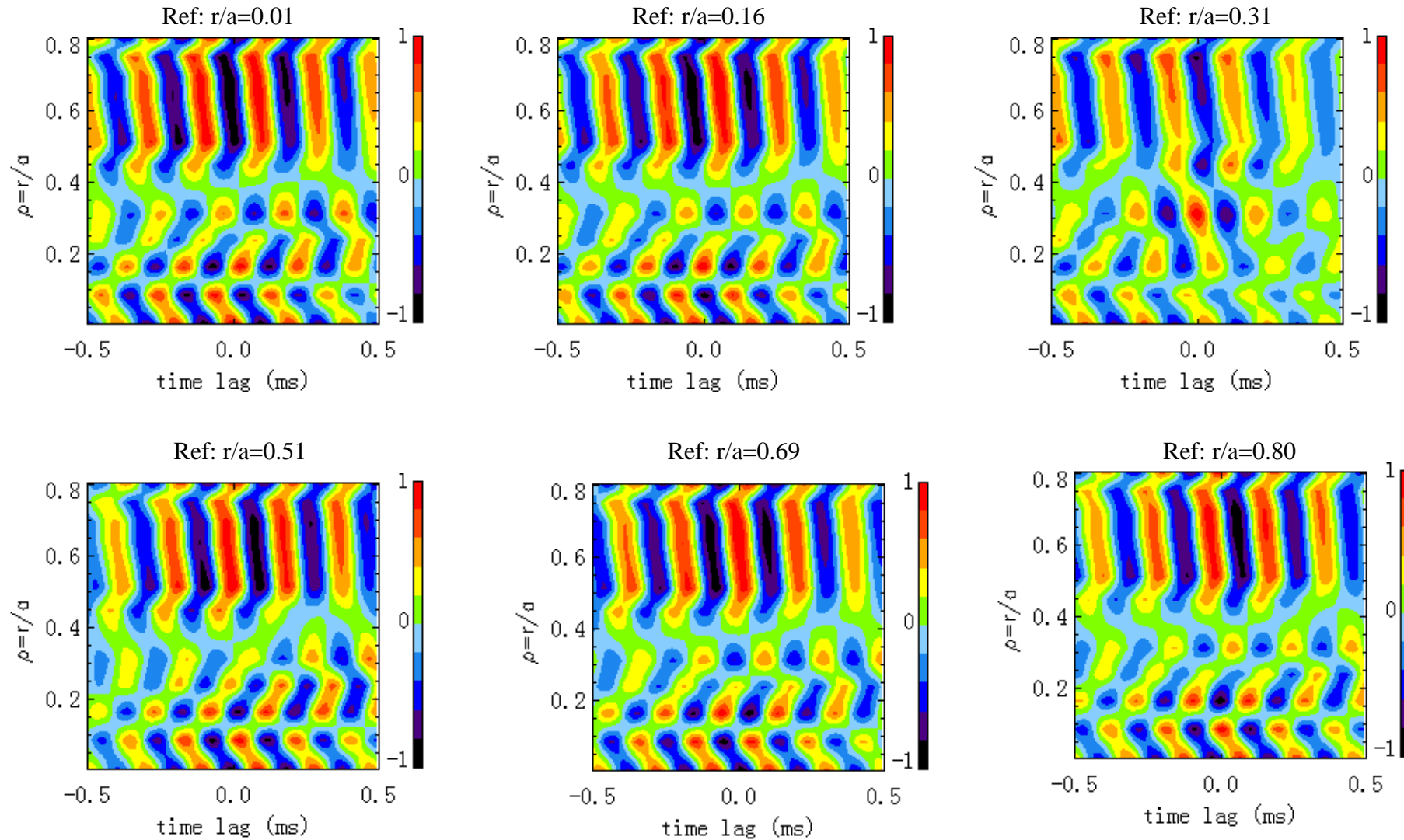
$$W_d = 1.8 r_s \sqrt{\frac{8 R_0 L_q}{r_s^2 n}} \left(\frac{\chi_{\perp}}{\chi_{\parallel}} \right)^{1/4}$$

$$\Delta'_{GGJ} \propto \frac{1}{W}$$

$$\Delta'_{pol} \propto \frac{1}{W^3}$$

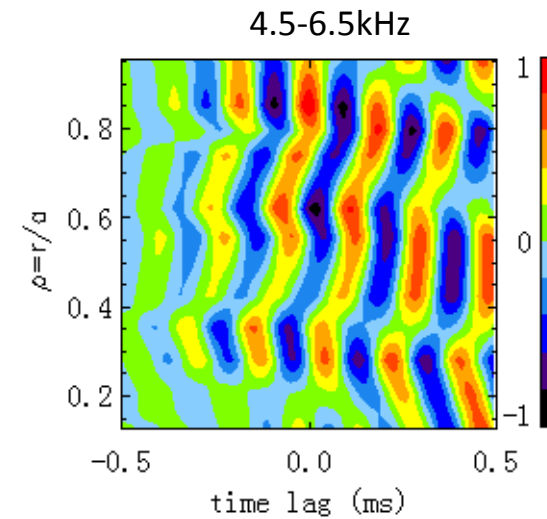
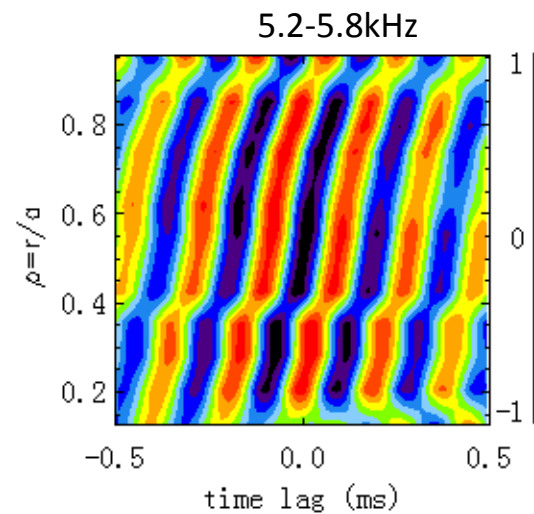
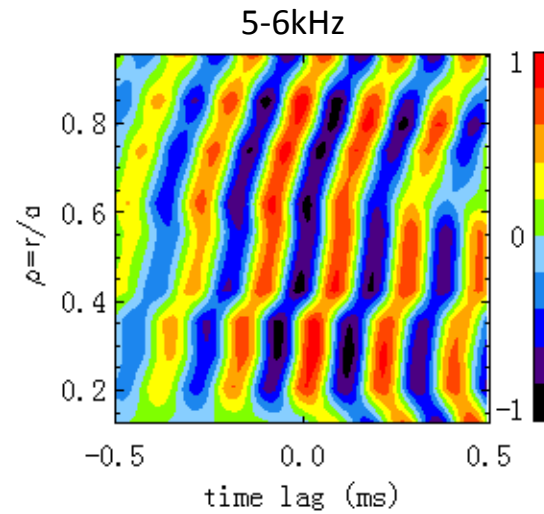


Different reference channels



Different filter bandwidth

During non-local



Bicoherence of T_e and B

