Radial Localization of Alfven Eigenmodes and Zonal Field Generation

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- Motivation
- Linear AE physics
- Nonlinear AE physics
- Discussions & Summary

- ✓ Energetic particle (EP) transport by Alfven eigenmode (AE) can degrade confinement of burning plasmas
- ✓ This paper reports gyrokinetic particle simulation of AE excited by EP in DIII-D tokamak

Gyrokinetic Turbulence Simulation of EP Transport

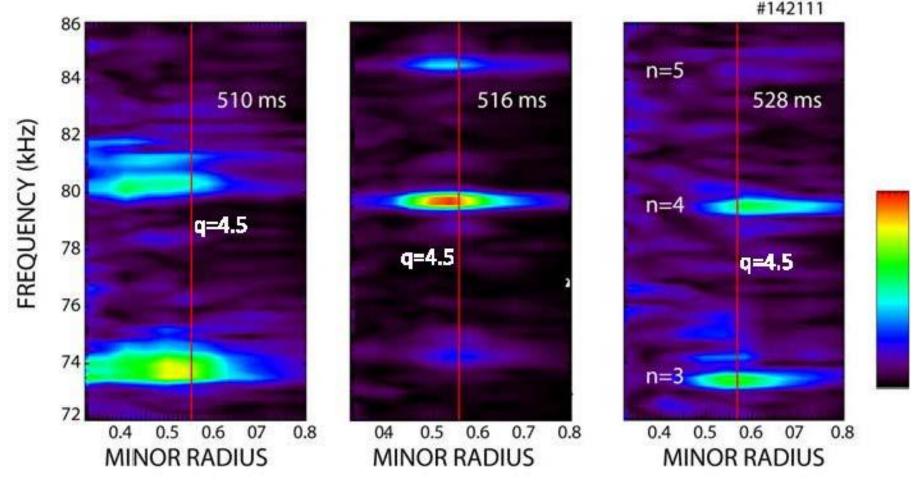
- Fully self-consistent simulation of energetic particle (EP) turbulence and transport must
 - ► Incorporate kinetic effects of thermal particles at micro-scale
 - ► Treat EP and thermal plasmas on the same footing (non-perturbative)
- Large dynamical ranges of spatial-temporal processes require simulation codes efficient in utilizing peta-scale computers
- Therefore, studies of EP physics in ITER burning plasmas call for a new approach of global nonlinear gyrokinetic simulation
- US DOE SciDAC GSEP (Gyrokinetic Simulation of Energetic Particle Turbulence and Transport)
- Verification & Validation: RSAE frequency up-sweeping and mode structures from gyrokinetic simulations agree well with DIII-D experiments (shot # 142111) [D. A. Spong et al, PoP2012]

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- ✓ Linear physics: What is EP effects on AE dispersion relation and mode structure?
- ✓ Gyrokinetic simulations with kinetic effects of thermal plasmas and non-perturbative EP effects recover experimental results of toroidal Alfven eigenmode (TAE) in DIII-D
- ✓ Non-perturbative EP effects induce TAE radial localization

Measurement Shows Fast Radial Drift of TAE in DIII-D

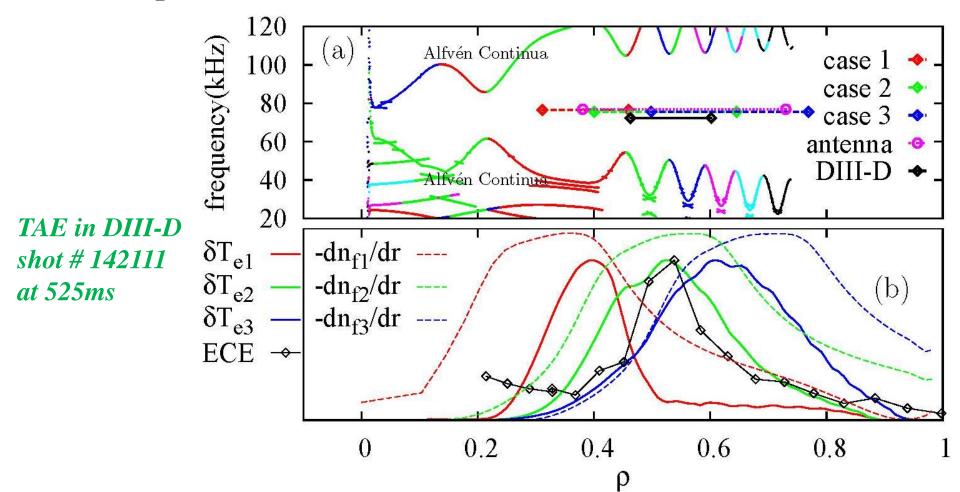
- TAE moves rapidly while thermal plasma profiles barely change
- Cannot be explained by perturbative theory: thermal plasma profiles set MHD mode structure, EP only drives growth rate



TAE in DIII-D shot # 142111 around 525ms

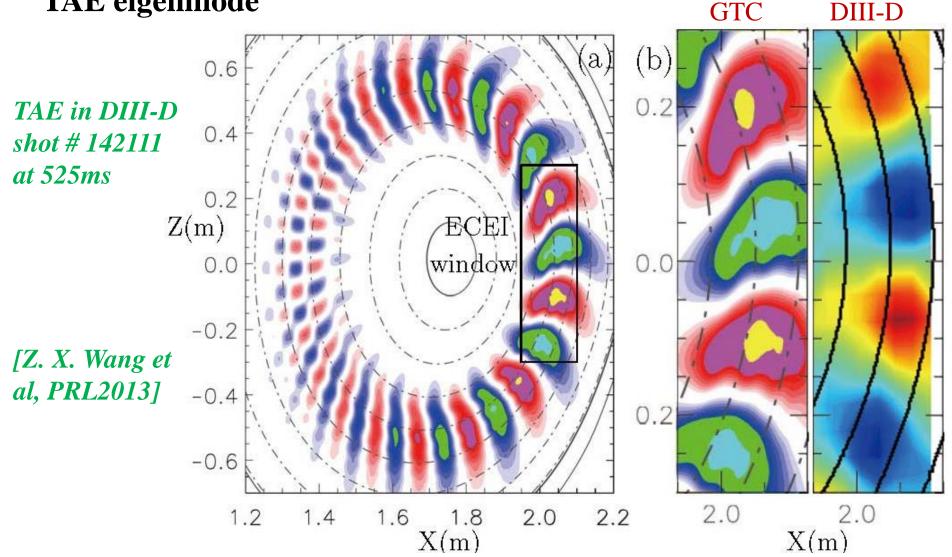
GTC Simulations Find TAE Radial Localization

- Simulations scan EP profiles within experimental uncertainty
- Unstable TAE radial structures move with EP density gradient
- In contrast, stable TAE excited by antenna has larger radial width
- EP non-perturbative contribution induces TAE radial localization



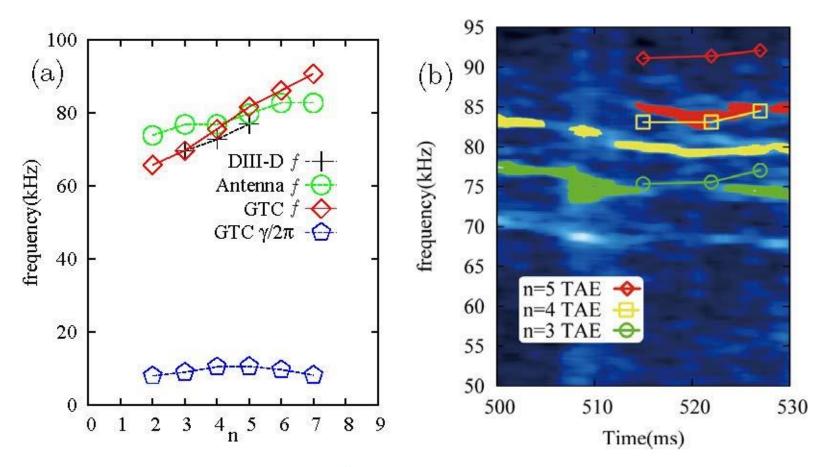
Comparison of TAE Mode Structures between Simulation & Experiment

• EP non-perturbative contribution breaks radial symmetry of TAE eigenmode



Comparison of TAE Frequency between Simulation & Experiment

 EP non-perturbative contribution and trapped electron effects induce TAE frequency dependence on toroidal mode number n



TAE in DIII-D shot # 142111 at 525ms

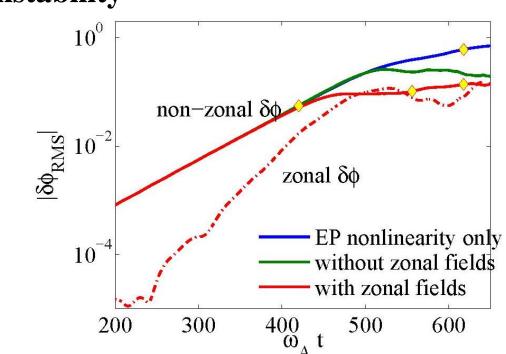
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- ✓ Nonlinear physics: How does AE saturate? What is NL dynamics
- ✓ Conventional model: Perturbative theory and reduction of dimensionality from 3D to 1D, i.e., single toroidal mode, radially local
- ✓ Non-perturbative simulation: Nonlinear physics beyond 1D model
 - Zonal fields (flow & current) generated by AE nonlinear mode coupling
 - Fast frequency chirping induced by radial variations of AE mode amplitude & guiding center dynamics

GTC Simulations Find TAE Saturation by Zonal Flow

- Suppressing zonal flow: higher TAE saturation amplitude
- Removing thermal particle nonlinearity: even higher TAE amplitude and relaxation of EP profiles
- TAE saturates by zonal flow without relaxation of EP profiles
- Zonal current has little effects on TAE saturation
- γ_{ZF} ~1.9 γ_{TAE} : zonal fields generated by TAE nonlinear mode coupling, not modulational instability

Nonlinear simulation of TAE in DIII-D shot # 142111 at 525ms

[Z. X. Wang, PhD Thesis, 2014]

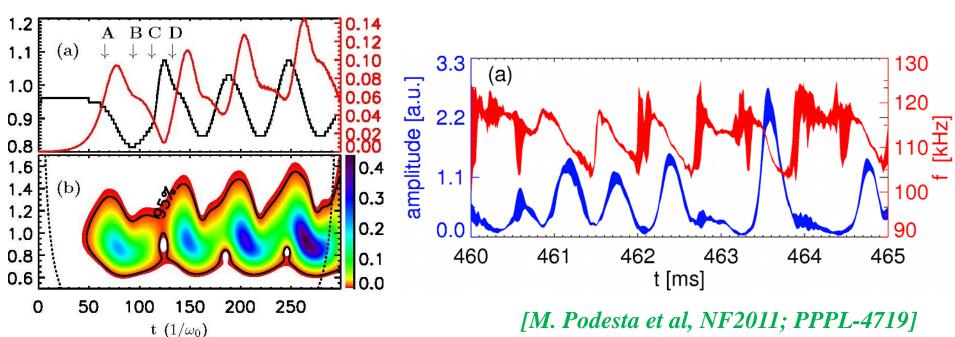


Generation of Zonal Flow by Alfven Eigenmode

- Zonal flow generation by driftwave vs. Alfven eigenmode
 - Driftwave: modulational instability
 - AE: nonlinear mode coupling
- Electrostatic vs. Electromagnetic turbulence
 - Electromagnetic: Stochastic magnetic fields could suppress zonal flow generation because of increase of zonal flow dielectric constant due to electron adiabatic responses, i.e., electron shielding effects
 - No similar effects in electrostatic turbulence
- Conjecture: Stochastic magnetic fields of RMP (resonant magnetic perturbation) could suppress zonal flow generation, and lead to enhanced driftwave turbulence in H-mode pedestal; Need to be tested by gyrokinetic simulation with 3D RMP fields

GTC Nonlinear Simulations of BAE Find Fast Chirping

- Fast, repetitive, mostly downward chirping
- 90° phase shift between intensity and frequency oscillations
- Simulation consistent with recent NSTX TAE, ASDEX BAE
- Chirping mechanisms: nonlinear formation vs. destruction of phase space island due to radial variations of mode structure & guiding center dynamics (intrinsically 2D dynamics)



[H. S. Zhang et al, PRL2012]

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- ✓ AE is an example of MHD modes with kinetic effects in fusion plasma excited by pressure gradients or equilibrium currents
- ✓ Gyrokinetic simulation of kinetic-MHD processes:
 - MHD mode frequency < ion cyclotron frequency
 - kinetic effects important in MHD modes

Gyrokinetic Simulation of Kinetic-MHD

- Macroscopic MHD modes limit burning plasma performance and threaten fusion device integrity: NTM, RWM, sawtooth etc
- Kinetic effects at microscopic (thermal particles) & meso-scales (EP) and coupling of multiple processes play a crucial role in excitation and evolution macroscopic MHD modes
- Neoclassical tearing modes (NTM): set principal performance limit in both ITER baseline and hybrid scenarios
- Predictive NTM simulation needs to incorporate kinetic physics at multiple spatial and temporal scales:
 - **✓** microturbulence
 - **✓** neoclassical bootstrap current
 - **✓** magnetic island dynamics (current driven MHD instability)
- Gyrokinetic toroidal code (GTC) simulation of kinetic-MHD: first-principles, integrated simulation of nonlinear interaction between microturbulence, EP, MHD, & neoclassical transport

Gyrokinetic Toroidal Code (GTC)

- GTC current capability for kinetic-MHD simulation:
 - **▶** General 3D toroidal geometry & experimental profiles
 - **► Microturbulence & EP:** Kinetic electrons & electromagnetic fluctuations
 - ► MHD: Equilibrium current, resistive and collisionless tearing modes
 - ► Neoclassical transport
 - ► **RF**: fully kinetic ions
 - ► Ported to GPU (titan) & MIC (tianhe-2)

[Z. Lin et al, Science1998]

http://phoenix.ps.uci.edu/GTC

- Other GTC papers at this meeting:
 - ✓ Microturbulence: TH/P2-44, Y. Xiao, Gyrokinetic Simulation of Microturbulence in EAST Tokamak and DIII-D Tokamak
 - ✓ EP: TH/P7-29, W. L. Zhang, Verification and Validation of Gyrokinetic Particle Simulation of Fast Electron Driven Beta-Induced Alfven Eigenmode on HL-2A Tokamak
 - ✓ MHD: TH/P4-11, I. Holod, Global Gyrokinetic Simulations of Electromagnetic Instabilities in Tokamak Plasmas
 - ✓ RF: TH/P2-10, A. Kuley, Nonlinear Particle Simulation of Radio Frequency Waves in Fusion Plasmas

<u>Summary</u>

- Linear physics: Gyrokinetic particle simulations find radial localization of toroidal Alfven eigenmodes in DIII-D tokamak due to non-perturbative contribution by energetic particles
- Nonlinear physics: Gyrokinetic particle simulations find
 - Nonlinear saturation of toroidal Alfven eigenmodes by zonal flow, which is generated by TAE mode coupling
 - Nonlinear chirping of beta-induced Alfven eigenmode due to radial variations of mode amplitude and guiding center dynamics
- Future work: EP transport, coupling to MHD modes

GSEP project webpage http://phoenix.ps.uci.edu/gsep