

Updates of Reference Input Parameter Library (RIPL)

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International Atomic Energy Agency

Reference Input Parameter Library

RIPL-1 (1998); RIPL-2 (2006); RIPL-3 (2009)

Library of input parameters for use in nuclear reaction calculations for theoretical research and nuclear data evaluation.

Intended for use in nuclear reaction codes used in low energy nuclear reactions:

Incident and outgoing particles: n, p, d, t, 3-He, 4-He, gamma and fission

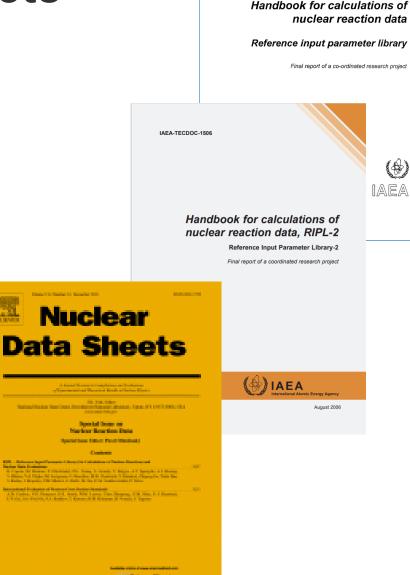
Energies: up to about 100 MeV.

RIPL Coordinated Research Projects

 CRP on Reference Input Parameter Library: starter file (Phase 1) includes compilation of input parameters collected from various sources (1998) -> RIPL-1

CRP on Reference Input Parameter Library (Phase 2) aimed at testing and recommending input parameters (2006) → RIPL-2

3. CRP on Reference Input Parameter Library (RIPL-3): aimed at bringing to completion the testing and validation and recommending input parameters (2009)
 → RIPL-3



IAEA-TECDOC-1034



Reference Input Parameter Library (RIPL-3)

R. Capote, M. Herman, P. Oblozinsky, P.G. Young, S. Goriely, T. Belgya, A.V. Ignatyuk, A.J. Koning, S. Hilaire, V.A. Plujko, M. Avrigeanu, O. Bersillon, M.B. Chadwick, T. Fukahori, Zhigang Ge, Yinlu Han, S. Kailas, J. Kopecky, V.M. Maslov, G. Reffo, M. Sin, E.Sh. Soukhovitskii and P. Talou



Nuclear Data Sheets - Volume 110, Issue 12, December 2009, Pages 3107-3214

10 entries of the Optical Model database corrected in December 2010.

Introduction MASSES LEVELS RESONANCES OPTICAL DENSITIES GAMMA FISSION CODES Contacts

Introduction

We describe the physics and data included in the Reference Input Parameter Library, which is devoted to input parameters needed in calculations of nuclear reactions and nuclear data evaluations. Advanced modelling codes require substantial numerical input, therefore the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) has worked extensively since 1993 on a library of validated nuclear-model input parameters, referred to as the Reference Input Parameter Library (RIPL). A final RIPL coordinated research project (RIPL-3) was brought to a successful conclusion in December 2008, after 15 years of challenging work carried out through three consecutive IAEA projects. The RIPL-3 library was released in January 2009, and is available on the Web through https://www-nds.iaea.org/RIPL-3/. This work and the resulting database are extremely important to theoreticians involved in the development and use of nuclear reaction modelling (ALICE, EMPIRE, GNASH, UNF, TALYS) both for theoretical research and nuclear data evaluations.

The numerical data and computer codes included in RIPL-3 are arranged in seven segments: MASSES contains ground-state properties of nuclei for about 9000 nuclei, including three theoretical predictions of masses and the evaluated experimental masses of Audi et al. (2003). DISCRETE LEVELS contains 118 datasets (Z from 0 to 117) with all known level schemes, electromagnetic and y-ray decay probabilities available from ENSDF in April 2014. NEUTRON RESONANCES contains average resonance parameters prepared on the basis of the evaluations performed by Ignatyuk and Mughabghab. OPTICAL MODEL contains 495 sets of phenomenological optical model parameters defined in a wide energy range. When there are insufficient experimental data, the evaluator has to resort to either global parameterizations or microscopic approaches. Radial density distributions to be used as input for microscopic calculations are stored in the MASSES segment. LEVEL DENSITIES contains phenomenological parameterizations based on the modified Fermi gas and superfluid models and microscopic calculations which are based on a realistic microscopic single-particle level scheme. Partial level densities formulae are also recommended. All tabulated total level densities are consistent with both the recommended average neutron resonance parameters and discrete levels. GAMMA contains parameters that quantify giant resonances, experimental gamma-ray strength functions and methods for calculating gamma emission in statistical model codes. The experimental GDR parameters are represented by Lorentzian fits to the photo-absorption cross sections for 102 nuclides ranging from ⁵¹V to ²³⁹Pu. FISSION includes global prescriptions for fission barriers and nuclear level densities at fission saddle points based on microscopic HFB calculations constrained by experimental fission cross sections.



Available online at www.sciencedirect.com



Nuclear Data Sheets 110 (2009) 3107-3214

Nuclear Data Sheets

www.elsevier.com/locate/nds

RIPL – Reference Input Parameter Library for Calculation of Nuclear Reactions and Nuclear Data Evaluations

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R. Capote, 1* M. Herman, 1,2 P. Obložinský, 1,2 P.G. Young, 3 S. Goriely, 4 T. Belgya, 5 A.V. Ignatyuk, 6
A.J. Koning, S. Hilaire, V.A. Plujko, M. Avrigeanu, O. Bersillon, M.B. Chadwick, T. Fukahori, 11
                          Zhigang Ge, 12 Yinlu Han, 12 S. Kailas, 13 J. Kopecky, 14
                  V.M. Maslov, <sup>15</sup> G. Reffo, <sup>16</sup> M. Sin, <sup>17</sup> E.Sh. Soukhovitskii, <sup>15</sup> P. Talou<sup>3</sup>
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                            <sup>14</sup> JUKO Research, NL-1817 Alkmaar, The Netherlands
            Joint Institute for Power and Nuclear Research – Sosny, BY-220109 Minsk, Belarus
      16 Retired in 1998, Ente Nuove Tecnologie, Energia e Ambiente (ENEA), 40129 Bologna, Italy and
          <sup>17</sup> Nuclear Physics Department, Bucharest University, 077125 Bucharest-Magurele, Romania
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Citations: 1295

Update of RIPL after 2009

Performed by segments:

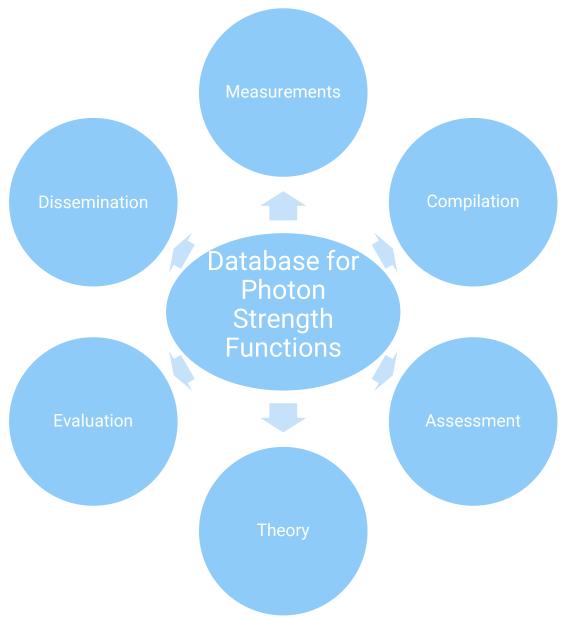
- LEVELS: updated more frequently last in 2020 (based on ENSDF+NUBASE)
- 2. GAMMA SEGMENT: Coordinated Research Project (CRP) on Updating the Photonuclear Data Library and Generating a Reference Photon Strength Function (2016-2019)
- 3. MASSES, OPTICAL POTENTIAL, FISSION: CRP on Recommended Input Parameter Library (RIPL-4) for Fission Cross Section Calculations (2017-2024)
- 4. DENSITIES: CRP on Updating Nuclear Level Densities for Applications (2024+)

Segment on Gamma: CRP on Reference Database for Photon Strength Functions (2016-2019)

Introduction MASSES LEVELS RESONANCES OPTICAL DENSITIES GAMMA FISSION CODES Contacts					
Gamma-ray Segment					
Experimental Giant Dipole Resonance (GDR) Parameters					
The values and errors of giant dipole resonance (GDR) parameters are presented which were obtained by a fit of the theoretical photoabsorption cross sections to the experimental data for 121 nuclides from 12-C through 239-Pu. The values and errors of the shape parameters of the Lorentzian-like curves corresponding to the giant dipole resonance excitation are presented. [1-8]					
References [1] J. Kopecky, in Handbook for calculations of nuclear reaction data. Reference Input Parameter Library (RIPL), IAEA-TEDOC-1034, 1998, Ch.6 [2] T. Belgya, O. Bersillon, R. Capote, T. Fukahori, G. Zhigang, S. Goriely, M. Herman, A.V. Ignatyuk, S. Kailas. A. Koning, P. Oblozinsky, V. Plujko, P. Young. Handbook for calculations of nuclear reaction data: Reference Input Parameter Library-2, IAEA-TECDOC-1506, Vienna, 2006, Ch.7. [3] V.A. Plujko, I.M. Kadenko, E.V. Kulich, S. Goriely, O.I. Davidovskaya, O.M. Gorbachenko, in Proceeding of Workshop on Photon Strength Functions and Related Topics, Prague, Czech Republic, June 17-20, 2007, Proceedings of Science, PSF07, 2008 [4] S.S.Dietrich, B.L.Berman; At. Data Nucl. Data Tables., 199, 38(1988). [5] M.B. Chadwick, P. Oblozinsky, P. E. Hodgson, G. Reffo. Phys.Rev. C44(1991)814. [6] M.B. Chadwick, P. Oblozinsky, P. E. Hodgson, G. Reffo. Phys.Rev. C44(1991)814. [6] M.B. Chadwick, P. Oblozinsky, A.I.Blokhin, T.Fukahori, Y.Han, Y. O.Lee, M.N.Martins, S.F.Mughabghab, V.V.Varlamov, B.Yu, J.Zhang. Handbook on photonuclear data for application. Cross sections and spectra. IAEA TECDOC 1178, Vienna, 2000 [7] Experimental Nuclear Reaction Data Library EXFOR [8] CERN Program Library, MINUIT (D506), Function Minimization and Error Analysis **README File (16kB)** **Standard Lorentzian model (SLO) (22,3kB)** Modified Lorentzian model (MLO) (22,0kB)** **Theoretical GDR Parameters** Predictions of the GDR energies and widths using Goldhaber-Teller model for about 6000 nuclei with 14<=Z<=110 lying between the proton and the neutron driplines. **Data File (281kB)** README File (3.5kB)**	Retrieval of GDR Parameters Atomic number (Z) Mass number (A) (blank for all mass numbers) retrieve reset				
Microscopic E1 Photoabsorption Strength-Functions Predictions of the E1-strength functions for 3317 nuclei with 8<=Z<=84 lying between the proton and the neutron driplines. The E1-strength functions are determined within the QRPA model based on the SLy4 Skyrme force ^[1,2] .	Retrieval of Microscopic E1 Photoabsorption Strength- Functions				
References [1] S. Goriely, E. Khan, Nucl. Phys. A706, 217 (2002). [2] E. Khan et al., Nucl. Phys. A694 (2001) 103. README File (2.8kB)	Atomic number (Z) Mass number (A) retrieve reset				

CRP on Photon Strength Functions: Research

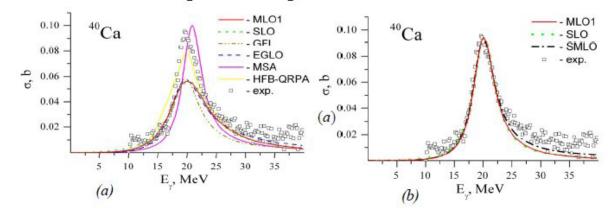
objectives



Giant Dipole Resonances

Data for 18 new isotopes are included in the tables. Data are revised for 87 isotopes. 102 new values are added from 23 sources. 12 values were omitted

Impact of using renewed values of the GDR parameters on photoabsorption cross section



Comparison of the photoabsorption cross-sections calculated by different methods and or with different database for GDR parameters:

a- Berman&Fultz systematics, b - renewed values.

Atom. Data Nucl. Data Tables 123-124 (2018) 1-85 (Plujko, Gorbachenko, Capote, Dimitriou,); arXiv e-Print – 2018: https://arxiv.org/abs/1804.04445

Atomic Data and Nuclear Data Tables 129-124 (2018) 1-85





Giant dipole resonance parameters of ground-state photoabsorption: Experimental values with uncertainties



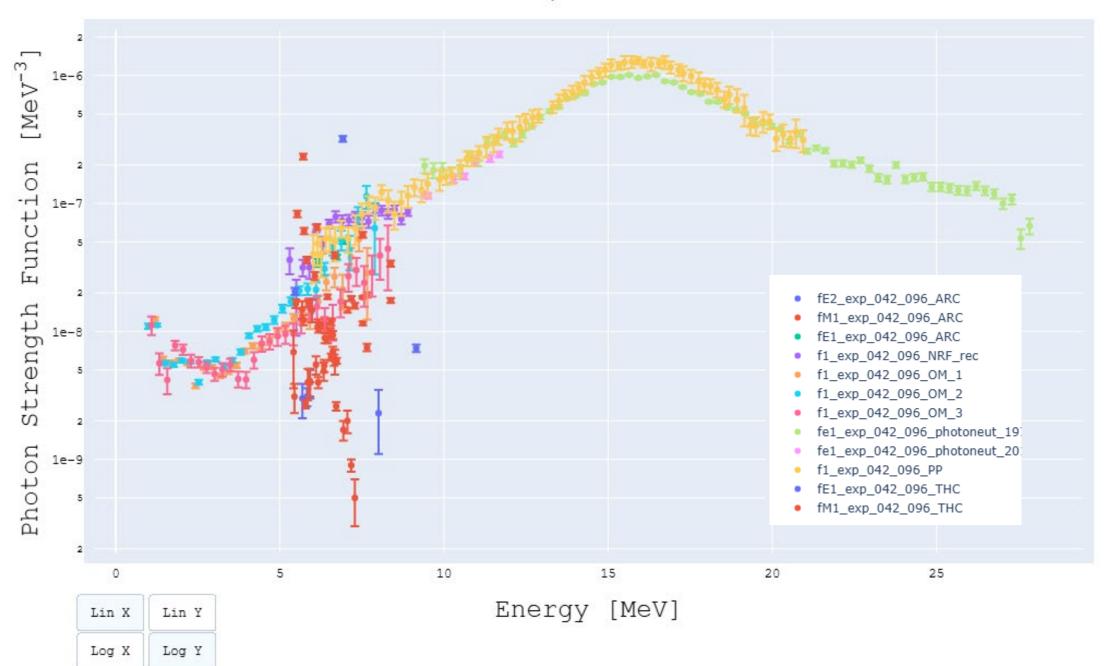
V.A. Plujko a, O.M. Gorbachenko a, R. Capote b, a, P. Dimitriou b

^a Nuclear Physics Department, Taras: Shevchenko National University, Kyiv, Ukraine
^b NAPC—Nuclear Data Section, International Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna, Austria

Experimental Photon Strength Function database

New measurements

Group	Nuclides	Technique
S. Siem (Oslo)	111,112,113Sn, 92Mo (12/2016) 152,153Sm (12/2018), 186W (12/2017) 144,145,148,149,150,151Nd (12/2017) 234U, 240Pu (12/2016) 203,205Tl (12/2016); 192Os (12/2017), 185Re (12/2017); 182,183,184W (12/2018); 89Y (12/2016); 64Zn (2019), 66,68Zn (12/2018)	Oslo charged- particles (y,n)
M. Wiedeking (iThemba)	⁷⁴ Ge (12/2017), ^{180,181,182} Ta (12/2016) ^{154,155} Sm (05/2018)	Ge (ratio method) ; Ta (Oslo method)
R. Schwengner (HZDR)	⁸⁰ Se (12/2016); ⁵⁴ Fe (12/2017); A~60 (⁶² Ni, ⁶⁴ Zn tbc) (03/2019)	At Elbe and/or Higs (54Fe)
T. Belgya (HAS)	²³³ Th, ²³⁹ U (12/2017)	thermal n-capture
H.Utsunomiya (Konan)	^{156,157,158,160} Gd (2019) ^{58,60,64} Ni (12/2017)	(γ,n)



Experimental PSF database

Status: 2019

- NRF measurements for 23 nuclei with Z=32-78
- Oslo method data for 72 nuclei with Z=21-94
- ARC/DRC measurements for 88 nuclei with Z=9-94
- (p,γ) measurements for 22 nuclei with Z=22-40
- Ratio method measurement for 1 nucleus, 95Mo
- (p,p') measurements for 3 nuclei, 96Mo, 120Sn and 208Pb
- E1 photodata for 159 nuclei with Z=3-94

PSF database: will be maintained and updated regularly

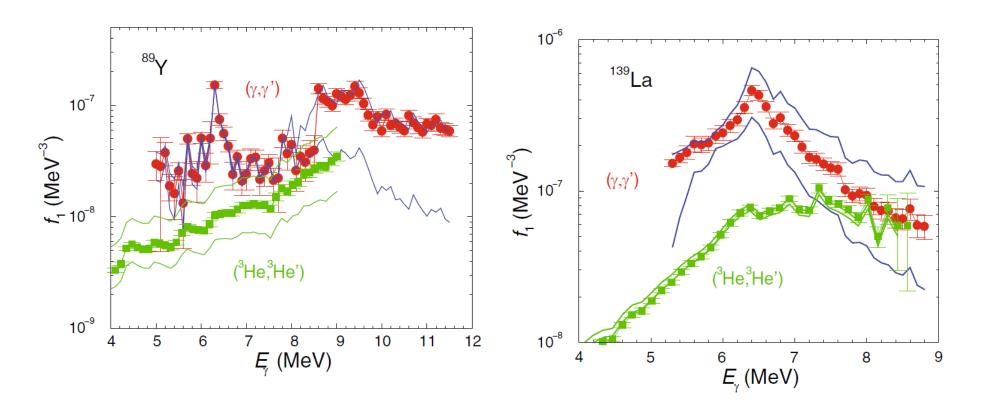
Update: 2024

- NRF measurements for 30 nuclei with Z=26-82
- Oslo method data for 102 nuclei with Z=21-94
- ARC/DRC measurements for 106 nuclei with Z=9-94
- (p,γ) measurements for 22 nuclei with Z=22-40
- Ratio method measurement for 2 nuclei, 56Fe, 95Mo
- New: Shape Method measurements for 9 nuclei, Z=26-66
- (p,p') measurements for 8 nuclei
- E1 photodata for 154 nuclei with Z=2-94 (derived data removed)
- NEW [19 Sep 2022] Thermal Capture (THC) measurements (incl. EGAF) for 98 nuclei with Z=9-90



Assessment of experimental PSF

Assessment of data/techniques considering all uncertainties (exp+model dependent)



Global PSF models

Microscopic: D1M+QRPA+0lim Phenomenological: SMLO

For E1 and M1:

D1M+QRPA+0lim: 7380 nuclei with 8 ≤ Z ≤ 110, Goriely et al., Phys. Rev.
 C 98, 014327 (2018)

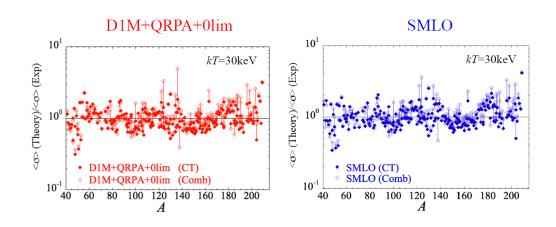
new Simple Modified Lorentzian (SMLO): 8980 nuclei with 8 ≤ Z ≤ 124,
 Goriely and Plujko, PRC 99, 014303 (2019)

Validation of global models

Conditions for recommending global models: validation by means of other "integral" data

- Two-step cascade spectra MSC: E1+M1 for ~15 nuclei
- Thermal (n,γ) spectra: E1+M1 for 5 nuclei
- Average radiative width $<\Gamma\gamma>$: E1+M1 for \sim 230 nuclei
- MACS: 30 keV (n,γ) E1+M1 for ~240 nuclei

Comparison of D1M+QRPA+0lim and SMLO with MACS

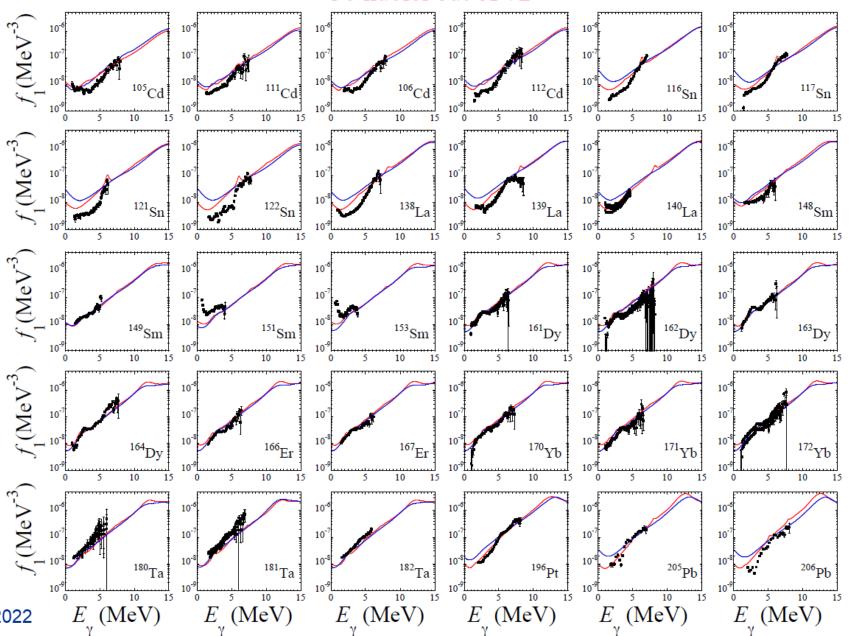


Both PSF models reproduce \sim 240 MACS within \sim 40-50%

Comparison with data

Comparison of D1M+QRPA+0lim and SMLO with Oslo data





Publications

- [1] S. Goriely et al., The European Physical Journal A 55, 172 (2019).
- [2] J. Kopecky, Photon Strength Functions in Thermal Capture, INDC(NDS)-0799.
- [3] J. Kopecky, Photon Strength Functions in Thermal Capture II, INDC(NDS)-0815.
- [4] J. Kopecky, S. Goriely, Strength Functions Derived from The Discrete And Average Neutron Resonance Capture, INDC(NDS)-0790.
- [5] M. Krtička, S. Goriely, S. Hilaire, S. Péru, and S. Valenta, Phys. Rev. C 99, 044308 (2019).
- [5] S. Goriely, S. Hilaire, S. Péru, K. Sieja, Phys. Rev. C 98, 014327 (2018).
- [6] V. Plujko, O. Gorbachenko, R. Capote, P. Dimitriou, At. Data Nucl. Data Tables 123, 1 (2018).
- [7] S. Goriely, V. Plujko, Phys. Rev. C 99, 014303 (2018).

Eur. Phys. J. A (2019) **55**: 172 DOI 10.1140/epja/i2019-12840-1

THE EUROPEAN
PHYSICAL JOURNAL A

Review

Reference database for photon strength functions

S. Goriely¹, P. Dimitriou^{2,a}, M. Wiedeking³, T. Belgya⁴, R. Firestone⁵, J. Kopecky⁶, M. Krtička⁷, V. Plujko⁸, R. Schwengner⁹, S. Siem¹⁰, H. Utsunomiya¹¹, S. Hilaire¹², S. Péru¹², Y.S. Cho¹³, D.M. Filipescu¹⁴, N. Iwamoto¹⁵,

T. Kawano¹⁶, V. Varlamov¹⁷, and R. Xu¹⁸



Dissemination

New PSF database: nds.iaea.org/PSFdatabase

Home Search Data ▼ Atlas

Home Search Data -**GDR** ed time here. ARC

Photon Strength Function Database

This is the new website for the Photon Strength Function Database. The legacy website is still available for a limited time here.

Experimental data

The Photon Strength Function (PSF) Database contains all the experimental PSF data that were compiled by the IAEA Coordinated Research Project (CRP) on Generating a Reference Database for Photon Strength Functions. The methods that have been used to extract experimental PSF data are extensively described and assessed in the CRP technical report that is published in [1], and in the recent IAEA reports [2], [3], and [4]. The data files naming convention is self-explanatory and includes: the type and multipolarity of the PSF XL={E1|E2|M1|1} (1 stands for E1+M1), if it is experimental or theoretical data, nuclide (Z,A), method used: NRF, OM, ARC/DRC, PG, PP, RM, PHOTONUCLEAR, and the NSR keynumber is added for photonuclear data. For detailed definitions, please refer to our Glossary page

Each data file is accompanied by a README file with the same naming convention but with the extension 'readme'. The README file contains all the information about the measurement, the experimental method, the model dependent analysis and parameters, as well as the reference.

Query the database

You can easily search the database using any combination of the available options: Z, A, XL, Method, Energy. A plot will be produced automatically based on your query. To retrieve the entire database, simply click the search button without applying any filters.

Search database 🔾

Download the database

You can download the latest version of the PSF Database in compressed format:

Download database 🕹 Version v2024.1 - released on the 1st of November, 2024 1,130 Data Files | 47,683 Data Points



Theoretical PSF data recommended by the IAEA CRP on Reference Database for Photon Strength Functions are also available for downloading. These theoretical PSFs were

Two global models have been used to perform global calculations of E1 and M1 PSFs for all nuclides across the nuclear chart: the D1M-QRPA and SMLO. Details about the

The files contain PSFs in units of [MeV-3] at various excitation energies U (QRPA files) or temperature T (SMLO files) so that they can be used for de-excitation processes. Note that for photoabsorption, U=0 or T=0, while for de-excitation the user needs to use the relation: $U=aT^2$ with a=A/10.

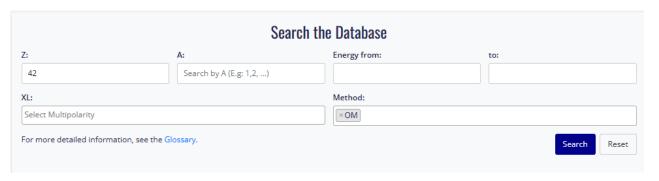
Theoretical data

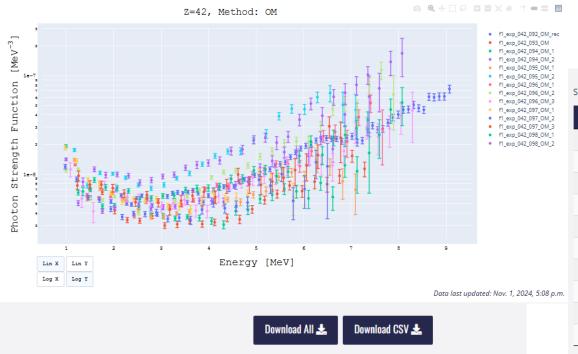
Theoretical PSF data generated by the triple Lorentzian model (TLO) [4] are now also available for dowloading. The folder contains the source files for generating the PSF data as well as the data files themselves. These PSFs have not been validated according to the CRP prescription [1].



1. S. Goriely, P. Dimitriou, M. Wiedeking et al., The European Physical Journal A 55, 172 (2019), 10.1140/epja/i2019-12840-

Versatile tool







Show	10 🕶 e	ntries							Se	arc	h:		
Z A	A \$	Method \$	XL	Datapoints \$	Min E [MeV] \$	Max E [MeV] \$	Author	¢	Year	•	View Readme	¢ PI	lot \$
42	92	ОМ	E1+M1	67	1.944	9.072	G. M. Tveten et al.		2016		f1_exp_042_092_OM_rec		₩.
42	93	ОМ	E1+M1	24	1.235	7.284	M. Guttormsen et al.		2005		f1_exp_042_093_OM		<u>~</u>
42	94	ОМ	E1+M1	26	0.998	7.381	M. Guttormsen et al.		2005		f1_exp_042_094_OM_1		₩.
42	94	ОМ	E1+M1	26	0.998	7.381	H. Utsunomiya et al.		2013		f1_exp_042_094_OM_2		₩.
42	95	ОМ	E1+M1	23	1.175	7.093	M. Guttormsen et al.		2005		f1_exp_042_095_OM_1		<u>~</u>
42	95	ОМ	E1+M1	23	1.175	7.097	H. Utsunomiya et al.		2013		f1_exp_042_095_OM_2		₩.
42	96	ОМ	E1+M1	27	1.191	7.661	M. Guttormsen et al.		2005		f1_exp_042_096_OM_1		<u>~</u>
42	96	ОМ	E1+M1	28	0.998	7.891	H. Utsunomiya et al.		2013		f1_exp_042_096_OM_2		<u>~</u>
42	96	ОМ	E1+M1	31	1.091	8.291	M. Guttormsen et al.		2005		f1_exp_042_096_OM_3		<u>~</u>
42	97	ОМ	E1+M1	23	0.981	6.261	M. Guttormsen et al.		2005		f1_exp_042_097_OM_1		<u>~</u>
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Photon Strength Functions

Coordinated effort continued

- 1. Working group on evaluation of Photon Strength Functions with goal to produce evaluated PSF based on experimental data
- 2. Maintain and further develop the PSF database: next update Nov. 2025 will include more data and recommended model calculations in plots

Segment on Level Densities: CRP on NLDS (2024-2028)

Level Densities Segment

Total Level Densities

Back-Shifted Fermi Gas Model (BSFG)

Level density parameters for the BSFG model obtained by fitting the Fermi-gas model formula to the recommended spacings of s-wave neutron resonances and to the cumulative number of low-lying levels.

Data File (34.3kB) README File (2.2kB)

Gilbert-Cameron Model

Level density parameters for the Gilbert-Cameron model obtained by fitting the Fermi-gas model formula to the recommended spacings of s-wave neutron resonances and by matching the corresponding level density to discrete levels.

Data File (42.8kB) README File (2.4kB)

Enhanced Generalized Superfluid Model (EGSM)

Level density parameters for the Enhanced Generalized Superfluid Model (EGSM), which takes into account collective enhancement of the nuclear level density in addition to shell and superfluid effects. The parameters were obtained by fitting the corresponding model formulas to the recommended spacings of s-wave neutron resonances and by matching level densities to discrete levels.

Data File (26.1kB) README File (2.4kB)

Z Systematics: Data File (1.3kB) README File (1.3kB)

HFB Total Level Densities

The data files (*.dat) contains the HFB plus combinatorial nuclear level densities at ground state deformations^[1]. The nuclear level density is coherently obtained on the basis of the single-particle level scheme and pairing energy derived at the ground state deformation based on the BSk14 Skyrme force^[2]. Additionally, the phenomenological level density parameters ctable and ptable are tabulated in files (*.cor) by fitting the HFB calculated curve to the RIPL II recommended spacings of s-wave neutron resonances D0 and to the cumulative number of low-lying levels.

References:

[1] S. Goriely, S. Hilaire, A.J. Koning, Improved microscopic nuclear level densities within the Hartree-Fock-Bogoliubov plus compbinatorial method, Phys. Rev. C78 (2008) 064307

[2] S. Goriely, M. Samyn, J.M. Pearson, Phys. Rev. C75 (2007) 064312

HFB Data Files (total 486.6MB) HFB README File (3.1kB)

HFB corrections File (30kB) HFB corrections README File (2kB)

	[Introduction] [MASSES] [LEVELS] [RESONANCES] [OPTICAL] [DENSITIES] [GAMMA] [FISSION] [CODES] [Contacts]
Retrieval of Total Level Density Parameters	Average Resonance Spacings Segment
Atomic number (2) Mass number (A) (blank for all mass numbers) retrieve reset	
Plot of Total Level Density Parameters (a-parameters)	Average Spacings of Neutron Resonances 296 average spacings for s-wave neutron resonances and 82 average spacings for p-wave neutron resonances.
Select one of below and input no.: Atomic number (Z) Mass number (A) Neutron number (N) X-axis: Av plot of Total Level Densities	References: [1] Sukhoruchkin, S.I. et al. in Low Energy Neutrons and their Interaction with Nuclei and Matter. Ed. H.Schopper, Springer-Verlag, Berlin, 2000, v.16B. [2] Ignatyuk A.V. Contribution to the Second CRP Meeting on RIPL-2 (Verenna, June 2000). Data File with s-wave Resonances (22kB) Data File with p-wave Resonances (9.4kB) README File (3.1kB)
Atomic number (Z)	

Level Densities at Saddle Points Calculated within HFB

The files contains the HFB plus combinatorial nuclear level densities at saddle and isomer deformations^[1]. The nuclear level density is coherently obtained on the basis of the single-particle level scheme and pairing energy derived at the saddle point deformation or shape isomer deformation. The same BSk14 Skyrme force^[2] is used to estimate the fission saddle and isomeric points.

References:

plot reset

- [1] S. Goriely, S. Hilaire, A.J. Koning, Phys. Rev. C (2008) in press
- [2] S. Goriely, M. Samyn, J.M. Pearson, Phys. Rev. C75 (2007) 064312

Data Files README File (4.0kB)

Retrieval of Level Densities at Saddle Points

Retrieval of Average Spacings

of Neutron Resonances

Plot of Average Spacings of

Neutron Resonances in Function of Mass Number (A)

Mass number (A)

(blank for all) retrieve

Atomic number (Z)

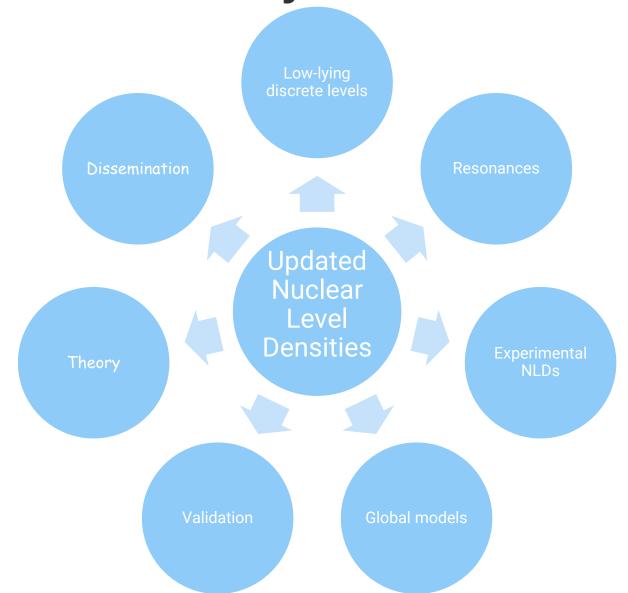
plot reset

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s- or p-wave

Atomic	number (Z)		
Mass n	umber (A)			
	retrieve		reset	

CRP on Updating Nuclear Level Densities for Applications: Research objectives



Outputs - deliverables

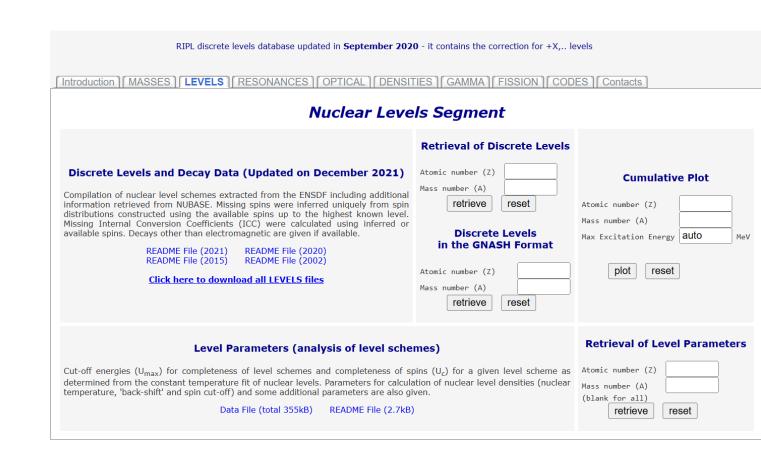
- Recommended NLD models and parameters
- Recommended NLD tables (for both phenomenological and microscopic):
 - a. Provide renormalization parameters on low-lying states and D₀
 - b. Provide adjustment procedure for tabulated NLDs for practical calculations
- Recommended tables of average resonance spacings D_0 , D_1 , $\Gamma\gamma$, Strengths
- Compilation of experimental data (derived NLD, resonances, and validation data)
- GitHub repository; interactive interface
- Publication(s) describing technical work and recommendations

Participants

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Research Objectives I - Low-lying discrete states

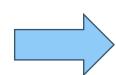
- Update low-lying states in the RIPL database (based on ENSDF and NUBASE)
- ➤ Empirical determination of completeness of levels review method of determination
- Investigate the possible assignment of spin and parities for unknown cases (weak assignments or multiple values in ENSDF); theoretical approaches
- ➤ Review the method to assign spin-cutoff on low-lying states compare with models
- Low-lying discrete levels for exotic nuclei use theory

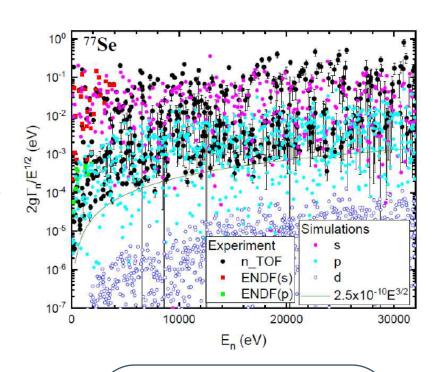


Research objectives II - Average Resonance Spacings

Compilation and evaluation

- \triangleright Comprehensive compilation of average resonance spacings D_0 and D_1 (not D_2)
- ➤ New evaluation of compiled D₀ and D₁ provide recommended values and associated uncertainties, and number of resonances considered
- Compare with RIPL-3 values (Ignatyuk), Mughabghab, other evaluations (ENDF/B, JENDL, ...), Sukhoruchkin
- Outliers when compared to models
- Comparison of different evaluations





Tables; Metadata RIPL format

Research objectives III - Compilation of experimental data

Experimentally derived PSF

- Compilation of experimental derived level densities [Oslo method beta-Oslo, inverse-Oslo; Shape method; proton inelastic scattering; Evaporation method; gamma selfabsorption, (α,α') , (γ,γ') , Ericson fluctuations]
- Comparison of results from different measurement techniques (outliers; quality indicators; updated normalization data)
- Comprehensive uncertainty analysis (including model uncertainties)
- Recommendation of experimental derived nuclear level density data

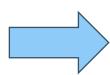


Comprehensive experimental NLD database: Data files; Metadata Format: PSF format; YAML

Research objectives III cont'

Experimental data for validation of models and evaluations

- Reaction data (e.g. standards, (n,n'), (n,p), neutror spectrum, prompt fission -spectra)
- Isomeric cross section ratios and (n,n'γ) cross section data
- Multi-step cascade gamma spectra
- Average radiative widths
- Maxwellian-Averaged Cross Sections (MACS)
- Isomeric cross-section ratios

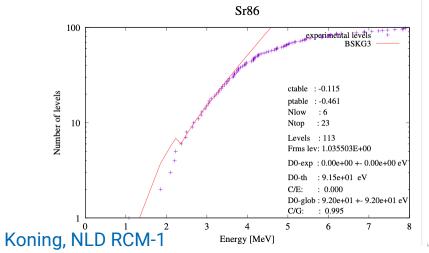


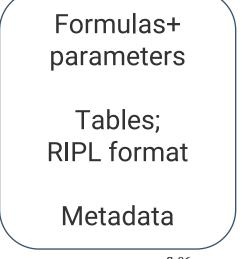
Experimental database:
Data files; Metadata

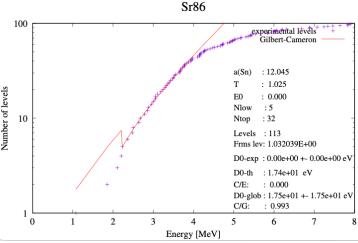
Research objectives IV - Models

Development of global and semi-global NLD models

- New phenomenological (Constant Temperature +Fermi Gas, Enhanced Generalized Superfluid Model)
- New Microscopic (QRPA+Boson exchange, Shell Model, HFB+comb., Relativistic HFB+comb)
- Comparison with experimental data: Ncum, D₀, and experimentally derived NLDs
- Recommendations based on best fit







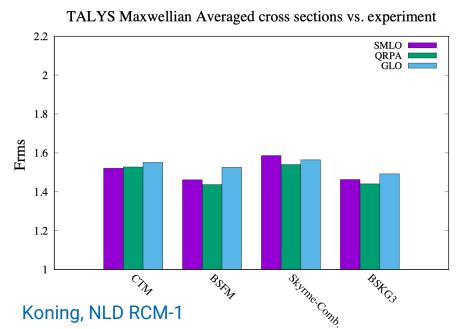
Research objectives V – Validation of global models

Use validation data

- Define qualitative and quantitative validation criteria and approaches
- ➤ For validated models provide renormalization parameters on low-lying states and D₀
- For validated models provide global calculations in tabulated form and adjustment

procedure for practical calculations

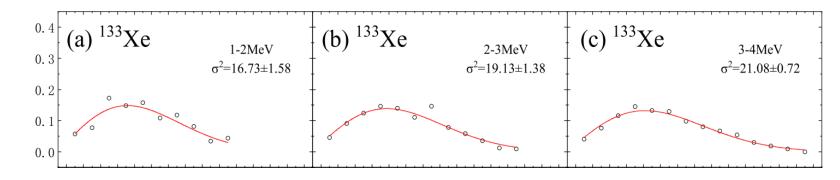
The validated models will be recommended.

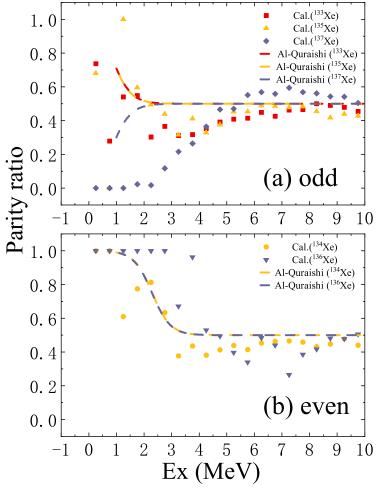


Research objectives VI – Theoretical developments

To guide practical calculations and improve understanding

- Spin distribution/parity distribution: shell model(Configuration Interaction SM) and microscopic models (HFB+comb., QRPA+BE, RMF+comb)
- Damping of collective enhancement and damping effects: evaporation method
- Damping of rotational effects and vibrational effects: HFB+combinatorial models

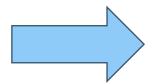




Research objective VII - dissemination

Multiple forms of dissemination of data, models and metadata

- Experimental database (data and metadata) [format: PSF and/or yaml]
- \triangleright Tabulated D₀, D₁
- ➤ Tabulated global model calculations [format: RIPL and other]
- Publication



- GitHub repository
- Interactive online interface
- > APIs



Thank you!

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