

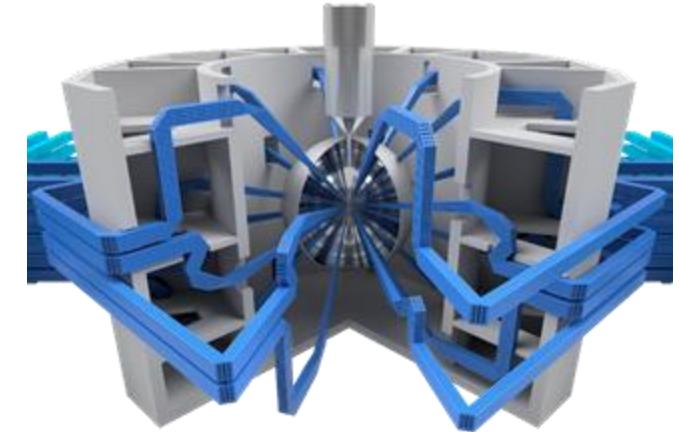
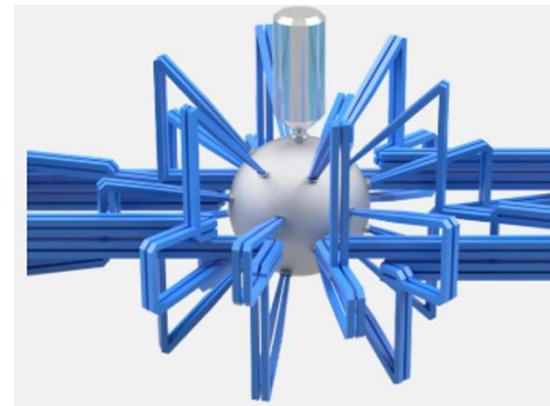
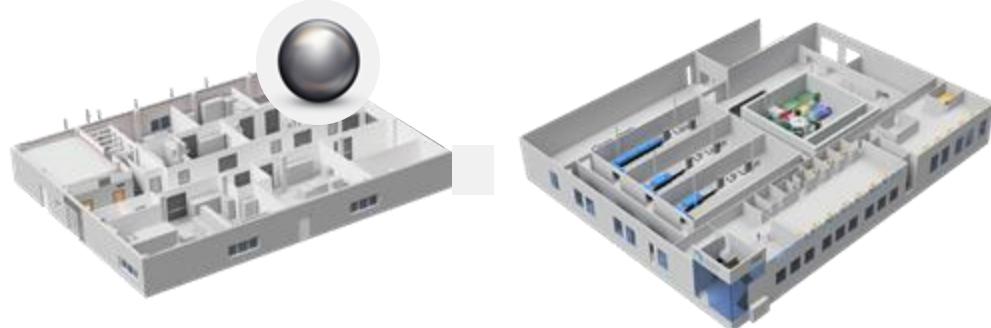
# A Multi-Physics Digital Twin for the Integrated Design and Optimization of an Inertial Fusion Energy Power Plant

Dr. Valeria Ospina-Bohórquez, Dr. Neil Dhir, Dr. Gavin Friedman

Workshop on Digital Engineering for Fusion Energy Research  
Dec 9 – 12, 2025  
Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA

- ✓ Big picture context: Understanding the overarching goal and strategic importance of Digital Twins applied to Inertial Fusion Energy systems.
- ✓ Digital Twin Architecture: Detail essential modules, components, and data structures necessary for full operational capability and integration.
- ✓ Current Scope and Strategy: Boundaries, technical objectives, and current strategic focus of the project implementation.
- ✓ Optimization Strategy: Bayesian optimization for multivariable optimization

# Our Reactor Modeling Roadmap



**Computer Aided Engineering for Fusion Reactors**  
HPC-scale design optimization of reactor chamber components  
Flexible and scalable simulation capability supports detailed design work

**Digital Shadow at intermediate-scale facility**  
Close model/facility integration and data assimilation at full shot rate  
Model-informed experimental planning  
Significant reduction in scaling uncertainty to LightHouse

**Living Digital Twin at Lighthouse™**  
Predictive performance monitoring and maintenance  
Model-based reactor technology qualification and scaling to FOAK

2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035

**First Digital Twins of Focused Energy tech**

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# Inertial Fusion Energy Modelling Capabilities that Need Development

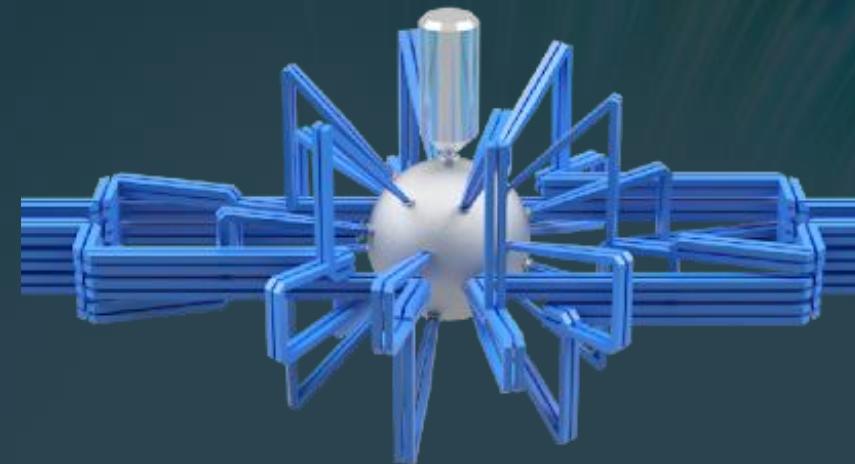


Chamber and Target Survival

Fusion Core Physics

System Infrastructure & Engineering

Foundational Data & Cost Assessment



# Inertial Fusion Energy Modelling Capabilities that Need Development

Chamber and Target Survival

Fusion Core Physics

System Infrastructure & Engineering

Foundational Data & Cost Assessment

First Wall Survivability

Predict long-term damage, degradation, and activation.

Target Dynamics

Multi-physics modeling of hydrodynamics, radiation transport, and kinetic effects, including instabilities (hydrodynamic, laser-plasma) and hot electron generation

Target Survivability

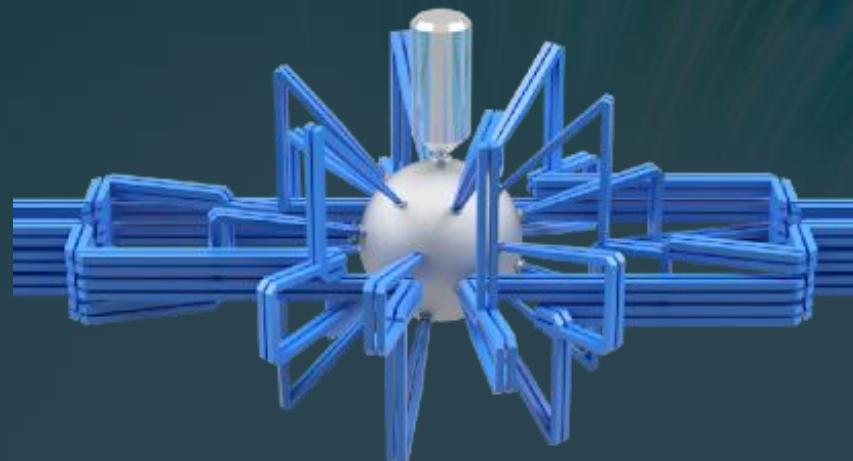
Modeling chamber environment effects (shocks, ablation, irradiation) on target integrity

Laser-Plasma Coupling

Simulations addressing instabilities, spectral effects, smoothing, and energy coupling optimization to ensure efficient laser energy delivery

Chamber Environment

Ensure that the chamber can recover to acceptable conditions between shots



# Inertial Fusion Energy Modelling Capabilities that Need Development

Chamber and Target Survival	Fusion Core Physics	System Infrastructure & Engineering	Foundational Data & Cost Assessment
First Wall Survivability  Predict long-term damage, degradation, and activation.	Target Dynamics  Multi-physics modeling of hydrodynamics, radiation transport, and kinetic effects, including instabilities (hydrodynamic, laser-plasma) and hot electron generation	Fuel Cycle  Modeling the full tritium management loop to ensure regulatory compliance	Material Data  Developing accurate material models, including two-temperature equations of state (EOS), opacities, and atomic physics
Target Survivability  Modeling chamber environment effects (shocks, ablation, irradiation) on target integrity	Laser-Plasma Coupling  Simulations addressing instabilities, spectral effects, smoothing, and energy coupling optimization to ensure efficient laser energy delivery	Blanket Systems  Coupled simulations of fluid flow, heat/mass transfer, and neutronics for tritium breeding and extraction	Activation and Waste  Simulations to support lifecycle analysis and regulatory planning for radioactive waste mitigation
Chamber Environment  Ensure that the chamber can recover to acceptable conditions between shots		Laser Chain Simulation  Modeling beam propagation, optics response to high fluence, defect growth, and frequency conversion for performance assessment	Reactor Cost  Integrating all component models to evaluate overall reactor performance, reliability, and cost

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# We are developing our Digital Twin physics modules



## Ongoing Modeling Activities

### Target Illumination & Delivery

Develop a model that can estimate the impact of uncertain laser and target delivery on:

- Implosion symmetry
- Performance

### Fusion Chamber Simulation

Identify viable reactor operating parameters, consistent with first wall survival and capsule survival in-flight, such as:

- Target Layering
- Chamber Geometry
- First Wall Survivability

### Laser Design Optimization

Develop models for laser performance as a function of top-level design parameters:

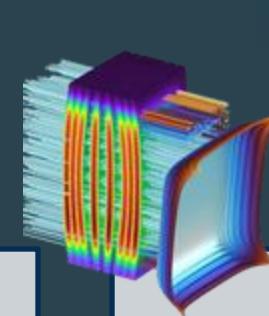
- Beamlet energy
- Amplifier Design
- Repetition Rate
- Diode Specifications



Define the precision and accuracy requirements of key technologies related to laser and target delivery

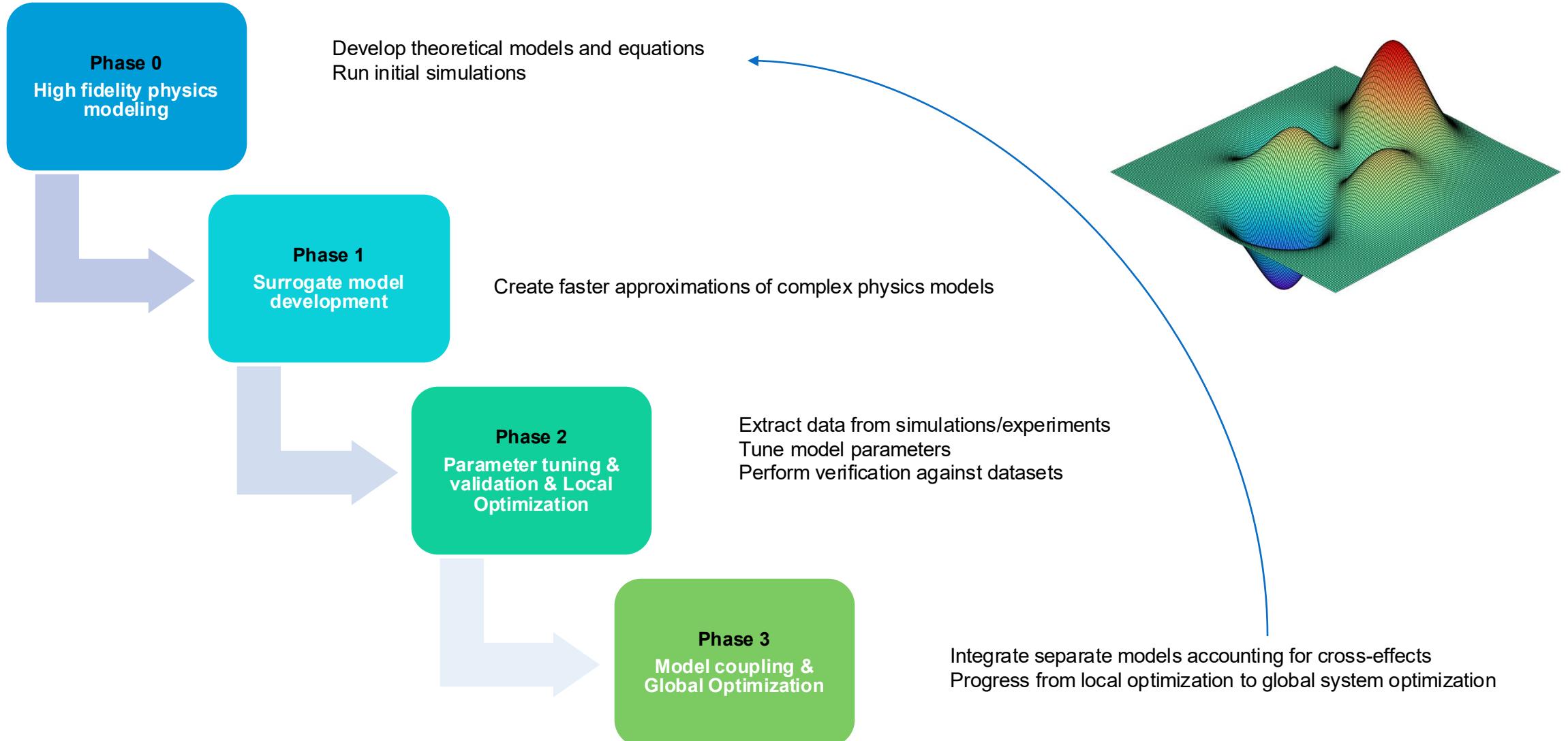


Deliver specifications for in-chamber technologies (gas fill, injection velocity, first wall material, thermal boundaries,...) to inform R&D efforts

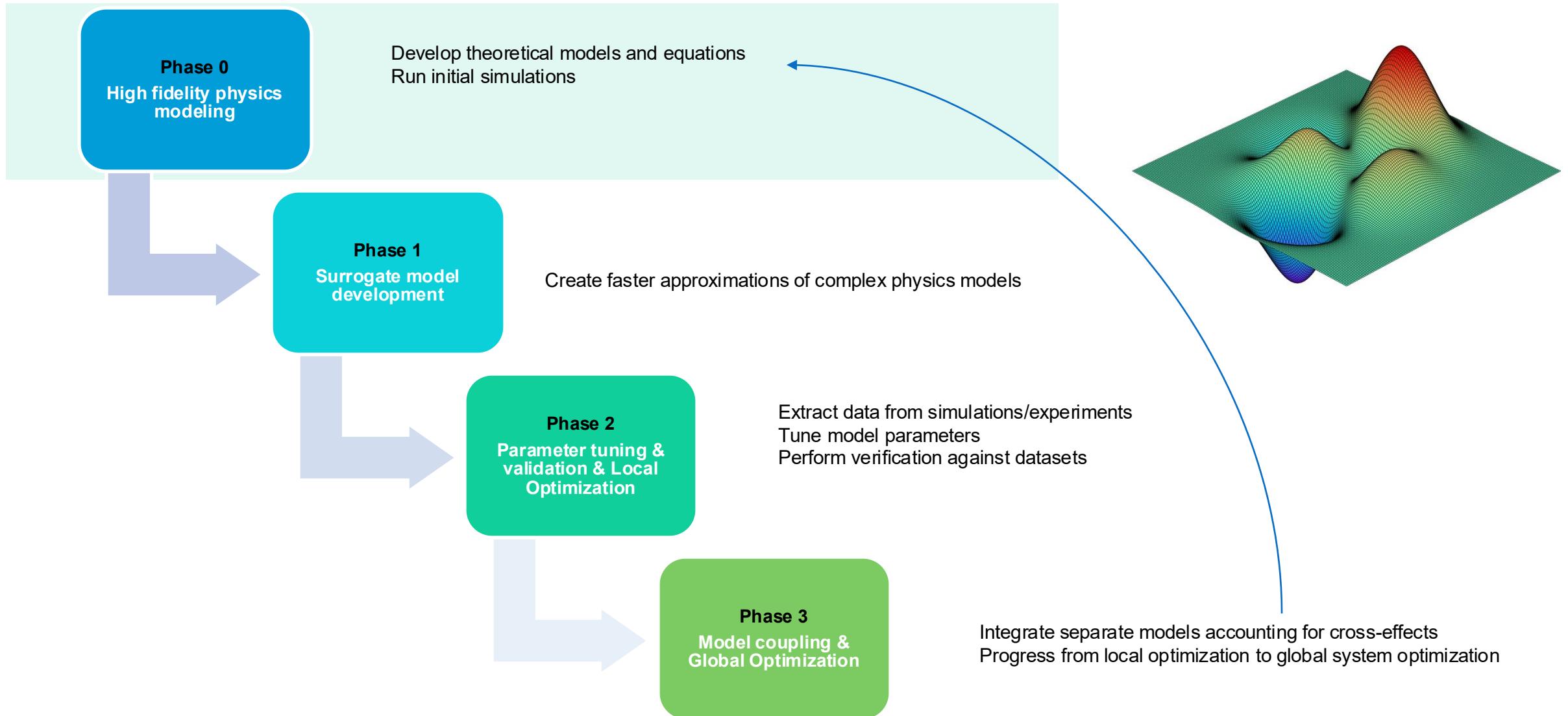


Inform DPSSL design parameters based on reactor-scale performance metrics

# Digital Twin Development: From High-Fidelity Modeling to Global Optimization



# Digital Twin Development: From High-Fidelity Modeling to Global Optimization



# The Target Illumination module aims at exploring the requirements placed on target injection, tracking, and laser delivery by implosion symmetry constraints

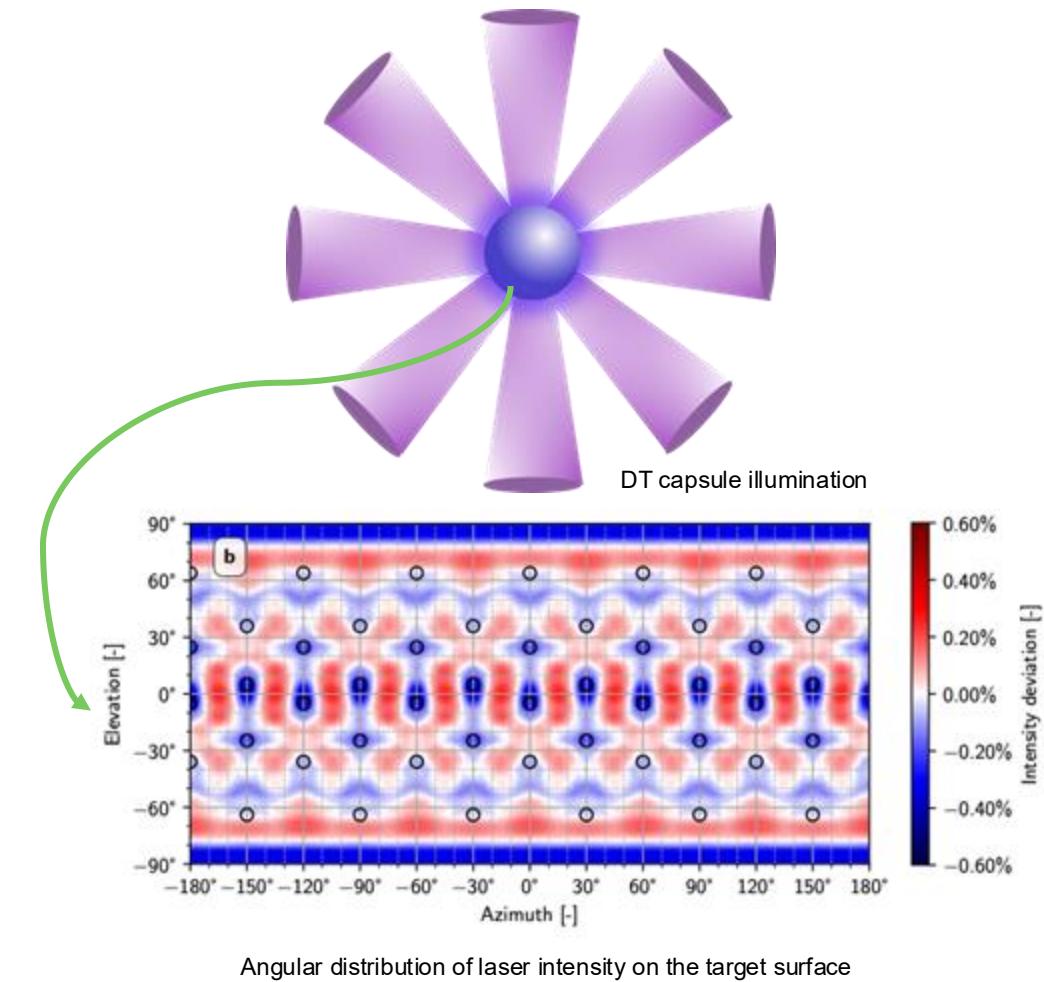


## Project Scope

This project is centered on modeling the impact of uncertain target and laser delivery on both implosion symmetry and performance.

## Goals

- To define precision and accuracy requirements for key technologies (Target injection, Target tracking, Laser delivery), which will, in turn, motivate necessary R&D efforts across the company.
- R&D Prioritization Question: What are the most impactful R&D efforts needed to significantly increase the performance and robustness of our implosion designs?



Angular distribution of laser intensity on the target surface

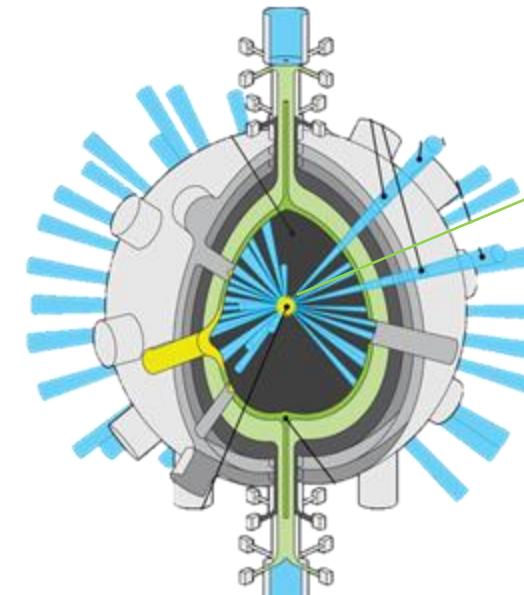
# The Fusion Chamber Simulation module will produce viable reactor chamber designs consistent with first wall & capsule survival in-flight

## Project Scope

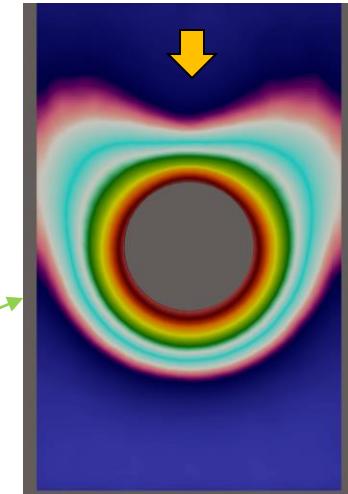
Provide a comprehensive assessment of fuel capsule survivability inside a fusion reactor chamber by modeling the impact of extreme temperatures, radiation, and mechanical stresses on both the capsule and the first wall self-consistently.

## Goals

- Identify viable reactor chamber design and operating parameters, consistent with first wall survival, capsule survival in-flight, chamber gas fill response, and other relevant physics constraints.
- Produce specifications for in-chamber technologies to inform R&D efforts.



Fusion Reactor



Simulations of target heating in-flight  
C. Fiorina, A. Pagani, Texas A&M



Space capsule re-entrance

# Laser performance models are being developed and implemented within the Digital Twin to optimize top-level parameters and guide DPSSL design

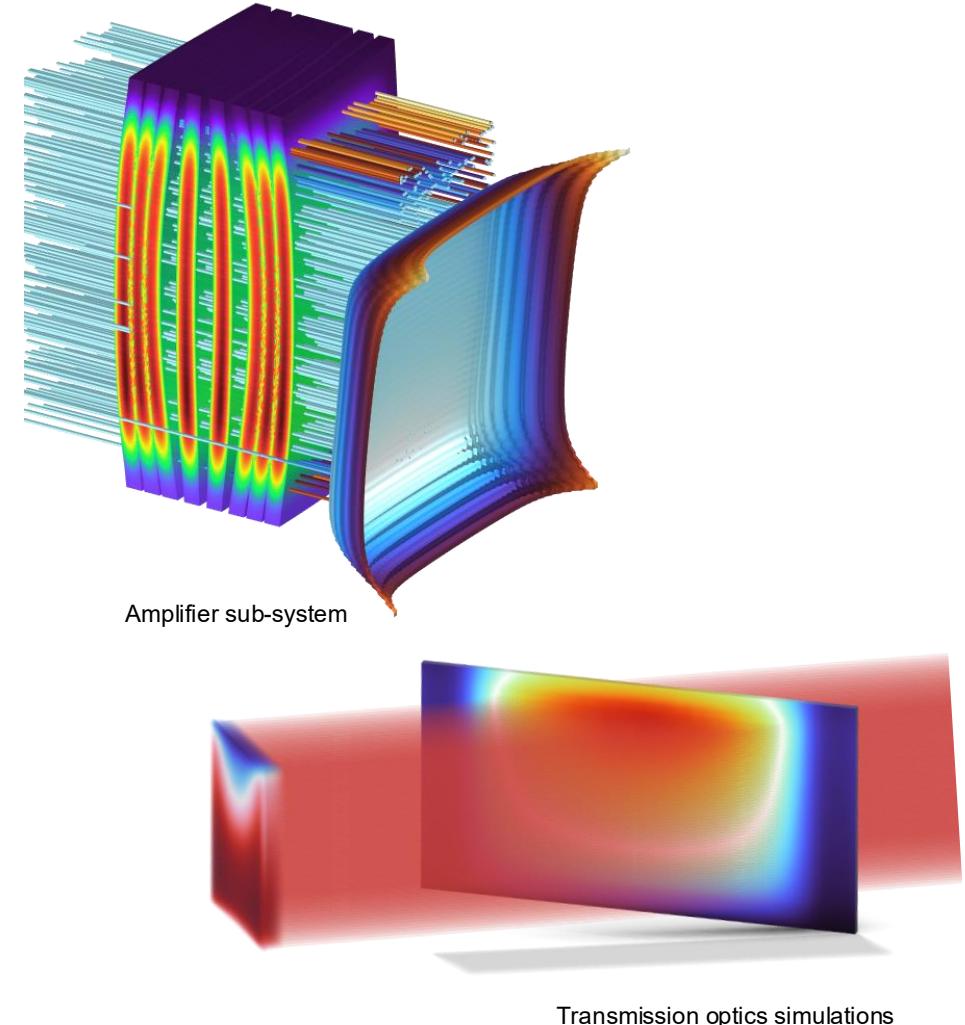


## Project Scope

This project will develop models for laser performance as a function of top-level design parameters to inform our diode-pumped solid-state laser (DPSSL) design efforts.

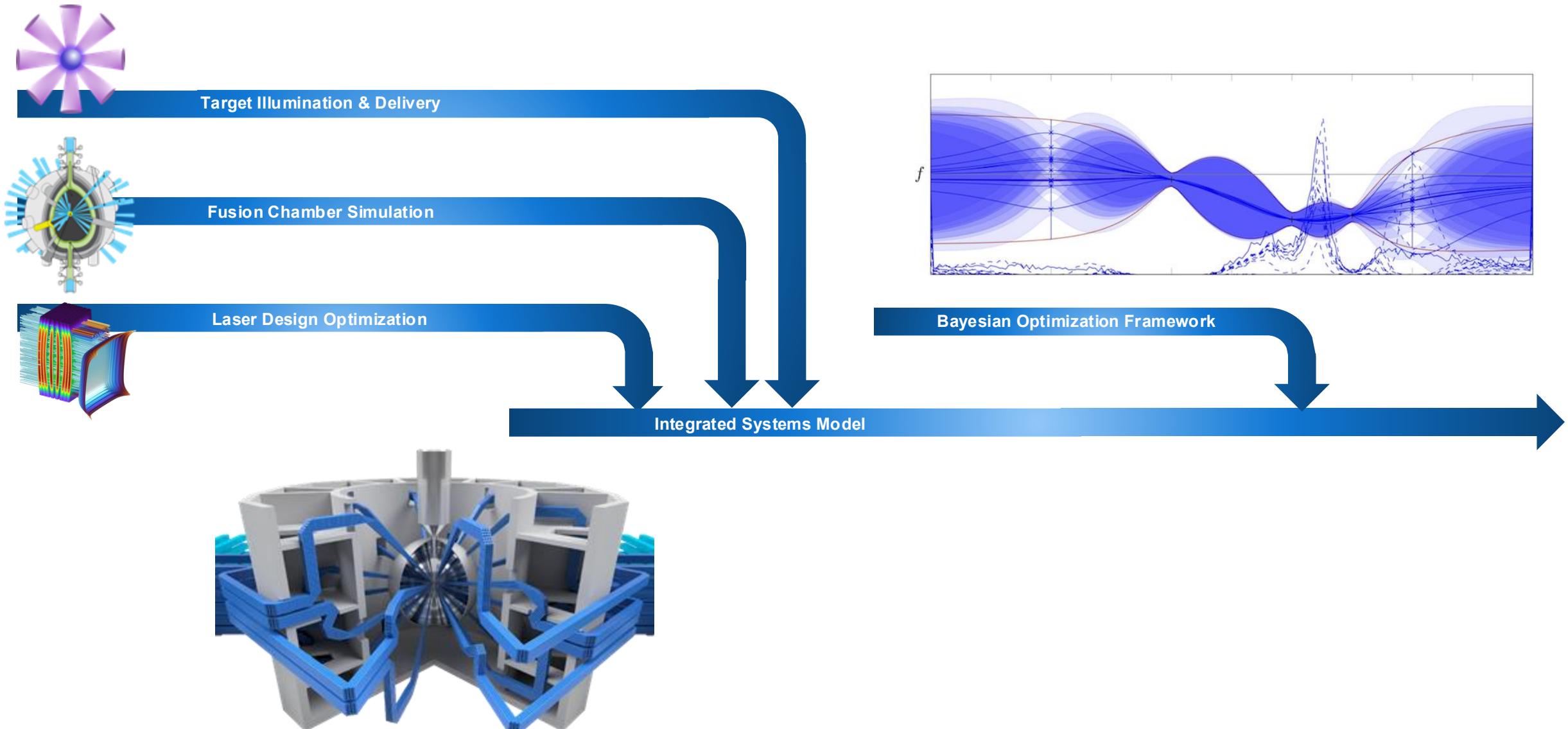
## Goals

- Quantify the impact of laser operational parameters (repetition rate, pulse length, etc.) on reactor performance (power output, cost).
- Use the Digital Twin to define a range of design parameters that satisfy FPP performance targets, producing component-level requirements.



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- ✓ Optimization Strategy: Bayesian optimization for multivariable optimization

By connecting its modules into a coherent architecture, the Digital Twin enables comprehensive and global optimization of the FPP system



# Bayesian Optimization (BO) turns the Digital Twin from a passive model into an intelligent system that actively recommends optimum operating points

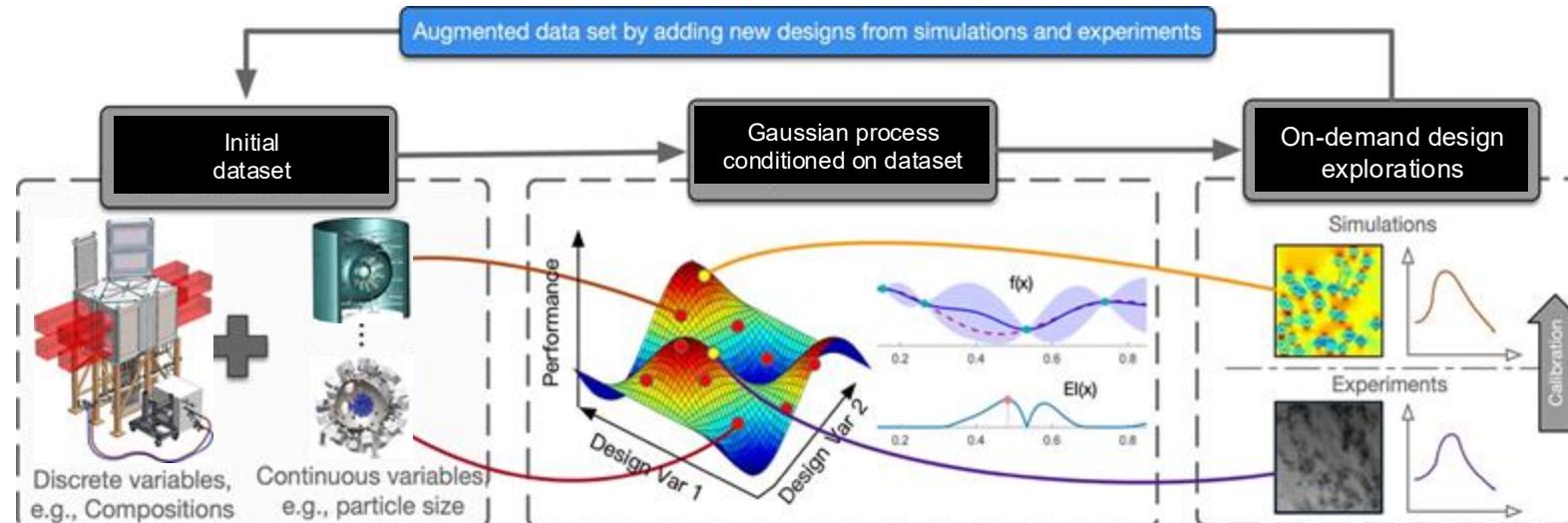
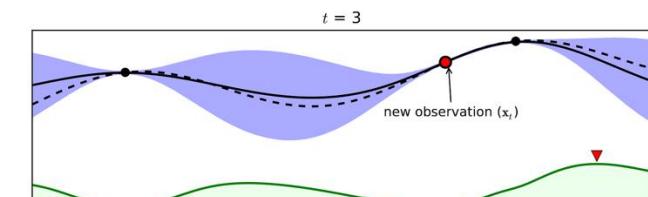
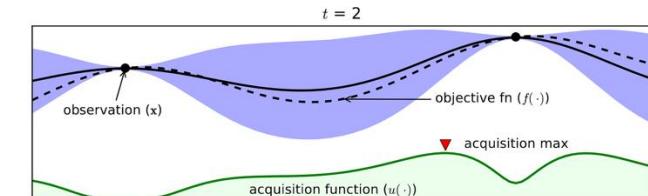
Find multi-variable optimal operating conditions efficiently (injection, timing, steering, laser parameters)

Reduce experimental cost by minimizing the number of required data points

How It Works:

- Surrogate Model: Learns a probabilistic approximation of system response & incorporates **uncertainty**
- **Acquisition Function**: Guides the next optimal experiment
- Balances *exploration vs exploitation*

BO iterative loop  
Predict → Select → Test → Update → Improve



# The Digital Twin will enable global optimization to identify key reactor parameters and achieve commercial goals

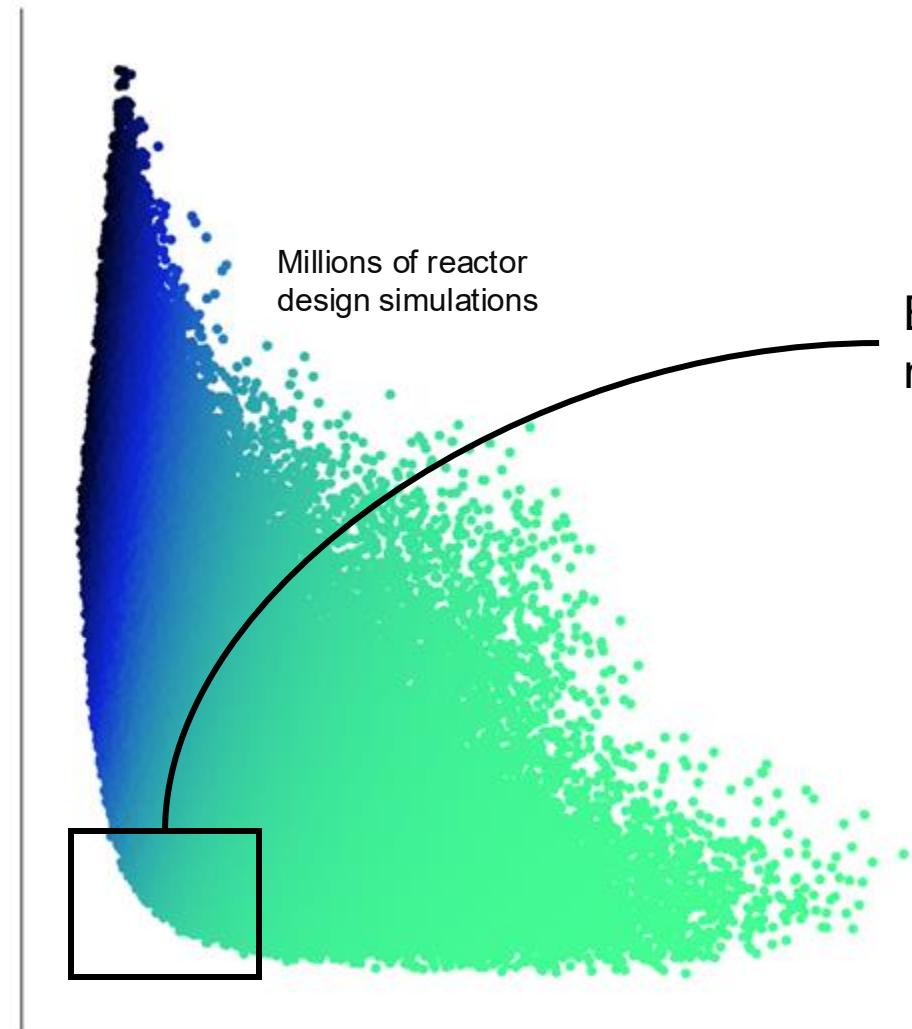
## Multiple Cost Metrics

Capital Cost, LCOE,  
...

Millions of reactor  
design simulations

Balance cost & risk to find the  
most attractive design

- Reactor power output
- Fusion gain & Repetition Rate
- Ignition concept & threshold
- Self-consistent R&D targets



## Multiple Risk Metrics

TRL Level, Sensitivities, Cost of Failure,  
...

# Our R&D Facilities will become our first Digital Twin demos

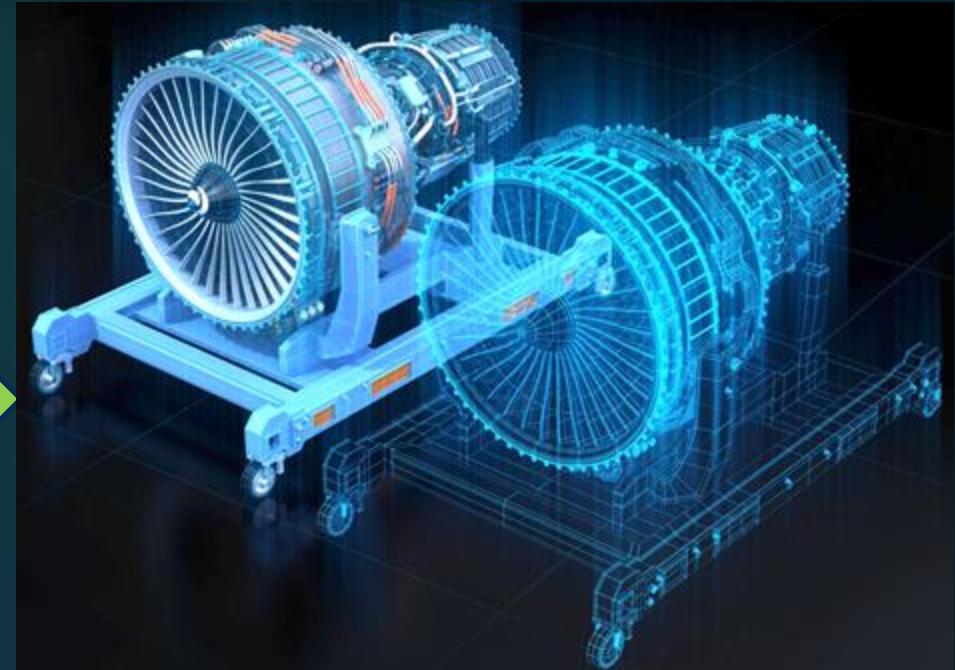
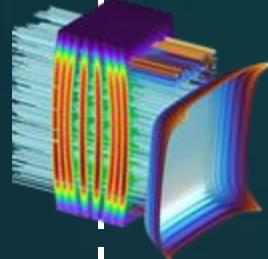
Experimental Facilities



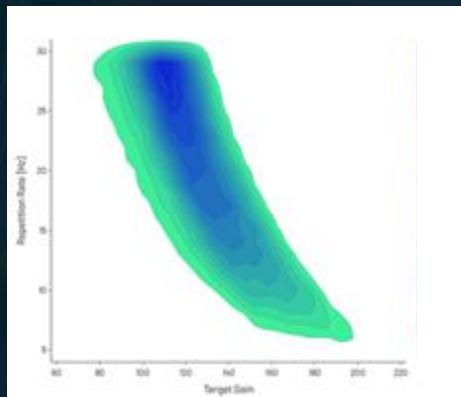
Digital Twin



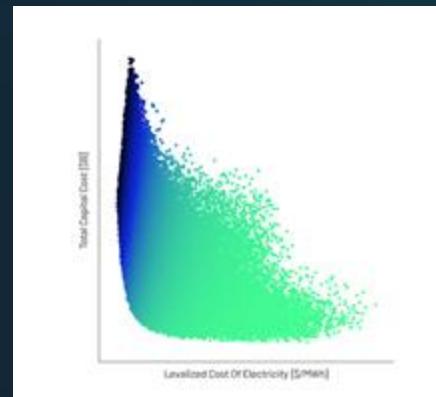
Optimal reactor designs that minimize risks

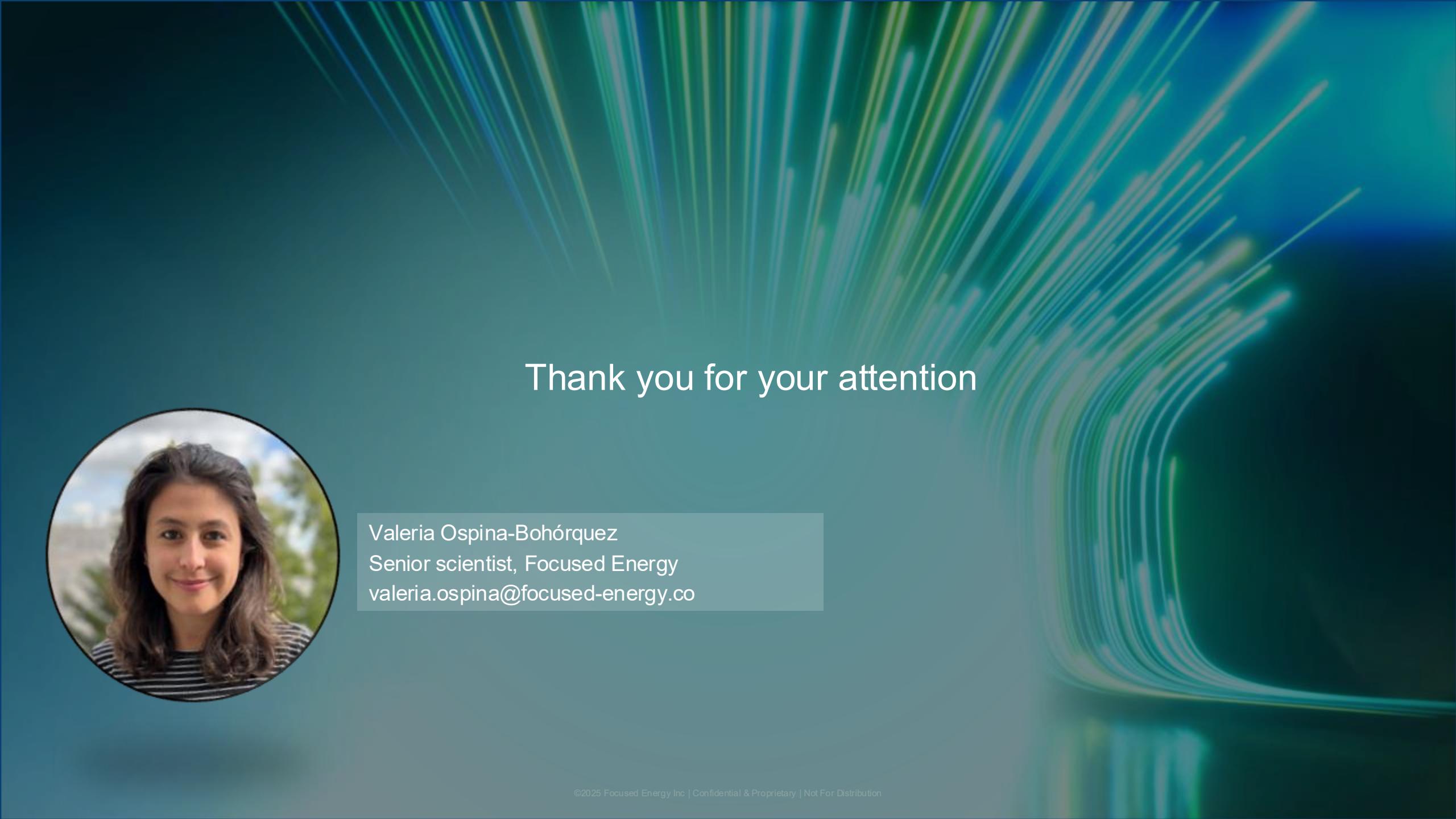


Rep Rate vs Target Gain



Total Capital Cost vs LCOE





# Thank you for your attention



Valeria Ospina-Bohórquez  
Senior scientist, Focused Energy  
[valeria.ospina@focused-energy.co](mailto:valeria.ospina@focused-energy.co)

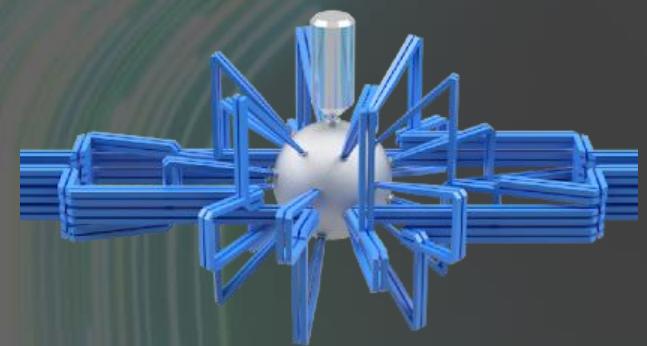


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# Inertial Fusion Energy Modelling Capabilities that Need Development

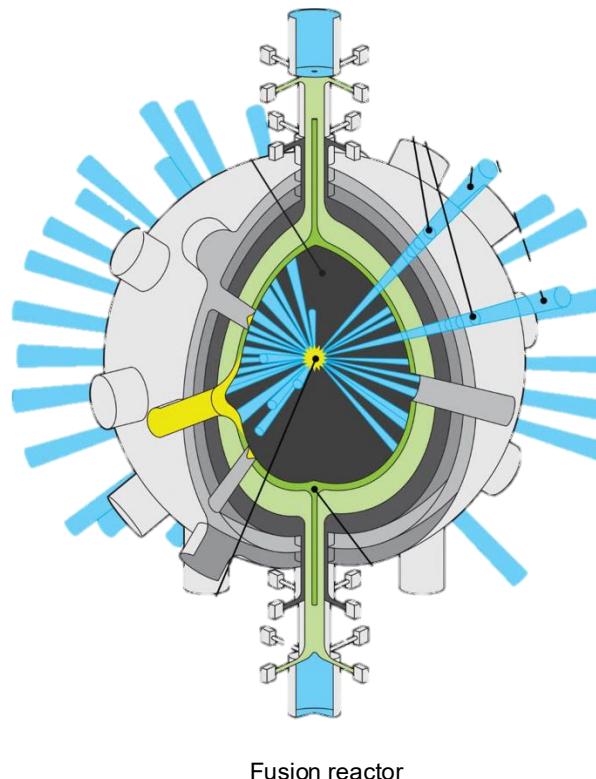
Chamber and Target Survival	First Wall Survivability	Target Survivability	Chamber Environment
	Predict long-term damage, degradation, and activation.	Modeling chamber environment effects (shocks, ablation, irradiation) on target integrity	Ensure that the chamber can recover to acceptable conditions between shots
Fusion Core Physics	Target Dynamics	Laser-Plasma Coupling	
	Multi-physics modeling of hydrodynamics, radiation transport, and kinetic effects, including instabilities (hydrodynamic, laser-plasma) and hot electron generation	Simulations addressing instabilities, spectral effects, smoothing, and energy coupling optimization to ensure efficient laser energy delivery	
System Infrastructure & Engineering	Fuel Cycle	Blanket Systems	Laser Chain Simulation
	Modeling the full tritium management loop to ensure regulatory compliance	Coupled simulations of fluid flow, heat/mass transfer, and neutronics for tritium breeding and extraction	Modeling beam propagation, optics response to high fluence, defect growth, and frequency conversion for performance assessment
Foundational Data & Cost Assessment	Material Data	Activation and Waste	Reactor Cost
	Developing accurate material models, including two-temperature equations of state (EOS), opacities, and atomic physics	Simulations to support lifecycle analysis and regulatory planning for radioactive waste mitigation	Integrating all component models to evaluate overall reactor performance, reliability, and cost



# Inertial Fusion Energy Modelling Capabilities that Need Development

## Chamber & Target Survival

- **First Wall Survivability:** Coupling particle transport (neutrons/gamma) with material response to predict long-term damage, degradation, and activation.
- **Target Survivability:** Modeling complex chamber environment effects (shocks, ablation, irradiation) on target integrity using fluid-gas dynamics and structural mechanics.
- **Chamber Environment & Recovery:** Simulating gas/liquid dynamics, ablation, material compatibility, heat transfer, ensuring the chamber can recover to acceptable conditions (e.g., vacuum pumping, debris mitigation) between shots.



## Fusion Core Physics (High-Fidelity Modeling)

- **Target Dynamics:** Comprehensive multi-physics modeling of hydrodynamics, shocks, radiation/laser transport, and kinetic effects, including instabilities (hydrodynamic, laser-plasma) and hot electron generation.
- **Laser-Plasma Coupling:** Critical simulations addressing instabilities, spectral effects, smoothing, and energy coupling optimization to ensure efficient laser energy delivery.

## System Infrastructure & Engineering

- **Tritium Inventory and Fuel Cycle:** Modeling the full tritium management loop, including processing times, contamination, and balance-of-plant interactions to ensure operational and regulatory compliance.
- **Blanket Systems:** Coupled simulations of fluid flow, heat/mass transfer, and neutronics for tritium breeding, extraction, and power optimization.
- **Laser Chain Simulation:** Modeling beam propagation, optics response to high fluence, defect growth, and frequency conversion for performance and reliability assessment.

## Foundational Data & Cost Assessment

- **Material Data:** Developing accurate material models, including two-temperature equations of state (EOS), opacities, and atomic physics.
- **Material Activation and Waste:** Simulations to support lifecycle analysis and regulatory planning for radioactive waste mitigation.
- **Reactor Cost Performance:** Integrating all component models to evaluate overall reactor performance, reliability, cost, and incorporating physics outputs into economic models.