

IAEA Databases and Tools for Fuels and FCFs

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NFCMS /NEFW, IAEA

IAEA Sub-Programme 1.2.2: Nuclear Power Reactor Fuel and Fuel Cycle Facilities

Objectives:

- Support Member States (MSs) to understand and address factors affecting the design, fabrication and in-pile behaviour of currently operating and innovative nuclear fuels and materials for power reactors.
- Support MSs to technically implement IAEA Safety Standards when operating or upgrading existing nuclear fuel cycle facilities, and to understand and address factors affecting the ageing of these facilities.

Through:

- Organizing IAEA meetings and developing IAEA publications
- Coordinating research activities (CRPs)
- Maintaining databases (NFCFs, PIE) Integrated Nuclear Fuel Cycle Information System IAEA INFCIS and NFC simulation tools (NFCSS) Nuclear Fuel Cycle Simulation System (NFCSS) (iaea.org)
- Developing e-Learning Materials on nuclear fuel OPEN-LMS: All courses (iaea.org)
- Building up Networks among practitioners (NFE-Net) Pages NFE Net (iaea.org)
- Supporting the IAEA Technical Cooperation Programme

To foster collaboration and information exchange, provide reference data, preserve knowledge, and capacity building

Advised by the TWG FPT:

The Technical Working Group on Fuel Performance and Technology (TWG FPT) is a group of recognized experts from MSs providing advice to DDG-NE and supporting programme implementation, reflecting a global network of excellence and expertise in nuclear power reactor fuel engineering (20 Members + Observers)

Advised by the TWG NFC:

The Technical Working Group on Fuel Cycle Facilities (TWG FCF) is a group of recognized experts from MSs to provide <u>advice to DDG-NE and DDG-NS and support programme implementation</u>, reflecting a global network of excellence and expertise in <u>NFCFs</u> operation areas (20 Members + Observers)

Integrated Nuclear Fuel Cycle Information System



NFCFDB UDEPO PIEDB NFCSS

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Integrated Nuclear Fuel Cycle Information Systems

The INFCIS web site is designed as a "one stop" resource for technical and statistical information about nuclear fuel cycle activities worldwide, as reported to the IAEA. The system includes four databases and one computer simulation system published by the IAEA's Nuclear Fuel Cycle and Materials Section in the Division of Nuclear Fuel Cycle and Waste Technology.

SHORTCUTS

NFCFDB Facilities NFCFDB Country Reports

Nuclear Fuel Cycle Facilities Database (NFCFDB)



NFCFDB covers civilian nuclear fuel cycle facilities around the world. It contains information on operational and non-operational, planned, and cancelled facilities. All stages of nuclear fuel cycle activities are covered, starting from uranium ore production to spent fuel storage facilities.

Post Irradiation Examination Facilities Database (PIEDB)



PIEDB is derived from a catalogue of such facilities worldwide that the IAEA issued in the 1990s. It includes a complete survey of the main characteristics of hot cells and their PIE capabilities.

World Distribution of Uranium Deposits Database (UDEPO)



UDEPO covers uranium deposits around the world, drawing on reports to IAEA technical meetings and other sources. It includes classification of deposits, technical information about the deposits, detailed geological information about regions, districts and deposits.

Nuclear Fuel Cycle Simulation System (NFCSS)



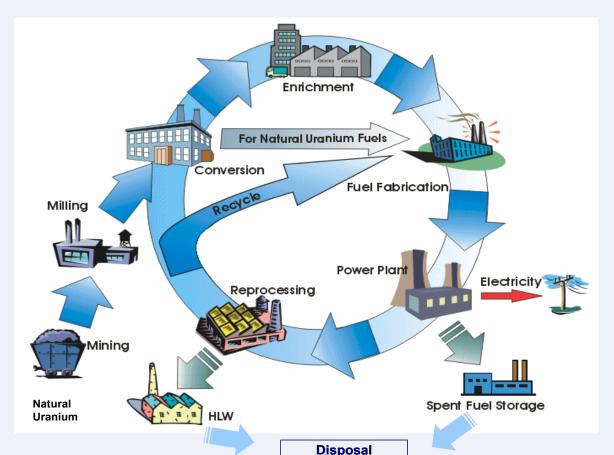
NFCSS is a scenario-based simulation system to estimate long-term nuclear fuel cycle material and service requirements as well as material arisings. The code uses simplified approaches to make estimation.

Landing Home page of iNFCIS www.iaea.org/resources/databases/

Nuclear Fuel Cycle Facilities Database



IAEA INFCIS	NFCFDB UDEPO PIEDB NFCSS KHAPERSKAIA, Anzhelika 🚱 🕲
NUCLEAR FUEL CYCLE FACILITIES DATABASE	About Facilities Statistics Country Reports Administration ▼ User Management ▼ Help
List of Nuclear Fuel Cycle Facilities (*)	Q Search facility
Country Facility Type All	Facility Status All Facility Scale All FILTER RESET



NFCFDB Caters to

- Uranium Mining and Milling Facilities
- Conversion Facilities
- Enrichment Facilities
- Fuel Fabrication Facilities
- Spent Fuel storage Facilities
- Fuel Reprocessing Facilities
- Waste Management Facilities
- Allied Industries

Nuclear Fuel Cycle Facilities Database. General Information (cont.)

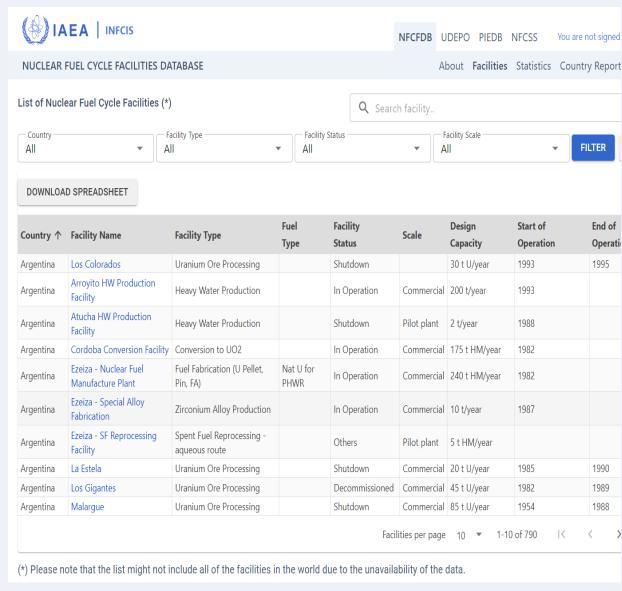


NFCF Data (Mandatory)

- Type of facility
- Scale (Lab/pilot plant/ commercial)
- Status (Construction, Commissioning, operation, shutdown, decommissioning, decommissioned, planned, refurbishment)
- Start/close of operation of facility
- Fuel types
- Design Capacity
- Process
- Feed Material
- Product Material
- Contact details
- Operator & Owners

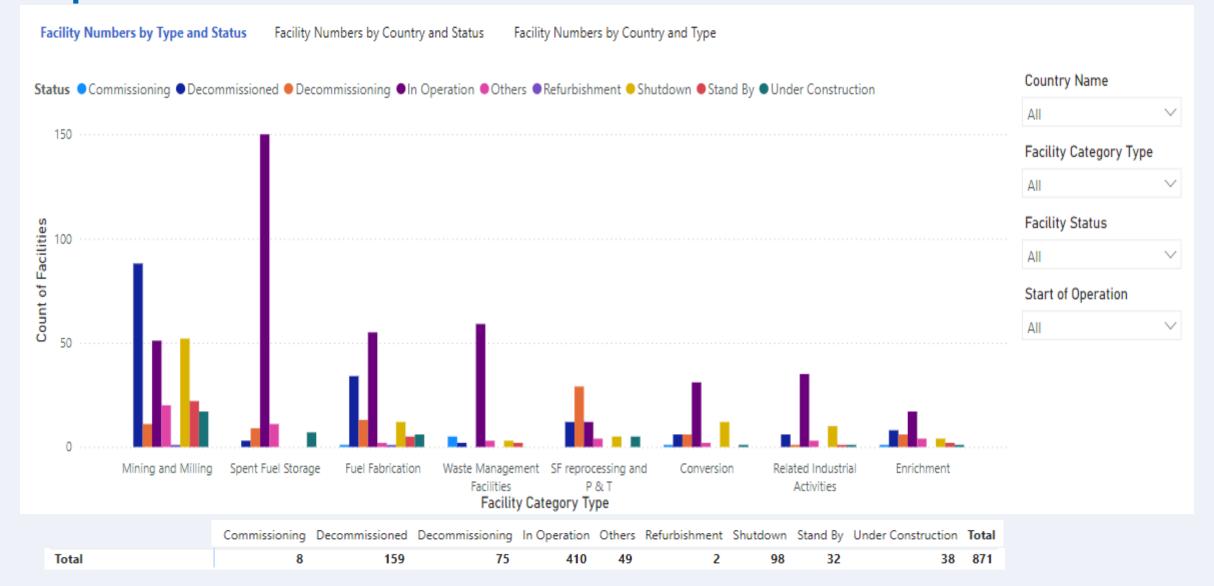
Optional data

- Annual production/Inventory of SF
- Decommissioning Stage
- References
- Location
- Ageing management programmes
- Licensing period



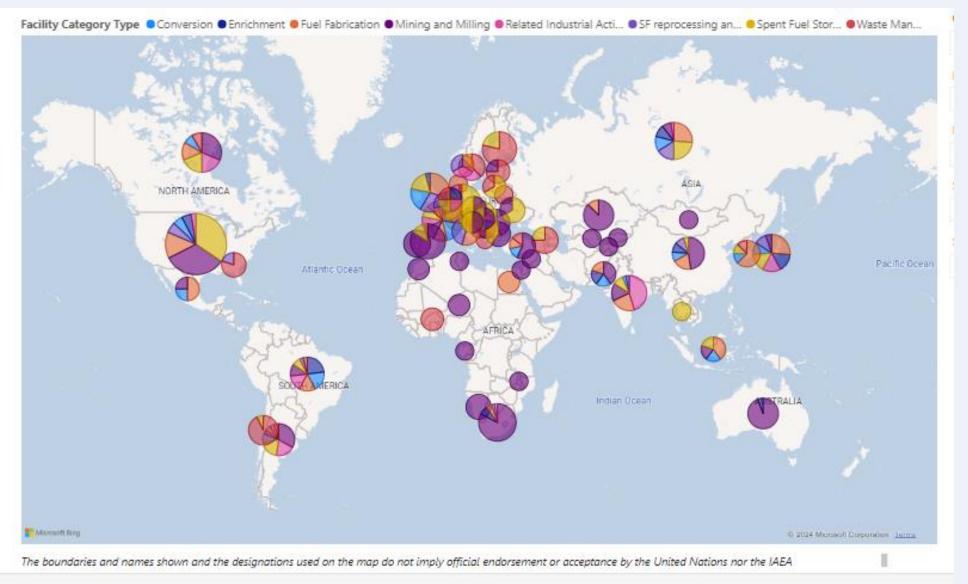
Nuclear Fuel Cycle Facilities Database. Statistics capabilities





NFCFDB. Mapping the locations of facilities.





IAEA-EC (HOTLAB) Post Irradiation Examination **Facilities Database**





NFCFDB UDEPO PIEDB NFCSS

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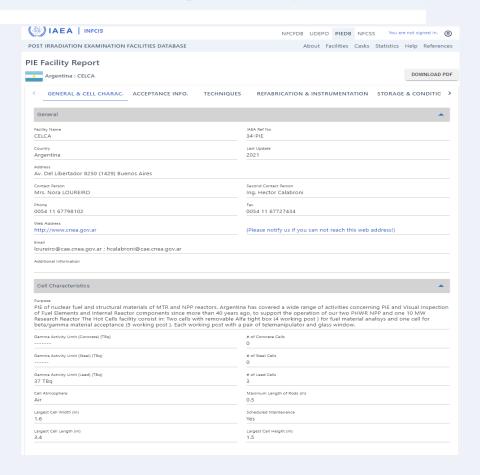
POST IRRADIATION EXAMINATION FACILITIES DATABASE About Facilities Casks Statistics Administration ▼ User Management ▼ Help References

52 facilities from 24 countries

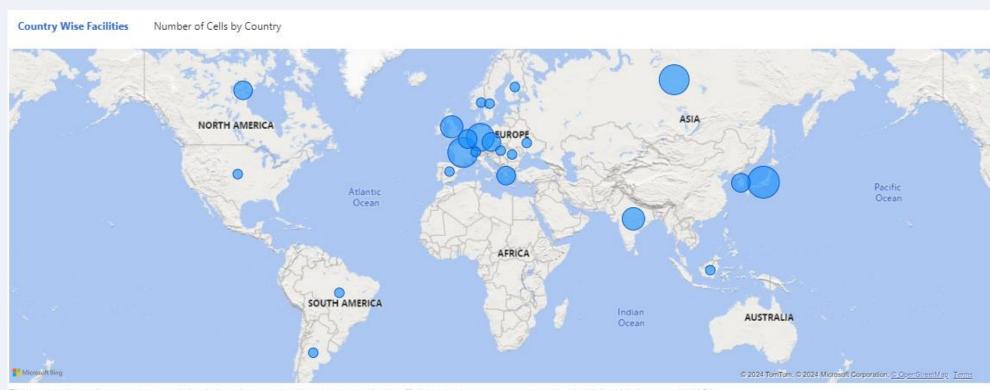
The PIEDB consists of 5 main areas describing PIE facilities:

- Acceptance criteria for irradiated components
- Cell characteristics
- PIE techniques (DE, NDE)
- Refabrication/instrumentation capabilities
- Storage and conditioning capabilities

And it has major technical and licensing data of Transport casks for irradiated samples



IAEA-EC Post Irradiation Examination Facilities Database





The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on the map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations nor the IAEA

Country	Facility Name	Number of Concrete Cells Number of Other Cells Number of					
Argentina	CELCA	0	3	0			
Belgium	LHMA - Laboratory for High and Medium Activity - SCK-CEN, Belgium	10	20	0			
Belgium	SCK+CEN - Chemical and Radiochemical Measurements	0	1	0			
Brazil	CTMSP - Hot Cell Pilot Laboratory	0	3	0			
Canada	Canadian Nuclear Laboratories	11	4	0			
Canada	Centre for Advanced Nuclear Systems, McMaster University	5					
Czech Republic	Hot Cells Facility Research Center Rez			10			
C 10 11	ADDITION OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	24	0	10			

Simulation tool (NFCSS)





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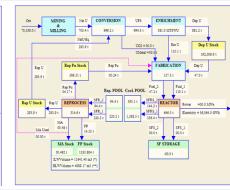




NUCLEAR FUEL CYCLE SIMULATION SYSTEM

About Modeling Example Calculation Scenarios Help References

- NFCSS is a scenario-based <u>publicly available</u> computer model (web-based tool) for the estimation of nuclear fuel cycle material and service requirements
- Reactors types: PWRS, BWRs, PHWRs, RMBKs, AGRs, GCRs, WWERs, FRs
- UOX, MOX and ThOX fuel cycles
- Calculates the requirements for Nat U resources, enrichment and fuel fabrication services, etc. SF inventory, Minor Actinide Inventory, FP inventory, Decay Heat and Radio-toxicity with material Flow Diagrams up to 200 years



Technical Features

- Only long-term actinides are calculated UOX, MOX fuel
- ORIGEN II (PWR-UO2-33G, PWR-MOX and BWR-UO2-27.5G, BWR-Pu) fuel libraries

PWR (Pu-Th MOX) : ORIGEN II library (211) Pu-Th fuel (with modifications)

BWR (Th fuel cycles) : ORIGEN II PWR Th- library (214)

Other reactors : Libraries provided by Consultant experts

Nuclear Fuel Cycle Simulation System (NFCSS)

Open cycle **Closed Cycle** 337831 tones 202973 tones The total natural uranium (2025 to

2110)*			
The total spent fuel (or HLW) accumulated in the	37228 tones of SNF	High-level waste	5405 tones
end of life cycle		Plutonium	478 tones
		Minor actinides	54.7 tones

IAEA Fuel and material database

The IAEA Fuel and Material Database

The IAEA Fuel and Material database is a web-based publicly available database on nuclear fuel performance experiments and advance material data to enhance the capacity of interested Member States in code development and validation, as well as in developing innovative nuclear fuel technologies.

The IAEA Fuel database includes well-qualified data that illustrates specific aspects of fuel performance, which are of particular interest for fuel modelers, such as: data on fuel temperatures, fission gas release (FGR), fuel swelling, clad deformation (e.g. creep-down, ridging) and mechanical interactions. In addition to direct in-pile measurement, PIE information is included on clad diameters, oxide thickness, hydrogen content, fuel grain size, porosity, Electron Probe Micro Analysis (EPMA) and X-ray Fluorescence (XRF) measurements on cesium, xenon, other fission products and actinides. The IAEA Fuel database includes a collection of experimental data on power reactor fuel performance for water-cooled and fast neutron reactors.

The IAEA Material database covers thermodynamic, electro-chemical, phase-diagram, and physical properties (e.g., database on physico-chemical properties of selected minor actinide compounds and alloys).

Information and data relating to the Fuel Experiemntal Data can be found here:

· Fuel Experimental Data - IAEA Data Platform

Information and data relating to the Advance Material Database can be found here:

Advanced Material Database - IAEA Data Platform

Disclaimer

Topics

Datasets

Data and their documentation are provided on the understanding that whenever the use of these obtained through the IAEA fuel database, or locally modified versions of them, results in a publication (a journal, conference proceedings, laboratory report, book etc.), the data and their author or laboratory of origin shall be acknowledged in the publication.

Neither the IAEA or any of its Member States, nor any person acting either on behalf of any of them or otherwise in furtherance of the activities of the IAEA assumes any liabilities with respect to the use of, or for damage resulting from the use of, any information, method or process disclosed in the distributed material.

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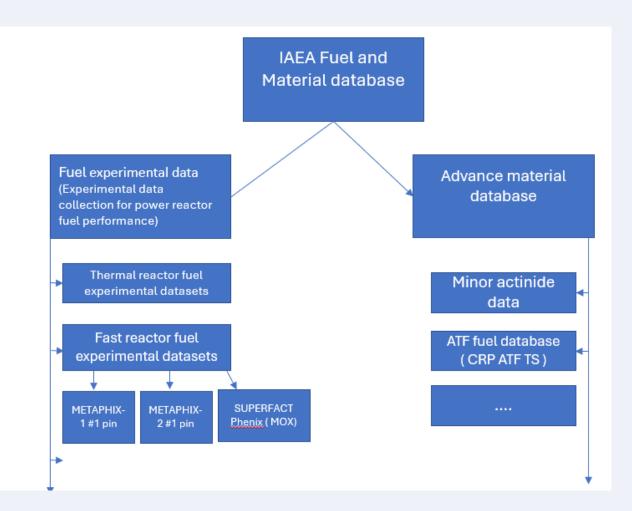
IAEA Fuel and material database (cont.)

The IAEA Fuel database includes a collection of experimental data on power reactor fuel performance (water-cooled and fast neutron reactors)

Well-qualified data that illustrates specific aspects of fuel performance, which are of particular interest for fuel modelers, such as:

- Data on fuel temperatures
- Fission gas release (FGR)
- Fuel swelling
- Clad deformation (e.g., creepdown, ridging)
- Mechanical interactions

PIE information is included on clad diameters, oxide thickness, hydrogen content, fuel grain size, porosity, Electron Probe Micro Analysis (EPMA) and X-ray Fluorescence (XRF) measurements on cesium, xenon, other fission products and actinides



The IAEA Material database covers thermodynamic, electrochemical, phase-diagram, and physical properties (e.g., database on physicochemical properties of selected minor actinide compounds and alloys)

IAEA fuel experimental database in IAEA Open Data platform

Fuel Experimental Data

Improved understanding of fuel performance can lead to a reduction in operating margins, increased flexibility in fuel management and improved operating

To better understand fuel performance, the IAEA has addressed different aspects of fuel behaviour modelling in a series of coordinated research projects aimed at:

- assessing fuel performance codes and supporting countries with code development and application needs,
- · building a database of well-defined experiments suitable for code validation,
- transferring a mature fuel modelling code to developing countries and supporting its adaptation to the requirements of reactors,
- · providing guidance on applying that code to reactor operation and safety assessments, and
- providing guidelines for code quality assurance, code licensing and code application to fuel licensing.

The IAEA Fuel database is a collection of fuel performance experimental data on power reactor fuel performance (water-cooled and fast neutron reactors) derived from IAEA coordinated research projects.

The purpose of this database is to preserve information from fuel performance experiments, such that the data is useful and in a form that can be used for code development and validation. Therefore, each dataset includes sufficient information to assemble an input file to run a code and information against which to compare predictions (data on fuel temperatures, fission gas release (FGR), fuel swelling, clad deformation (e.g., creep-down, ridging) and mechanical interactions. In addition to direct in-pile measurement, PIE information is included on clad diameters, oxide thickness, hydrogen content, fuel grain size, porosity, Electron Probe Micro Analysis (EPMA) and X-ray Fluorescence (XRF) measurements on cesium, xenon, other fission products and actinides

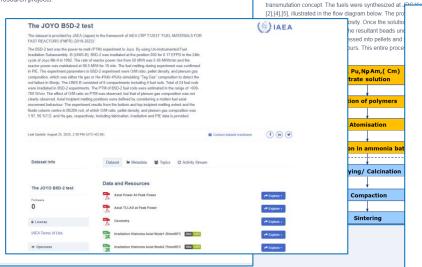
The IAEA would like to thank the OECD/NEA Halden Reactor Project for providing data for some of the IAEA coordinated research projects.

Datasets relating to fuels for thermal reactors can be found here:

- AEKI Burst Tests
- Halden Reactor Test IFA-650.9 (PWR)
- Halden Reactor Test IFA-650.10 (PWR)
- Halden Reactor Test IFA-650.11 (PWR)
- KIT CORA-15
- KIT QUENCH-I 0 Bundle Test
- KIT QUENCH-L1 Bundle Test
- . Studsvik LOCA test (NRC-192)
- . CRIEPI DEGREE Single Rod and Bundle Tests

Datsets relating to fuel for fast reactors can be found here:

- METAPHIX-1#1
- METAPHIX-2#1
- . Sentenay, Phenix (MOX fuel)
- . SUPERFACT (MOX fuel)
- FBTR MOX
- . The JOYO B5D-2 test



Data and Resources Data-650-11.csv data success

cross section 650-11.pdf

data sheet 650-11.pdf

dump tank.pdf

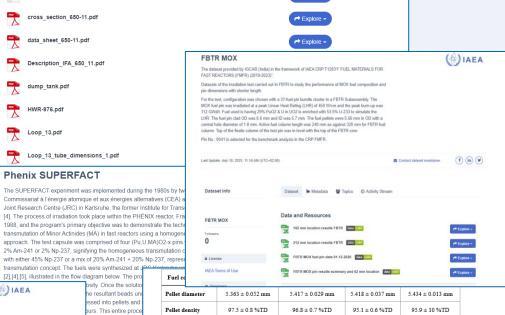
HWR-976.pdf

Phenix SUPERFACT

Loop_13.pdf

Description IFA 650 11.pdf

Loop_13_tube_dimensions_1.pdf



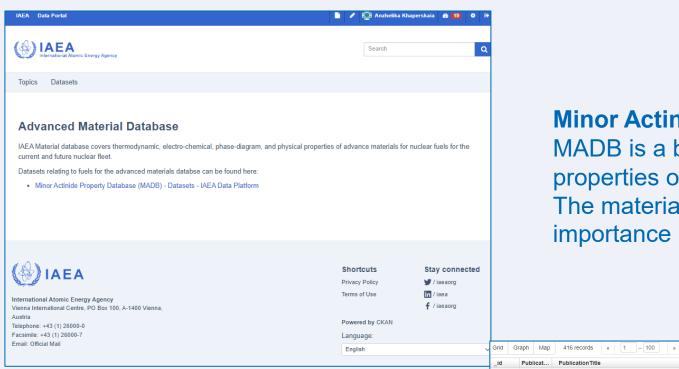
→ Explore →

Pellet diameter	5.363 ± 0.052 mm	5.417 ± 0.029 mm	5.418 ± 0.037 mm	5.434 ± 0.013 mm
Pellet density	97.5 ± 0.8 %TD	96.8 ± 0.7 %TD	95.1 ± 0.6 %TD	95.9 ± 10 %TD
O/M ratio	1.973	1.957	1.996	1.926

Table 2.1.5-2 Isotopic composition of SUPERFACT pin 4 & 16 at beginning of life

Isotope	Mass for fissile column (in gram)	M in %			
U-234	0.022	0.01 %			
U-235	0.9765	0.53 %			
U-236	0.0037	0.00 %			
U-238	135.702	73.25 %			
total U	136.7042	73.79 %			
Pu238	0.5737	0.31 %			
Pu239	27.367	14.77 %			
Pu240	10.581	5.71 %			
Pu241	4.02	2.17 % 1.09 %			
Pu242	2.025				
total Pu	44.5667	24.06 %			
Np237	0	0.00 %			
AM241	3.9855	2.15 %			
AM243	0	0.00 %			
CM242	0	0.00 %			
CM243	0	0.00 %			
CM244	0	0.00 %			
total MA	3.9855	2.15 %			
TOTAL	185.2564	100.00 %			

IAEA Advance Material database in Open Data platform



Minor Actinide Property Database (MADB)

MADB is a bibliographic database on physico-chemical properties of selected Minor Actinide compounds and alloys. The materials and properties are selected based on their importance in the advanced nuclear fuel cycle options.

Minor Actinide Property Database (MADB) - Minor Actinide Property Database (MADB) - Datasets - IAEA Data Platform

id	Publicat	PublicationTitle	Publicat	Publicat	Publicat	Publicat	Publicat	Explana	Publicat	Combin	inTECD	Org Title	Hardcop	TitleforT	Abstract	t I
	1	Chapter 11. Neptunium Group 15 Compounds and Complexes - Neptunium Nitrides and Other Pnicti	1	1	Vol 4 - C	2001	187-189			Robert J	Yes		Yes	Chapter)
	2	V6. Group 15 Compounds and Complexes - Americium Nitrides	2	1	Vol 2 - C	1995	134-135	NULL	NULL	Robert J	Yes	NULL	Yes	V6. Grou	NULL	у
	3	A note on AmN and AmO	3	3	Vol. 29	1967	2650-2652	NULL	NULL	Y. Akimoto	Yes	NULL	Yes	A note o	NULL	у
	4	Preparation and Lattice Parameters of Actinide Monochalcogenides and Monophictides	4	4	NULL	1976	79-84	NULL	NULL	J.P. Char	Yes	NULL	Yes	Preparati	NULL	у
	5	$ Synthesis \ and \ Study \ of the \ Binary \ Compounds \ of the \ Actinides \ and \ Lanthanides \ (III \ Preparation \ of \ A$	10	5	Vol. 247	1982	144-146	NULL	NULL	V.M. Ra	Yes	NULL	Yes	Synthesi	NULL	у
	6	Techniques of Preparation and Crystal Chemistry of Transuranic Chalcogenides and Pnictides	6	6	NULL	1978	NULL	NULL	NULL	D. A. Da	Yes	NULL	Yes	Techniqu	NULL	у
	7	Lattice Parameter Expansion by Self-Irradiation Damage of ²⁴⁴ Cm- ²⁴⁰ Pu Oxide and Mononitride	19	7	Suppl. 3	2002	842-845	NULL	NULL	M. Takan	Yes	NULL	Yes	Lattice P	NULL	y
	8	Fabrication of Americium-based Nitrides by Carbothermic Reduction Method	20	7	Suppl. 3	2002	737-740	NULL	NULL	A. Itoh,	Yes	NULL	Yes	Fabricati	NULL	ye
	9	Actinide Nitrides and Nitride-halides in High-temperature Systems	22	8	Vol. 271	1998	347-354	NULL	NULL	T. Ogaw	Yes	NULL	Yes	Actinide	NULL	ye
	10	Carbothermic Synthesis of (Cm,Pu)N	19	9	Vol. 294	2001	24-27	NULL	NULL	M. Takan	Yes	NULL	Yes	Carboth	NULL	y
	11	Fabrication of nitride fuels for transmutation of minor actinides	28	9	Vol. 320	2003	18-24	NULL	NULL	K. Minat	Yes	NULL	Yes	Fabricati	NULL	y
	12	Synthesis of americium mononitride by carbothermic reduction method	19	10	CD-ROM	1999	CD-ROM	NULL	NULL	M. Takan	Yes	NULL	Yes	Synthesi	NULL	y
	13	Research on nitride fuel for transmutation of minor actinides	28	11	CD-ROM	2002	CD-ROM	NULL	NULL	K. Minat	Yes	NULL	Yes	Researc	NULL	y
	14	Fabrication and property measurements of MA nitride fuels and LLFP targets	21	12	CD-ROM	2003	CD-ROM	NULL	NULL	M. Akab	Yes	NULL	Yes	Fabricati	NULL	y
	15	Preparation of neptunium mononitride by carbothermic reduction	34	7	Vol. 31	1994	677-680	NULL	NULL	Y. Suzuk	Yes	NULL	Yes	Preparati	NULL	y
	16	Research on actinide mononitride fuel	29	13	Vol. 1	1995	538-545	NULL	NULL	Y. Arai, Y	Yes	NULL	Yes	Researc	NULL	y
	17	Recent progress of nitride fuel development in JAERI - fuel property, irradiation behavior and applicat	29	14	Vol. 1	1997	664-669	NULL	NULL	Y. Arai, T	Yes	NULL	Yes	Recent p	NULL	у
	18	Vaporization behavior of neptunium mononitride	30	9	Vol. 247	1997	33-36	NULL	NULL	K. Nakaji	Yes	NULL	Yes	Vaporiza	NULL	y
	19	Vaporization behavior of (Np,Pu)N	30	8	Vol. 271	1998	666-669	NULL	NULL	K. Nakaji	Yes	NULL	Yes	Vaporiza	NULL	у
	20	Vaporization behavior of (Pu,Am)N	22	8	Vol. 224	1995	55-59	NULL	NULL	T. Ogaw	Yes	NULL	Yes	Vaporiza	NULL	у
	21	Vaporization behavior of NpN coloaded with PuN	30	9	Vol. 275	1999	332-335	NULL	NULL	K. Nakaji	Yes	NULL	Yes	Vaporiza	NULL	у
	22	Heat capacity of neptunium mononitride	30	7	Suppl. 3	2002	620-623	NULL	NULL	K. Nakaji	Yes	NULL	Yes	Heat cap	NULL	У

Q Search data

Open-source ATF material properties database

- . Thermo-mechanical assessment of full SiC composite cladding for LWR applications with sensitivity analysis.pdf A review on thermohydraulic and mechanical physical properties of SiC_FeCrAl and Ti3SiC2 for ATF cladding.pdf Accident tolerant clad material modeling by MELCOR- Benchmark for SURRY Short Term Station Black Out.pdf Advanced Doped Pellet Technology (ADOPT) Fuel.pdf Alloy Selection for Accident Tolerant Fuel Cladding in Commercial Light Water Reactors.pdf An investigation of FeCrAl cladding behavior under normal operating and loss of coolant conditions.pdf Analysis of Options and Experimental Examination of Fuels for Water Cooled Reactors with Increased Accident Tolerance (Analysis of Pellet-to-Cladding Gap Closure for a Metallic Micro-cell Pellet under Normal Operating Conditions,pdf ASSESSMENT AT CEA OF COATED NUCLEAR FUEL CLADDING FOR LWRS WITH INCREASED MARGINS IN LOCA AND BEYO Assessment of swelling and constituent redistribution in uranium-zirconium fuel using phenomena identification and rani Atomic-scale interface structure of a Cr-coated Zircaloy-4 material.pdf Comparison Pictures High-Temperature Steam Oxidation Kinetics of Advanced Cladding Materials.pdf Contribution to the description of the absorber rod behavior in severe accident conditions- An experimental investigation Corrosion behavior of Fe-Cr-Si alloys in simulated PWR primary water environment.pdf Cracking of Cr-coated accident-tolerant fuel during normal operation and under power-ramping conditions.pdf Development and Assessment of an Extended MATPRO Materials Property Library for Accident Tolerant Fuel Materials.pdf Early studies on Cr-Coated Zircaloy-4 as enhanced accident tolerant nuclear fuel claddings for light water reactors.pdf Effect of AI and Cr Content on Air and Steam Oxidation of FeCrAI Alloys and Commercial APMT Alloy,pdf EFFECT OF CHROMIUM COATINGS ON THE MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF Zr1Nb FUEL CLADDINGS IN LONGITUDINAL AN Effect of water vapor on the oxide growth in FeCrAl-based oxide dispersion-strengthened fuel cladding material at 1100 C Effectiveness of Cr-Coated Zr-Alloy Clad in Delaying Fuel Degradation for a PWR During a Station Blackout Event.pdf
- Measurements of the thermal conductivity of uranium dioxide by the Flashing Method.pdf ---Mechanical Behavior of FeCrAl and Other Alloys Following Exposure to LOCA Conditions Plus Quen ---Mechanical performance of SiC three-layer cladding in PWRs.pdf ---Mechanical property and damping capacity of ultrafine-grained Fe-13Cr-2Al-1Si alloy produced by ---Microstructural characterization of accident tolerant fuel cladding with Cr-Al alloy coating layer after ---Microstructure dependent thermal conductivity measurement of Zircaloy-4 using an extended Ran ---Mid-Term Review of Predictive Modelling Activities.pdf Modeling QUENCH-14 with RELAPSSCDAP MOD3.5.pdf **-**Modelling of Fuel Behaviour in Design Basis Accidents and Design Extension Conditions _IAEA-TE-Modification of MELCOR for severe accident analysis of candidate.pdf Morphology_and_Phase_Distributions_of_Molten_Core_in a reactor vessel.pdf ---Neutronic performance of fully ceramic microencapsulated of uranium oxycarbide and uranium nit ---Nitriding and Re-oxidation Behavior of Zircaloy-4 at High Temperatures- PhD_Thesis_Park_Official_ Nitriding and Re-oxidation Behavior of Zircaloy-4 at High Temperatures-PhD_Defense_Park_13Oct2 ---On the oxidation mechanism of U3Si2 accident tolerant nuclear fuel.pdf ---Oxidation and phase separation of U3Si2 nuclear fuel in high-temperature steam environments.pdf ---Oxidation and Quench Behavior of Cold Spraying Cr-Coated Zircaloy Fuel Cladding Under Severe A ---Oxidation of AISI 304L and 348 Stainless Steels in Water at High Temperatures.pdf Effects of ZrC addition on the microstructure and mechanical properties of Fe-Cr-Al allovs fabricated by spark pla Environmental behavior of light water reactor accident tolerant candidate cladding materials under design condi Evaluation of Accident Tolerant FeCrAl Coating for PWR Cladding under Normal Operating Conditions with Cour +----Evaluation of Equivalent Cladding Reacted parameters of Cr-coated claddings oxidized in steam at 1200C in rela-EVALUATION METRICS APPLIED TO ACCIDENT TOLERANT FU.pdf Experimental Results of Reflood Bundle Test OUFNCH-15 with ZIRLO™ Cladding Tubes ndf Fabrication and Mechanical Aspects of Using FeCrAl for Light Water Reactor Fuel Cladding.pdf Fabrication and mechanical properties of an oxide-dispersion-strengthened FeCrAl alloy.pdf -FEM MODELLING OF THE EXPANDING MANDREL TEST SIMILIATING OUT-OF-PILE POLSCO OF FLIEL OLADDING +----+-----Fission gas release in the micro-cell fuel pellet under normal operating conditions A simplified approach based o Handbook on the Material Properties of FeCrAl Alloys for Nuclear Power Production Applications(FY18 Version R +----High temperature steam oxidation of chromium-coated zirconium-based Allovs- Kinetics and process.pdf High-temperature oxidation resistance of chromium-based coatings deposited by DLI-MOCVD for enhanced pro +----High-temperature tests of silicon carbide composite cladding under GFR conditions.pdf HRTEM and chemical study of an ion-irradiated chromium-zircaloy-4.pdf +----Influence of composition and heating schedules on compatibility of FeCrAl alloys with high-temperature steam.p ---Influence of Ta-Zr minor-alloying on the high-temperature microstructural stability of cladding Fe-Cr-Al ferritic s +----

These databases will be incorporated into NEXSHARE platform:

- •Nuclear Fuel Cycle Facilities Database
- Post-Irradiation Examination Facilities
- •Simulation Tool (NFCSS)
- •IAEA Fuel and Material Database



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