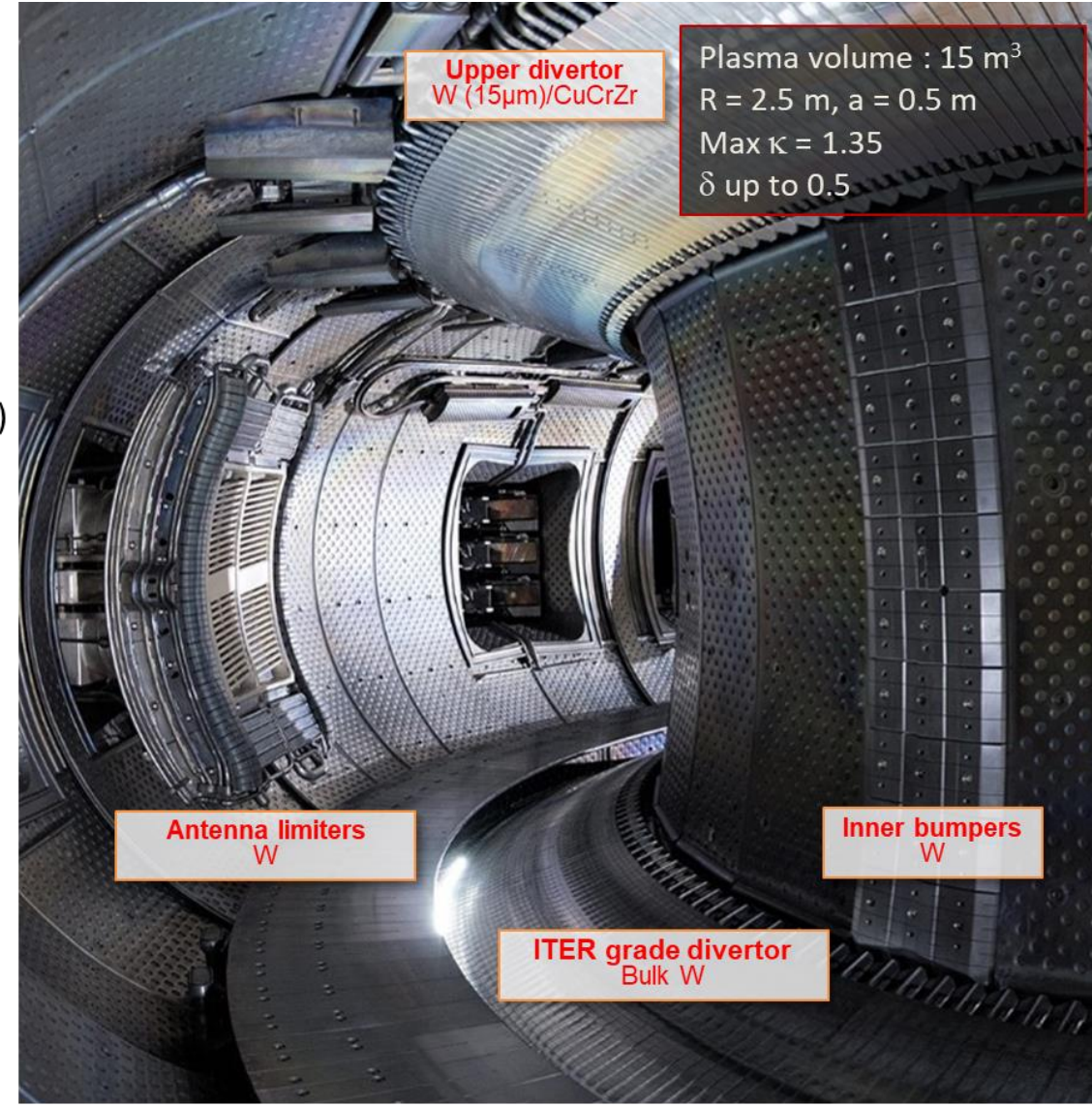


Long pulse operation in WEST

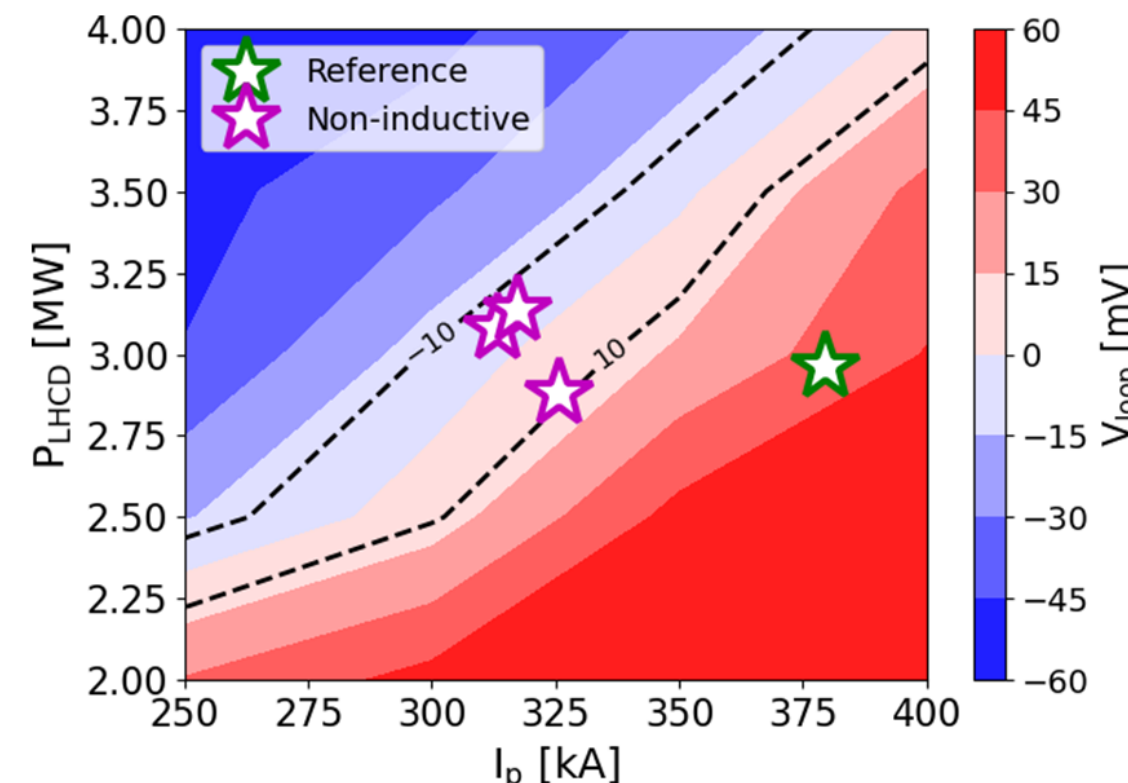
Long pulse operation (LPO): a crucial element in the development of fusion-based power plants

- Long Pulse Operation [Litaudon, this conference]
 - Discharges with durations well above the characteristic plasma times, approaching plasma-wall interaction timescales
 - Specific topics:
 - First-wall material studies (erosion, surface damage, fuel retention) [Corre, this conference]
 - Technical aspects related to long pulses [Lamaison, this conference]
 - Integrated high-performance long-pulse plasma scenarios (this poster)
- WEST: a testbed to prepare for long pulse operation in ITER [Bucalossi, this conference]
 - Superconducting magnets, nominal field $B_0 \sim 3.7$ T
 - Full-tungsten environment, with periodic glow discharge boronizations [Geulin, this conference]
 - Bespoke radiofrequency (RF) systems [Bernard, this conference]
 - ICRH (~ 55 MHz)
 - 3 load-resilient antennas: 9 MW/30 s - 3 MW/1000 s
 - LHCD (3.7 GHz)
 - 2 launchers: 7 MW/CW
 - ECRH/CD (105 GHz)
 - 1 antenna: 1 MW, started operation in 2025 $\rightarrow$ 3 MW (2026)
 - $\rightarrow$ dominant electron heating / low torque



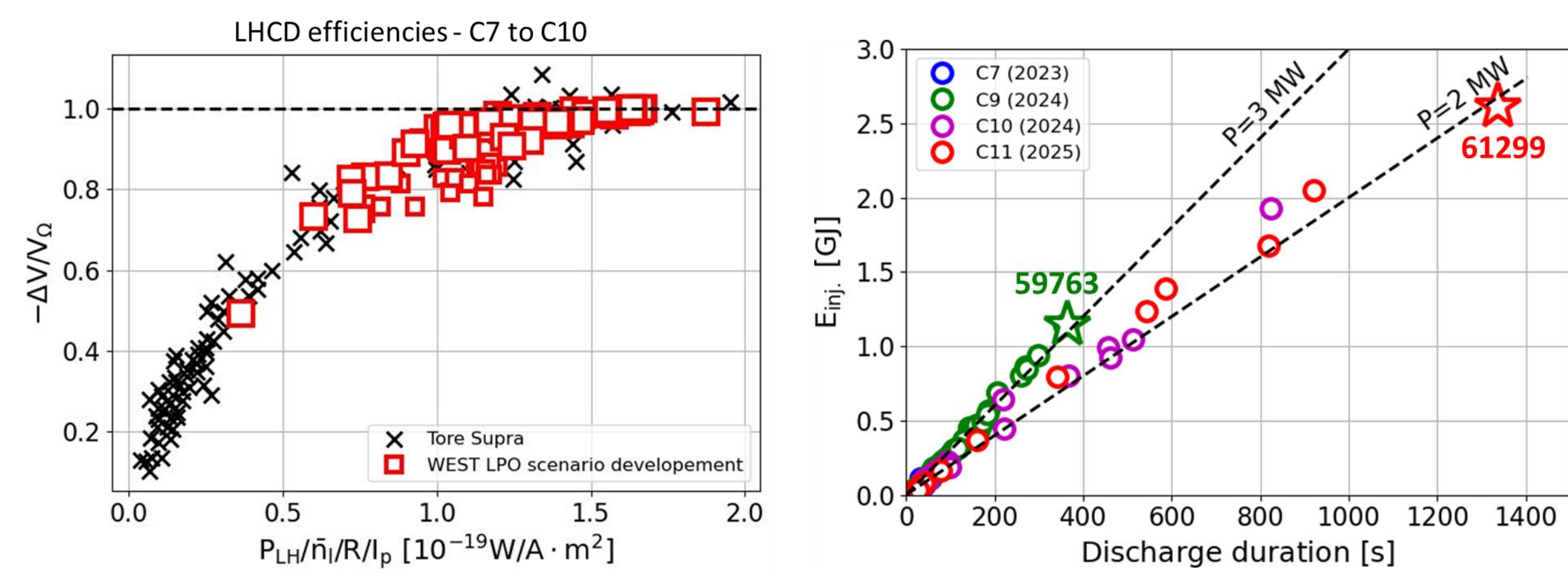
Pulse development in WEST based on predict-first integrated modelling

- Fully non-inductive discharges $\rightarrow$ complex non-linearities, especially in W environments (current profile, power source, heat and particle transport...)
- High Fidelity Pulse Simulator (HFPS) based on JINTRAC/JETTO employed [Dumont, PoP 2000], with experimental scaling law for current drive efficiency: $\eta_{\text{LH}} \propto \tau_E^{0.4}$ [Goniche, AIP proc. 2005]
- TGLF-sat2 model for turbulent transport [Staeble, PPCF 2020; Angioni, NF 2022]
- Additional elements, with strong impact on available parameter space:
 - Superthermal electron losses $\rightarrow$ heating of cooling pipes
 - Occurrence of q-profile reversal typical of LHCD plasmas
- Predict-first modelling strategy $\rightarrow$ operational domain
 - Reference pulse from 2023 (57757, 101 s, $V_{\text{loop}}=47$ mV) for thorough code validation
 - Predictive HFPS simulations to identify parameter domain adequate for non inductive operation [Fonghetti, NF 2025]



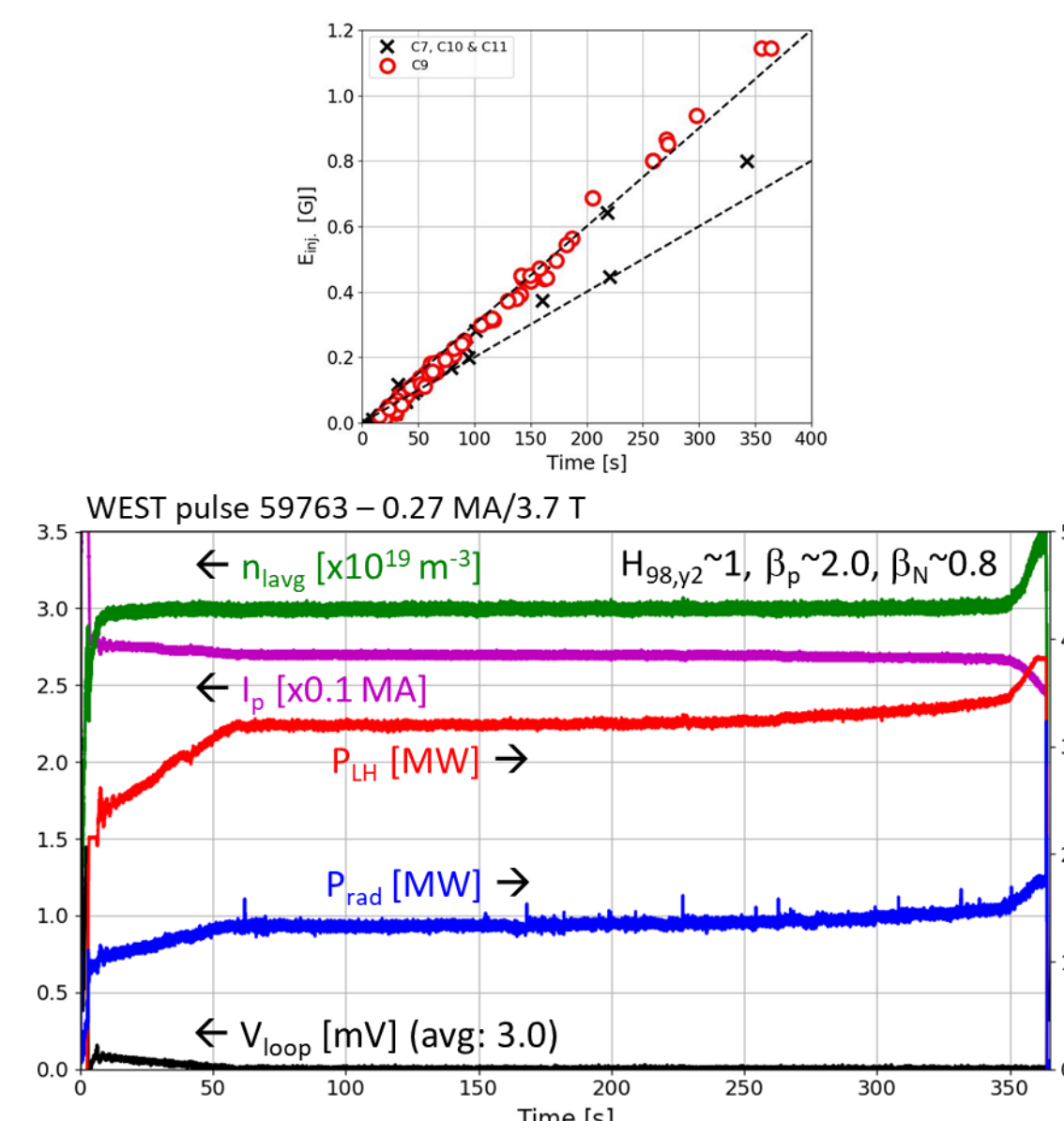
Long pulse achievements in WEST

Continuous progress in long pulse development, based on LHCD power



- Tore Supra LHCD efficiencies recovered, consistently with Fokker-Planck calculations (LUKE) predicting no significant influence of W impurities on LHCD [Peysson, IAEA 2020]
- Twenty L-mode discharges exceeding 200 s performed, with LHCD power only

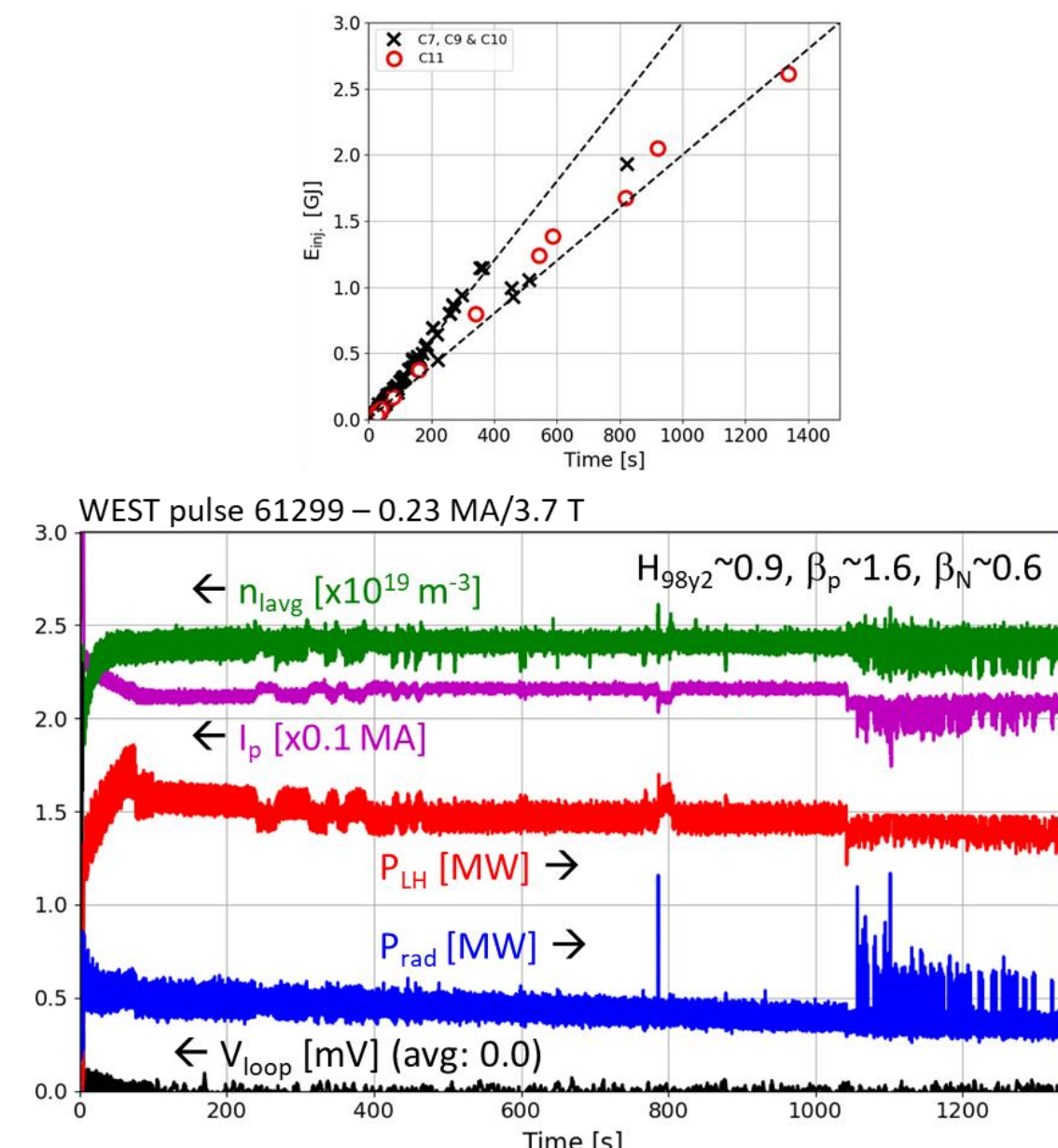
Outgassing from far-off elements limited development of 3 MW-class scenarios



WEST pulse 59763

- Duration: 364 s
- Energy injected/extracted: 1.15 GJ
- Double feedback-control (V_{loop} , V_{GO}), (I_p , P_{LH})
- Plasma current 0.27 MA, LHCD power ~ 3 -3.5 MW
- Loop voltage: 3 mV $\rightarrow$ could in principle last >1100 s
- No particular issue related to tungsten accumulation
- Increase of density at ~ 300 s, caused by outgassing of remote elements in vacuum vessel
 - I_p decrease despite increase of LHCD power by feedback control system
 - Slow conditioning effect observed between pulses
 - However, conditioning time incompatible with experimental time envelope for long pulse developments in 2025 [Dumont, APS 2024]

Lower plasma currents allowed further record pulses to be performed

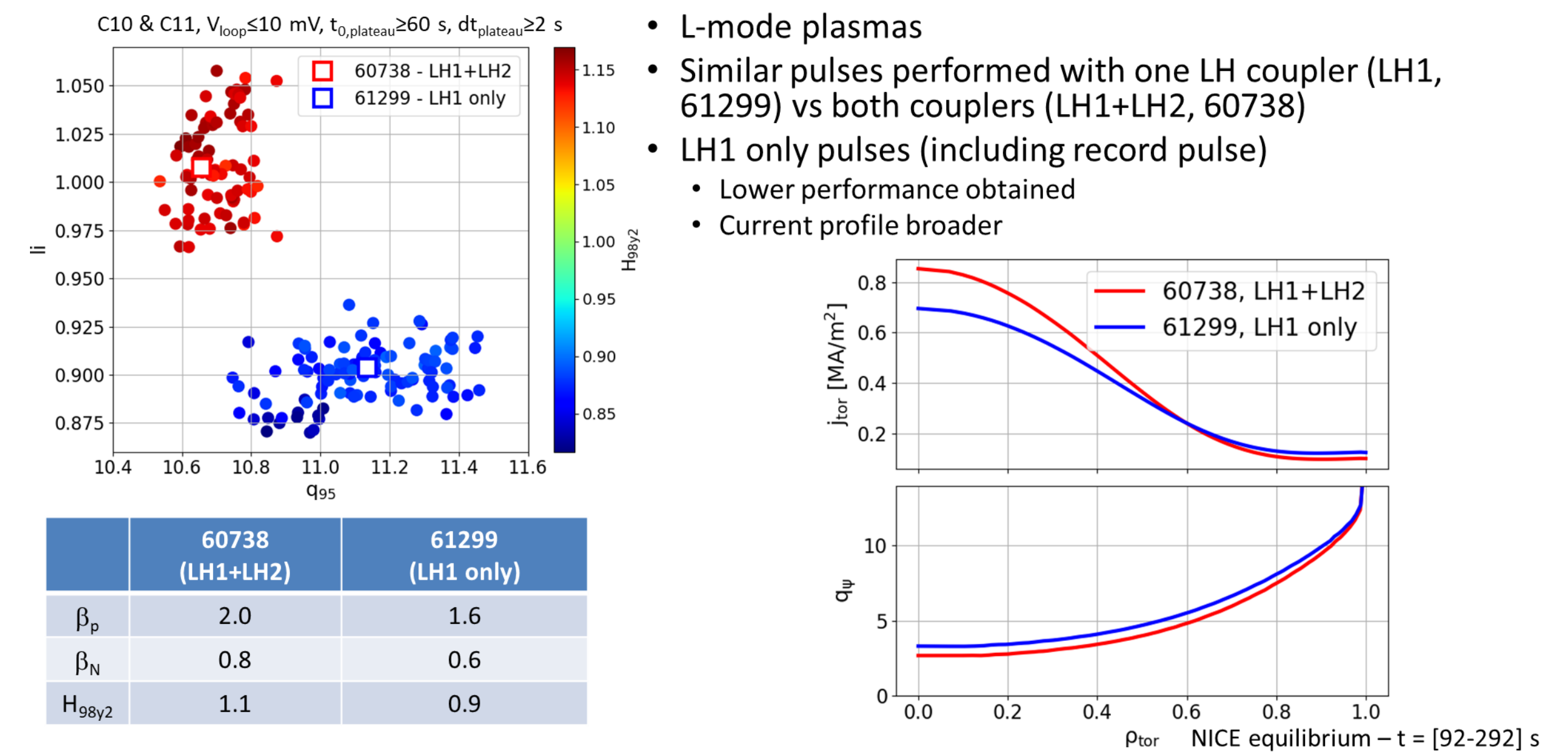


WEST pulse 61299

- Duration: 1337 s
- Energy injected/extracted: 2.61 GJ (Current duration/energy record for WEST)
- Plasma current 0.23 MA, LHCD power ~ 2 MW
- Loop voltage: 0 V (fully non-inductive)
- Performed in H_2 gas. Similar long pulses performed in $D_2 \rightarrow$ isotope effect under study
- Quite resilient to external perturbations (failures of RF plant, W ingress [Corre, this conference], ...)
- Mild MHD activity present during whole duration when using one LH antenna
- In this particular pulse: non-linear MHD regimes with spontaneous transitions

Physics analysis of WEST long-duration pulses

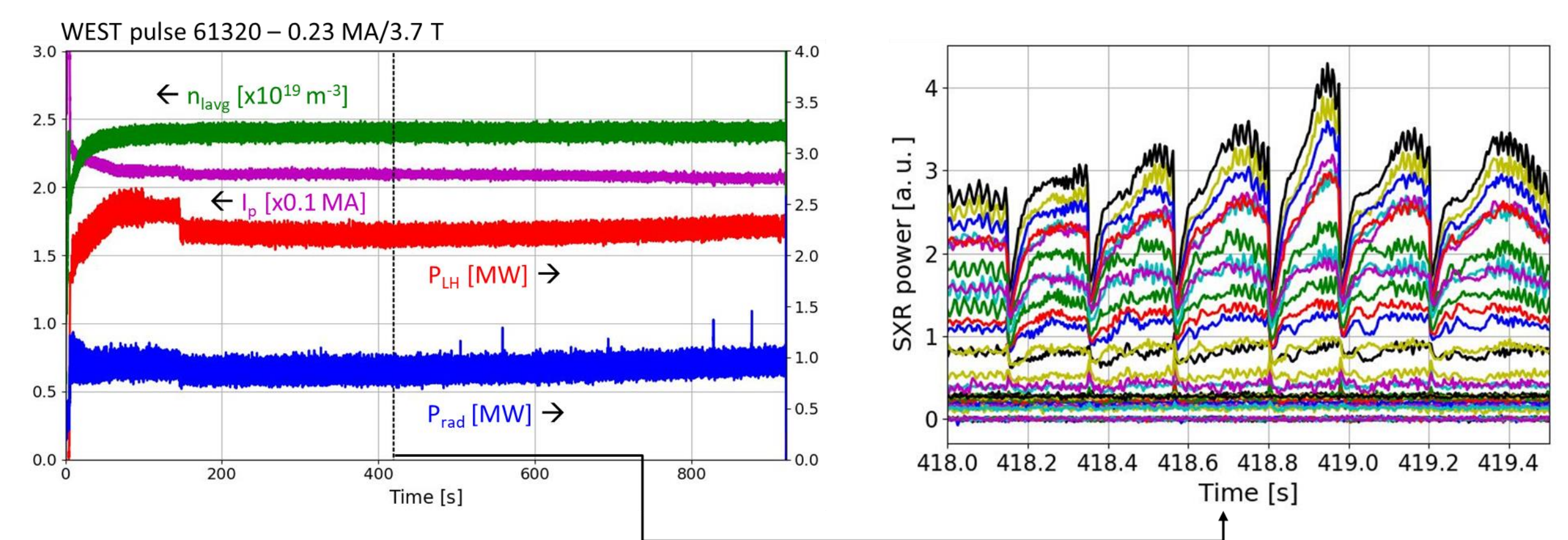
Peaked current profiles favourable for fusion performance



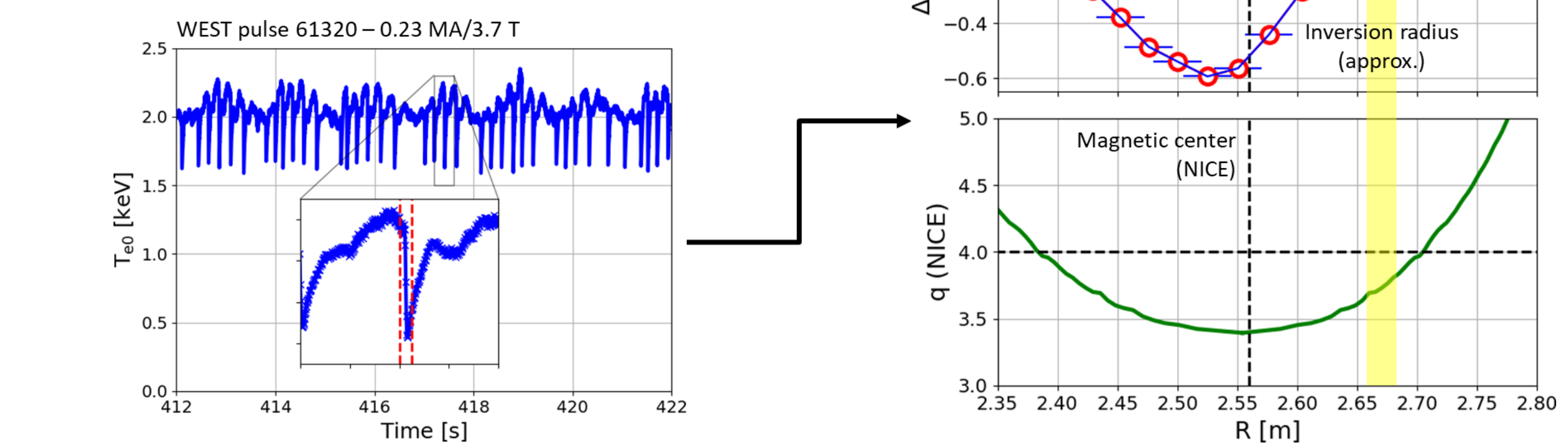
- L-mode plasmas
- Similar pulses performed with one LH coupler (LH1, 61299) vs both couplers (LH1+LH2, 60738)
- LH1 only pulses (including record pulse)
 - Lower performance obtained
 - Current profile broader

Mild MHD activity likely responsible for confinement degradation

- Presence of MHD activity in 2 MW pulses with LH1 coupler only
 - Steady mode at ~ 0.8 kHz
 - LHCD efficiency moderately impacted
 - Periodic relaxations of central electron temperature

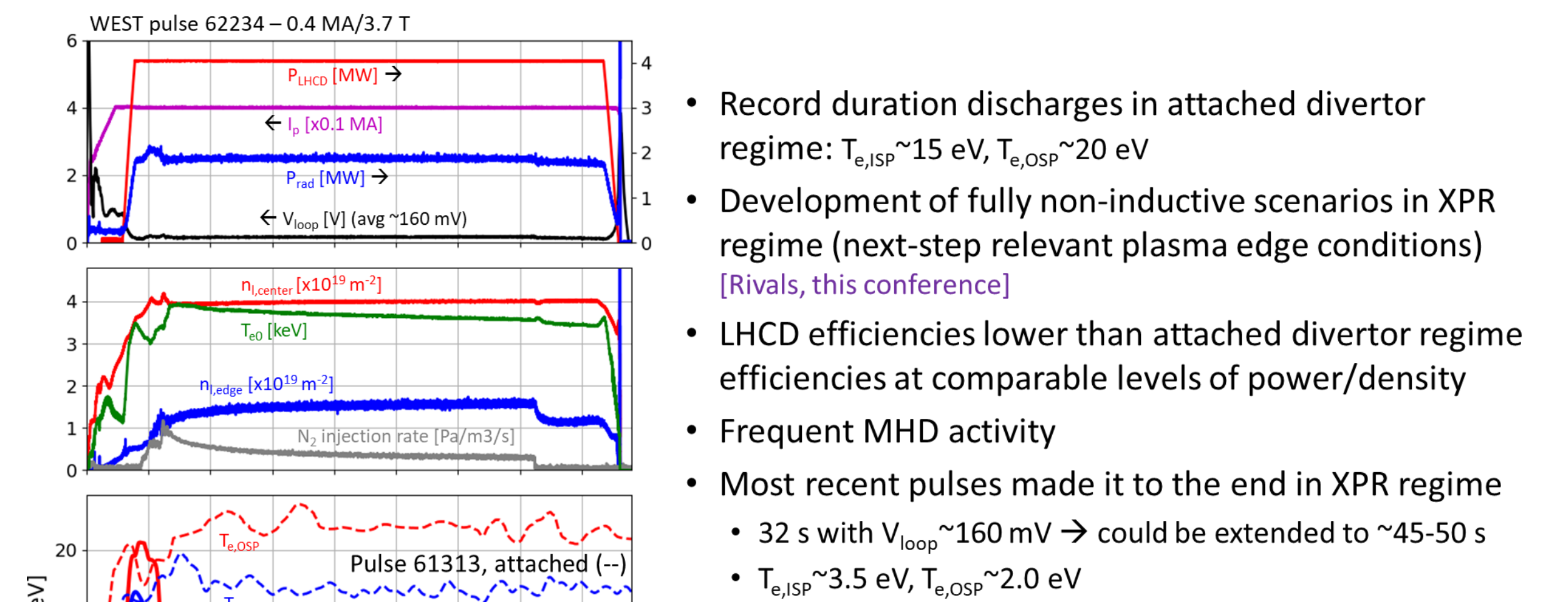


- Mirnov coil data for ~ 0.8 kHz mode
 - Toroidal mode number $n=1$
 - Poloidal mode $m=3$ and/or $m=4$
- Fast acquisition ECE radiometer data
 - Islands on $q=4/1$ and $3/1$ surfaces, then crash on $q=4$



Prospects for long pulse development in WEST

Ongoing effort to extend long pulse operation to XPR regime



- Record duration discharges in attached divertor regime: $T_{e,ISP} \sim 15$ eV, $T_{e,OSP} \sim 20$ eV
- Development of fully non-inductive scenarios in XPR regime (next-step relevant plasma edge conditions) [Rivals, this conference]
- LHCD efficiencies lower than attached divertor regime efficiencies at comparable levels of power/density
- Frequent MHD activity
- Most recent pulses made it to the end in XPR regime
 - 32 s with $V_{\text{loop}} \sim 160$ mV $\rightarrow$ could be extended to ~ 45 -50 s
 - $T_{e,ISP} \sim 3.5$ eV, $T_{e,OSP} \sim 2.0$ eV

EC power to enlarge parameter space, increase performance

- EC power available in WEST: 1MW (2025) $\rightarrow$ 3MW (2026)
- Applications to long-duration pulses
 - H-mode access
 - Central ECRH against radiative collapses observed as density increased [Ostuni, NF 2022; Morales, NF 2025] or ICRF power applied [Maget, PPCF 2023]
 - Counterbalances central radiation in unstable range of electron temperatures ($T_e \sim 1.5$ -3keV)
 - "Anchors" LH deposition profile to plasma core [e.g., in EAST: Du, NF 2018; Li, NF 2023]
 - Central ECCD to improve overall CD efficiency, control q-profile reversal [Fonghetti, NF 2025]

Summary and outlook

- Many adaptations to WEST aimed at exploring various aspects of Long Pulse Operation in future devices
 - Technical and operational issues and remedial actions
 - Plasma-wall equilibration (e.g. fuelling & exhaust, outgassing, ...)
 - Non-linearities in heat source / current profile / heat and particle transport / W radiation
- Predict-first integrated modelling strategy $\rightarrow$ several classes of long pulse L-mode scenarios developed and implemented
 - Operation at 3-3.5 MW up to ~ 400 s limited by outgassing, with slow conditioning observed
 - New records achieved at $P_{\text{LH}} \sim 2$ MW, up to 22 min, 2.61 GJ, in attached divertor regime
- Development of non-inductive pulses in XPR regime
 - Pulses up to ~ 1 min so far, with divertor electron temperatures typical of detached regimes
- EC power expected to enlarge parameter space, increase plasma performance in non-inductive regimes