

DETAILED CHARGE EXCHANGE NEUTRAL DISTRIBUTION MODELLING FOR THE ITER MAIN WALL

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Rationale

- ERO2.0 requires detailed distribution of neutral particles impinging specfic "diagnostic" surfaces in ITER, i.e. mirrors (c.f. THU talk Ch. Baumann, W-erosion in EU-DEMO)
- EIRENE post-processing of S. Lisgo's ITER "repository" of SOLPS4.3 simulations with DivIMP extension of grids up to FW
- Set of simulations based on A. Khan NME 2019 WallDYN paper
- Some modifications in EIRENE to also have both energy and angular distributions
- Python tools for plotting & (statistical) data analysis after re-processing with EIRENE



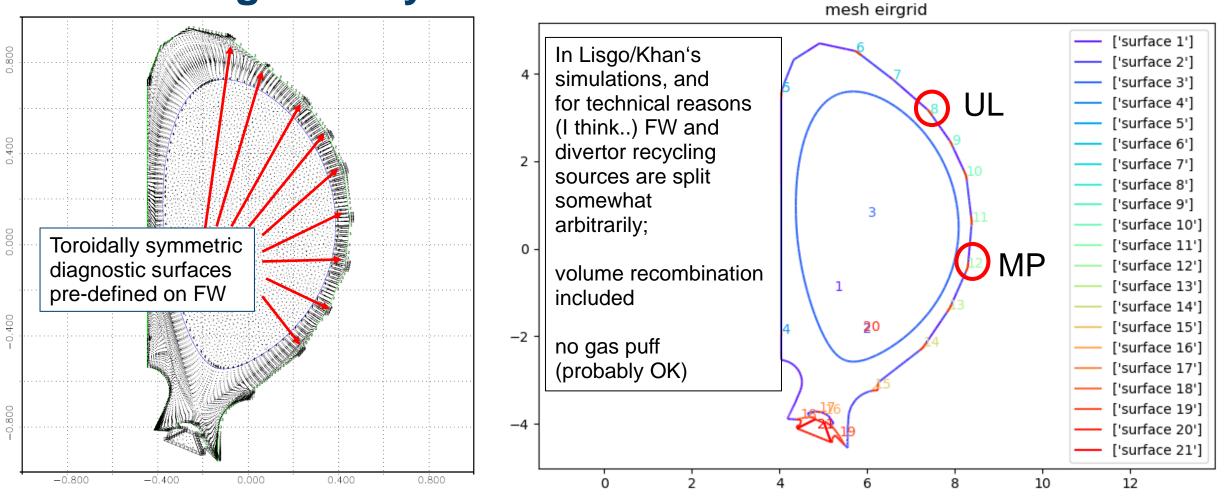
Various extrapolation models for the ITER far-SOL

- **d** L-mode pedestal, low density far-SOL ($v_{\perp} = 35$ m/s), low temperature far-SOL ($T_e = 10$ eV, Ti = 20 eV)
- H-mode pedestal, high density far-SOL (v_{\perp} = 100 m/s), high temperature far-SOL (T_e = 20 eV, T_i = 40 eV)
- **g** H-mode, v_{\perp} = 35 m/s, T_e = 20, T_i = 40 eV
- **m** H-mode, $v_{\perp} = 100$ m/s, $T_e = 10$, $T_i = 20$ eV

| 00 | no near-SOL flow | Name — | Main SOL ^M II — | Far-SOL ^v ⊥ m s ^{−1} | Far-SOL T _e eV | Far-Sol T_i eV |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|---|------------------------------|---------------------|
| 01 | near-SOL flow 0.5M | 00d | 0 | 30 | 10 | 20 |
| | | 00g | 0 | 30 | 20 | 40 |
| | | 00k | 0 | 65 | 20 | 40 |
| | | 00m | 0 | 100 | 10 | 20 |
| | | 01 <i>d</i> | 0.5 | 30 | 10 | 20 |
| Concentrate on case series 2258 00* | | 01 <i>g</i> | 0.5 | 30 | 20 | 40 |
| | | 01 k | 0.5 | 65 | 20 | 40 |
| 2230 | _00 | 0 1 <i>m</i> | 0.5 | 100 | 10 | 20 |

→ Semi-detached, high-power H-mode case

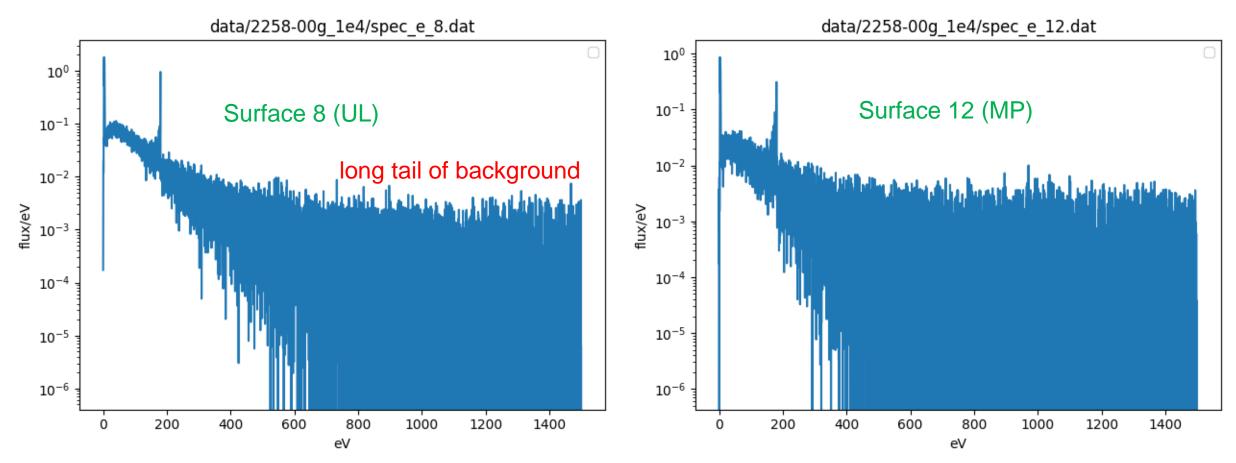
Collector surfaces (EIRENE tallies) for extended 2258 SOLPS4.3 geometry





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2258_00g D⁰ energy spectra



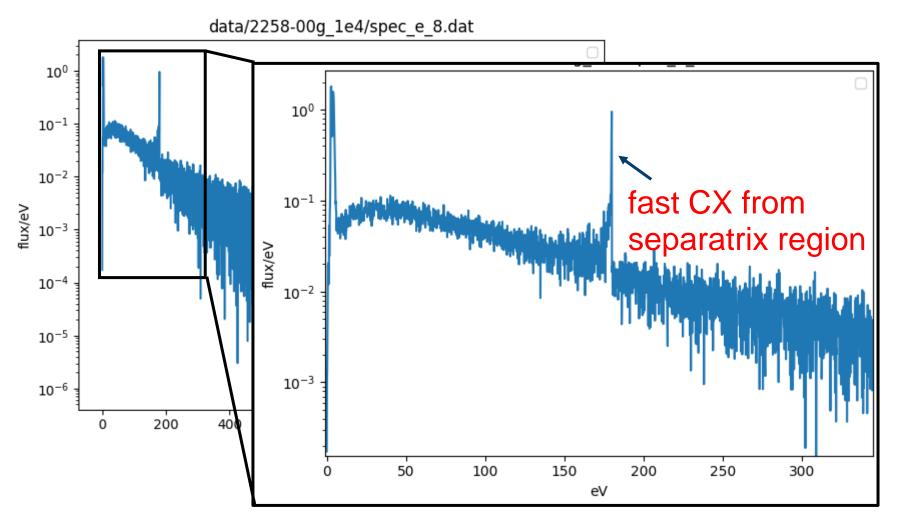


normalised "EIRENE-units" Amp/eV

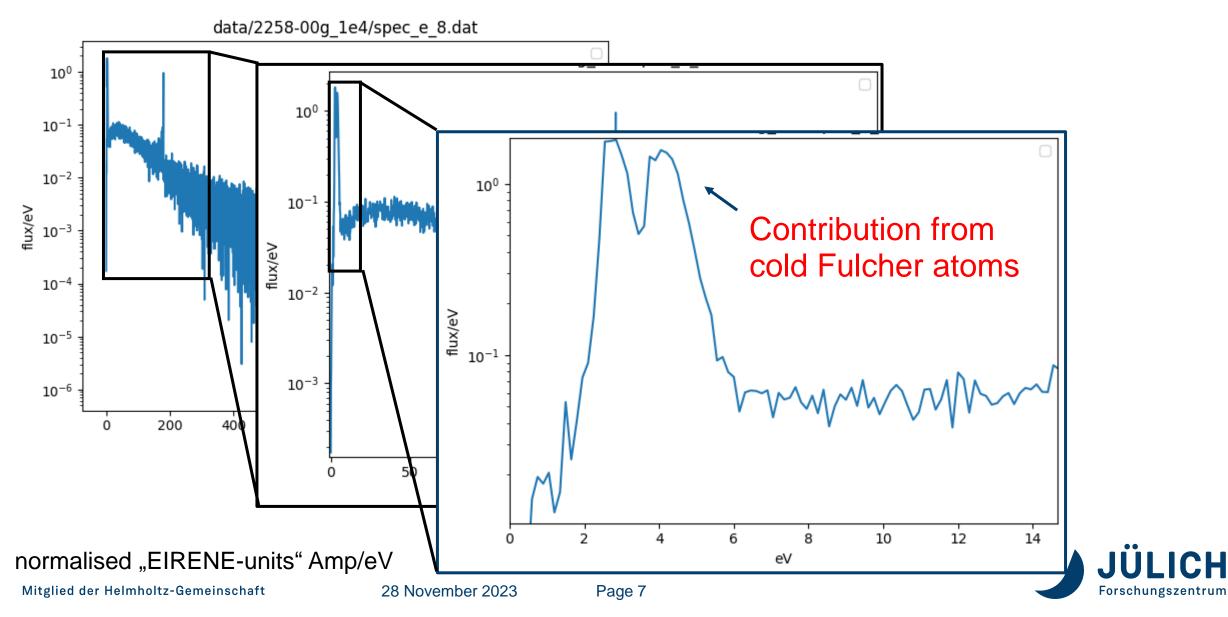
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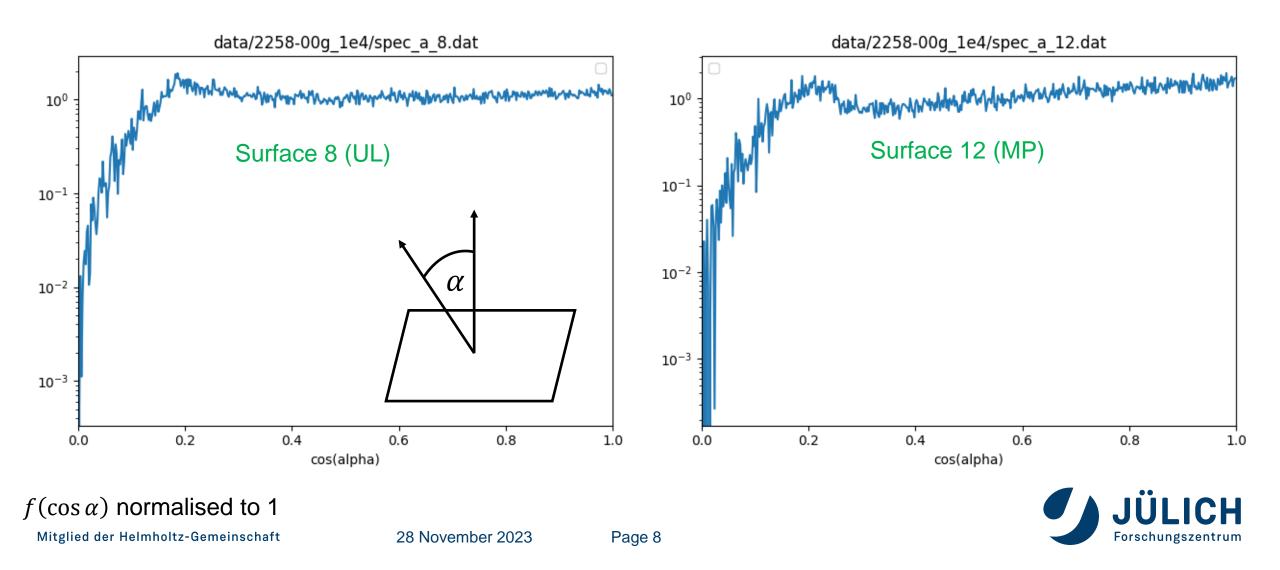
2258_00g D⁰ energy spectra



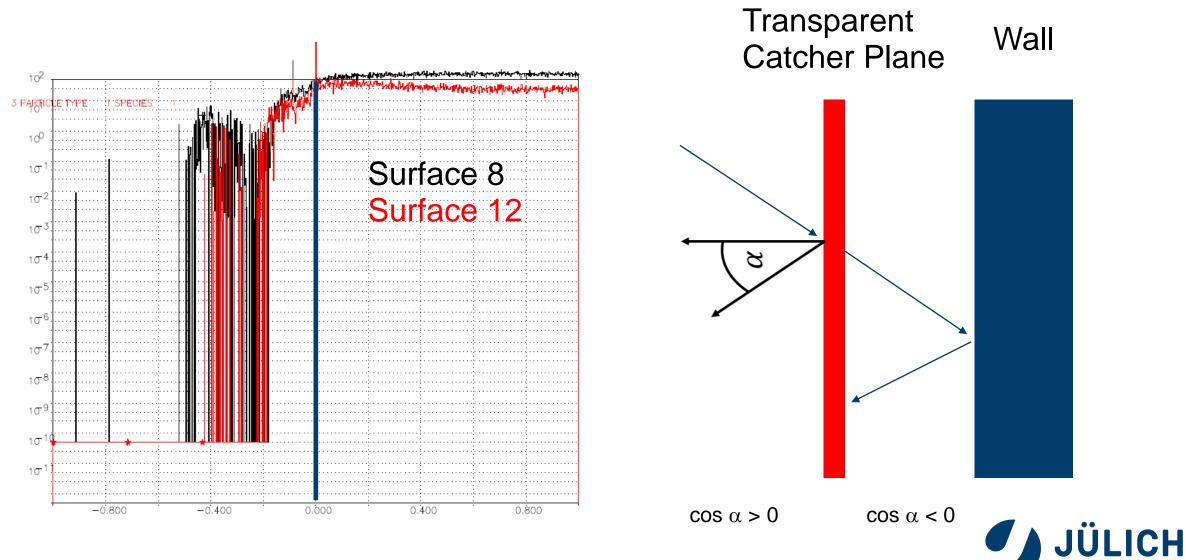
2258_00g D⁰ energy spectra



2258_00g D⁰ angular distribution (polar angle only, 2D-sym)



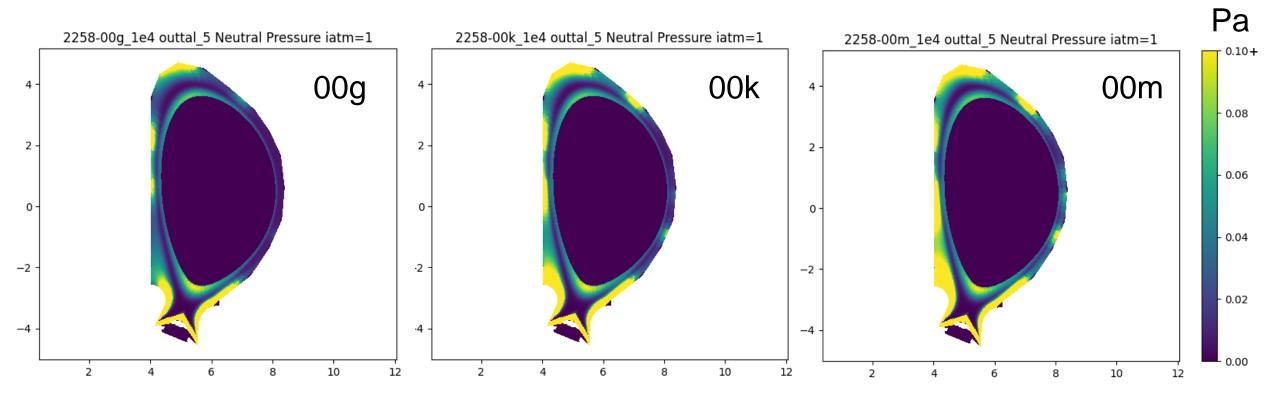
Expert's advice: don't tally wrong..





Forschungszentrum

Comparison of far-SOL assumptions: D⁰ neutral pressure

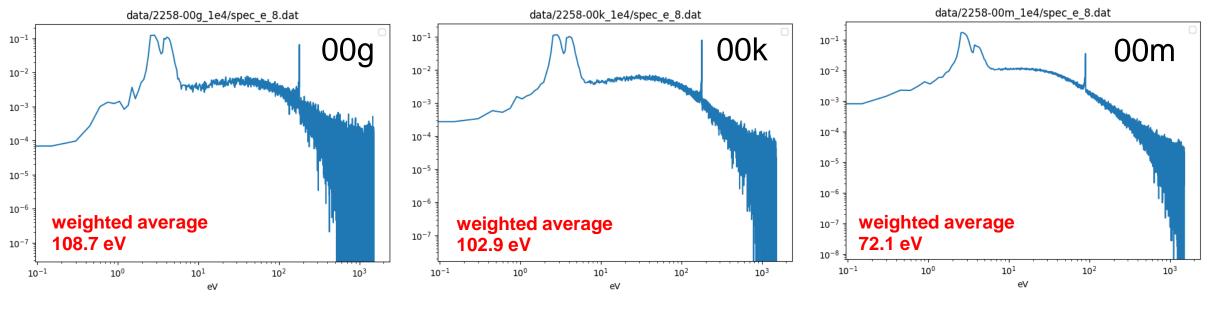


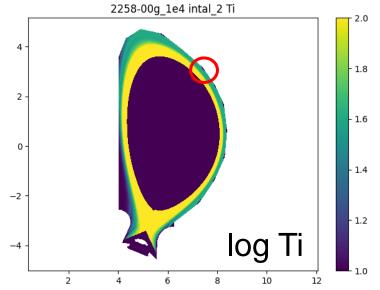
| Name | Main SOL ^M III — | Far-SOL 𝒴⊥ m s ^{−1} | Far-SOL T _e eV | Far-Sol T_i eV |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|---|------------------------------|---------------------|
| 00g | 0 | 30 | 20 | 40 |
| 00g 00 k | 0 | 65 | 20 | 40 |
| 00 m | 0 | 100 | 10 | 20 |

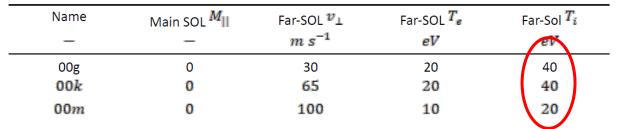


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Comparison far-SOL assumptions: D⁰ spectra log-log (UL)







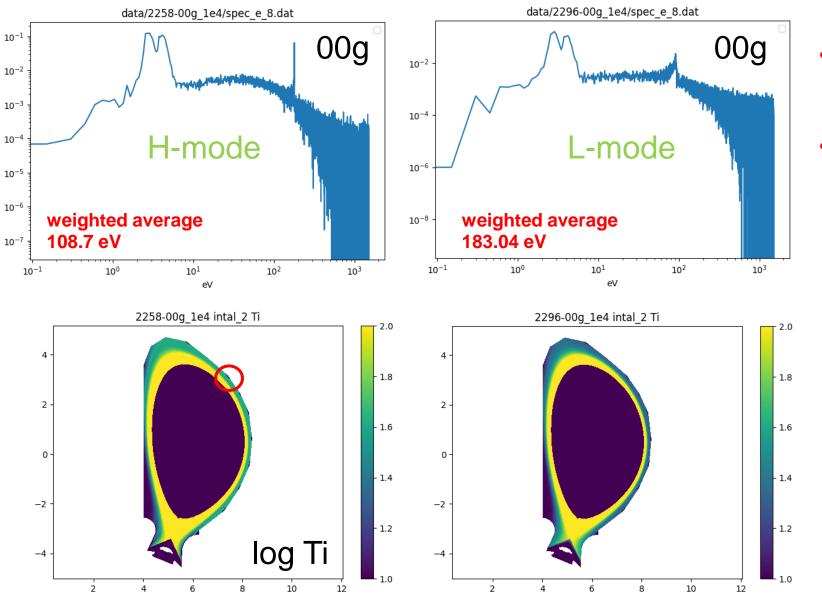
• The "spx region peak" (CX) shifts and weighted average <E> depend on far-SOL Ti-conditions



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Comparison H-mode vs L-mode (00g)



- In L-mode the strong peak is less prominent
- However the average energy <E> is significantly higher than in H-mode (tail contribution)



Revised H-mode (L-mode) yield estimates (00g, UL)

| | D on Be | D on W | Ne on W (*) |
|--|---------------|-----------------|-------------|
| $Y(\langle E \rangle, \cos \alpha \equiv 1)$ | 0.025 (0.029) | 0.0 | 0.00035 |
| $\langle Y(E, \cos \alpha \equiv 1) \rangle$ | 0.015 (0.016) | 0.0003 (0.0010) | 0.00038 |
| $\langle Y(E, \cos \alpha) \rangle$ | 0.031 (0.035) | 0.0007 (0.0024) | 0.00080 |

$$\langle Y(E, \cos \alpha) \rangle = \iint Y_{phys,93}^{EIRENE}(E, \cos \alpha) f(E, \cos \alpha) dE d \cos \alpha$$

(*) wrongly (!) assuming same spectra for Ne as for D, and $\Gamma_{Ne0} = 1\% \Gamma_{D0}$ \rightarrow Need real MC calculations for Ne!

Here: $f(E, \cos \alpha) = g(E) \cdot h(\cos \alpha)$

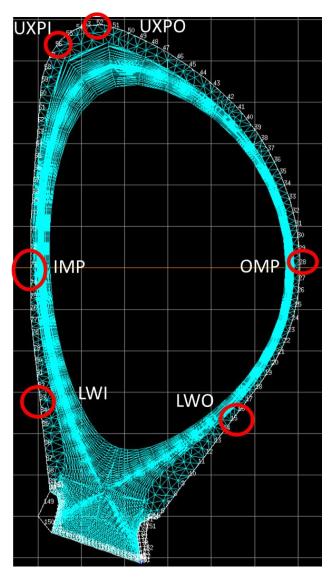
Roth, Bohdansky, Eckstein (SPUTER93):

$$Y_{phys,93} = Q_p \left(1 - a^{2/3} \right) (1 - a)^2 \frac{\frac{1}{2} \ln \left(1 + 1.2288b \right)}{b + 0.1728\sqrt{b} + 0.008b^{0.1504}}$$
$$Y_{phys,93}^{EIRENE} = Y_{phys,93} \cdot (\cos \theta)^{-f} \exp \left(fc - \frac{fc}{\cos \theta} \right)$$

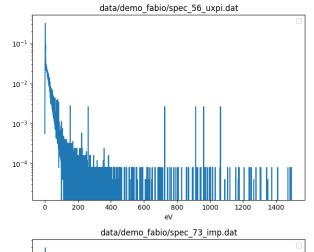
$$a = \frac{E_{th}}{E}$$
, $b = \frac{E}{E_{tf}}$, $Q_p = const$

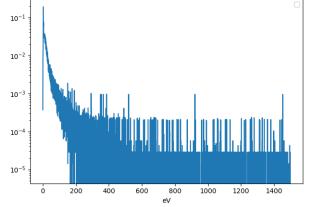
Yamamura-fit: f = 2, c = 0.26

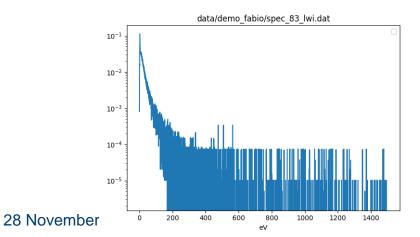
EU-DEMO

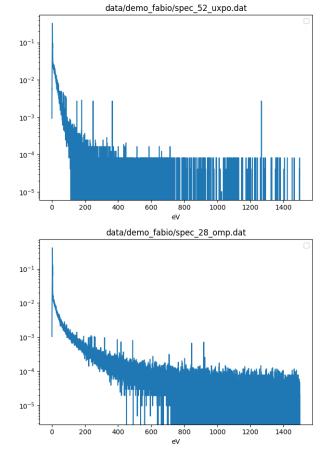


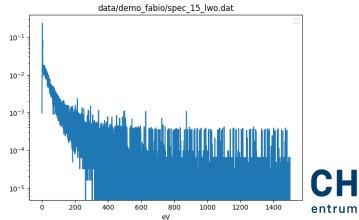
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Comments on spectral statistics

Shannon-Entropy

$$S = -\sum_{k} f_k \log f_k$$

| MC histories | Wall-clock time (12 CPUs) | S(g(E)) | $S(h(\cos \alpha))$ |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------------------|
| 1.92e5 | < 1min | 2.409 | 2.409 |
| 1.92e6 | 7 min | 4.097 | 4.143 |
| 1.92e7 | 71 min | 5.926 | 5.792 |
| 1.92e8 | 12.5 hs | 6.819 | 6.087 |
| 1.92e9 | 72 hs | 7.083 | 6.134 |

OK, but Shannon-Entropy mixing invariant! Need a better figure-of-merit for statistical accuracy

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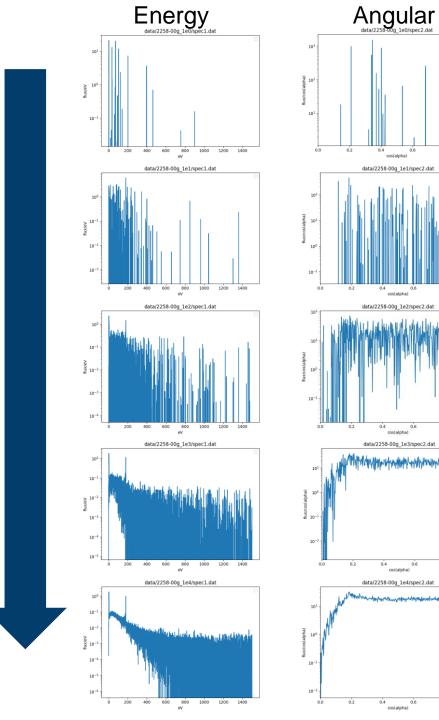
histories

particle

MC

<u>⊇</u>.

Increase



0.4 cos(alpha

Towards optimised statistics and data compression

MaxEnt-regularised approach

Maximise

$$C = S + \sum_{l=1}^{L} \lambda_{l} (\int_{x_{0}}^{x_{1}} x^{l} \rho(x) \, \mathrm{d}x - \mu_{l}).$$

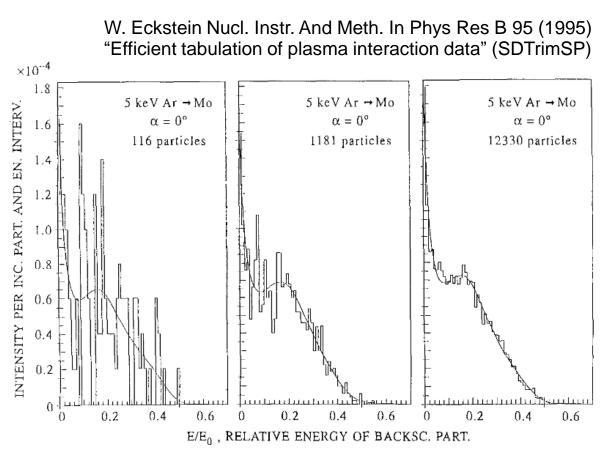
Requires calculation of higher moments in EIRENE

 \rightarrow mean l = 1 & variance l = 2 (both done)

to be implemented l > 2:

→ skewness, kurtosis, hyper-skewness, hypertailness, ... → recovers local/mixing structures

- If statistical fluctuations < evolving structures
 → stop the EIRENE run (implementation of a halt during run-time reqd.)
- Bonus: moment-representation possible for spectra, data-compression rate > 100 possible





Summary / Conclusion

- Neutral particle energy and angular distributions $f(E, \cos \alpha)$ collected on diagnostic surfaces for ITER reference SOLPS-ITER plasmas with manually extended grid up to FW (A. Khan et al)
- Result: detailed distributions give 2-3 larger D → W sputter yields (Y(E, cos α)) compared to standard estimates Y((E)), depends on far-SOL assumptions or H/L-mode, cos α-dependence gives a factor 2, H-mode: main contribution from tail of distribution
- Next Step: Ne \rightarrow W calculation, and compare relevance to D \rightarrow W
- SOLPS-ITER with wide-grid option should provide a better picture (IO task to provide data)
- Also: JET post-processing with EIRENE on-going (M. Groth et al), DEMO (Wiesen, Brenzke FZJ)
- So far only uncorrelated energy and angular distributions collected

 → extension to multi-variate distribution functions possible f = f(E, cos(α))
 → requires longer EIRENE run-times for improved statistics and requires large memory
 → data compression through MaxEnt regularization
- Only polar angles are collected (toroidally symmetric)
 → extension to full 3D possible (e.g. post-processing EMC3 plasma-backgrounds)



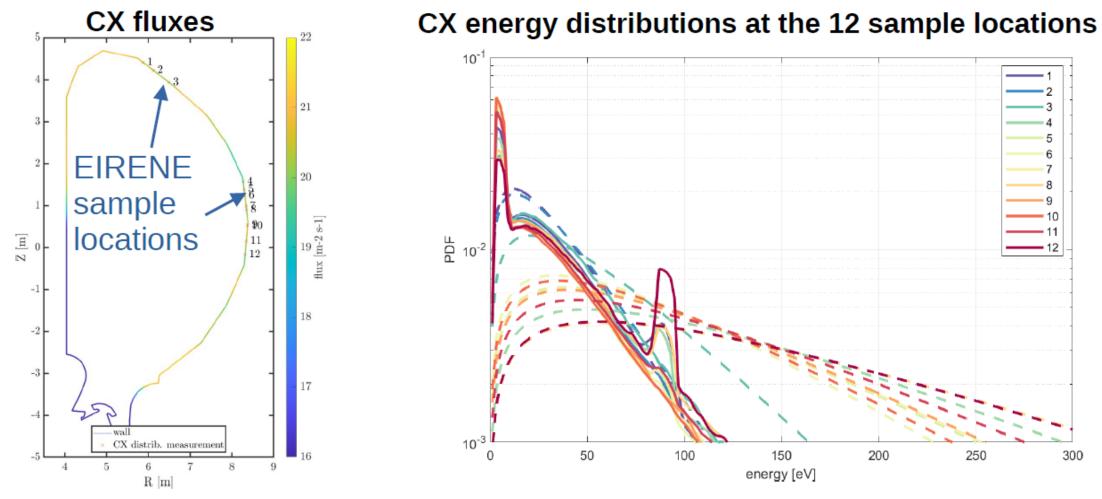




Example: CX distributions from Steve Lisgo for ITER (case #1514)



- File name "i-cxd-0003-1514-00g.wall_energy_spectra" -> I guess that's not a standard EIRENE output...?
- Energy distributions at 12 locations, however no angular distributions.



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Modifications to the EIRENE code for angular distributions

- (Output/outspec)
- (Plotting/eirmod_plteir)
- Modules/eirmod_parmmod Modules/eirmod_cestim → introduction of ISPCOPT flag (for angular spectra)
- Scoring/update_spectrum
- Startup_routines/input.f
 Startup_routines/plasma.f
- Assistant/learca2
- Particle_tracing/folneut.f \rightarrow bugfix in case of transparent srfcs

