

Technical Meeting on Emerging applications of Plasma Science and Technology

Plasma diffusion treatments and coatings for industrial applications

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प्लाज़्मा अनुसंधान संस्थान
Institute for Plasma Research

ABOUT INSTITUTE FOR PLASMA RESEARCH (IPR)



परमाणु ऊर्जा विभाग
DEPARTMENT OF ATOMIC ENERGY

सहायता प्राप्त संस्थान
GRANT-IN-AID INSTITUTIONS
मानद विश्वविद्यालय तथा बोर्ड
DEEMED UNIVERSITY AND BOARDS



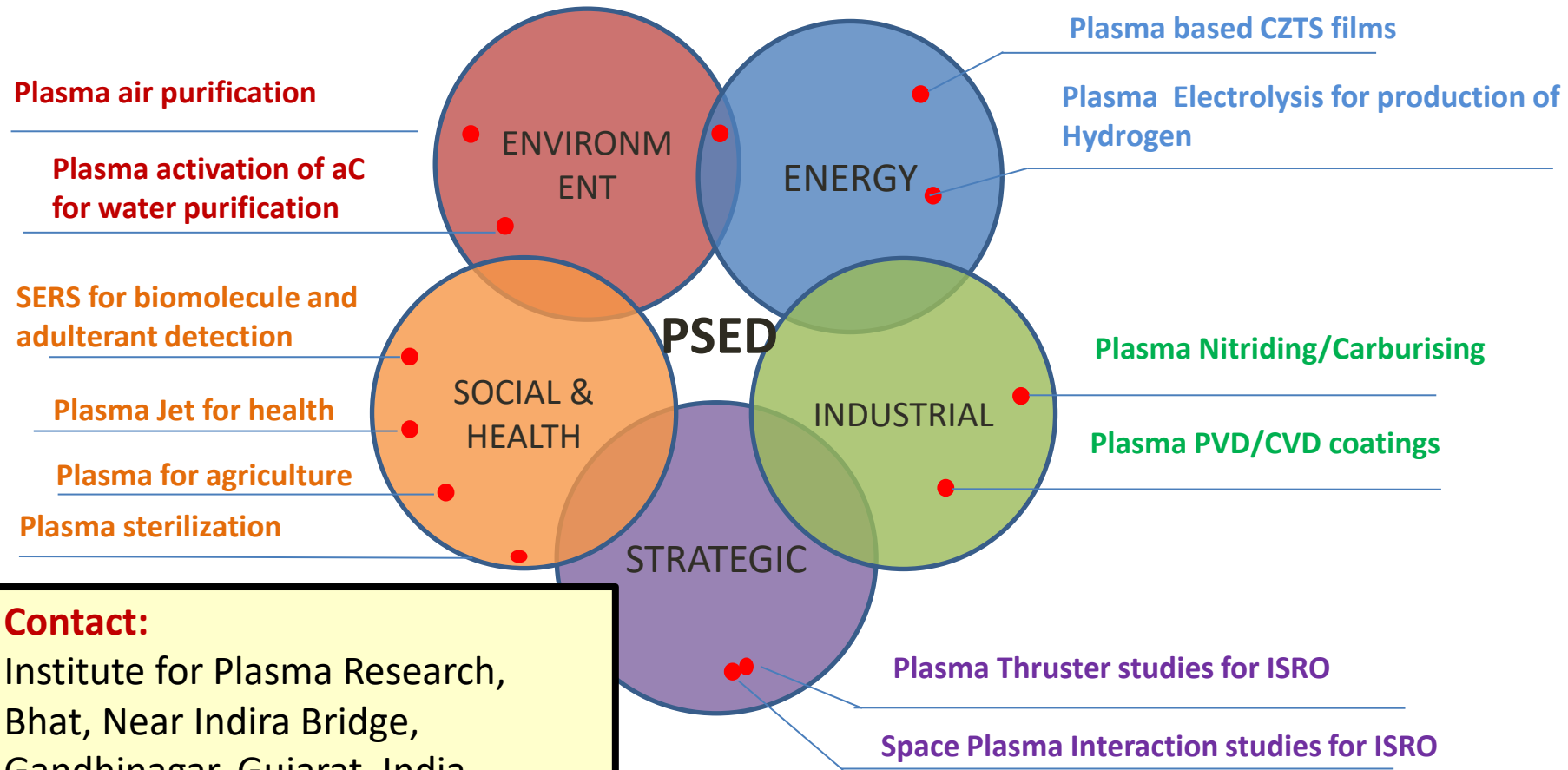
Disclaimer: Creative graphics, map only a visual aid to indicate locations of DAE Units and Institutions in India



ABOUT IPR



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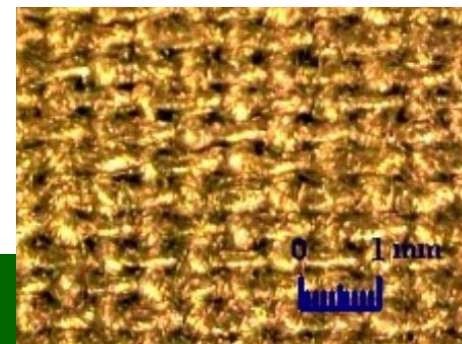
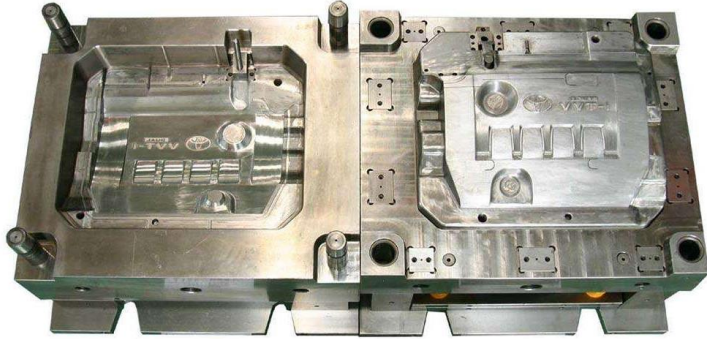


OUTLINE

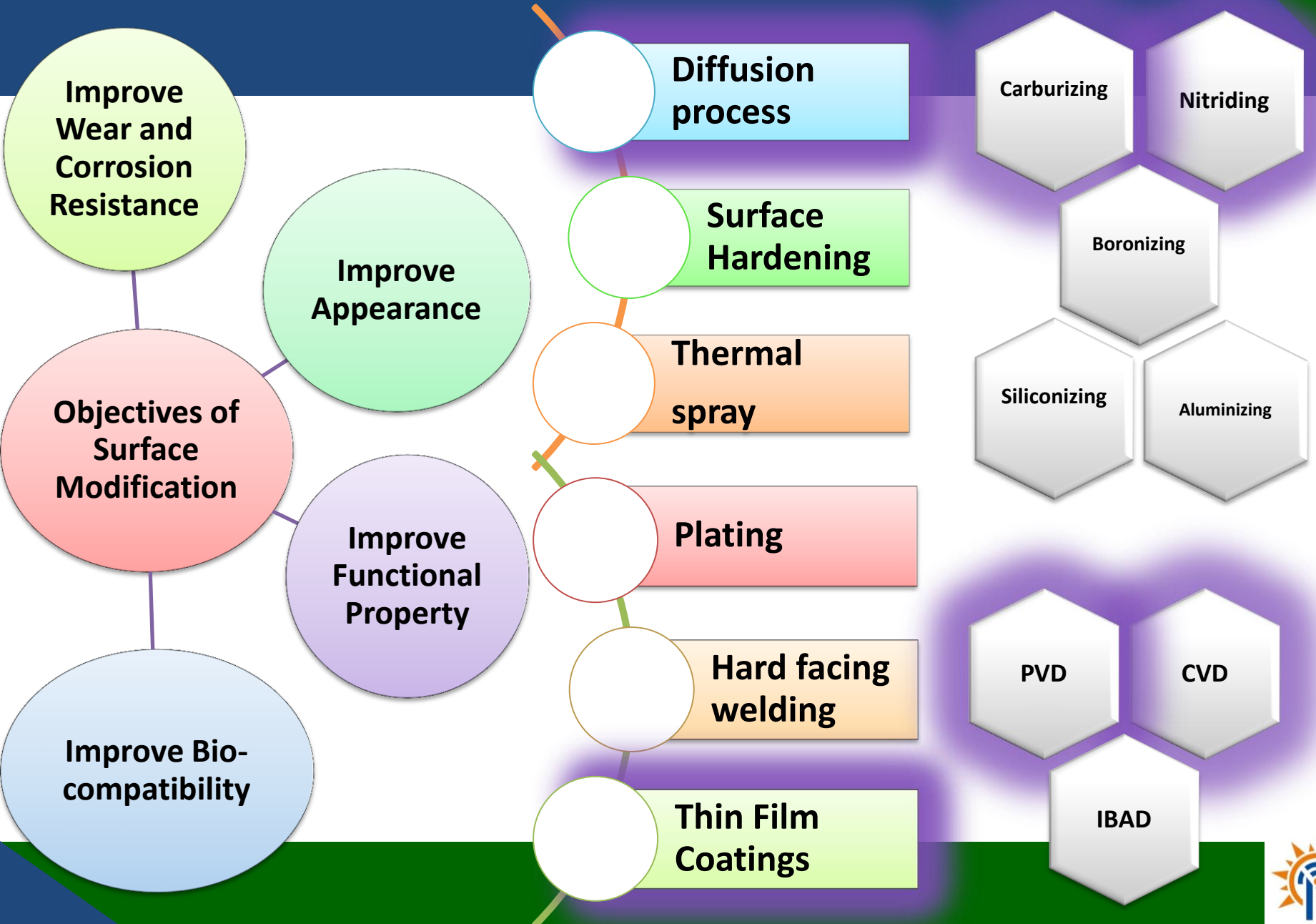
- **BACKGROUND**
- **INTRODUCTION**
- **DIFFUSION BASED PROCESSES CASE STUDIES**
 - Plasma Nitriding / Plasma Nitrocarburizing
 - Plasma Carburizing/ Plasma Carbonitriding
- **DEPOSITION PROCESSES**
 - Plasma Assisted PVD
 - Plasma Assisted CVD
- **Conclusion**



Industrial Requirement

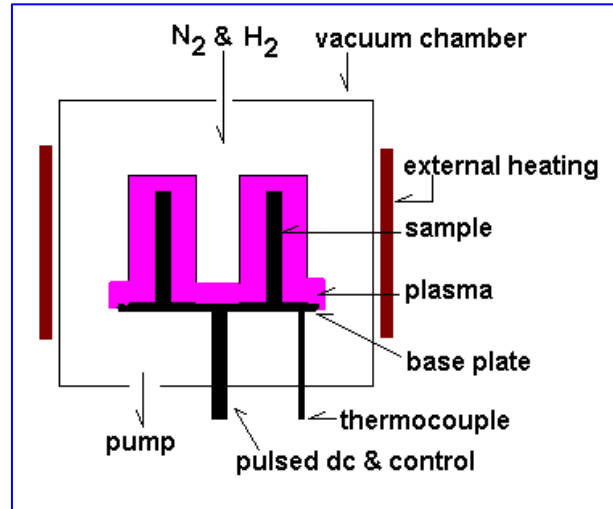


Surface Modification



About Plasma Nitriding

- **Plasma Nitriding** – diffuse nitrogen in the subsurface of steel components (few 100 microns)
- Use high temp (~ 550 C)
- Uniform abnormal glow discharge plasma environment
- Glow created by high negative bias (-600 V)
- $p \sim$ few mbar
- Typical duration: 24 hrs
- **Enhancement of**
 - Surface hardness
 - Wear resistance
 - Corrosion resistance**Thereby increases component life**



Process Parameters	Typical Range
Voltage	- 400-650 V
Current Density	1-5 mA/cm ²
Frequency	10-30 KHz
Temperature	400-570 °C
Pressure	3-5mbar



Plasma glow around components; Note the uniform plasma covering the component

PN Systems @ IPR



Cold wall



Hot wall



HPCPN

Large PN reactor



Different configurations (4)



Scaled up



Transferred Technologies (4)



Installations (11)



PN for Space Sector

Gears and Pinion used in DM

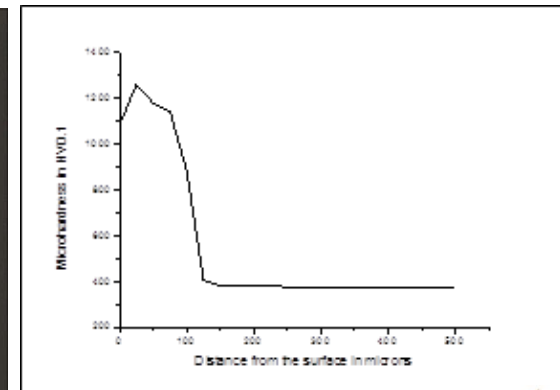
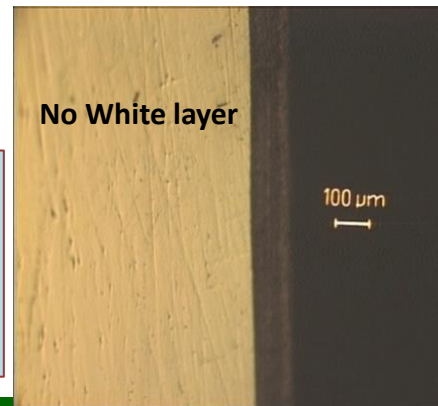
Objective:

Drive Assembly (DA) is a key component of space crafts sustains and rotate the solar arrays for sunlight acquisition, as well as transfer power and signals from solar array to spacecraft body.

Plasma nitrided gears and pinions (17-4PH material)

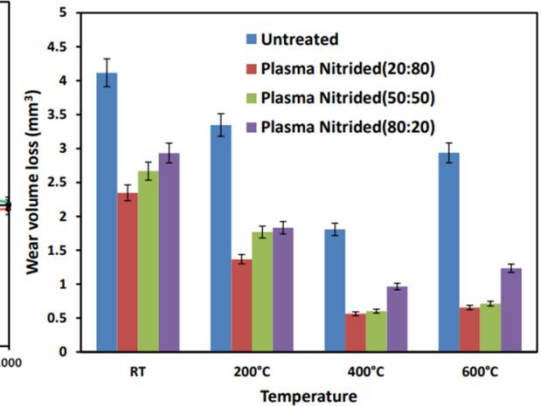
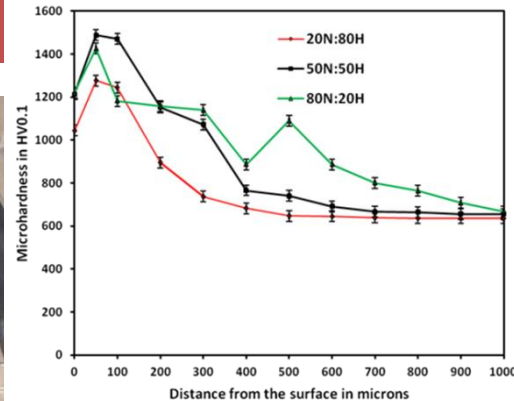
Plasma nitriding of gears and pinions for INSAT satellite

Specification	Requirement
Material	17-4PH SS
Surface Hardness	>800HV
Case Depth	100 microns
White layer	Absent



PN of Dies

Dies



Hardness and wear loss of AISI H13 material



Plasma nitrided die for manufacturing bottle top lid (D2 material), extrusion dies (H13), Wash basin (Inconel 600)

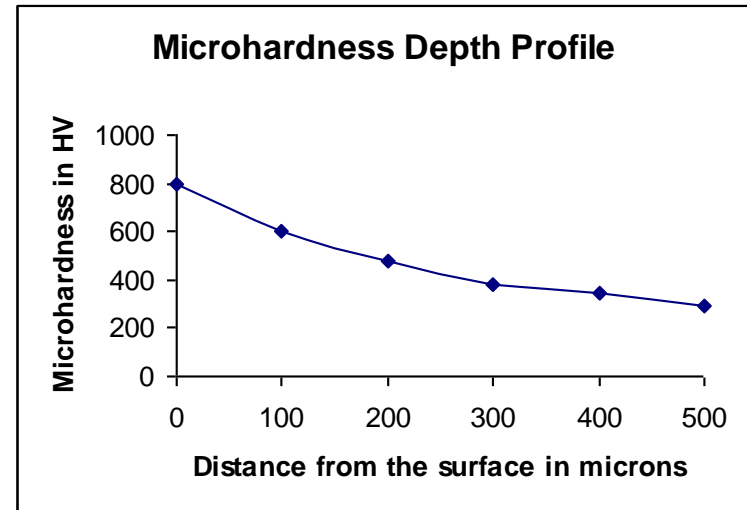
Specification	Requirement
Material	D2, H13, Inconel 600
Surface Hardness	>1000HV
Case Depth	300 microns
White layer	Few microns



Plasma Nitriding for Automobile and machine tools sector



Specification	Requirement
Material	AISI 4140, En41B
Surface Hardness	>800 HV, >1000HV
Case Depth	300 microns



A WIDE VARIETY OF AUTOCOMPONENTS ARE ROUTINELY PLASMA NITRIDED IN THE INDUSTRY



PN of CTC roller in Tea Industry



Specification	Requirement
Material	AISI 302
Surface Hardness	>800 HV,
Case Depth	20 microns

Life increased by a factor of 2



Plasma Nitriding System Installations



Gujarat



Ludhiana



Kerala



Chennai



Nagaland



Kerala



Plasma Nitriding and Carburizing (PC)

Description

Atomic size of interstitial

Schematic

Environment

Operation temperature

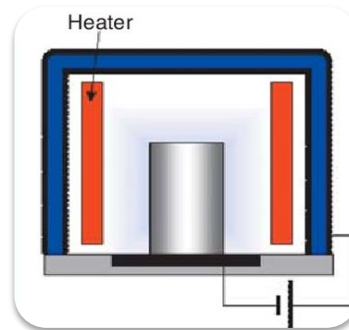
Operating pressure

Types of steel

Application

Plasma Nitriding / Nitrocarburizing

Nitrogen : 0.075 nm



Nitrogen, hydrogen, hydro carbon gas mixture

400-550 °C max

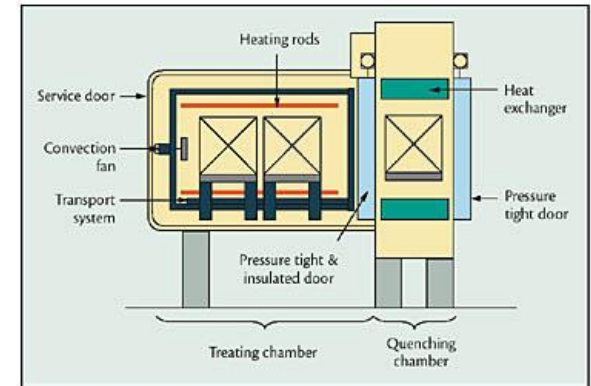
3-5 mbar

Low and High alloyed steels

Gears, crankshafts, camshafts, cam followers, valve parts, extruder screws, pressure-die-casting tools, forging dies, cold forming tools, injectors and plastic-mould tools, long shafts, axis, clutch and engine parts

Plasma Carburizing / Carbonitriding

Carbon: 0.077 nm



Carbon, nitrogen, hydrocarbon gas mixture

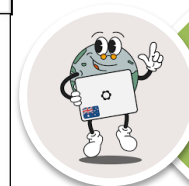
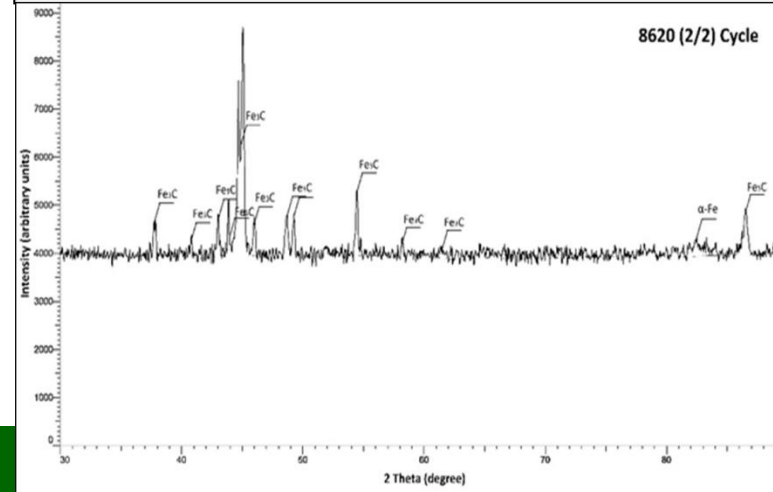
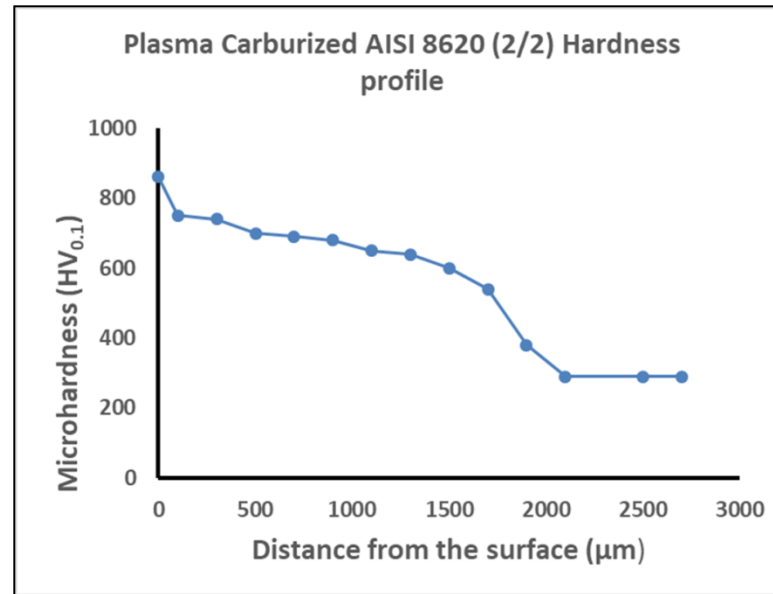
> 930 °C

5-10 mbar

Low carbon steels

Bearings, gears and pinion shafts

Plasma carburizing @ IPR



Different configurations (2)



Scaled up



Plasma Assisted Physical Vapour Deposition (PAPVD)

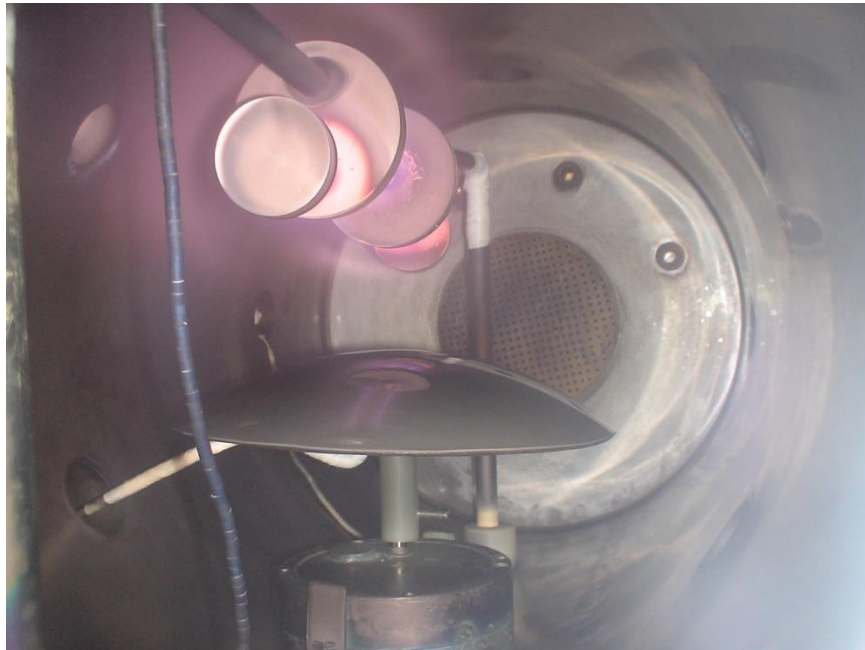


PVD system in IPR



- Different control parameters to develop special coatings.
- Ability to coat heat sensitive substrates.
- Circular, Rectangular or cylindrical Magnetrons available.
- Up scaling for large area coatings is possible

PAPVD coating for space applications



Physical Vapour Dep.

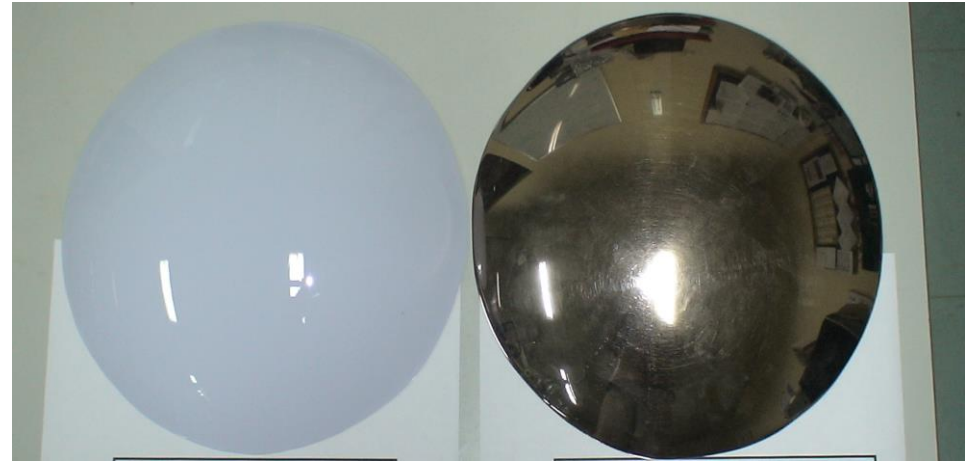
Sputter = Copper

P = 10 microbar

Gas = Argon

Sputter bias = -800 V

Substrate bias = pulsed – 1 kV



Lexan

Cu coating

Copper coating

Thickness : 8 micron

Application : Low weight
antenna for Microwave
reflectivity.



Need of Surface Engineering for Implant material

Performance of Implantable device :

- Bulk material (mechanical properties)
- Surface properties of used biomaterial (wear and biocompatibility)

Metals are prone to corrosion and wear

wear of the articulating components – **primary reason for failure.**

Released Cr and Ni ions from the SS or Co-Cr metal can cause allergic reactions

Ceramics are prone to crack under heavy load even though wear rate is less

One of the approach to improve surface characteristics is

Deposition of biocompatible, wear resistant and corrosion resistant coatings

Coating materials : **Titanium Nitride (TiN)**, TiNbN,
Diamond like coating (DLC) etc.



TiN coating for Hip Implant



Titanium Nitride (TiN) is interested choice

- high chemical stability
- high hardness
- excellent wear properties
- Good bio-Compatibility
- Good wettability by body fluids
- Approved by FDA

TiN can be deposited on Stainless Steel (SS)
Titanium Alloy or Co-Cr alloys

Adhesion of the coating (TiN) with the Substrate (SS) is important factor for long term Performance of the implant.

Different PVD methods are used to produce these ceramic coatings on metal substrate.

Plasma based PVD method is used to deposit these coatings on Implant



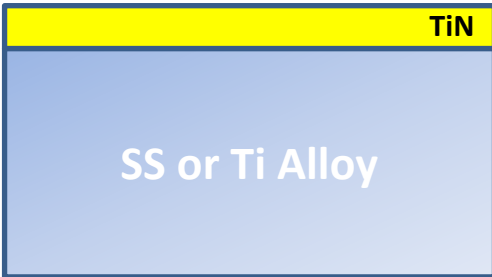
Our Approach for Surface Modification

Conventional
TiN deposition
by PVD

Hardness



N%



Scope for Improvement :

- 1) Improving Corrosion resistance of TiN
- 2) Improving Adhesion of hard TiN layer with soft metal

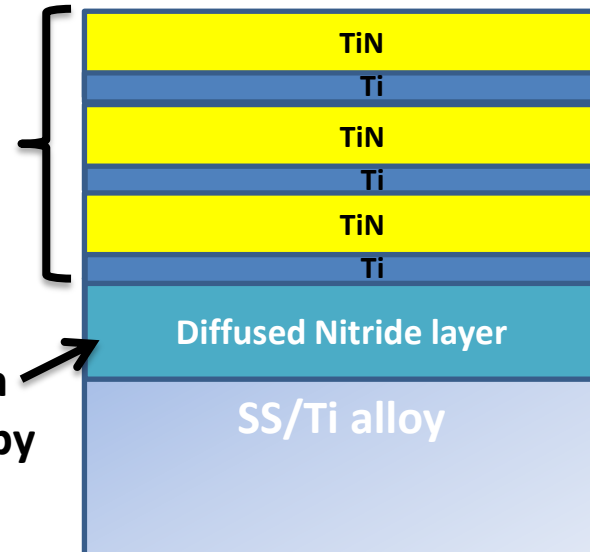
Our Approach
for TiN
deposition by
PVD

**Multi-layering Improves
Corrosion resistance.**
Plasma nitriding + multi-
layering Improves adhesion

Diffusion + overlay coating

Ti-TiN
Multilayer
above
Surface by
sputtering

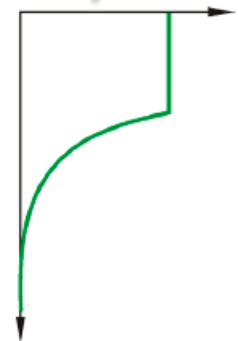
Hard layer in
the surface by
Plasma
nitriding



Hardness



N%



Plasma Nitriding of SS femoral head

SSPN : Plasma nitrided Steel

Material : AISI 316L

Temperature : 350 °C- 550 °C

Pressure : 5 mbar (80% (H₂)
+20%(N₂))

Pulse Voltage : - 550V

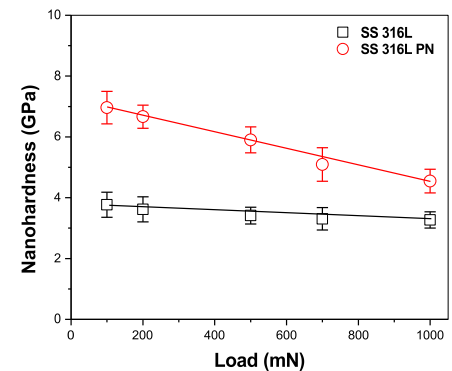
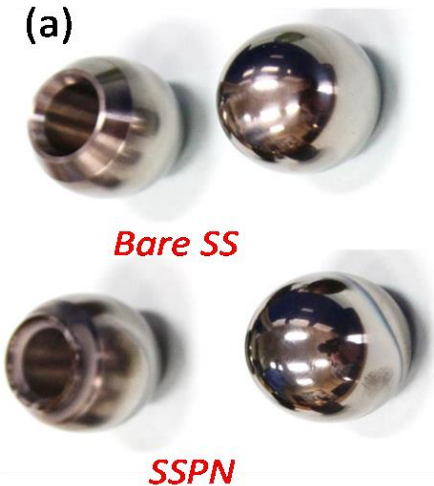
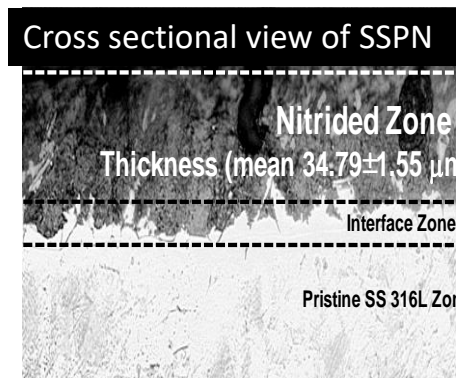
Discharge Current : 1A

Duty cycle : 63%

Treatment time : 4-8 hrs.

- Uniform Treatment all over the surface
- Hardness increases after plasma nitriding
- hardening up to few micron inside the sample

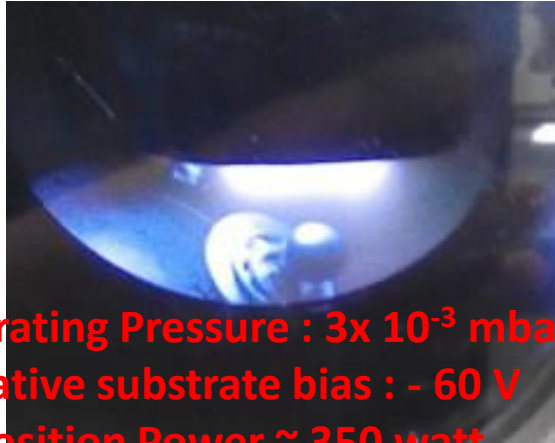
Glow around the sample



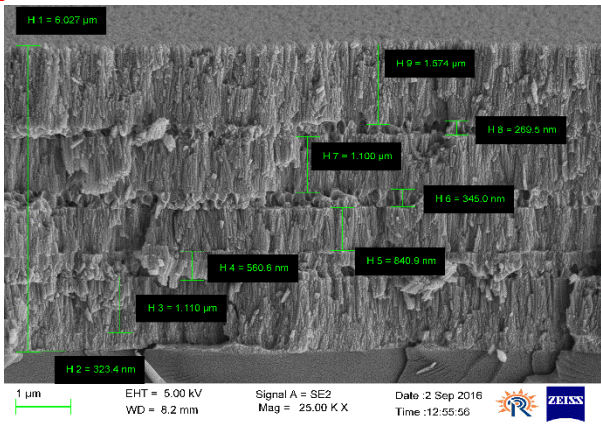
Hardness at different load



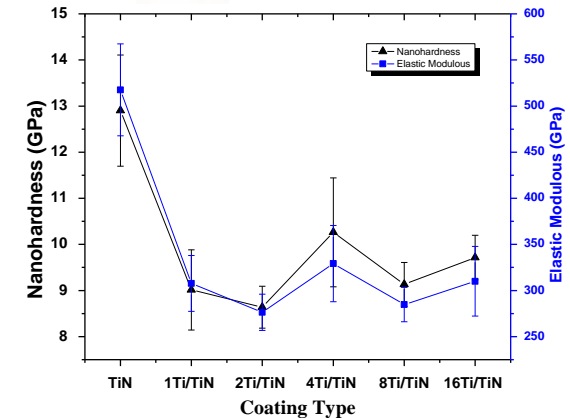
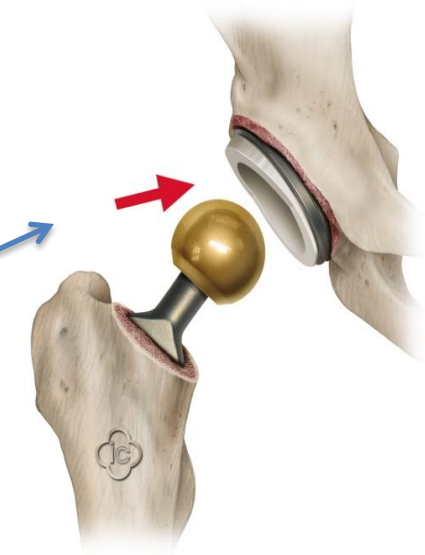
Ti/TiN Coating : Hip Implant SS femoral head



Operating Pressure : 3×10^{-3} mbar
 Negative substrate bias : - 60 V
 Deposition Power ~ 350 watt
 Deposition Time : 60 minute



Hardness : 10-12 GPa



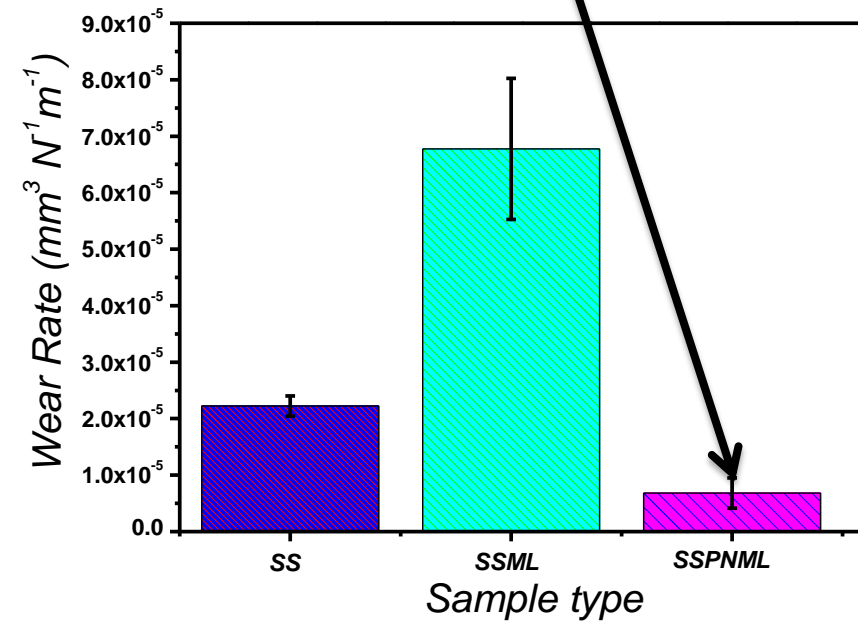
Thickness : 6 micron (8 Layers,
 4- Ti and 4- TiN layers

A. Samata et al. Journal of the Mechanical Behavior of Biomedical Materials 77 (2017) 267-294.



Nitriding + Coating : Duplex Surface Engineering

Low wear rate

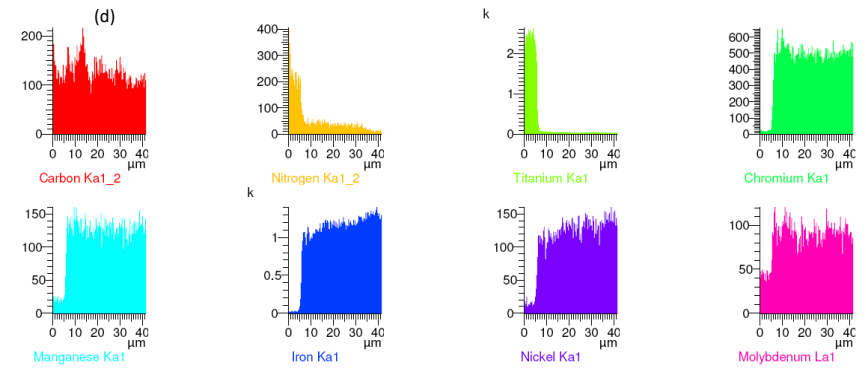
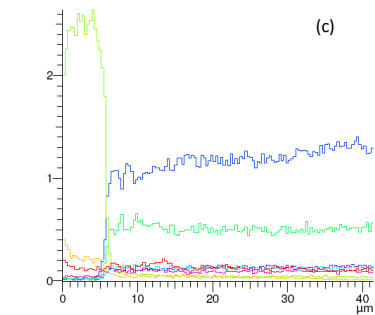
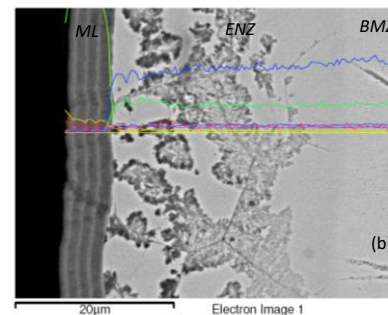
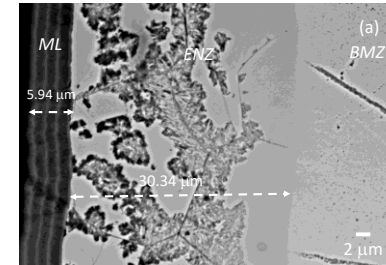


Wear rate in Simulated Body Fluid (SBF)

SS : Without any Plasma treatment

SSML : Multilayer coating on SS

SSPNML : Nitriding + Multilayer coatings



Preclinical Evaluation of wear using Hip-Joint Simulator machine

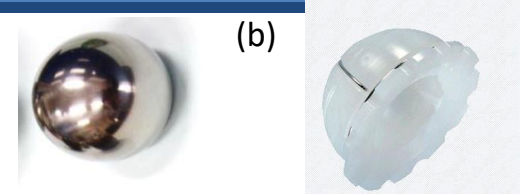
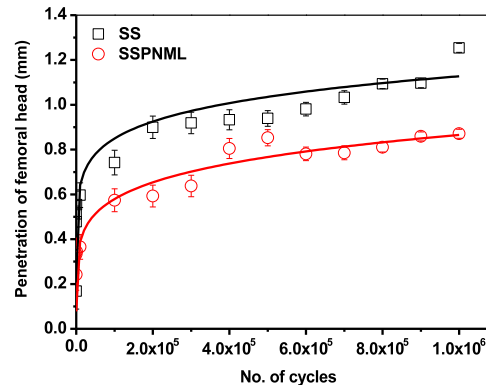


Frequency of load cycle : 1 Hz

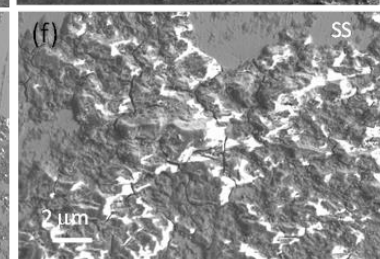
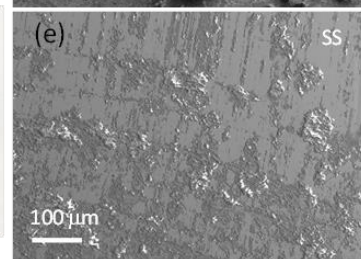
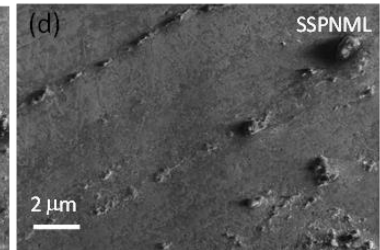
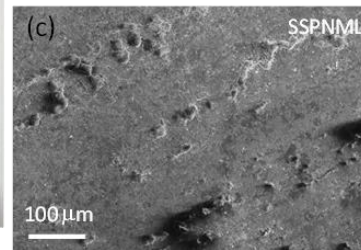
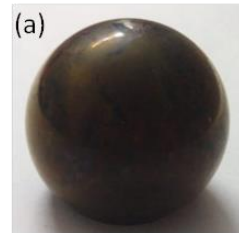
Testing up to 10^6 cycles

Fluid : SBF

Load : identical to that experienced by the normal hip of a person with a body weight of about 100 kg.



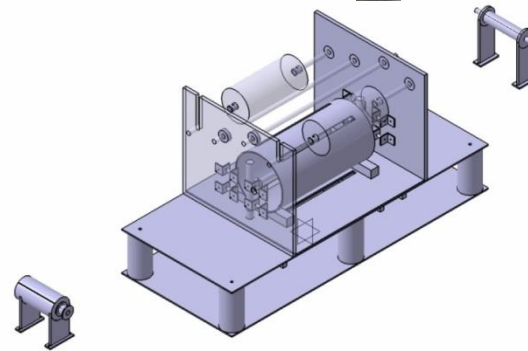
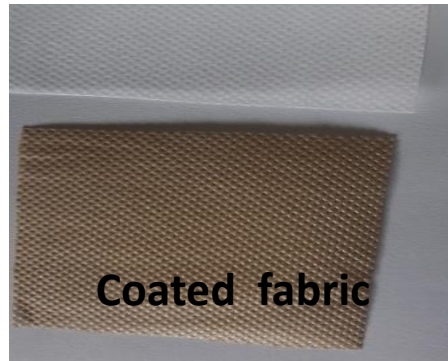
Volumetric wear rate of UHMWPE cup For SS : $120-130 \text{ mm}^3/\text{million cycle}$
For SSPNML : $40-50 \text{ mm}^3/\text{million cycle}$



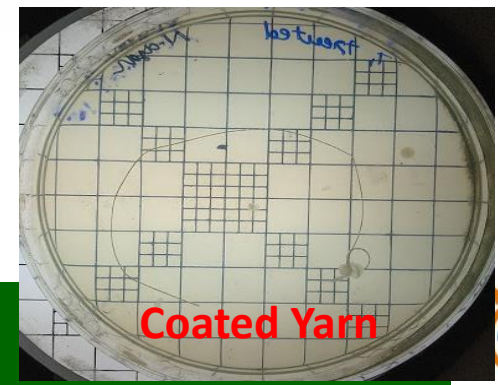
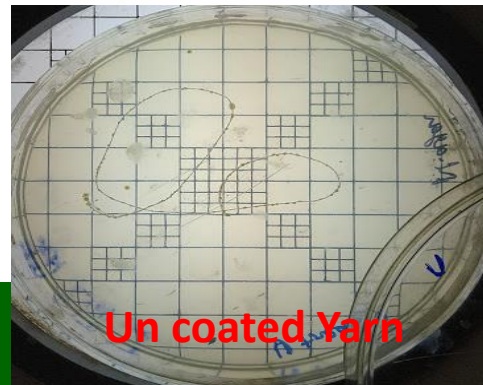
Antimicrobial coatings on yarn and fabric

Major Achievements

- Cylindrical magnetron sputtering for copper oxide Coating.
 - Antibacterial/antiviral testing done
 - Uniform coating on yarn
 - Existing Speed of the coating for yarn : 5 mtr/min
- Deposit CuO coating in nanometer range (50-100nm) on moving yarn and fabric (woven/non-woven).
 - Indian Patent application number: 202321003767 (2022)



Schematic of Cylindrical magnetron sputtering set up



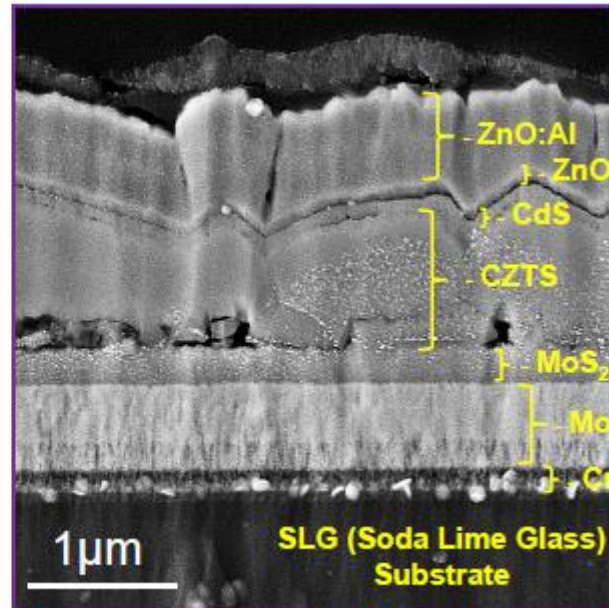
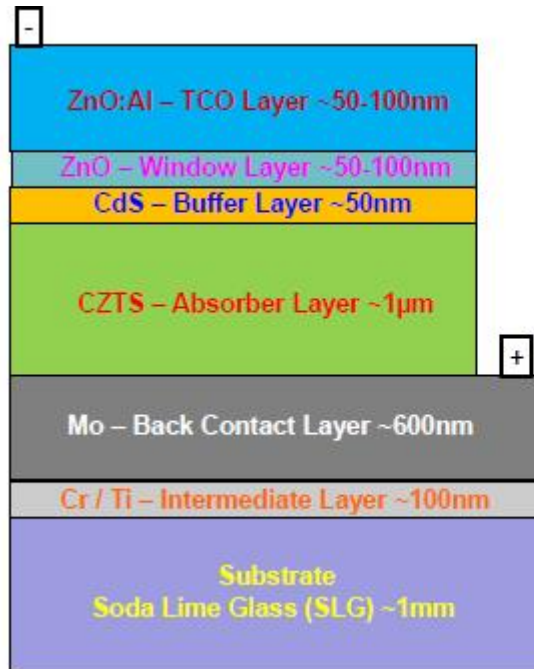
Plasma Assisted PVD



Multi-magnetron sputtering system in IPR



Development of CZTS ($\text{Cu}_2\text{ZnSnS}_4$) absorber based thin film solar cell on glass & flexible substrate



Cross Section SEM of Device



Challenge on adhesion was overcome by chemical and plasma cleaning for depositing CZTS based solar cell on Flexible steel substrate

This can be used portable charging devices and to convert roof tops into solar cell for remote areas after achieving higher efficiency



Plasma Assisted Chemical Vapour Deposition at IPR

SiO_x Coating by Plasma Polymerization

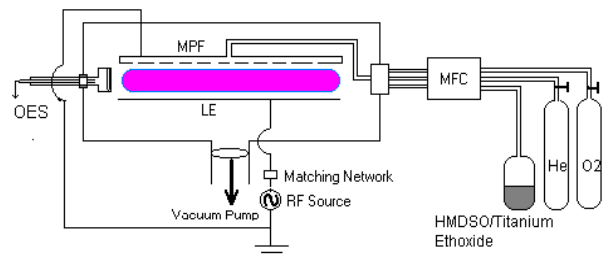
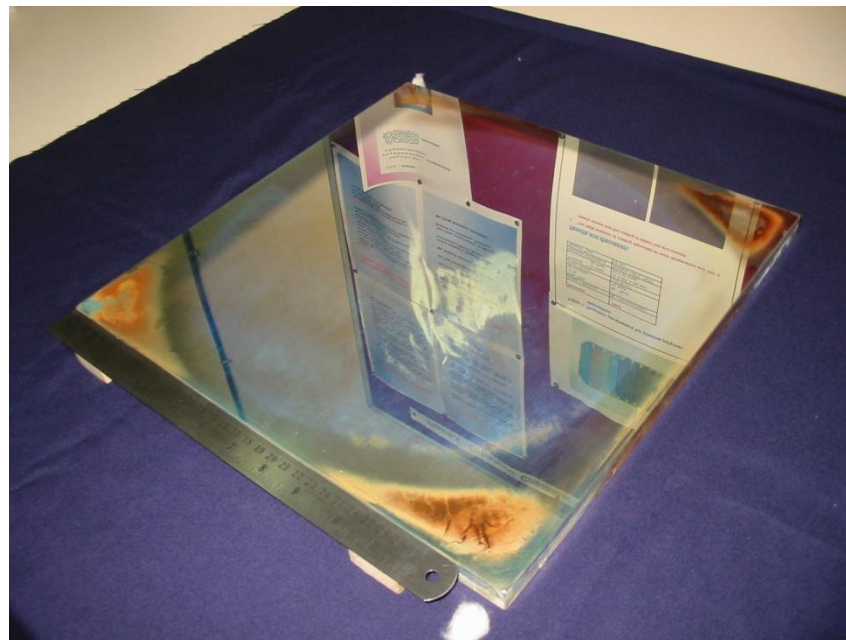
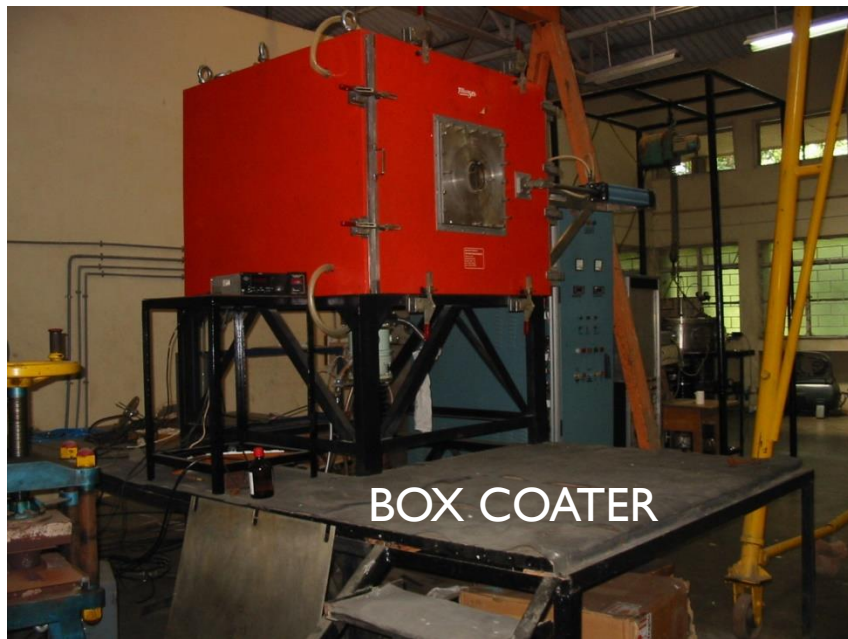


Fig. 1: Schematic of the experimental set-up. (i) Lp= langmuir probe, (ii) LE= live electrode, (iii) MPF= multi-point gas freeder, (iv) MFC= mass flow controllers

Deposition experiments were carried out using an organic precursor with nitrogen gas on Aluminium mirrors.

Thickness of the deposited film were few hundred \AA , with good uniformity over the substrate area. Film is transparent on the mirror surface



ANTI TARNISH COATINGS ON DECORATIVE ITEMS AND HEADLIGHTS



SiO_x COATING ON BRASSWARE



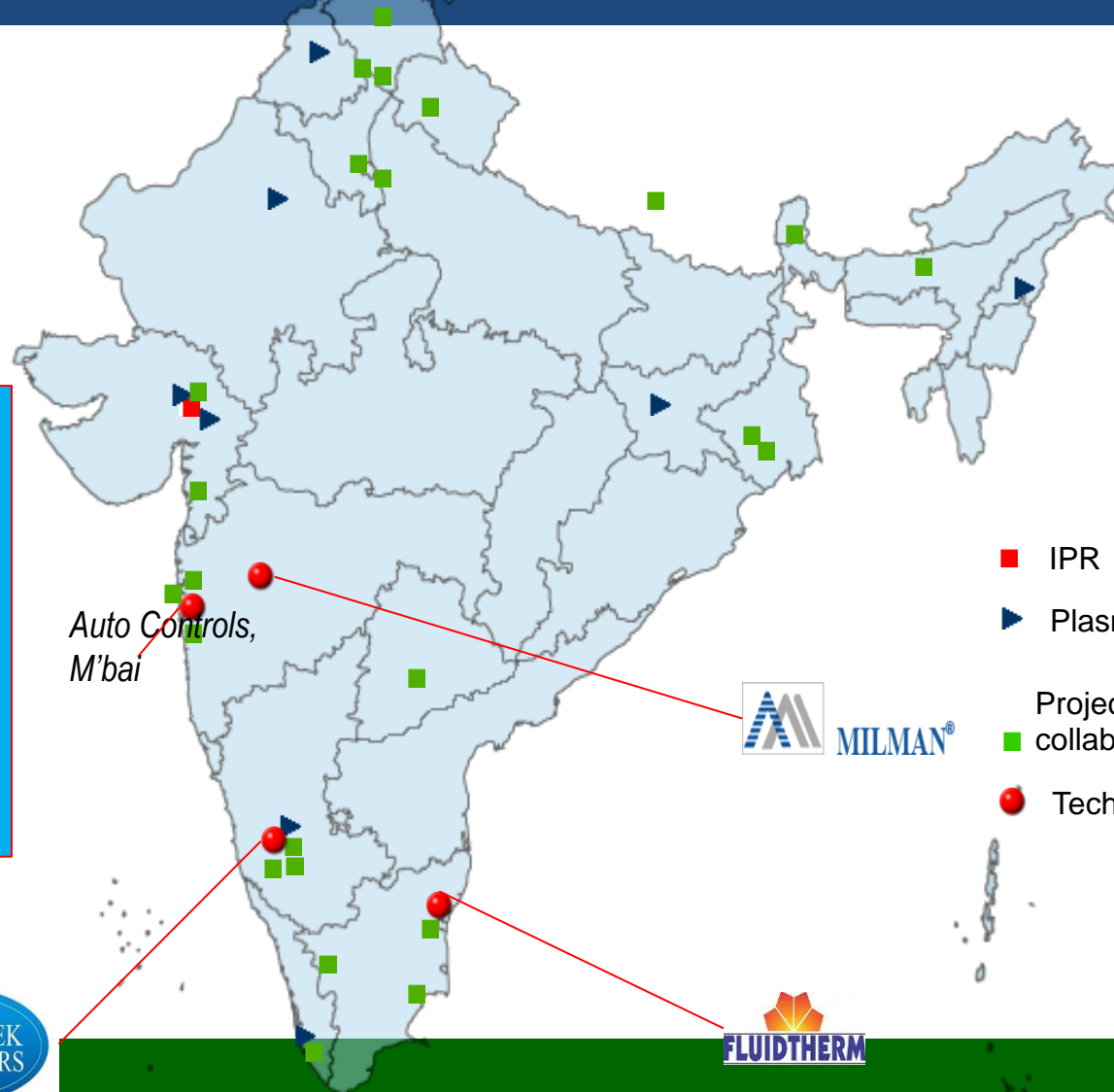
SiO_x COATING ON HEADLIGHT



System installed in Moradabad, Uttar Pradesh



TECHNOLOGY TRANSFERS BY IPR ACROSS INDIA



HR developed

BTech: 20

MTech: 30

Ph.D: 4

PDF: 10

Auto Controls,
M'bai

- IPR
- ▶ Plasma Nitriding Systems
- Projects with collaborators
- Tech Transfer Partners



Conclusion

- Plasma Nitriding , Plasma nitrocarburizing process and PA deposition processes have gained maturity and are being regularly used by customers.
- Plasma based surface modification - modifies material surface in an environment friendly way.
- The life of steel components improved by a factor of 2 depending on the application.
- Based on our results, the TiN coated Ti alloy Femoral head can be used for clinical trials as the wear rates are in acceptable range.
- Plasma based technologies have reached to a mature and deployable level for commercialization to fulfill our country's mission of Make-in-India.



Challenges and Opportunities ahead

Challenges

- Existing polluting technologies, as there are no strict environment regulations.
- Reduced Power consumption.
- Coating / Diffusion Techniques using atmospheric pressure plasma.

Opportunities

- Clean Technology as no residues are found after the process
- No environmental clearance required.
- Applicable to all types of Ferrous, Al, Ti, Cr materials
- Beneficial to many industrial sectors like, automobiles, dies, textile, space, machine tools etc.

Acknowledgment



**Ghanshyam
Jhala**



**Suryakant
Gupta**



**Subroto
Mukherjee**



S K Nema



Sagar Agarwal



**Keena
Kalaria**



Purvi Dave



**Naresh
Vaghela**



**Akshay
Vaid**



**Ramkrishna
Rane**



THANK YOU

HAPPY TO TAKE YOUR QUESTIONS!

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