



Capgemini engineering

Deep reinforcement learning for magnetic control on WEST

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A learning-based approach

The limits of classical controllers

One of the many problems to be addressed in tokamak control is the magnetic control of the plasma, i.e. the control of the voltages applied to the poloidal coils located around the machine.

• Linear • Specific tuning of control parameters

Magnetic

A call in reinforcements

In reinforcement learning (RL), an agent maximizes its cumulative reward over time $G_t = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \gamma^k R_{t+k+1}$, with $\gamma \in [0,1]$, exploring possible outcomes to optimize its behavioral policy $\pi : S \rightarrow A$.



Objective: Tracking of plasma's shape, position and current using deep reinforcement learning in the WEST use-case.

A general distributed framework for WEST

A general framework based on [1,2,6] has been developed:

Logical components connected through socket protocols (TCP,

UDS) for multi-language interaction (C++, Python),

• Multi-GPU, multi-threaded to run multiple environments in parallel.

Training loop \rightarrow Fast, asynchronous and reliable

Training configuration

- <u>Reward</u>: Follow defined plasma trajectory, and maintain initial lp.
- <u>Environment</u>: NICE, a C++ free-boundary equilibrium solver with



resistive diffusion (η , J_{ni} fixed) [4,5].

$s(t) = \{\Psi(t), I_a(t)\} \rightarrow r(t)$

• <u>Agent</u>: MPO [1,3], 95 MLP actors, recurrent learner, in Python.

magnetics $m(t) \rightarrow a(t) = V_a(t)$

- <u>Termination</u>: Thresholds on currents, safety factor, simulated time.
 - **Study on baseline scenario**

Framework's Diagnostics and power supply



[1] Degrave, J., Felici, F., Buchli, J. et al., Nature 602, 414–419, 2022. [2] W. Hoffman and B., Shahriari, et al., ArXiv abs/2006.00979, 2020. [3] A., Abdolmaleki, et al., ArXiv abs/1806.06920, ICLR , 2018. [4] B., Faugeras. Fusion Engineering and Design, Volume 160, 2020 [5] H., Heumann, Journal of Computational Physics, Volume 442, 2021 [6] B. D., Tracey, et al., arXiv preprint arXiv:2307.11546 (2023).

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