

The background of the slide is a dark blue field with a complex, abstract graphic on the left side. This graphic depicts a glowing, golden-yellow sphere with intricate, swirling patterns and radiating lines, resembling a compact fusion or a complex atomic structure. Below and to the right of this sphere are blue, wavy, textured lines that flow across the bottom of the slide, creating a sense of dynamic movement and technological advancement.

# ENN Fusion Technology Overview

Hebei Key Laboratory of Compact Fusion, Langfang, China

ENN Fusion Technology R&D Center (ENN-FTRC)



WHO  
WE  
ARE

Established in 1989, ENN Group is a Chinese conglomerate committed to establishing modern energy systems and improving quality of life.

Employees :

**40,000+**

**In-House Institutes**

**3**

- ★ Energy Research Institute
- ★ Digital Research Institute
- ★ Institute of Life S&T

**Publicly Traded Companies**

**4**

- ★ ENN Energy Holdings 新奥能源 (02688.HK)
- ★ ENN Ecological Holdings 新奥股份 (600803.SH)
- ★ ENC Digital Technology 新智认知 (603869.SH)
- ★ Tibet Tourism 西藏旅游 (600749.SH)

# ENN Energy Research Institute (EERI)

The ENN Energy Research Institute is ENN's innovation engine that is committed to addressing humanity's energy challenges.



## Team

500+ Researchers



## Partners

MIT  
UCLA  
University of Tokyo  
Tsinghua University  
Peking University  
.....



## Innovation Platform

State Key Laboratory for Coal-based Low Carbon Energy  
Hebei Key Laboratory of Compact Fusion  
International Scientific and Technological Collaboration Base  
Post-Doctoral and Academician Work Station  
.....

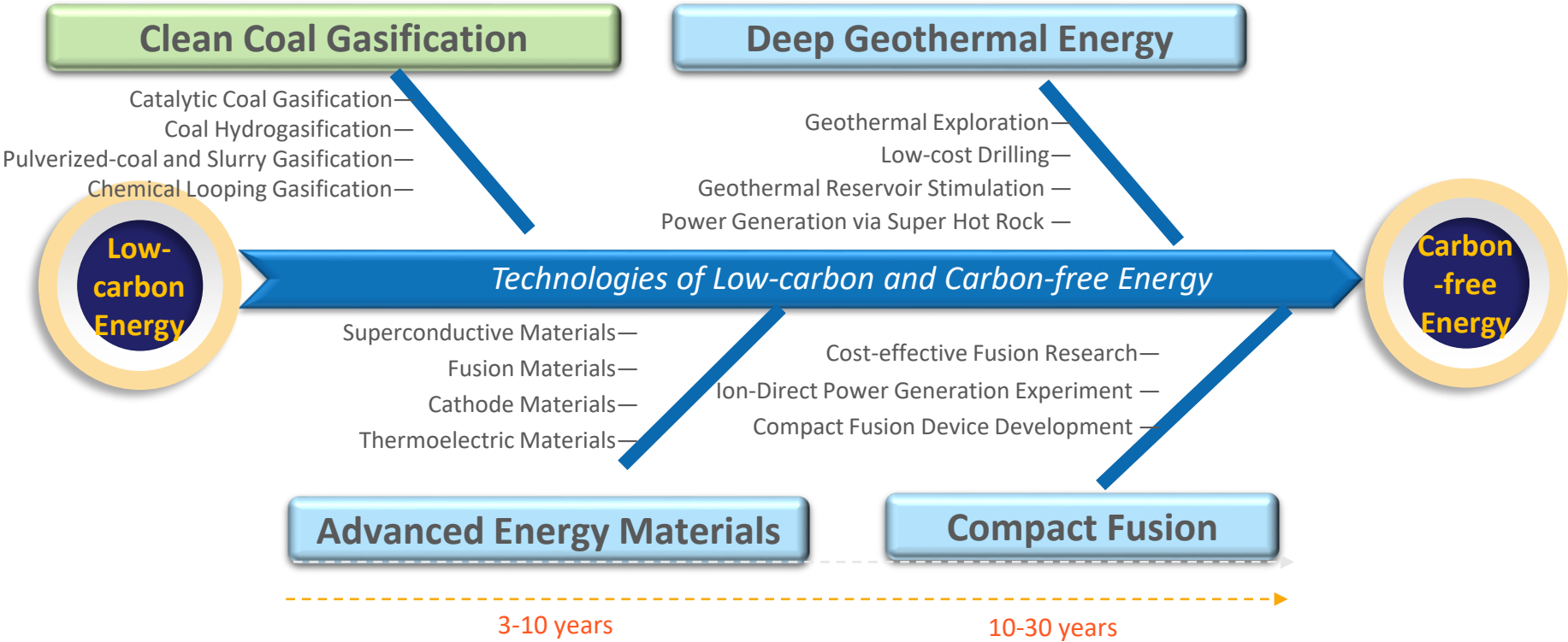


## Intellectual Properties

Issued Patents 1600+  
Utility Patents 800+

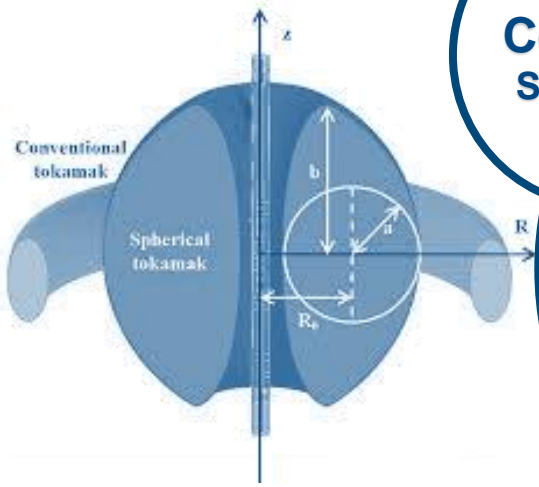
# Research Areas

To Embrace a Carbon-free Future with Disruptive Innovations





# Compact Clean Commercial Power, Starting with Spherical Tokamak

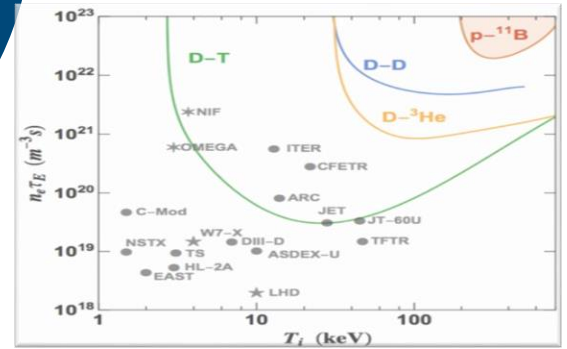
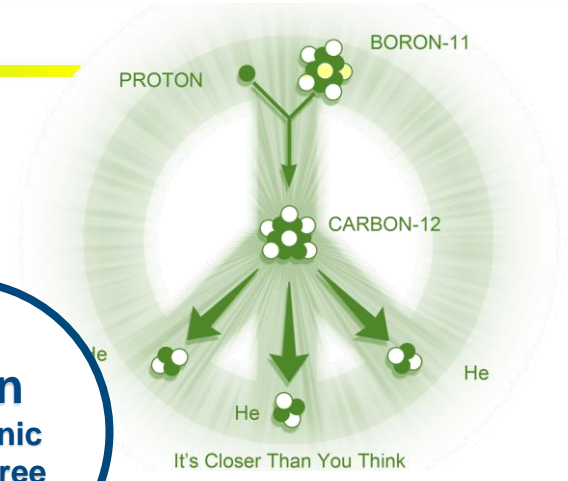


**Compact  
Simplified**

**Fusion  
ENN**

**Clean  
Aneutronic  
Tritium-free**

**Low Unit  
Cost  
Mass Produced**



# ENN Compact Fusion Timeline

## Conduct Scientific Feasibility Study

## Address Engineering Challenges

## Improve Cost Effectiveness

### Phase I: Screening & evaluation (2-4yrs)

### Phase II: Physics validation (10-12yrs)

### Phase III: Project demonstration (5-8yrs)

### Phase IV: Industrial Demonstration (5-8yrs)

2018

2022

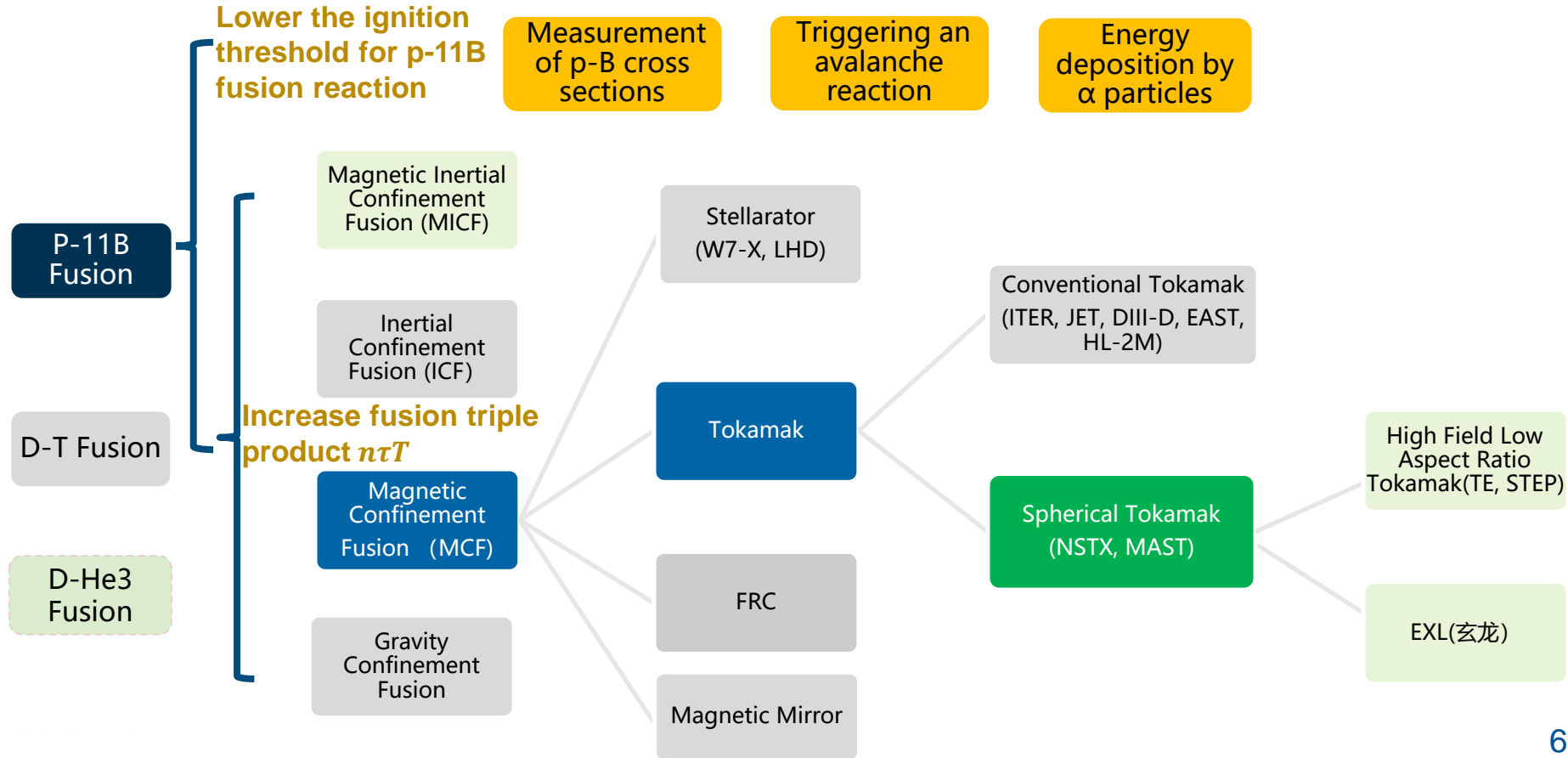
- Create technology roadmap
- Investigate confinement concepts
- Conduct experiments on small and medium-sized fusion devices
- Build a multidisciplinary team
- Identify key technical problems

- Theory validation on experimental platforms
- Develop key skills
- Collaborate with experts around the world to solve challenging technical problems

- Continue to tackle technical issues
- Develop power generation solutions

- Achieve cost-effective power generation

# Explore P-11B Fusion based on Spherical Tokamak



# EXL-50 Proof-of –Principle Experimental Platform



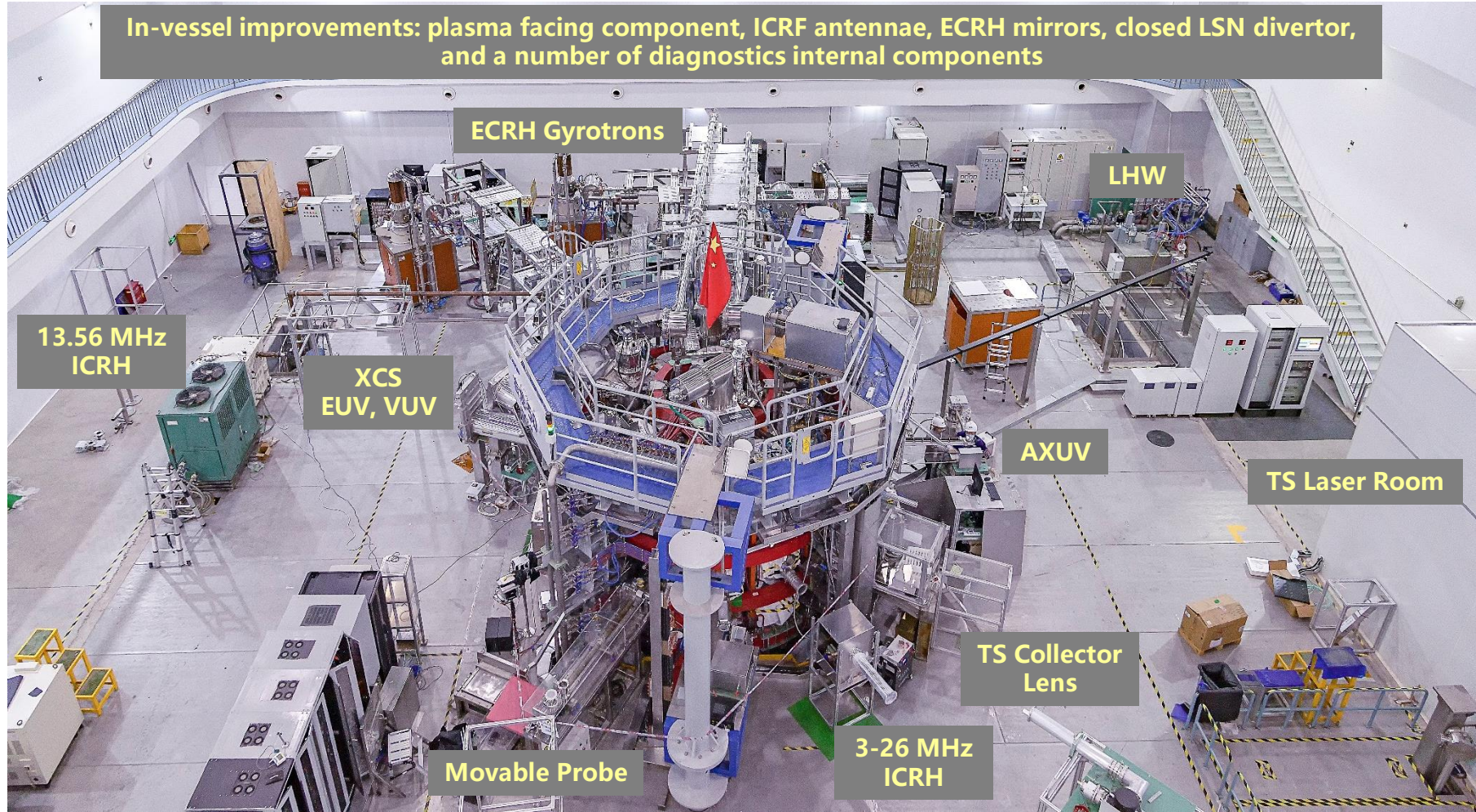
Parameters	Technical Goals
Plasma Current $I_p$	500 kA
Toroidal Field $B_T$	0.46 T
Major Radius $R$	0.58 m
Minor Radius $a$	0.41 m
Elongation $k$	1.8-2.2
Triangularity $\delta$	0.1-0.4
Plasma Density	$10^{19} \text{ m}^{-3}$
Ion Temperature $T_i$	1 keV
Pulse Length $t_d$	5 s

ENN has designed and built the first medium-scale Spherical Tokamak experimental device EXL-50. On August 8, 2019, the first solenoid-free plasma discharge was produced on "EXL-50".

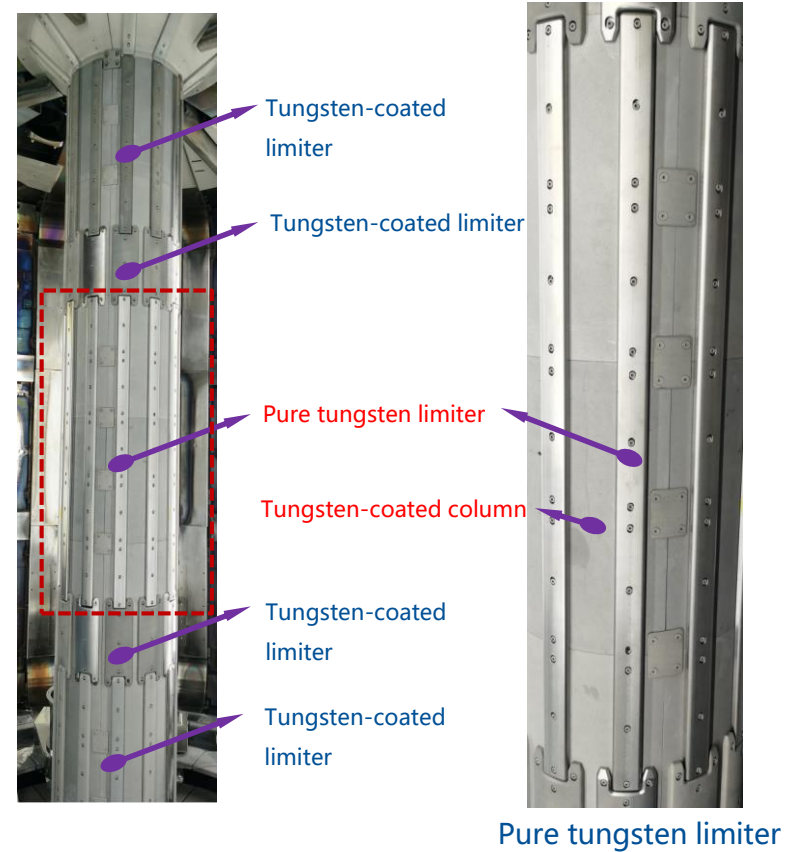
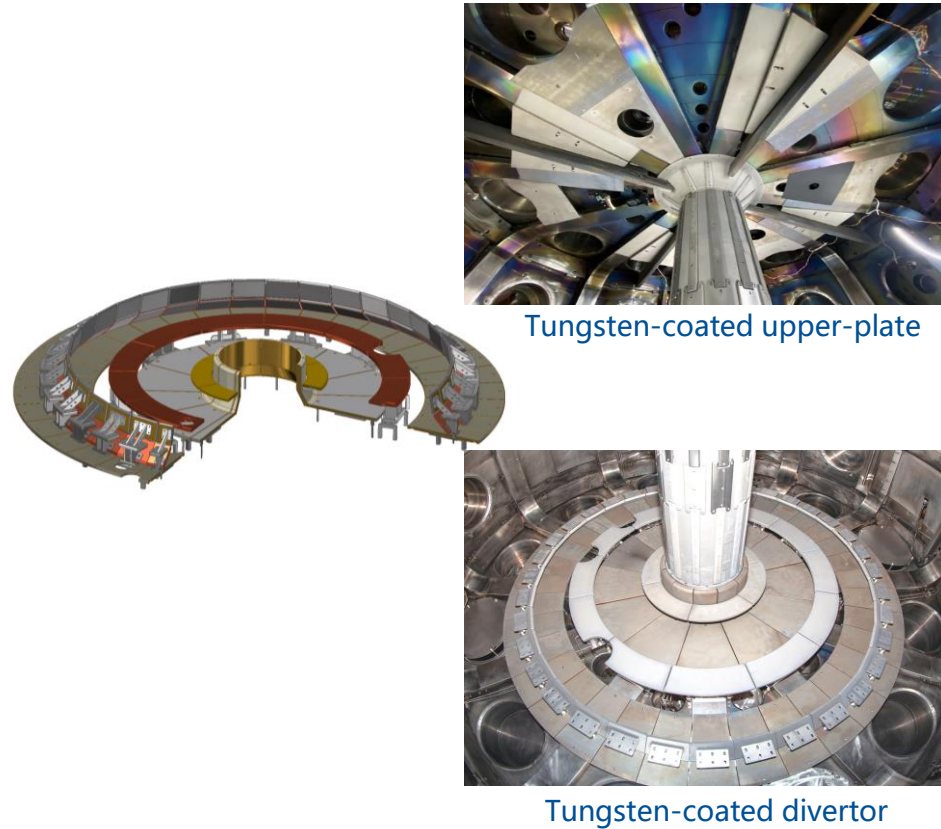


# EXL-50 Experimental Platform following April Vessel Opening

In-vessel improvements: plasma facing component, ICRF antennae, ECRH mirrors, closed LSN divertor, and a number of diagnostics internal components



# Full Metal Tungsten-coated Wall

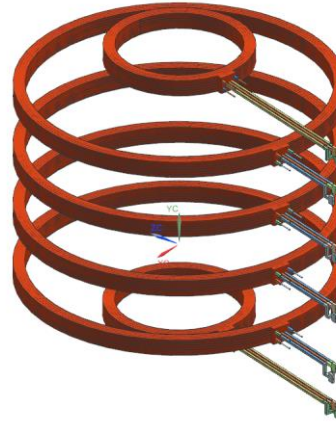




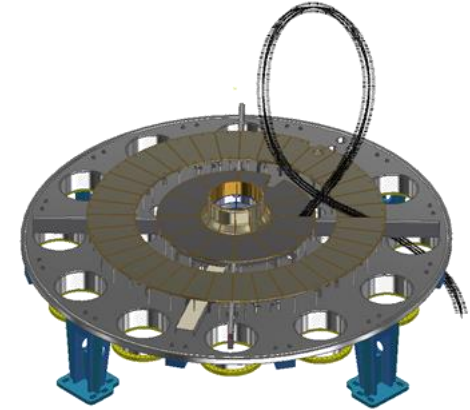
# Flexible Magnetic Configuration



**Toroidal field coils**



**Poloidal field coils**



**Divertor target plate**

Parameter	Value
Turn	12
Current	100 kA
Magnetic field	0.41 T (at R=0.58m)
Materials	CuZr, CuAg
Weight	13 t
Cooling	water
Ripple	<1.6% (at R=1.51m)
Temperature rise	70 °C
Pulse flattop time	5 s

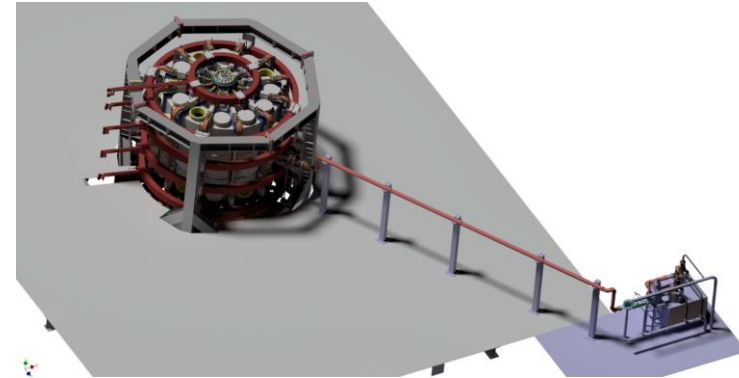
Coils	R, m	Z, m	dR, m	dZ, m	Turns	Current, kA
PF1 PF2	1.908	$\pm 0.963$	0.147	0.224	22	17.3
PF3 PF4	1.335	$\pm 2.107$	0.147	0.224	22	17.3
PF5 PF6	0.445	$\pm 2.107$	0.147	0.224	22	17.3

# Lower Hybrid Current Drive (LHCD) System

- The 2.45GHz/15kW RF system produced the first plasma in 2019 and then was used for discharge cleaning, ECR boronization, and pre-ionization at full field.
- Now the 2.45GHz/200kW RF heating system is used as Lower Hybrid Current Drive System.



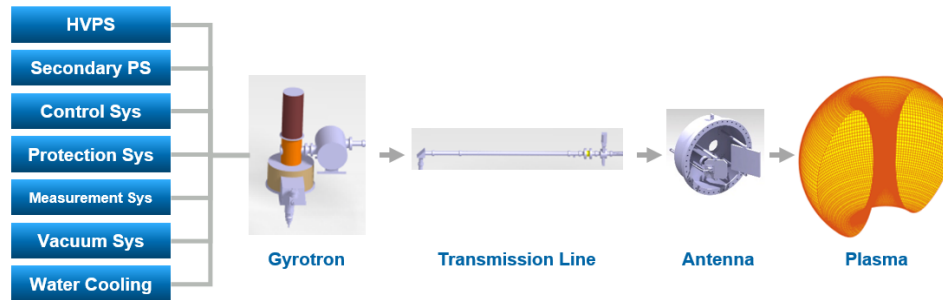
2.45GHz/15kW RF heating systems



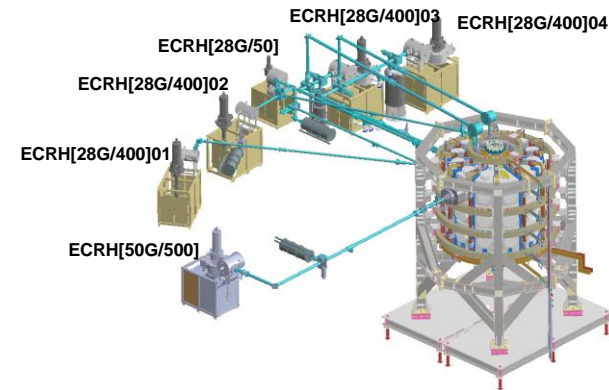
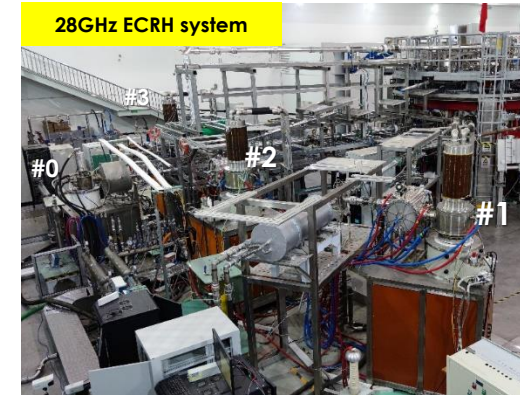
2.45GHz/200kW LHCD systems

# Electron Cyclotron Resonance Heating(ECRH) System

- The ECRH system is used for plasma start-up, heating and current drive.
- The EXL-50 device will be equipped with one 28GHz/50kW/30s system, four 28GHz/400kW/5s systems and one 50GHz/500kW/2s system by the end of 2022, when the total gyrotron output power is expected to reach 2.9 MW.
- The installed systems have delivered up to ~500kW/3s.
- One equatorial, three upper and two top launchers have been equipped for flexible position and injection angle control.
- A 50GHz ECRH system is being prepared to produce high density discharge, thus overcome the cut-off density of 28GHz( $9.7 \times 10^{18}/\text{m}^3$ ) ECW.



Architecture of the ECRH System



2.9MW ECRH System Layout



# Ion Cyclotron Range of Frequency (ICRF) System

A 13.56MHz/40kW system with one 40kW solid-state generator and a 3-26MHz/100kW system with a 100kW broadcast transmitter has been installed in the EXL-50.

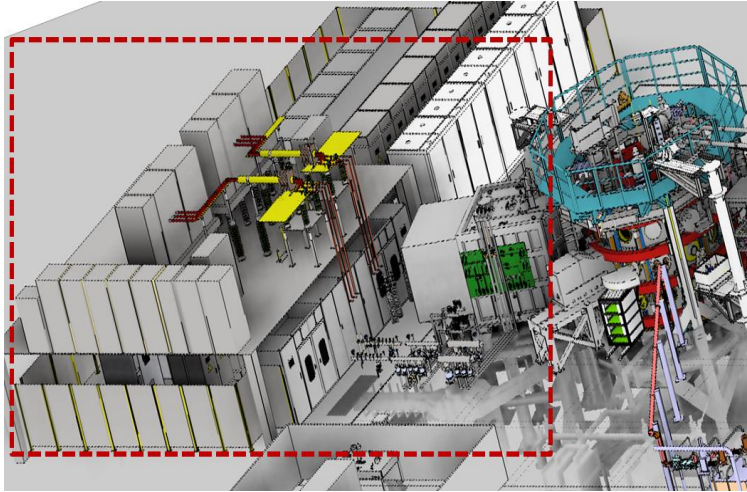


**13.56MHz/40kW/5s ICRF system**



**3~26MHz/100kW/5s ICRF system**

# 1.5MW Neutral Beam Injection System



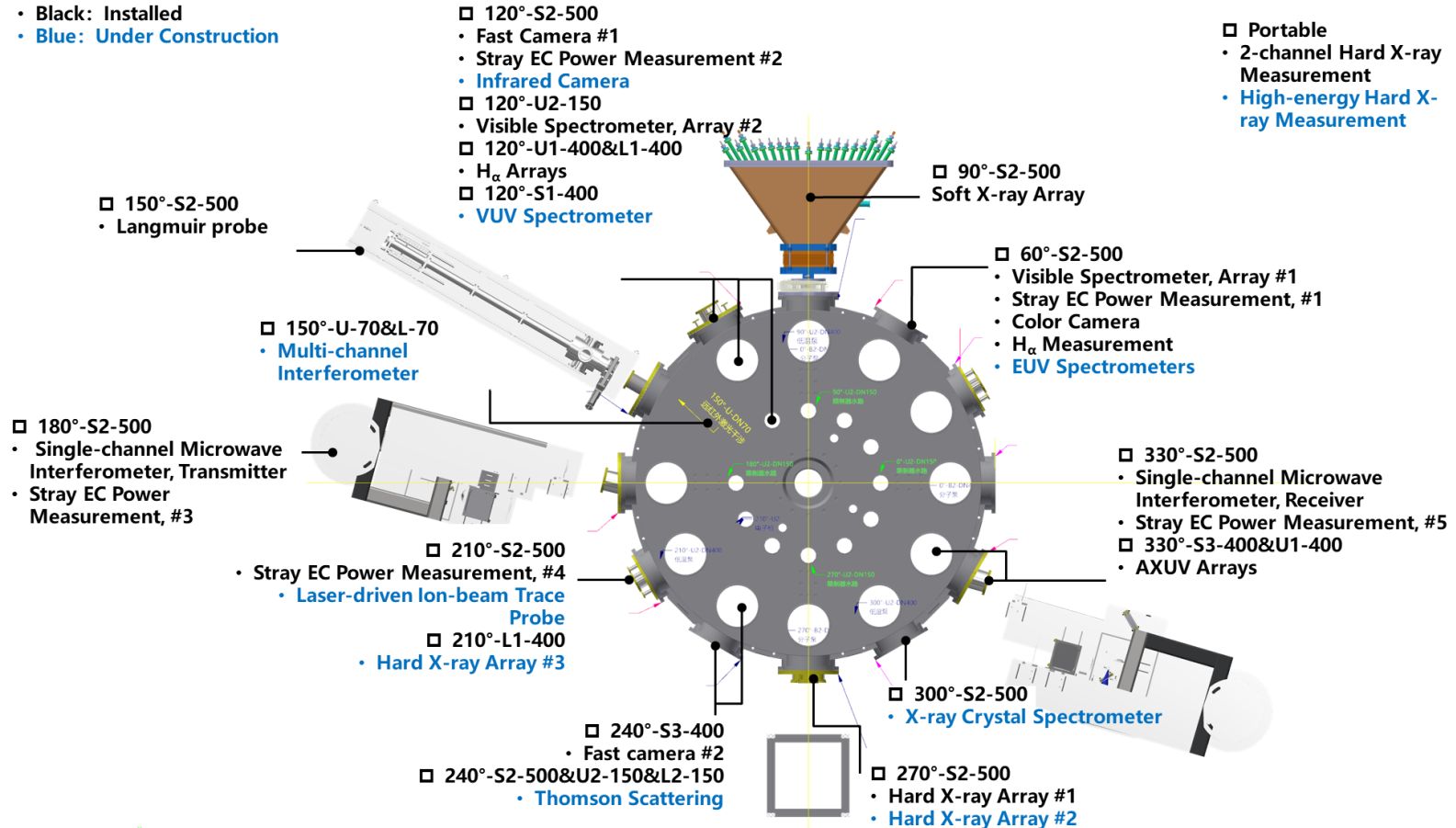
View of NBI on EXL-50

## Main Parameters of 1.5MW NBI for EXL-50 Tokamak

- Ion source type: Multi-cusp bucket ion source
- Number of grids: 3
- Number of ion sources: 2
- Acceleration parameters: 50kV/40A/5s
- Beam Convergence angle:  $2 \times 3.2^\circ$
- Grid convergence angle:  $178^\circ$
- Beam focal length: 5366mm
- Neutralization efficiency:  $> 55\%$
- Proton ratio:  $> 70\%$
- Pumping speed:  $1 \times 10^6$  l/s
- Residual ion deflection: magnetic deflection
- Injection angle:  $55.3^\circ$
- Number of filaments: 16

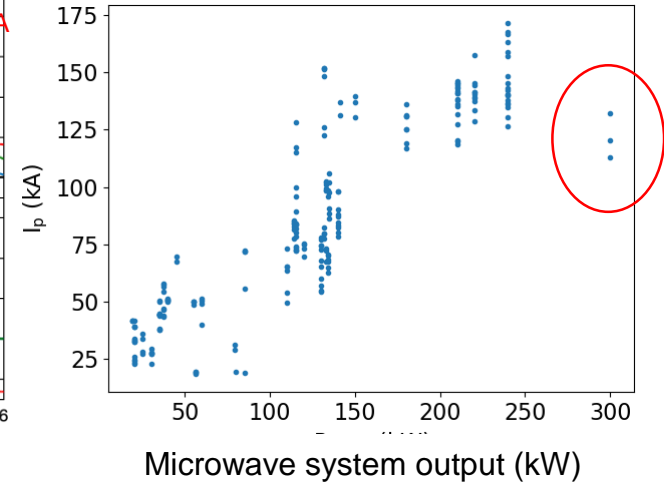
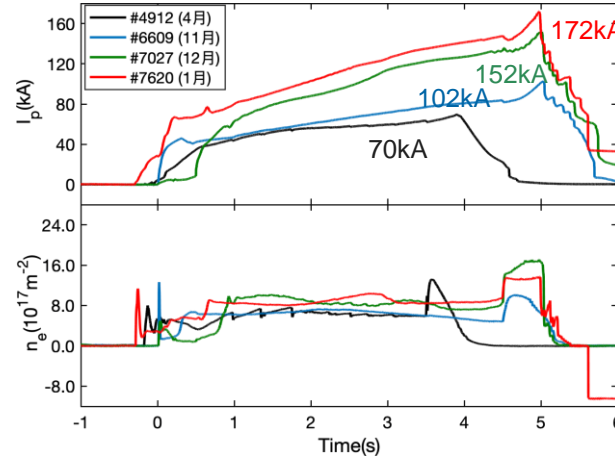
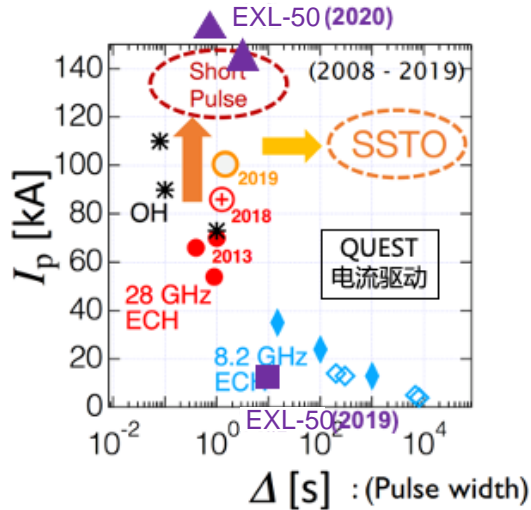
# Present and Planned Diagnostics on EXL-50

- Black: Installed
- Blue: Under Construction



# Progress in Current Drive

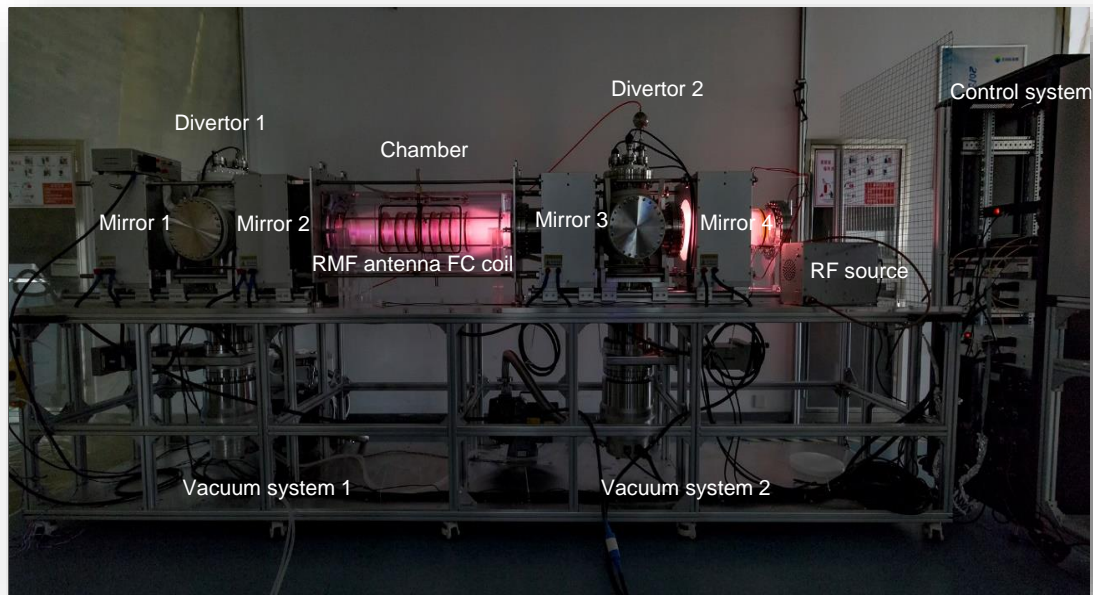
## QUEST and EXL-50



- **Transient 172kA, quasi-stationary up to 150kA**



# Field-Reversed-Configuration (FRC)



EFRC-0, July 2018  
Uses Rotating Magnetic Fields (RMF)

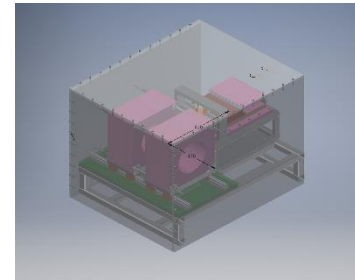
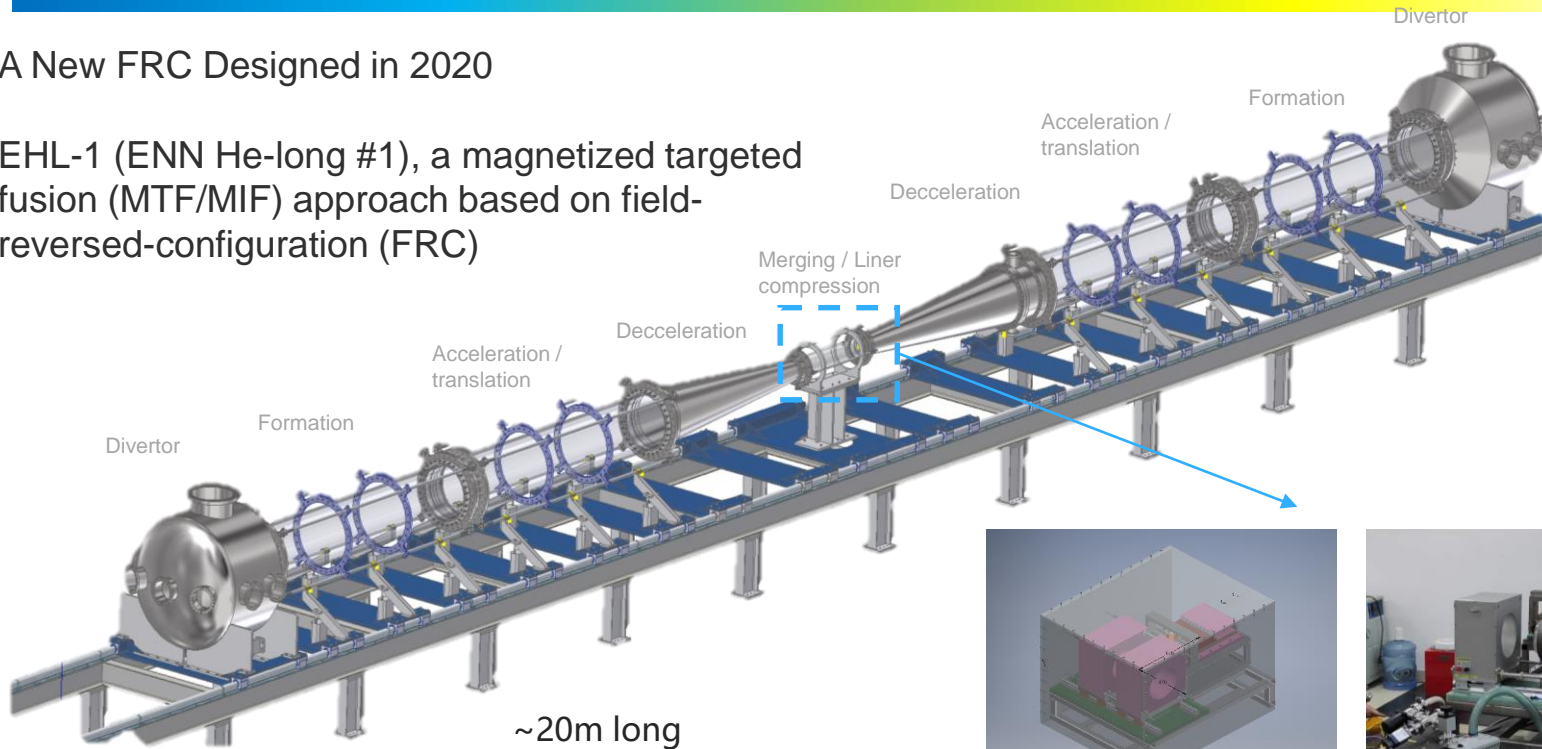




# Field-Reversed-Configuration (FRC)

A New FRC Designed in 2020

EHL-1 (ENN He-long #1), a magnetized targeted fusion (MTF/MIF) approach based on field-reversed-configuration (FRC)



A Liner Compression experiment without plasma was carried out in June, 2020.

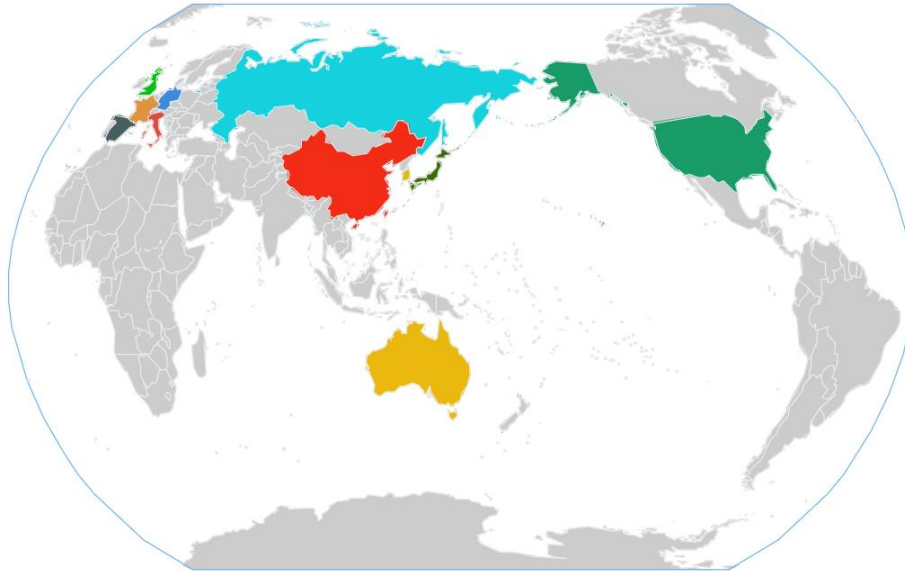
# ENN Fusion Technology R&D Center (2022)

Founding time	Our people	Honor
Feb. 2018	Around 100 researchers with 40% holding PhD degree	Authorized as Hebei Key Laboratory of Compact Fusion



# Cooperation, Contribution, Moving Fusion Energy R&D Forward

- Promote an efficient and agile p-B fusion R&D effort, be a member of fusion community
- Learning by doing, drawing from expertise in fusion, high-energy particles, laser, materials
- Engage experts from schools, laboratories, industries, power companies, private enterprises



北京大学  
PEKING UNIVERSITY



中国科学院近代物理研究所  
Institute of Modern Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences



# Conferences& Events





**“Develop Fusion Energy, Benefit Mankind for Generations!”**







**ENN 新奥**

**THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION**

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Institute,  
Director of ENN Fusion Technology R&D Center