



MAX-PLANCK-INSTITUT
FÜR PLASMAPHYSIK



ITER Plan for Gradual Performance Increase Including Transients

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with special thanks to R. Pitts and A. Loarte, ITER Organization

Views and opinions expressed are those of the author only and do not necessarily reflect those of the ITER Organization.



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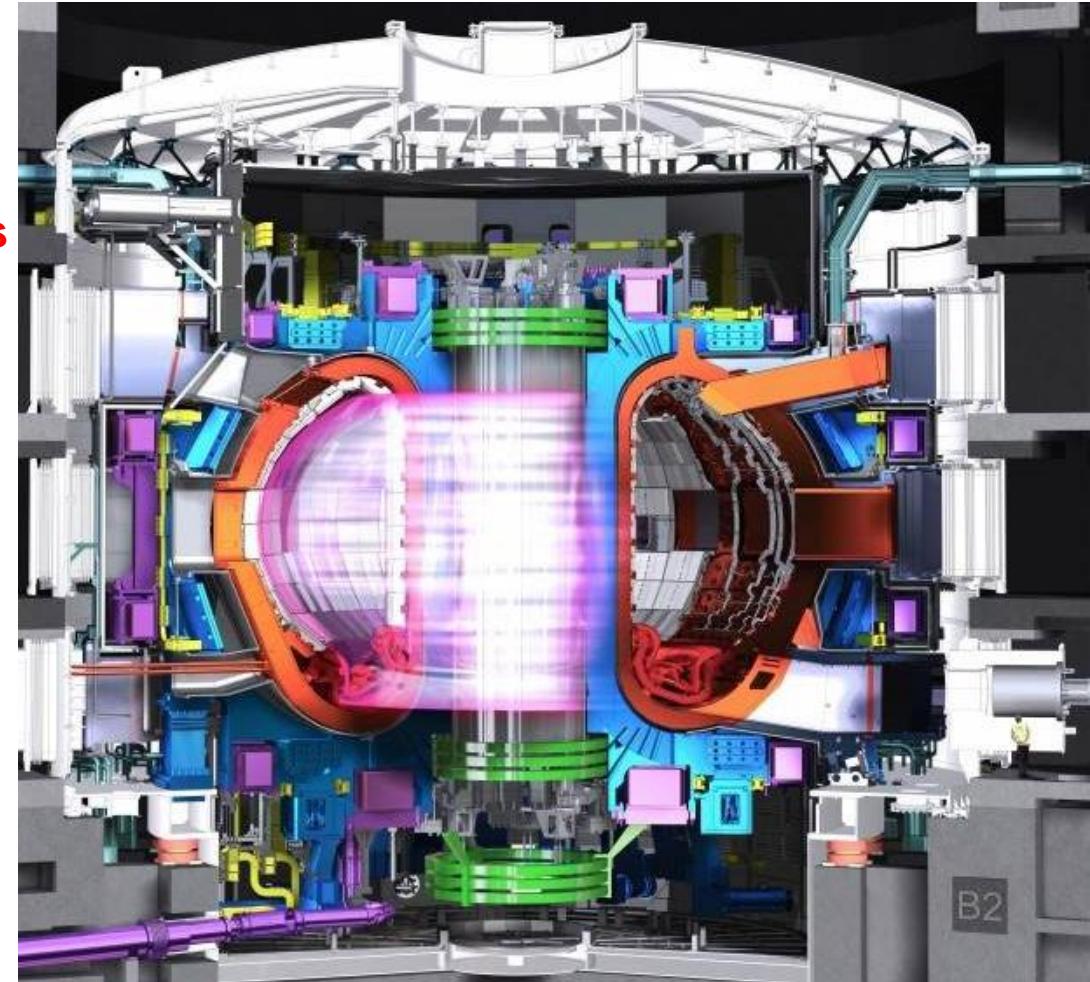
ITER Mission Goals



ITER shall demonstrate scientific & technological feasibility of **fusion energy**:

- **Pulsed operation:** $Q \geq 10$ for burn lengths of 300-500 s
inductively driven current
→ **Baseline scenario 15 MA / 5.3 T**
 $P_\alpha/P_{\text{aux-heat}} \geq 2$
- **Long pulse operation:**
 $Q \sim 5$ for long pulses up to 1000 s
→ **Hybrid scenario ~ 12.5 MA / 5.3 T**
- **Steady-state operation:**
 $Q \sim 5$ for long pulses up to 3000 s,
with fully non-inductive current drive
→ **Steady-state scenario ~ 10 MA / 5.3 T**
→ $P_\alpha/P_{\text{aux-heat}} \sim 1$

A. Loarte, UID 692HTL

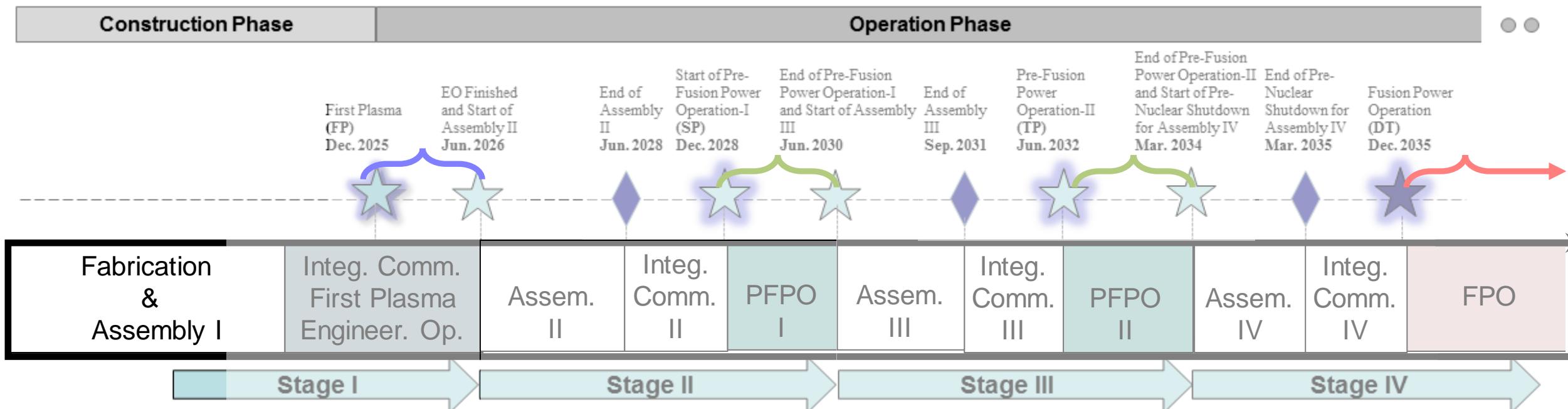


ITER Research Plan (IRP)



R&D Strategy to achieve project's goals with distinct phases :

- **Integrated Commissioning, First Plasma, Engineering Operation**
- **Pre-Fusion Plasma Operation phases (H/He)**
- **Fusion Power Operation (D and DT) → Achievement of high Q goals**



A. Loarte, UID 6GZLEU

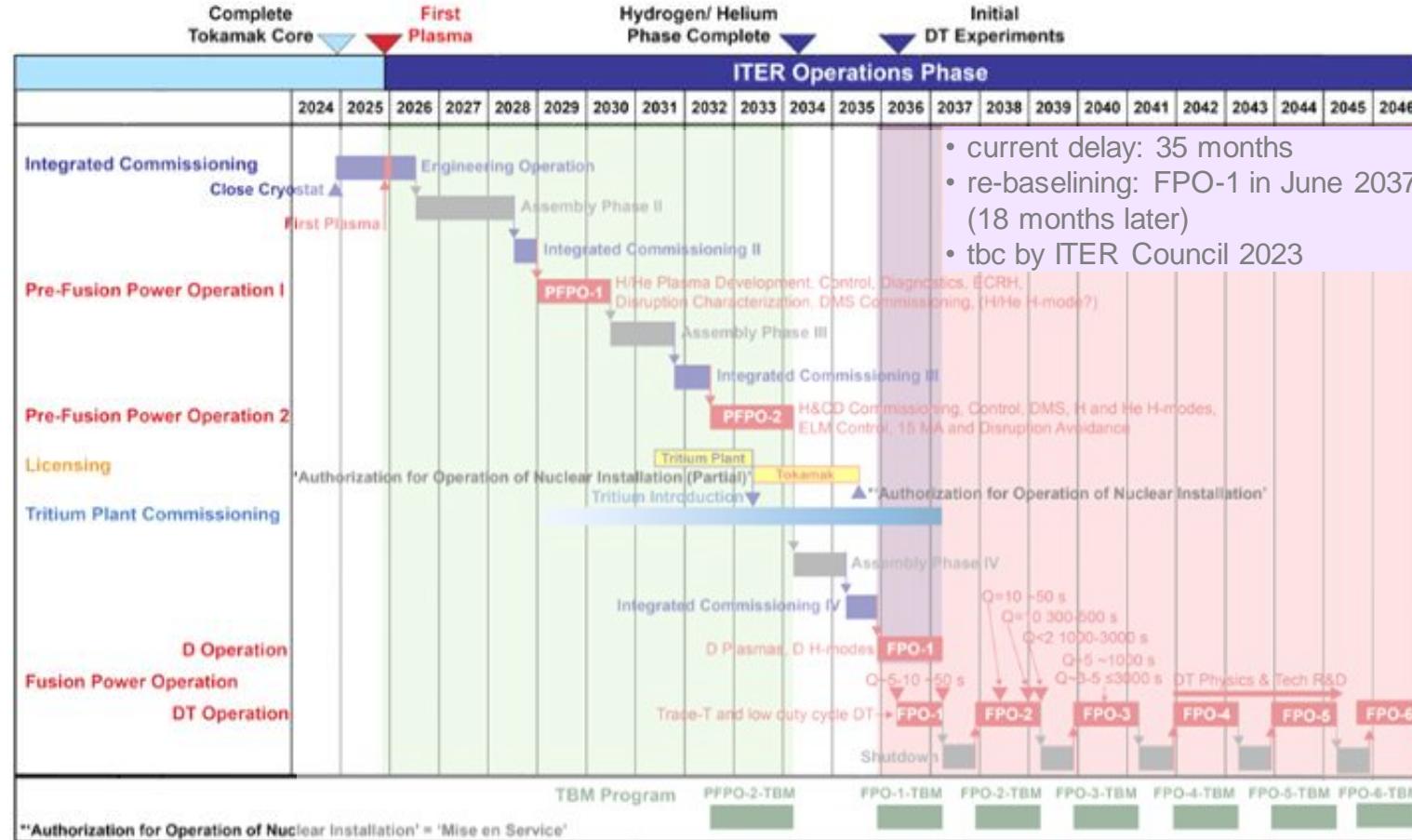
ITER Research Plan (IRP)



IRP describes the strategy for R&D to achieve project goals starting from First Plasma :

$Q = 10$ (300-500 s), $Q = 5$ (1000 s) & $Q = 5$ (steady-state)

Proposed R&D is supported by available systems in each phase



<https://www.iter.org/technical-reports>

A. Loarte, UID 692HTL

Staged approach and H&CD systems



	1 st Plasma	PFPO-1	PFPO-2	FPO	HCD Upgrade
EC	5.8MW, 170GHz, UL	20MW + 10MW ¹			20MW + 20MW ²
IC			20MW		20MW + 20MW ²
NB			33MW, H-beam	33MW, D-beam	33MW + 16.5MW ² , D-beam
Key Kinetic Scenarios	First plasma	5MA/1.8T H-mode	7.5MA/2.65T H-mode, 15MA/5.3T L-mode	15MA/5.3T DT H-mode ("ITER baseline")	Hybrid and Steady-State

¹ To be confirmed

² HCD upgrade options

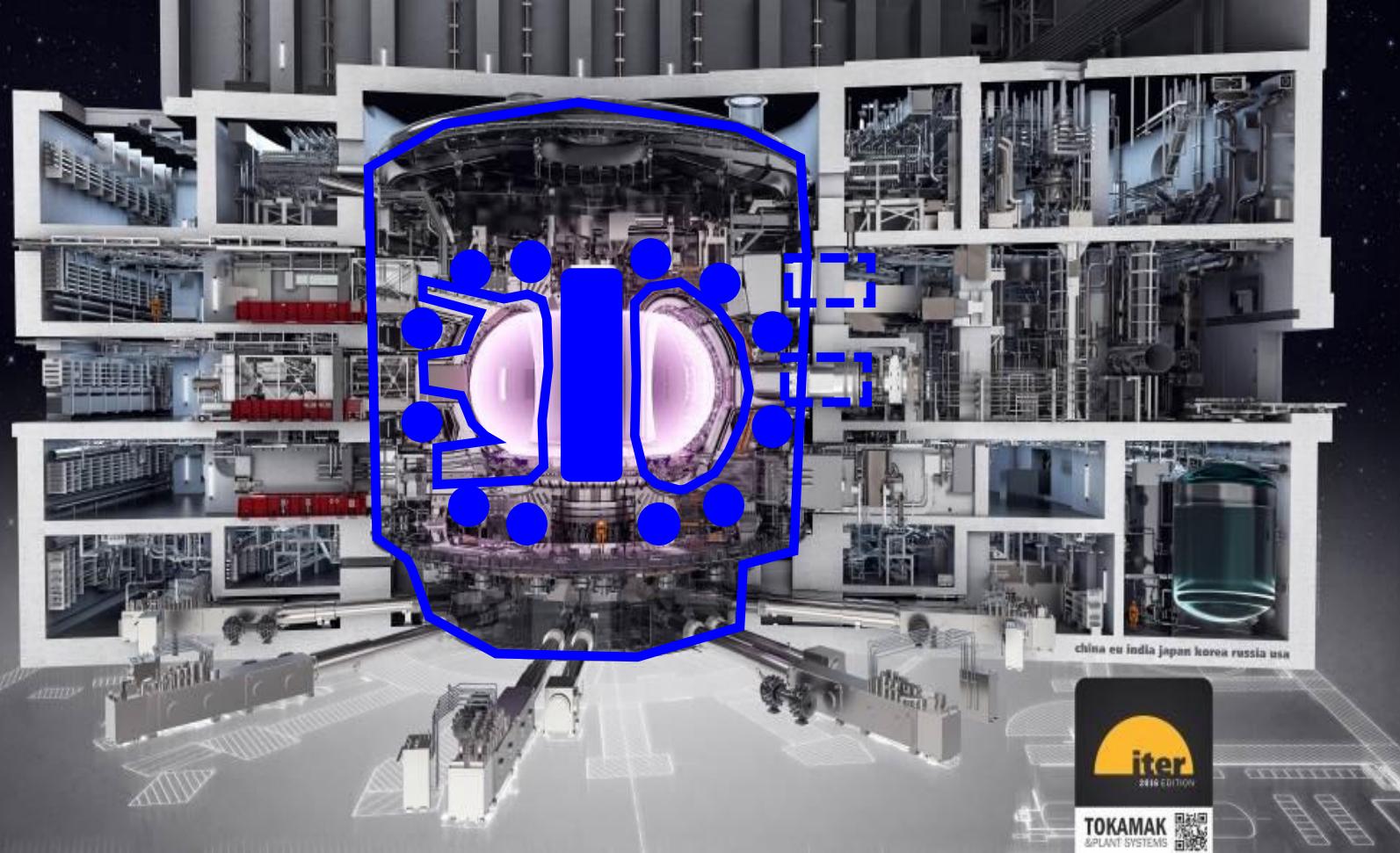


Integrated Commissioning

- **Commissioning of combined use of:**
 - Plant systems (central control systems, power supplies, cooling/baking, vacuum, cryogenics etc.)
 - Magnet systems to level required for FP (nominally 50% maximum current)
 - ECRH, diagnostics, fuelling, GDC, PCS systems
- **Magnetic diagnostic calibration**
- **Repeated before every operation phase**
 - Newly available plant systems
 - Novel functionalities
 - Integration with other (existing) components

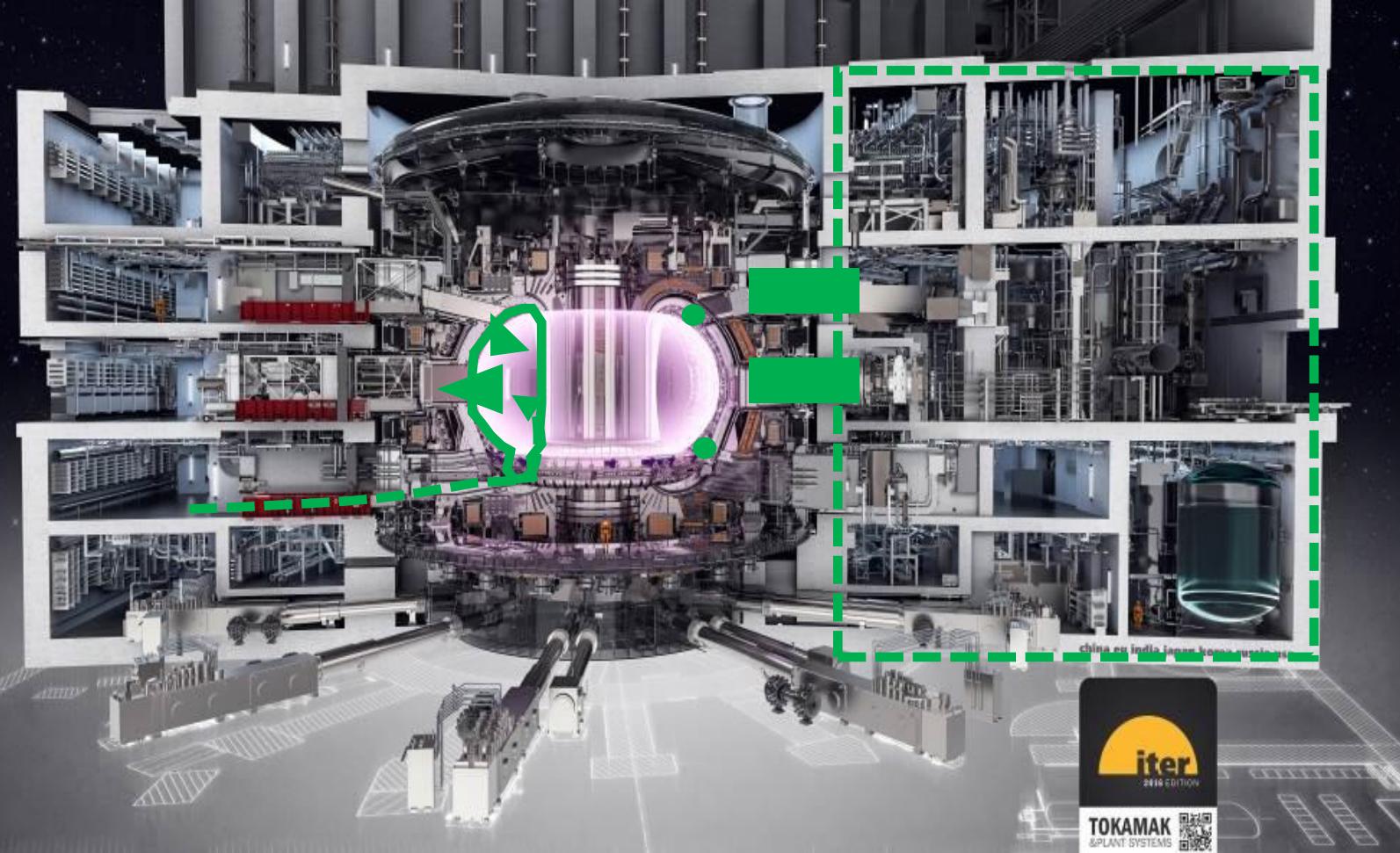
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First Plasma (FP) and Engineering Operation (EO)



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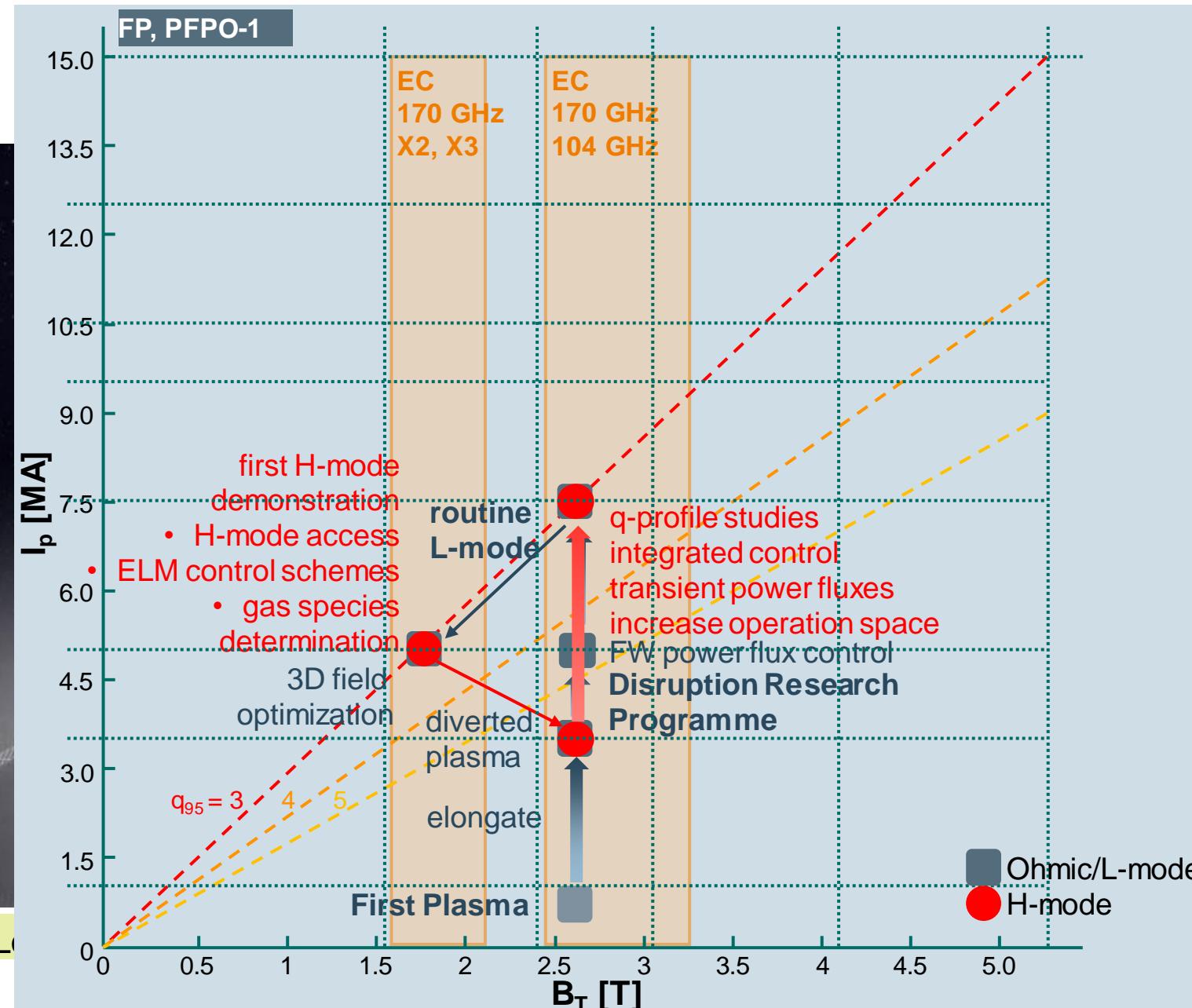
Pre-Fusion Plasma Operation-1 (PFPO-1)



- **Plasma Facing Components**
- **Vertical Stability control coils**
- **Pellet fueling system (partial)**
- **ECH full system (20 MW)**
- **Disruption Mitigation System**
- **Improved diagnostic system fueling, etc.**

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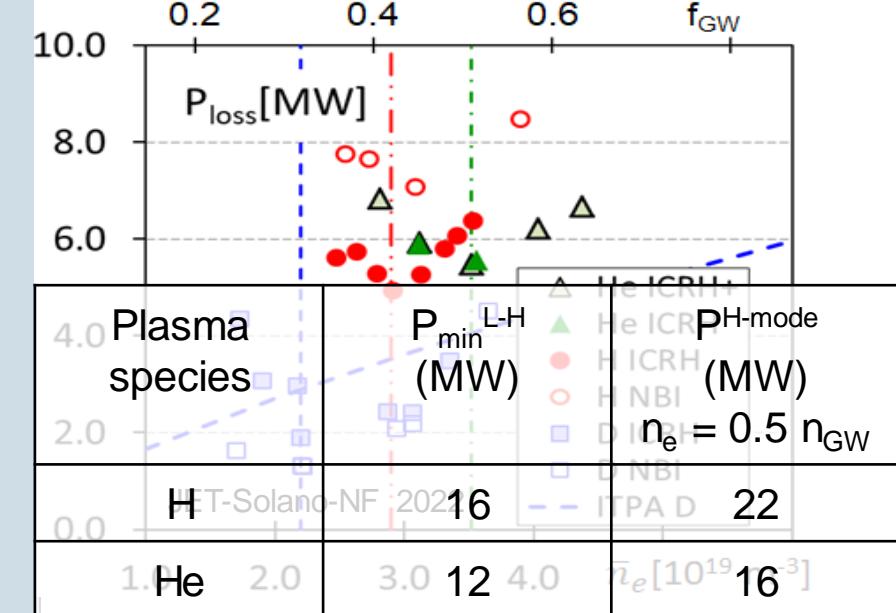
Pre-Fusion Plasma Operation-1 (PFPO-1)



R&D for H-mode access in PFPO-1

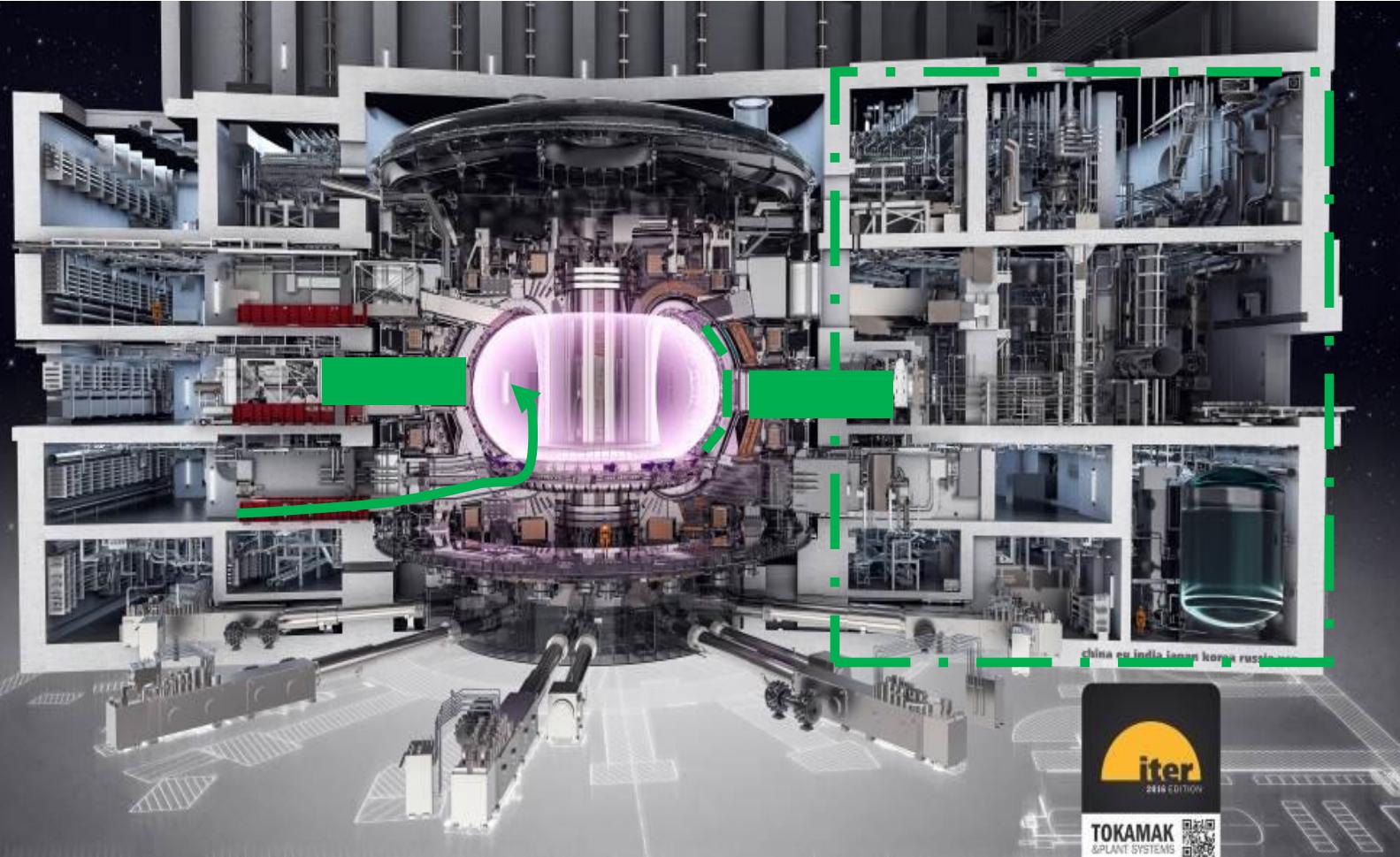
5 MA/1.8T H-mode

$(0.36 \leq \langle n_e \rangle / n_{GW} \leq 0.5)$



- 20 MW for He plasmas and 30 MW for H plasmas
→ Is this the correct physics picture ?
- Baseline Staged Approach
→ 20 MW ECH
(10 MW ECH (170 GHz) upgrade ?)

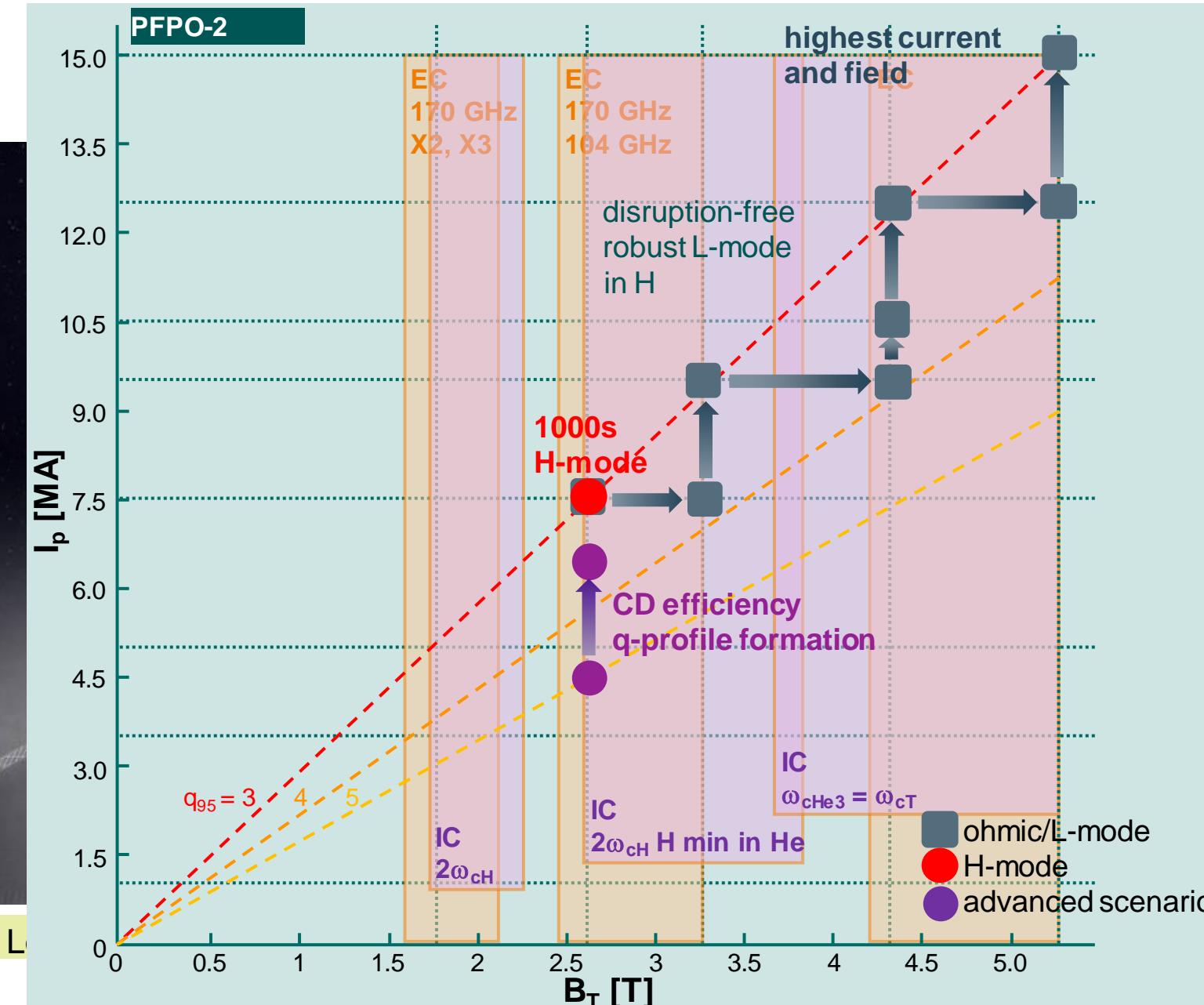
Pre-Fusion Plasma Operation-2 (PFPO-2)



- **ELM control coils**
- **ICH (20 MW)** (ECH: 20 MW)
- **NBI (33 MW)**
- **Pellet fueling system (full)**
- **Almost complete set of diagnostics**
- **Test Blanket Modules (Electromagnetic)**

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Pre-Fusion Plasma Operation-2 (PFPO-2)

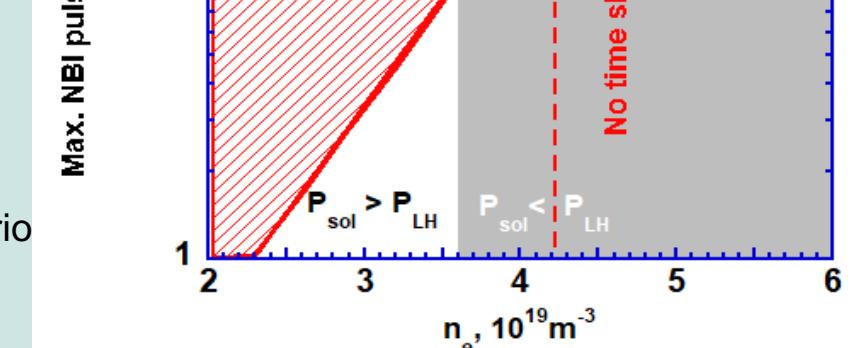


7.5 MA/2.65T H-mode scenarios in PFPO-2 (H, He, H + 10%He)

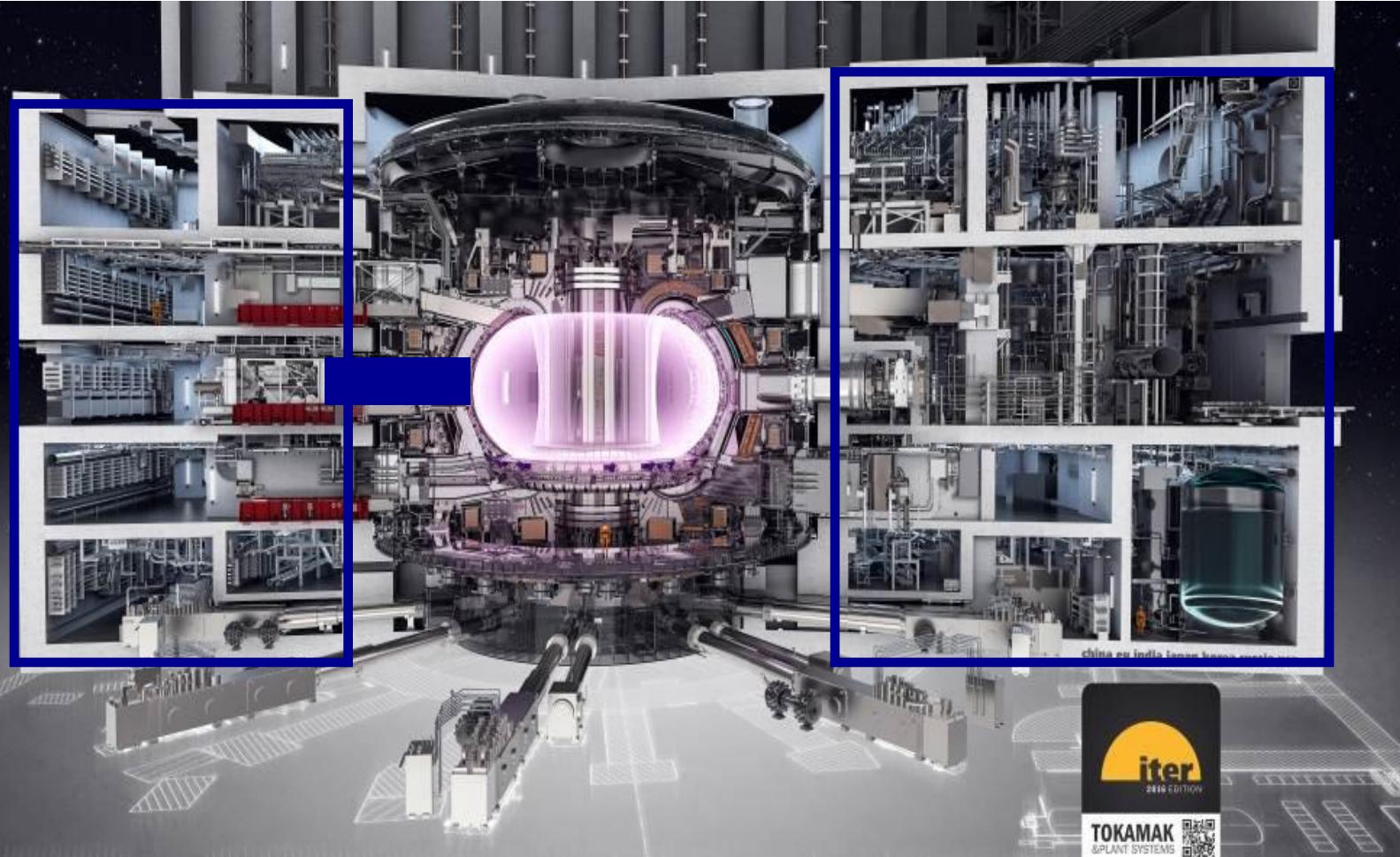
- H H-modes ($33 \text{ MW NBI} + 20 \text{ MW ECH}$) : $P_{aux}/P_{LH} \sim 1$
→ very restricted operation : poor ICH SPA scheme & large NBI shine-through
- He H-modes are robust : $P_{aux}/P_{LH} \leq 2.5$
→ uncertainties regarding extrapolation to DT (fueling, PWI, pedestal, ELM control, ...)

$B/I_p = 2.65/7.5 \text{ T/MA in hydrogen}$
with 2% Be + 0.5% Ne, $P_{aux} = 53 \text{ MW}$

Plasma species	P_{min}^L (MW)	P_{H-mode} (MW)
H	32	41
He	22	29



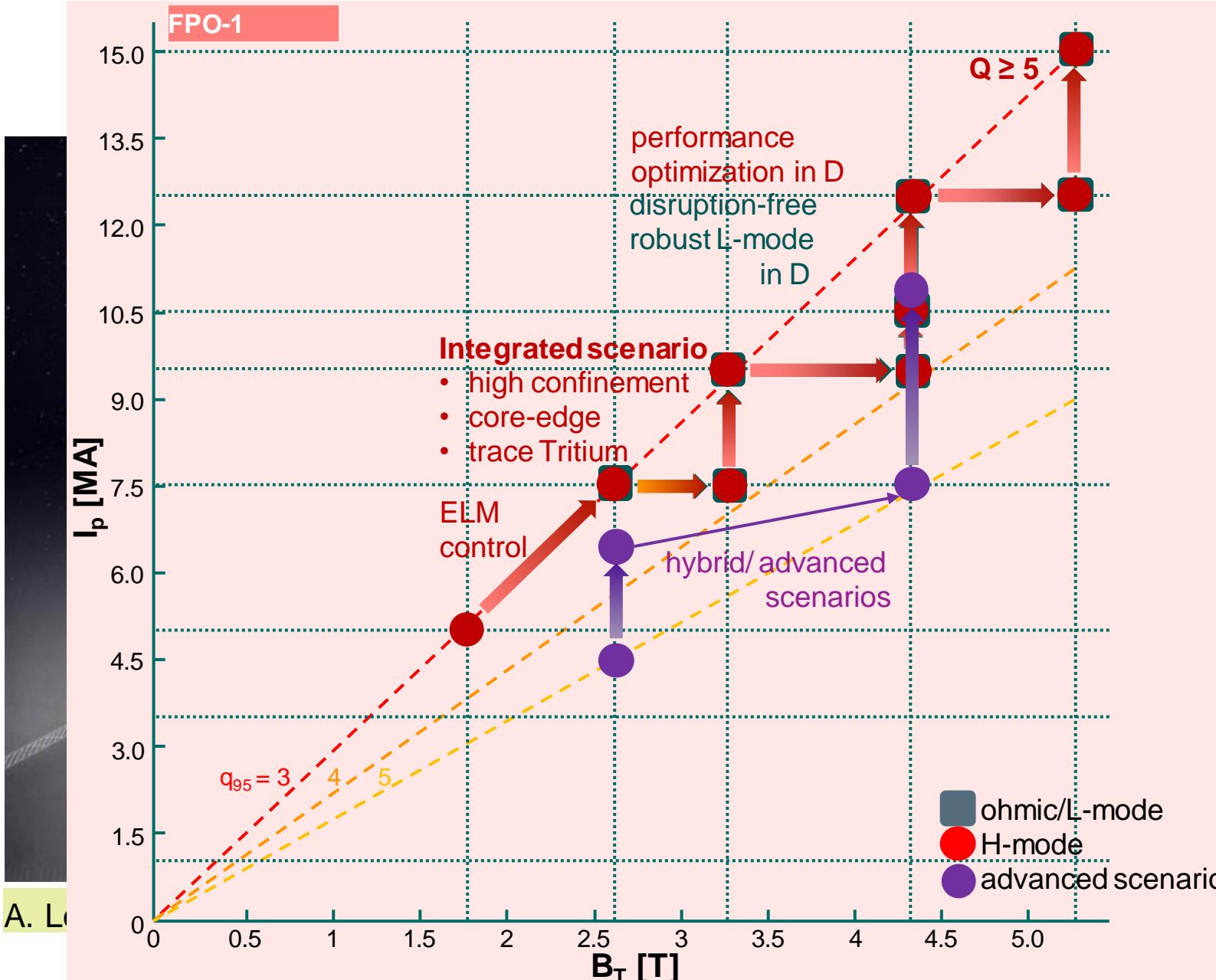
Fusion Plasma Operation



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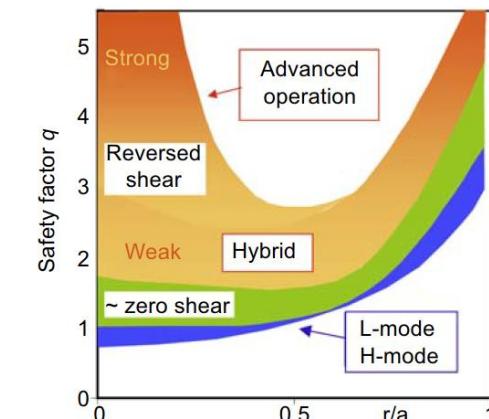
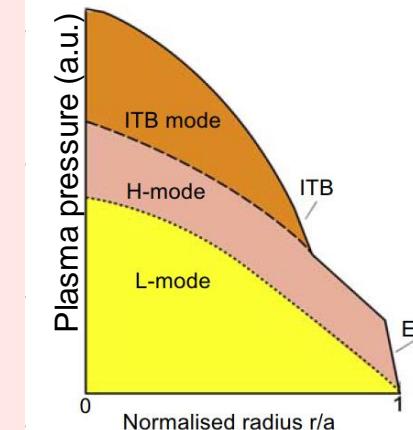


Fusion Plasma Operation



Advanced Scenarios

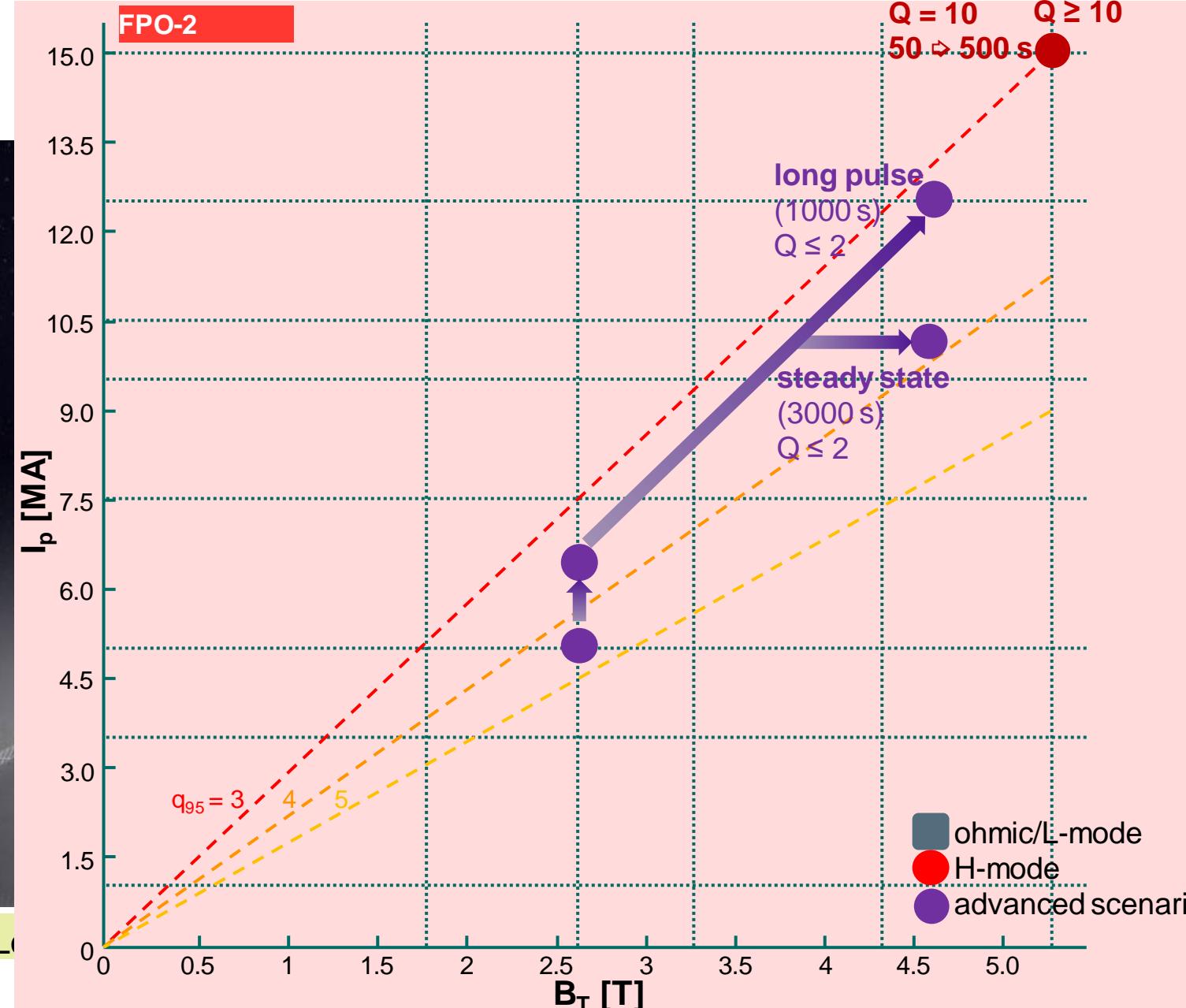
Tokamak scenarios are characterized by a combination of pressure and current profile



- Accessing and maintaining scenarios can be challenging due to the nonlinear plasma physics
- Control strategies have to be developed to robustly operate the desired scenario

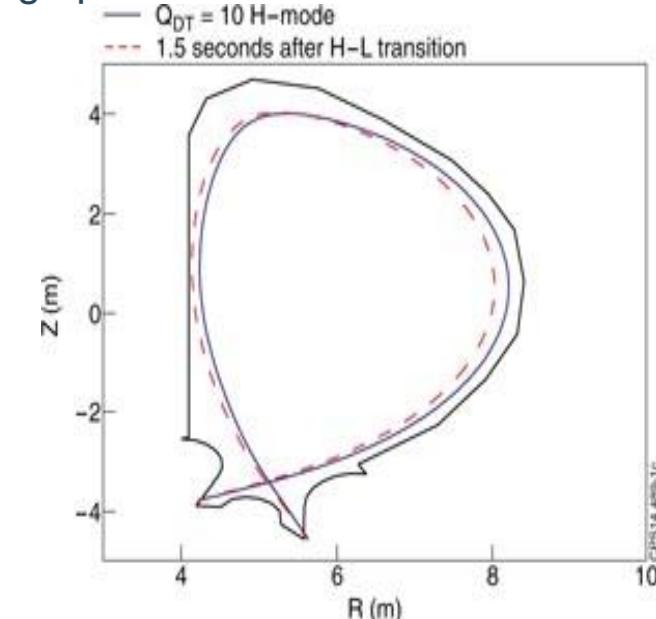


Fusion Plasma Operation



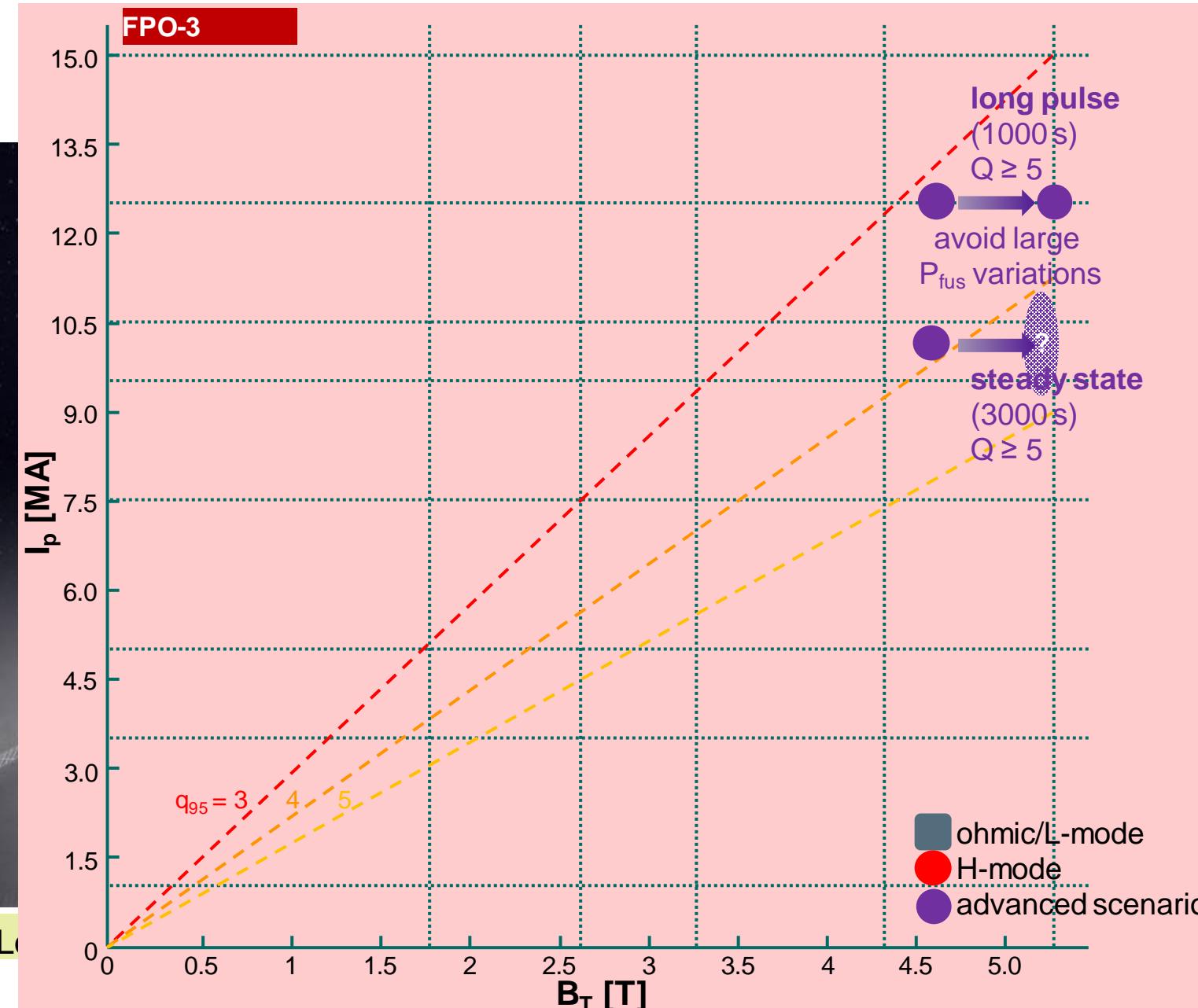
Exit from high Q conditions

- Main issue: avoid fast H-L transitions
→ radial plasma movement difficult to control and large power fluxes to divertor

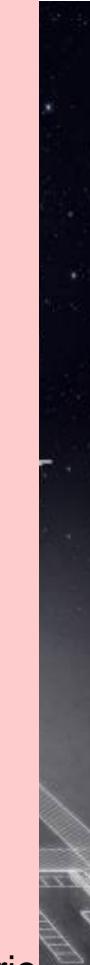


- Adjust P_{aux} , fueling and Ne seeding
 - to lengthen W_{plasma} decrease phase and
 - avoid too high q_{div} or too deep detachment
- W accumulation can take place in exit due to density/temperature profile evolution if pellet fuelling is quickly switched-off
 P_{rad} remains moderate due to high T_{core}

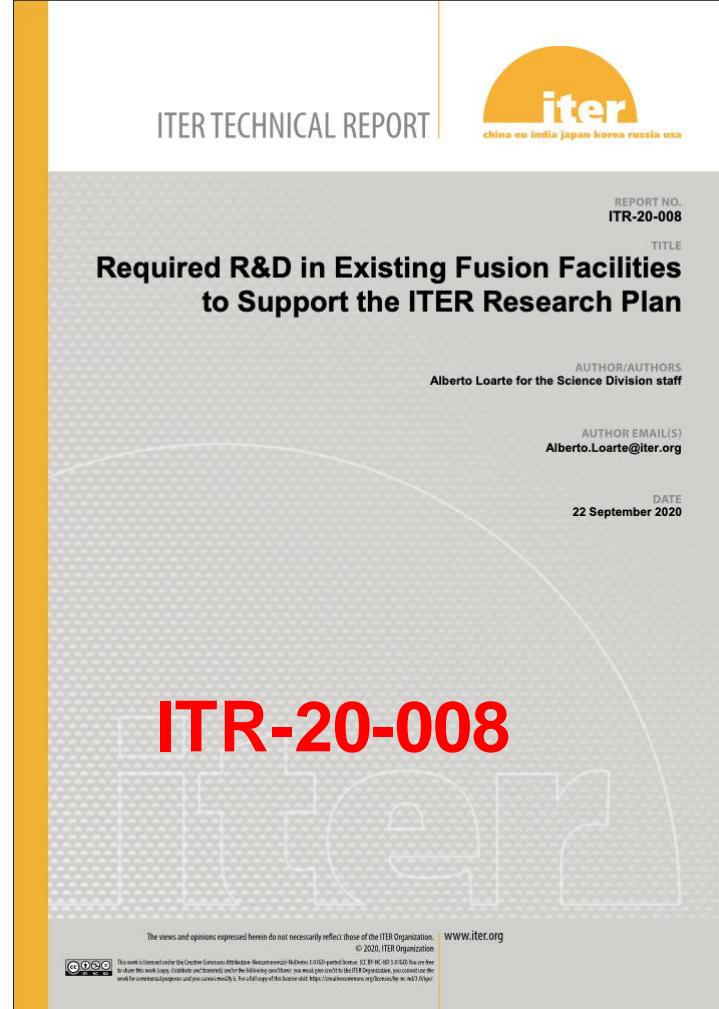
Fusion Plasma Operation-3 (FPO-3)



- Complete set of diagnostics (fusion products : $\alpha + 14 \text{ MeV n}$)
- Test Blanket Modules (Nuclear)
- Tritium Plant



Accompanying R&D Programme



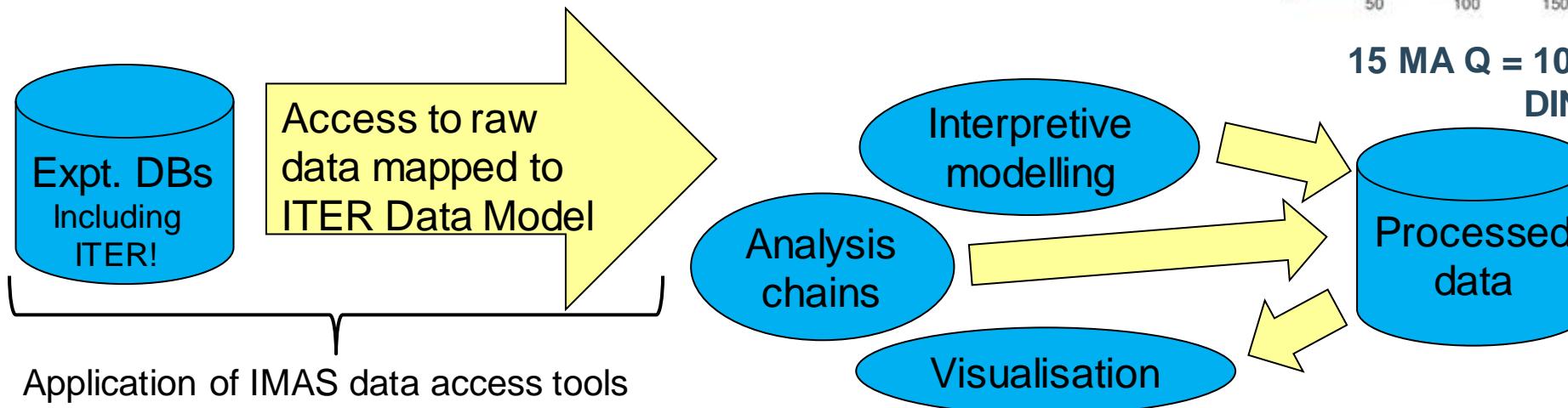
- B1: Disruption characterization, prediction and avoidance
- B2: Stationary H-mode plasmas, ELMs, ELM control and impact on H-mode and power fluxes
- B3: Characterization and control of stationary power fluxes
- B4: Plasma-material/component interactions and consequences for ITER operation
- B5: Start-up, Ohmic, L-mode scenario development
- B6: Conditioning, fuel inventory control
- B7: Basic scenario control and commissioning of control systems
- B8: Transient phases of scenarios and control
- B9: Complex scenario control during stationary phases
- B10: Validation of scenario modelling and analysis tools
- B11: Heating and Current Drive and fast particle physics
- B12: Specific issues for long pulse/enhanced confinement scenarios



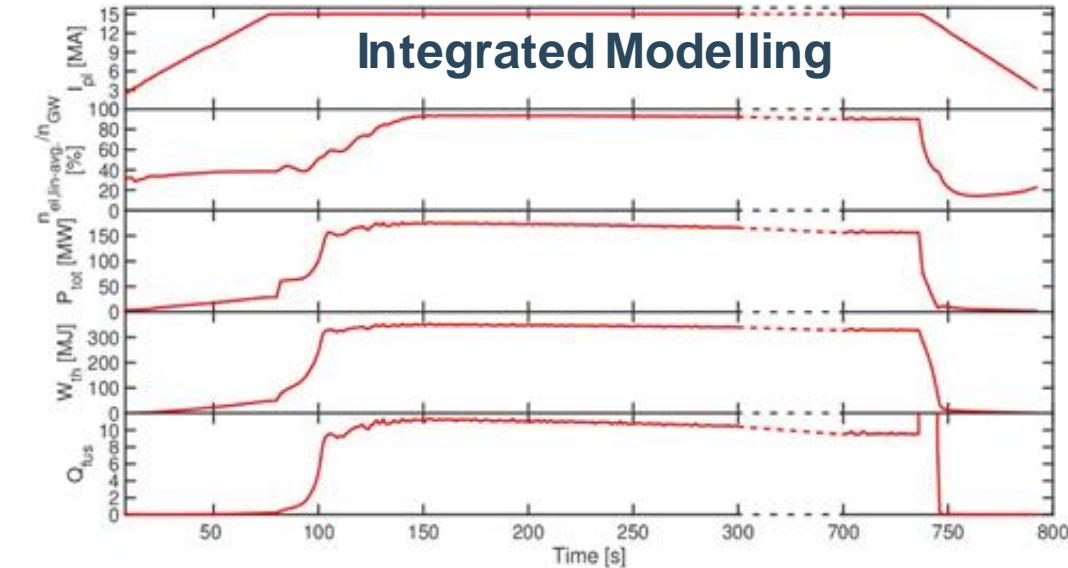
Integrated Modelling and Analysis Suite (IMAS) created to support ITER exploitation:

- Integrated scenario simulations
- Experimental analysis workflows

IMAS database of ITER simulations representing
all phases of IRP (> 120 cases)



Adopting IMAS → development and validation of ITER modelling/analysis tools



15 MA Q = 10 DT ITER baseline scenario with
DINA-JINTRAC workflow

S. Pinches

List of ITER PFPO phase scenarios



Also METIS,
ASTRA, etc.

Pulse	Run	Database	Reference	DINA		Ip[MA]	B0[T]	Fuelling	Confinement	Workflow				
105001	4	ITER	15MA H-DINA2017-01			-14.97	-5.3	H	Ohmic	DINA				
105002	4	ITER	15MA H-DINA2018-04			-14.97	-5.3	H	Ohmic	DINA				
105003	4	ITER	10MA H-DINA2018-03			-10.08	-5.3	H	Ohmic	DINA				
105004	4	ITER	7.5MA H-DINA2016-01			-7.52	-2.65	H	L-mode	DINA				
105005	4	ITER	7.5MA H-DINA2016-02			-7.52	-2.65	H	L-mode	DINA				
105006	5													
105007	10	Pulse	Run	Database	Reference	JINTRAC		Ip[MA]	B0[T]	Fuelling	Confinement	Workflow		
105008	6													
105009	6	104001	1	ITER	Elina IAEA-FEC 2016 TH/P2-23 Figure1	15MA 5.16T pe	-15.0	-5.16	H	L-mode	JINTRAC mkimas			
105010	6	104001	2	ITER	Elina IAEA-FEC 2016 TH/P2-23 Figure1	15MA 5.30T pe	-15.0	-5.3	H	L-mode	JINTRAC mkimas			
105011	10	104102	12	ITER	Elina IAEA-FEC2021 figure1, Vasilli Hyd.	5MA 1.8T	-5.0	-1.8	H	L-mode	JINTRAC mkimas + spider-inverse			
105012	5	104102	22	ITER	Elina IAEA-FEC2021 figure1, Vasilli Hyd.	5MA 1.8T	-5.0	-1.8	H	L-H	JINTRAC mkimas + spider-inverse			
105013	1	104102	32	ITER	Elina IAEA-FEC2021 figure1, Vasilli Hyd.	5MA 1.8T	-5.0	-1.8	H	L-H	JINTRAC mkimas + spider-inverse			
105014	1	104102	42	ITER	Elina IAEA-FEC2021 figure1, Vasilli Hyd.	5MA 1.8T	-5.0	-1.8	H	H-mode	JINTRAC mkimas + spider-inverse			
105015	1	104103	12	ITER	Elina IAEA-FEC2021 figure4, Luca Hyd. Ne rich	7.5M	-7.5	-2.58	H	L-mode	JINTRAC mkimas + spider-inverse			
105016	1	104103	22	ITER	Elina IAEA-FEC2021 figure4, Luca Hyd. Ne rich	7.5M	-7.5	-2.58	H	L-H transition	JINTRAC mkimas + spider-inverse			
105017	1	104103	32	ITER	Elina IAEA-FEC2021 figure4, Luca Hyd. Ne rich	7.5M	-7.5	-2.58	H	L-H transition	JINTRAC mkimas + spider-inverse			
105018	1	104103	42	ITER	Elina									
105019	1	104104	12	ITER	Elina									
Pulse	Run	Database	Reference	CORSICA		Ip[MA]	B0[T]	Fuelling	Confinement	Workflow				
105020	1	104104	22	ITER	Elina	100501	3	ITER	Nonactive-H, 7.5MA 2.65T L-H-L, 46.8MW Paux	-7.5	-2.65	H	L-H-L	CORSICA
105021	1	104104	32	ITER	Elina	100502	3	ITER	Nonactive-H, 7.5MA 2.65T L-H dithering, 39.2MW Pau	-7.5	-2.65	H	L-H dithering	CORSICA
105022	1	104105	12	ITER	Elina	100503	3	ITER	Nonactive-H, 7.5MA 2.65T L-mode, 46.8MW Paux	-7.5	-2.65	H	L	CORSICA
105023	1	114102	12	ITER	Elina	100504	3	ITER	Nonactive-H, 9.6MA 3.25T L-mode, 42.8MW Paux	-9.6	-3.25	H	L	CORSICA
105024	1	114102	22	ITER	Elina	100505	3	ITER	Nonactive-H, 12.7MA 4.70T L-mode, 46.8MW Paux	-12.7	-4.7	H	L	CORSICA
105025	1	114102	32	ITER	Elina	100506	3	ITER	Nonactive-H, 15MA 5.3T L-mode, 46.8MW Paux	-15.0	-5.3	H	L	CORSICA
105026	1	114103	12	ITER	Elina	100507	3	ITER	Nonactive-H, 5MA 1.8T L-H-L, 30MW Paux	-5.0	-1.77	H	L-H-L	CORSICA
114100	51	114103	22	ITER	Elina	110501	3	ITER	Nonactive-He, 7.5MA 2.65T L-H-L, 43.0MW Paux	-7.5	-2.65	He4	L-H-L	CORSICA
114101	41	114103	32	ITER	Elina	110502	3	ITER	Nonactive-He, 9.6MA 3.25T L-H-L, 49.2MW Paux	-9.6	-3.25	He4	L-H-L	CORSICA
115001	4	114103	42	ITER	Elina	110503	3	ITER	Nonactive-He, 11.3MA 4.00T L-H dithering, 56.8MW P	-11.3	-4.0	He4	L-H dithering	CORSICA
115002	4					110504	3	ITER	Nonactive-He, 12.7MA 4.70T L-H dithering, 53.0MW P	-12.7	-4.7	He4	L-H dithering	CORSICA
						110505	3	ITER	Nonactive-He, 12.7MA 4.70T L-H dithering, 63.0MW P	-12.7	-4.7	He4	L-H dithering	CORSICA
						110506	3	ITER	Nonactive-He, 15MA 5.3T L-mode, 53.0MW Paux	-15.0	-5.3	He4	L	CORSICA
						110507	3	ITER	Nonactive-He, 15MA 5.3T L-H dithering, 63.0MW Paux	-15.0	-5.3	He4	L-H dithering	CORSICA
						110508	3	ITER	Nonactive-He, 7.5MA 2.65T L-mode, 28.3MW Paux	-7.5	-2.65	He4	L	CORSICA
						110509	3	ITER	Nonactive-He, 7.5MA 2.65T L-H-L, 43.0MW Paux	-7.5	-2.65	He4	L-H-L	CORSICA

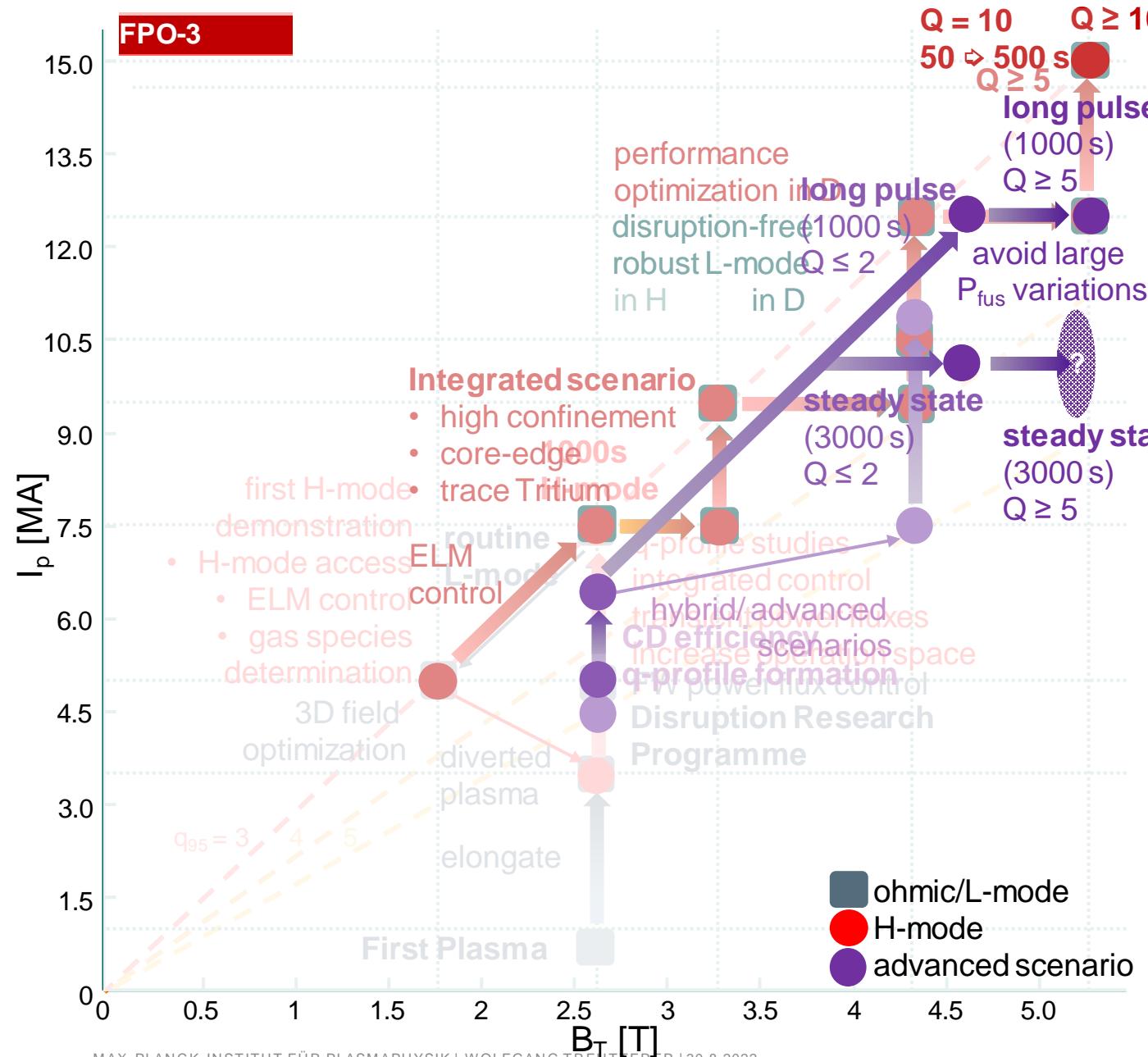
Kim, IIS2022

Staged Scenario and Control Development



	1st Plasma	PFPO-1	PFPO-2	FPO-1	FPO-2	FPO-3
Disruption mitigation	preliminary limiters,	th./mech load, Disr. res. prg., baseline DMS	DMS optim. for high current and field (H/He)	DMS optim. (D) for burning plasma and H&CD scenarios	operation near stability boundaries	
Disruption avoidance	RE detection and avoidance	vertical stab., disruption-free scenarios	disr.-free op. at high currents and fields	burning H-mode, MHD control in advanced scenarios	robust integrated long-pulse $Q \geq 10$ scenario	
Power flux		power flux char., FW head load prot	power flux control in L-mode	power flux control in H-mode, ELM control	power flux control in $Q= 10$ plasma	robust power flux control in long-pulse scenarios
MHD stability			self-similar scenarios, fast particle effects	NTM and core MHD control, MHD in advanced scenarios	MHD stability on long timescales	MHD effect minimization on P_{fus}
Current profile			current drive efficiency, q-profile formation	advanced/hybrid scenario studies	long pulse/ steady state scenarios $Q \leq 2$	long pulse/ steady state scenarios $Q \geq 5$
Burning plasma				burn condition access/exit	burn control	stable, long-pulse P_{fus} generation

Conclusion



Staged, iterative approach driven by

- Component availability/upgrade**
(heating, diagnostic, control system, TBM, license)
- Risk mitigation**
 - Re-evaluation and adaptation of existing systems and models
 - Stored energy ~ protection system maturity
 - Alternative paths
- Ongoing research**
 - Advancement of scenarios, monitoring and control
 - Including stationary and transient phases
 - Accompanying R&D programme

The End



Thank you for your interest!

7.5 MA/2.65T H-mode scenarios in PFPO-2 (H, He, H + 10%He)



- H H-modes (33 MW NBI + 20 MW ECH) : $P_{aux}/P_{LH} \sim 1$
→ very restricted operation : poor ICH SPA scheme & large NB
- He H-modes are robust : $P_{aux}/P_{LH} \leq 2.5$
→ uncertainties regarding extrapolation to DT
(fueling, PWI, pedestal, ELM control, ...)

$$I_p = 7.5 \text{ MA}, B_t = 2.65 \text{ T}$$

7.5 MA/2.65T H-mode scenarios in PFPO-2 (H, He, H + 10%He)

- H H-modes (33 MW NBI + 20 MW ECH) :
 $P_{aux}/P_{LH} \sim 1$
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→ uncertainties regarding extrapolation to DT
(fueling, PWI, pedestal, ELM control, ...)

$B/I_p = 2.65/7.5 \text{ T/MA}$ in hydrogen
with 2% Be + 0.5% Ne, $P_{aux} = 53 \text{ MW}$

Plasma species	$P_{min}^{L-H} (\text{MW})$	$P^{H\text{-mode}} (\text{MW})$ $n_e = 0.5 n_{GW}$
H	32	41
He	22	29

