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## **Research Progresses and Challenges for CFETR Fusion Reactor**

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## **1. CFETR overview**

- 2. Progresses and challenges
- **3. Technology supports**
- 4. Summary and outlook





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## **China Fusion Roadmap**



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# **CFETR** missions





**Steady-state operation for fusion energy** 



Breeding tritium for T self-sustained



P = 200-1500MW
 Q = 1-10, SSO
 Q = 20-30, hours
 High energetic α heating

5. Hybrid OH+BS+CD

- 6. SSO Ext H&CD + Higher fb
- 7. PSI on the first wall
- 8. Heat & particle exhaust on Div.

9. T-breeding by blanket
10. T-plant: extract & reprocessing
11. Materials & components
12. Reliable and quick RH
13. Licensing & safety



## **CFETR main Parameters**



m



- P<sub>fusion</sub> : 200-1000MW
- TBR > 1
- **Duty time \geq 0.5**



# **CFETR operation Parameters**

Parameters	ITER	EU DEMO (2hours)	JA DEMO (SSO)	CFETR (SSO)	K-DEMO (SSO)	EU-DEMO Op 2 (SSO)
R/a	6.1/2	9.0/2.9	8.5/2.42	7.2/2.2	6.8/2.1	7.5/2.5
Aspect ratio	3.1	3.1	3.5	3.3	3.2	2.7
B <sub>T0</sub>	5.3	5.9	5.9	6.5	7.4	5.6
lp	15	18,	12.3,	<b>12-14</b>	12,	22,
q	3.0	3.9	4.1	5	7.5	3
Elongation,	1.75	1.65	1.65	2	2.0	1.8
triangularity	0.45	0.33	0.33	0.5	0.625	0.5
Fusion P.(GW)	0.5	2.0	1.5	0.1-2.0	1-2.0	3.0
Heating P.(MW)	73	50	83.4	80	150	150
G. output (GW)	0	0.5	0.25	0-0.8	0.4-0.7	0.9



# **CFETR building and radiation**





## **Radiation zoon definition of the**

#### **CFETR main building complex**

w	Working places		Radiation dose	Present/Access	
Ν	lon-radiati	on	/	/	
	Monitor	Blue	≤ 2.5 µSv/h	<2000h in one year	
Radiation		Green	≤ 10 µSv/h	Regular access, <2000h in one year	
	control	Yellow	≤ 1 mSv/h	Access control	
	control	Orange	≤ 10 mSv/h	Access limited	
		Red	≥ 10 mSv/h	Access prohibited	



# **CFETR design team**

## Physical design(2013-2016) Engineering design (2017-2021)









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- >800 persons in >30 Inst.&Univ.
- 87 task forces
- Important review meeting >20
- Fusion plus fission researcher

## **CFETR Data Management**

## > Engineering data:

• 3D part/components, physical interface

## Management data

• Project management, Document management,

**Design Collaboration** 

- Account Data
  - Account, Password, Access right for each account
- Networking and Security
  - Assure the security of data transfer and Design

Collaboration

Design collaboration system based on data



#### management and networking







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# **CFETR design progresses**

## Physical design(2013-2016) Engineering design (2017-2021)

- ✓ Defined physical and engineering parameters and requirements
- ✓ Established design rules and standards, interfaces for most systems
- ✓ Built integration design, communication and data exchange platforms
- ✓ Completed design of main machine and most sub-systems
- ✓ Made RAMI (Reliability, Availability, Maintainability, Inspectability) analysis
- ✓ Proposed neutron radiation related material develop map
- ✓ Analyzed neutron radiation distribution, building design and construction
- ✓ Made strategy for assembly, remote handling, decommission, waste disposal
- ✓ Analyzed fusion nuclear laws, rules and safety for license application



# **CFETR Integration**



#### **Completed designs**

- ✓ General integration rules, CAD design manuals and standard
- ✓ VPM import, layout, interface for all 3D models
- $\checkmark\,$  Overall assembly process and tooling design
- $\checkmark\,$  Assembly benchmark net and measurement

## **Challenges:**

- High precision, low tolerance
- Lots interfaces with components,

sub-systems



# **CFETR superconducting coils**

16 TF coils, 8 CS coils: 7 PF coils

High Tc Nb3Sn, NbTi/ Nb3Sn



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	ITER TF	EU-DEMO <sup>[2015]</sup>	CFETR TF	CFETR TF (Option 1)	CFETR TF (Option 2-2)
No. of Coil	18	18	16	16	16
Operation current	68 kA	81.7 kA	87.6 kA	96.8 kA	95.6 kA
Inductance	17.34 H	32.68 H	34.93 H	25.8H	26.742H
Total storage energy	40.1 GJ	109.08 GJ	134.02 GJ	135.3GJ	136.37GJ
storage energy(single coil)	2.227 GJ	6.06 GJ	8.376 GJ	8.45 GJ	8.52GJ
Discharge time constant	11 s	23s	20 s		17 s
Quench protection resistance	-	-	109.1mΩ		98mΩ
Maximum voltage	5954 V	6450 V	9562 V		9.37 kV

High magnetic field, high current and voltage, high storage energy, coils joint and isolation, quench

detection and protection, radiation heat load, etc.



# **CFETR vessel, cryostat, Shield**







> manufacture for robust vacuum or pressure large chamber

## **Challenges:**

- > lots interfaces, Iteration with physical and engineering requirements
- > Different load and complex stresses (EM, Heat, Thermal, Radiation)
- > High requirement for engineering Feasibility, compatibility, stability



## **CFETR Divertor**



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72 divertor modules, each one ~11 tons Phase1: 10MW/m<sup>2</sup> (SSO), 20MW/m<sup>2</sup> (Transient) Phase2: 20MW/m<sup>2</sup> (SSO), 40MW/m<sup>2</sup> (Transient)

- Target and structure material directly under neutron radiation, heat flux and EM force
- Structure and Targets shaping optimization under thermal hydraulic load & EM load
- Compatibility with plasma performance, fuel cycle, particles exhaust, remote handling

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# **CFETR** auxiliary heating



2 NBI with D0; Beam energy 1 MeV; Beam power: 40 MW; Duration: 4 h



Performance of 230GHz ECCD (Za = 0 m) (a) ECCD (kA/MW); (b) Peak location of J<sub>CD</sub>; (c) 2<sup>nd</sup> Harmonic absorp. ratio (%)

#### ECRH 170GHz / 30MW



4.6GHz 500kW/CW Klystron model and structure

#### **LHCD 4.6GHz, 20MW**



**ICRF 40-80MHz, 12MW;** Three options: antenna, port



- Total effective >80MW, Long operation, stability
- Compatibility with Neutron screening blanket and material
- Antenna with good coupling and heating, remote replace
- High quality wave components, High voltage power supply (1MV)

# **CFETR particle exhaust and fueling**



- Deuterium and Tritium recycling
   D-T fueling/pumping ~290 Pa·m3/s
  - > 10 cryopumps (68m<sup>3</sup>/s ), shift running
  - Pellet injection, SMBI, gas puffing

DT steady-state operation



- Compatible with T (pump, valve, instrument, etc)
- Neutron radiation and remote handling
- Remote leak detecting, positioning and repairment



# **CFETR proposed Blankets**









#### helium-cooled blanket

- ➤ TBR ≥1.1 for fuel cycle, and its balance with power generation
- Neutron energy deposition and wall load @Fusion power = 1GW, 2GW
- > Non-united Structure influenced by configuration, diagnostics, heating, etc.
- First wall and structure material under neutron radiation, heat flux and EM force
- Tubes forest with various requirement and their joint in a limited place
- Compatibility with remote handling



# **CFETR Tritium cycling systems (T-plant )**



Simple block diagram of CFETR tritium plant > ~2kg tritium for startup, 4500s of time span for cycling

- Inner cycling: ~357g T/shot, 2m<sup>3</sup>(D<sub>2</sub>,T<sub>2</sub>)/h for TEP and SDS, >4m<sub>3</sub>/h for ISS
- Outer cycling: tritium extraction every two weeks to get more than
   200g of pure tritium from the breeders.
- Tritium confinement: 3g/a of environmental tritium release at current stage, to be minimized as 0.6 g/a for the future
- Tritium recovery, isotopic separation from plasma exhaust gases and re-fueling to torus.
- > Tritium extraction and measurement from in the full breeding blanket.
- Tritium confinement and effluent detritiation



# **CFETR remote handling**









- > Strategy with high efficiency, high reliability
  - Replace blanket and divertor module
  - Maintenance in vessel: cut/joint, detect,

installation/dismantle, positioning, etc.

- Multi-system synergism remote control
- Methods and standard in fusion reactor



## **CFETR Nuclear Safety Research**



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Studies on Laws, regulations, permissions, license, etc.

- > Accidence analysis
- Radiation protection
- Safety regulations
- Construction permission
- > Operation permission
- Tritium permission
- Decommissioning regulations
- > Waste disposal



# **CFETR material develop map**

	2020	2030s	2040
FW: W, W alloy	3-5dpa	10dpa, CFETR	20dpa, CFETR
Advavced W	1E25-1E28 PSI	CFETR	CFETR
Divertor			
ODS-Cu, Cu alloy	10dpa	50dpa, CFETR	100dpa, CFETR
Structure Material			
Low active FS	5dpa, 1000T	50dpa, CFETR	100dpa, CFETR
ODS-LFS	10dpa, kg	50dpa, CFETR	100dpa, CFETR
<b>Breeding Material</b>			
Li <sub>4</sub> SiO <sub>4</sub>	specification, T level	fix, CFETR	CFETR
Li <sub>2</sub> TiO <sub>3</sub>	specification, T level	Fix, CFETR	CFETR
Neutron multiplier			
Be12Ti	Fission reactor	fix, CFETR	CFETR
Resistance tritium			
layer			
	500C, 1000	500C, 1E4, CFETR	500C, 1E5, CFETR



# **CFETR other Systems**



- Cryogenic System: 4.5K equivalent thermal load of 100kW
- Water cooling: Severing various system, high pressure/temp.,

Nuclear + non-nuclear-related cooling circulation

- Diagnostics: Nuclear environment, integration design, etc.
- Plasma control: P-EFIT/ISOFLUX etc.
- Power supply : magnetic coils, heating system etc.



#### Water Cooling System





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# **Experiences from EAST**





- ✓ Full superconducting coils, flexible configuration(USN, LSN, DN)
- ✓ NBI, LHCD, ICRH, ECRH auxiliary long heating system
- ✓ W/Cu divertor to exhaust 10MW/m<sup>2</sup> heat flux
- Record steady-state operations with stable systems for integrated control of configuration, plasma heating, particle/heat flux
- ✓ More than 80 diagnostics





# **Technologies based on ITER**



- •68% PF conductor
- •100% CC
- →100% current lead
- Glow Discharge Cleaning
- →68% Power supply
- •ELM coil
- →100% Feeder system
- →7% CC Conductor →50% shield blanket







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# Validation and verification for key technology

## **CRAFT** (Comprehensive Research fAcility for Fusion Technology)

- $\checkmark\,$  National big project launched in 2019, and will finish in 2025
- ✓ Magnet Research Platform (Diameter >13m; Max Current 100kA)
  - ——low Temp. Material, Conductor, Magnet, TF Coil, Bi2212 CS Coil, CSMC
- ✓ Divertor Material PWI Research Platform (>1000 s; >1x10<sup>24</sup> m<sup>-2</sup>s<sup>-1</sup>, >3 T)
  - ——PFM, Divertor, 1/8 Vacuum vessel, N-NBI, ECRH, LHCD, ICRF, RH
- ✓ Auxiliary system: Central control, Power distribution, Cooling, Cryogenic, Power supply





## **International and Domestic Collaborations**

Fusion + Fission field Inst. + University





# **Summary and Outlook**

- 1. CFETR physical and engineering design almost finished with 45% machinable drawing.
- 2. Challenges need to be overcome for construction, specially on nuclear related license application, materials under neutron radiation, key technology developments.
- 3. Technologies of EAST, ITER and other fusion/fission devices would be scaled for most CFETR systems. Key technologies for CFETR are under R&D in the CRAFT project.
- 4. Collaborations strengthened in both international and domestic. Fission researches would support CFETR on nuclear data, nuclear safety, T and other nuclear material, construction/operating/dismission for nuclear facility, etc.



# Thank you for attention!