

Preliminary evaluation of ${}^9\text{Be}(\text{a},\text{n}){}^{12}\text{C}$ experimental data at below 4 mev



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COMMISSION

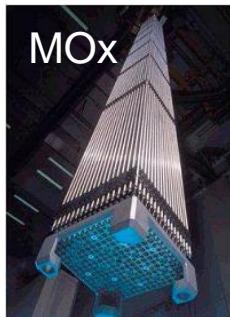
IAEA MEETING INVITATION: IAEA TM ON (ALPHA,N)
NUCLEAR DATA EVALUATION AND DATA NEEDS

NOVEMBER 8-12, 2021 VIRTUAL

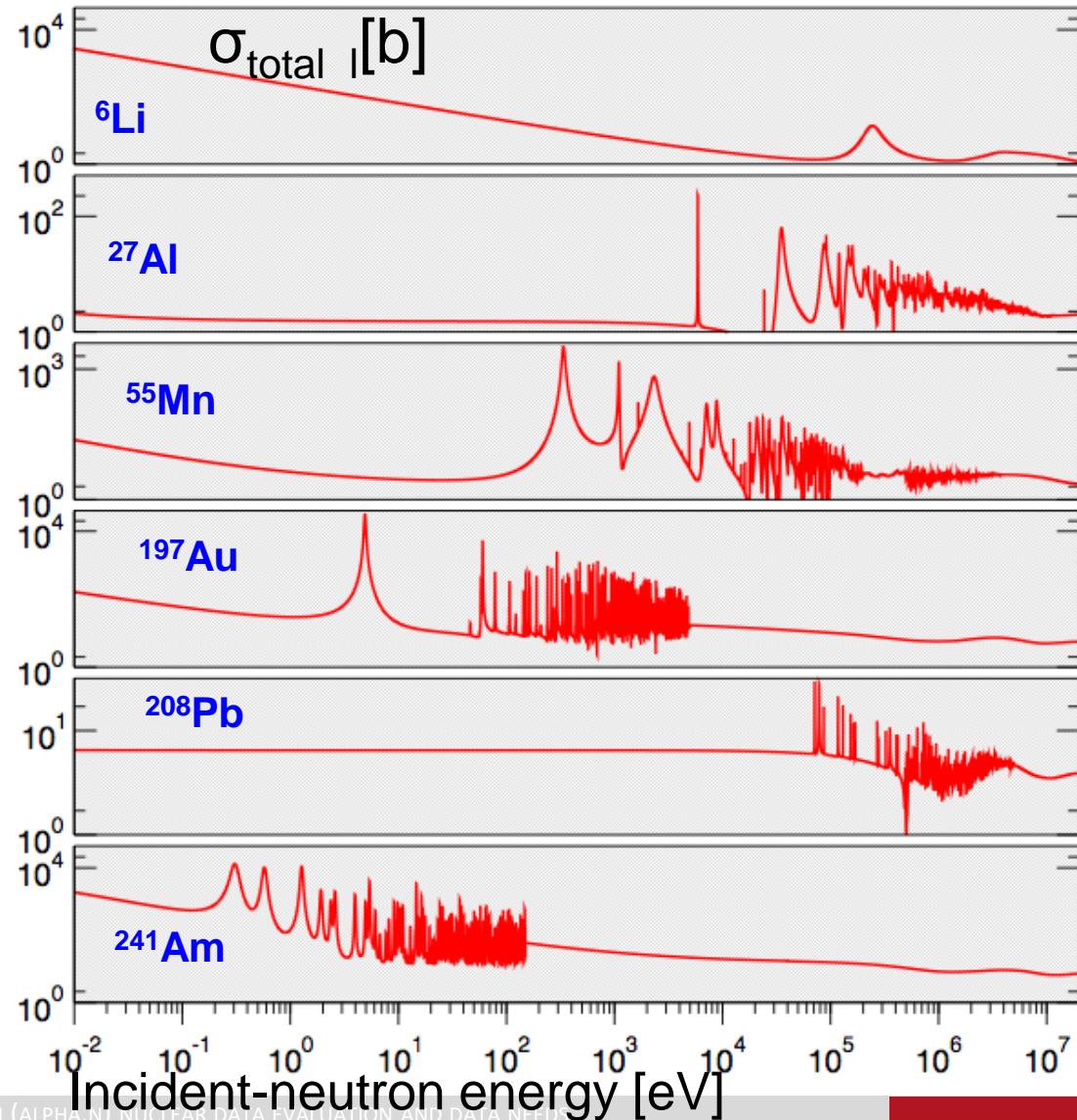
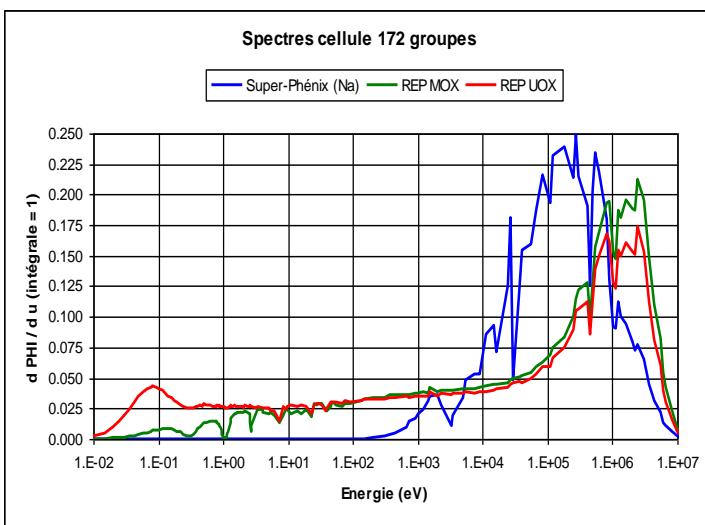


Cadarache Research Center
Main gate

Primary concern : the neutron interaction with the target



Fast Neutron Reactor



SAMMY,
EDA,
CONRAD,
etc.



R-matrix description

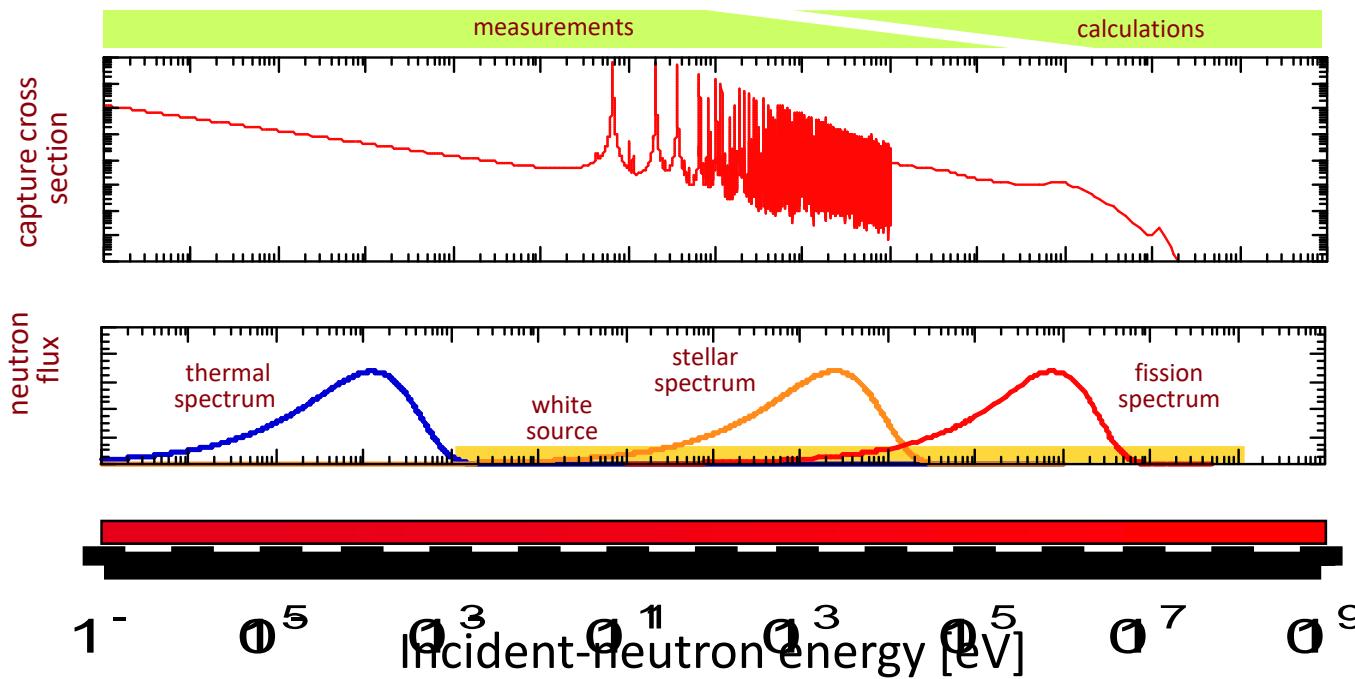
- ✓ fine structure (resonances)
- ✓ strong fluctuations
- ✓ Low energy, few channels

Optical model description

- ✓ gross structure (resonances)
- ✓ average cross sections
- ✓ CCOM potential
- ✓ high energy, many channels



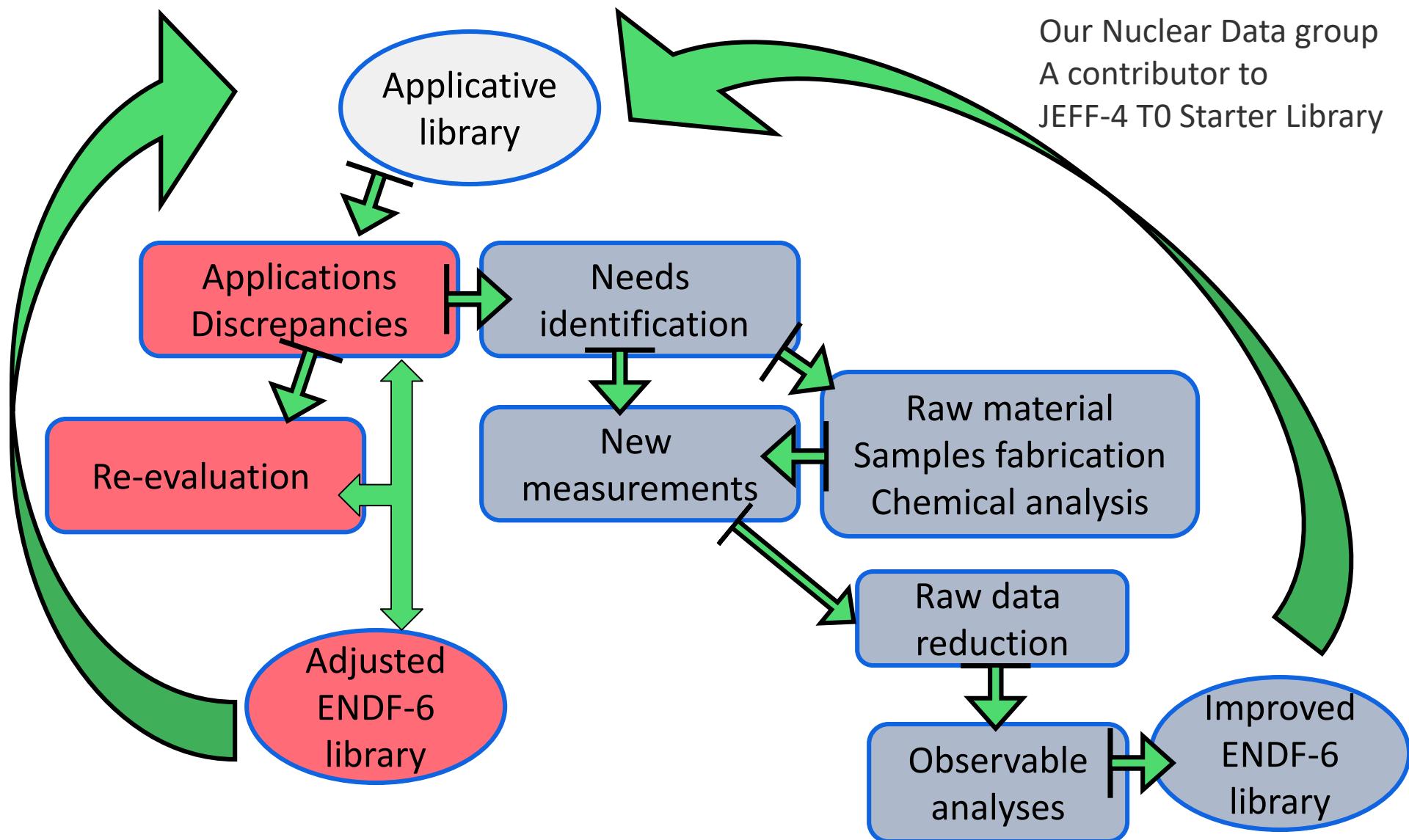
ECIS,
TALYS,
EMPIRE,
etc.



Evaluation process at CEA: 2 alternatives

Short run

Long run



(α, n) reactions are also our concern according to

- Intrinsic neutron sources (neutron reactor stopped for maintenance),
- Fuel production, storage and transportation of spent fuel,
- Shielding of people and equipment
- Sealed neutron sources (Am-Be, Cm-Be, etc.) for detector calibration, industrial process controls ,
- Sealed neutron sources for the start-up of nuclear reactors (first and second cycles).

Historically, CEA Cadarache hosts a code designed for calculating the neutron source in a homogeneous mixed oxide matrix since the 80th

Last decade a modern version of this code (iSourceC in C++) has been written with extended application range

Obviously the code needs (α, n) cross section data

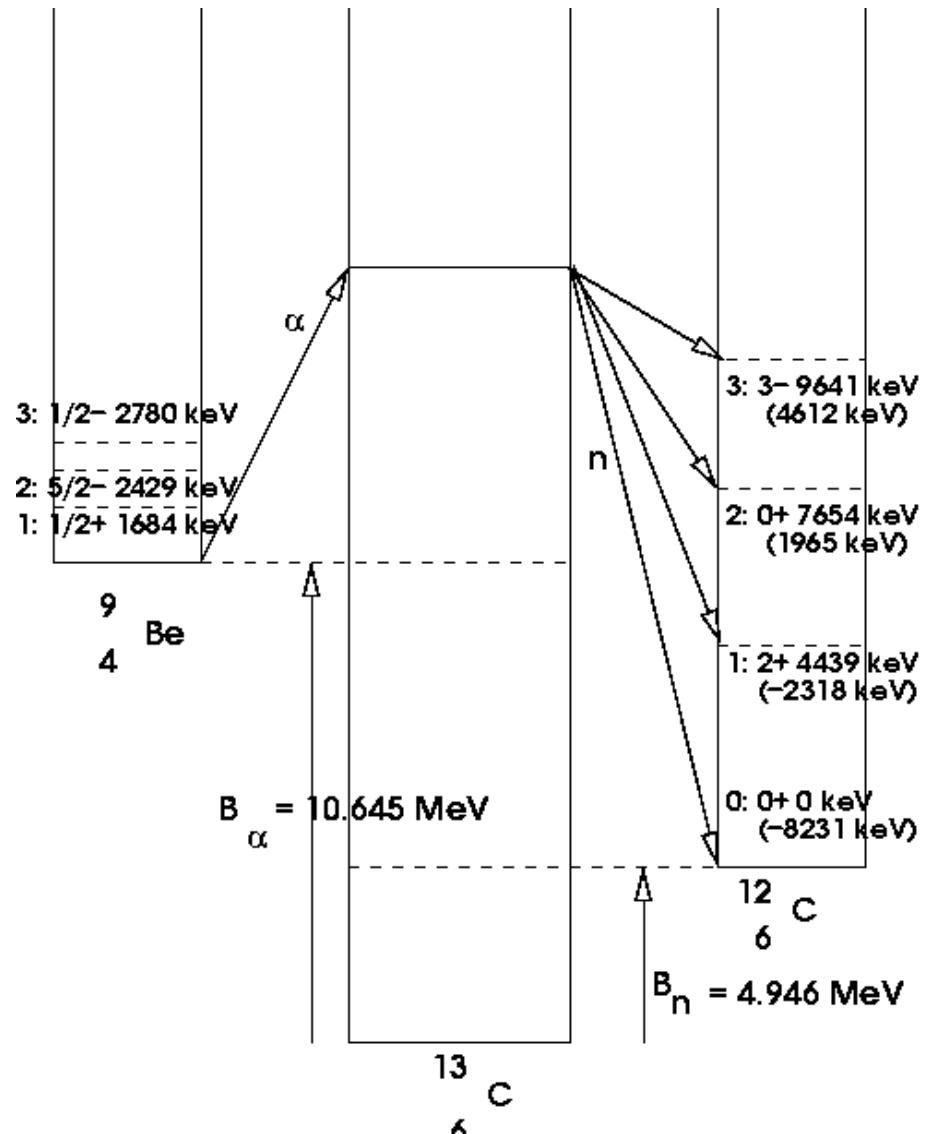
2 standard data libraries (JENDL/AN 2005 and TENDL) are released to the community

Our interest is also to be able to evaluating (α, n) data (also for the estimation of the uncertainties): **still in the learning stage**

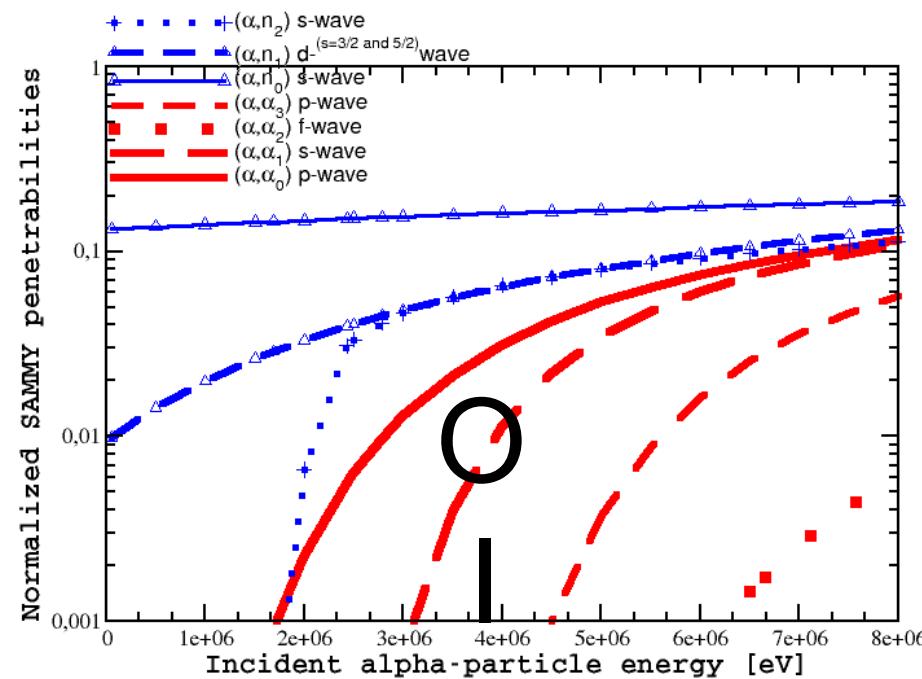
1 – Preliminary evaluation of ${}^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n){}^{12}\text{C}$ cross section data below 4 mev using the SAMMY code

2 – Neutron source calculation using the iSourceC code: Application to $\text{Pu}{}^9\text{Be}$

OPEN REACTIONS AND MULTIPLICITIES PICTURE

 (α, n) interaction schematic

Neutron emission (α, n_0), (α, n_1) open, (α, n_2) [1965 keV] and (α, n_3) [4612 keV], Obviously elastic (α, α_0), Inelastic (α, α_1) from 1684 keV, moved up to higher energy (Coulomb penetrability) ~ 4 MeV --> low cross section
Capture (small $\Gamma_{\gamma_{\text{tot}}}$ ~ 4 eV)



Framework:

- Reich-Moore approximation of R-Matrix,
- Prior RM resonance parameters assessed from F. Ajzenberg-Selove ($A=13$) or the Atlas of resonance (**Thanks to astrophysics and neutron reactor information**),
- Major bound levels included
- No time reversed experimental data included as ${}^{12}\text{C}(n, \alpha){}^9\text{Be}$ for instance
- Two-body interactions only (no breakup)

Picture already complicated: J^π states reported below 4 MeV up to $9/2^-$ states

Easy quantum number case

$$J^\pi = 1/2^- \Leftrightarrow 6 +1(\gamma)$$

6 widths per state to fit

$J^\pi = 1/2^-$	(α, α)	(α, \mathbf{n}_0)	(α, \mathbf{n}_1)	(α, \mathbf{n}_2)
Multiplicity L wave number	1 2	1 1	2 1, 3	1 1

More complex

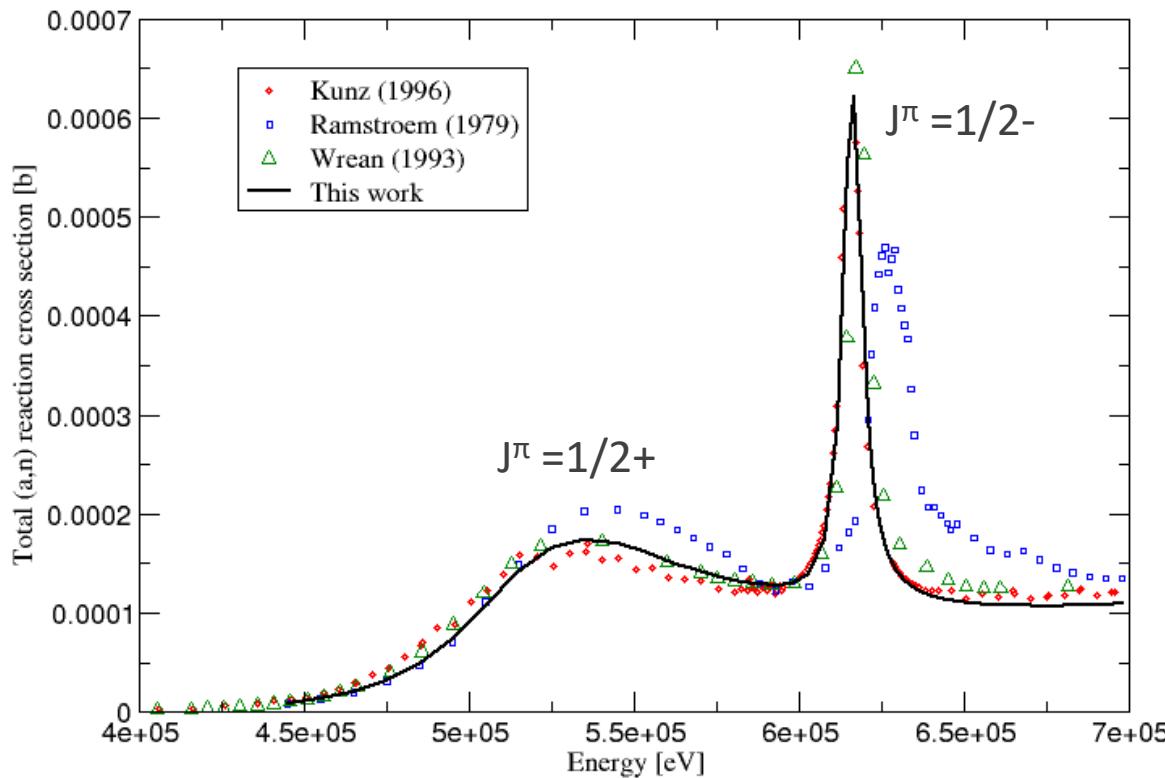
$$J^\pi = 9/2^- \Leftrightarrow 9 +1(\gamma)$$

9 widths per state to fit

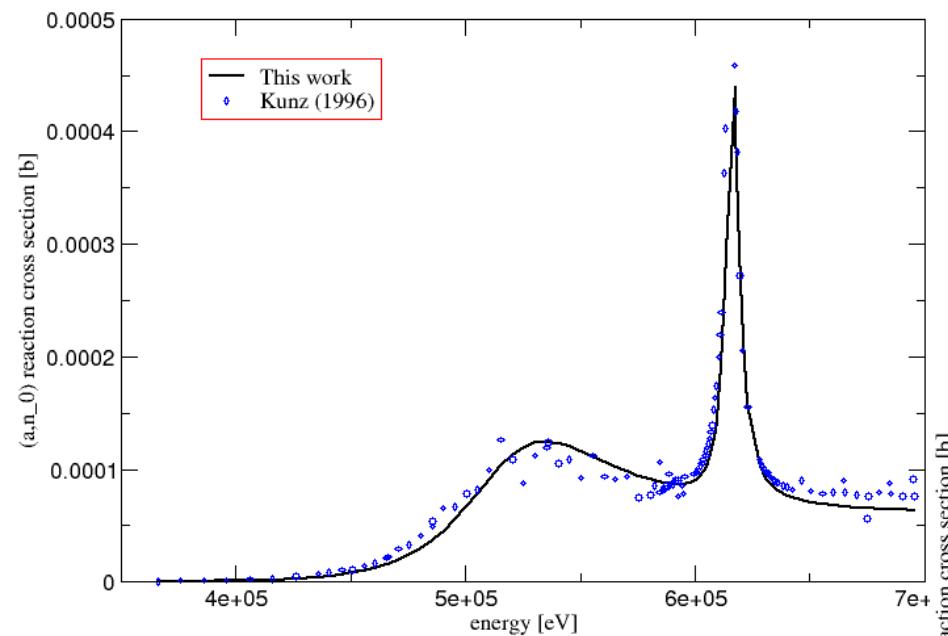
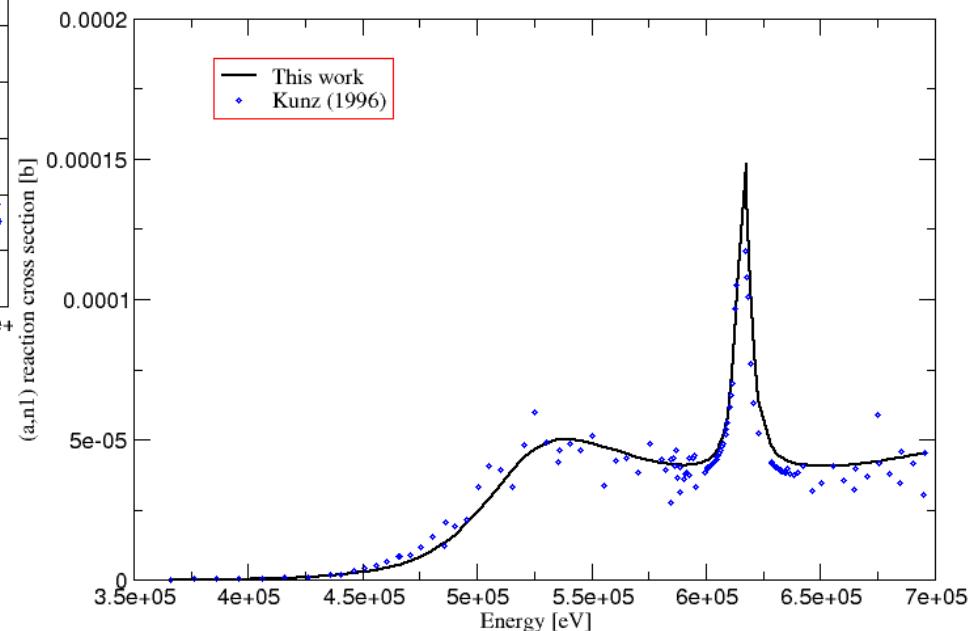
$J^\pi = 9/2^-$	(α, α)	(α, \mathbf{n}_0)	(α, \mathbf{n}_1)	(α, \mathbf{n}_2)
Multiplicity L wave nmber	2 4, 6	1 5	5 3(x2), 5(x2), 7	1 5

LOW ENERGY FIT ($E < 700$ KEV) : σ (a, n_{tot})

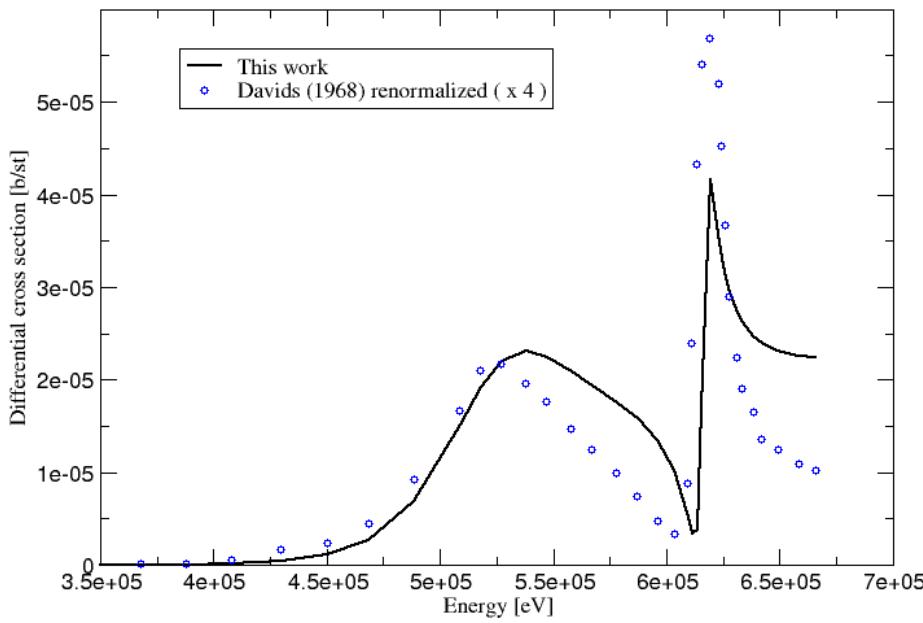
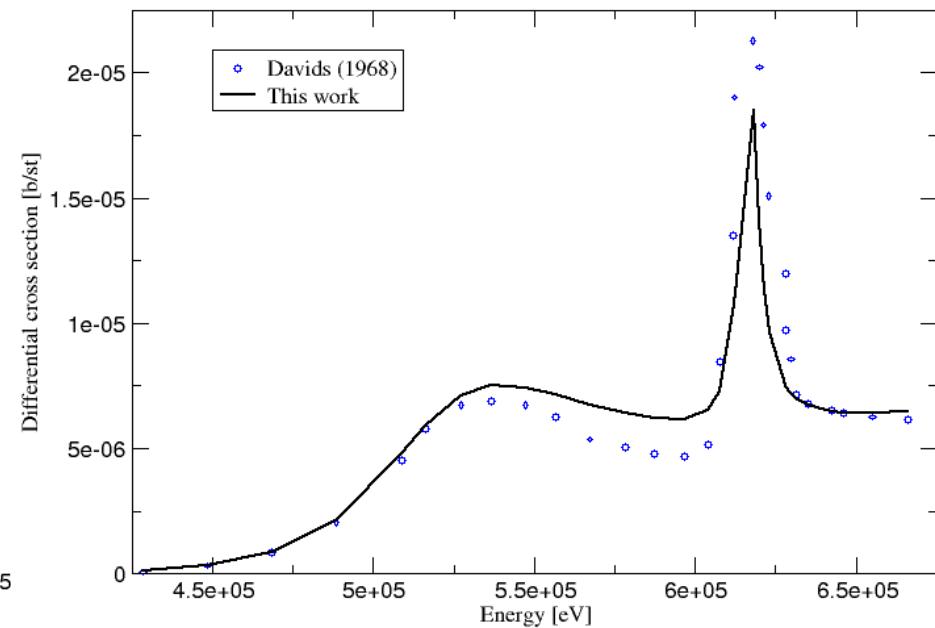
^{9}Be : one of the most exhaustive α -incident database among light nuclei
Periodic experimental campaigns essentially last century
 $E_{\alpha} < 700$ keV : 2 resonances only

Integrated (a, n_{tot}) reaction cross section of ^{9}Be versus energy

Consistency between
Wrean (1993) and Kunz
(1996)
Ramstroem (1979)
broadened by
experimental biases
(calibration, resolution
and neutron background).

Simultaneous fit on (α,n_0) et (α,n_1) 4π measurements (Kunz)Integrated (a,n_0) reaction cross section of ${}^9\text{Be}$ versus energyIntegrated (a,n_1) reaction cross section of ${}^9\text{Be}$ versus energy

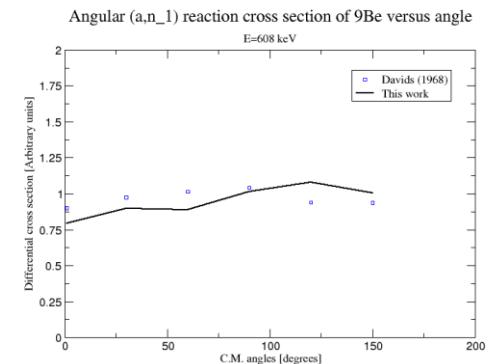
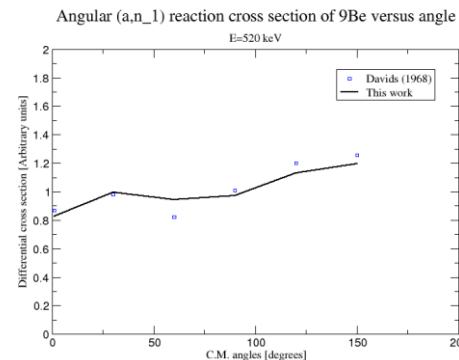
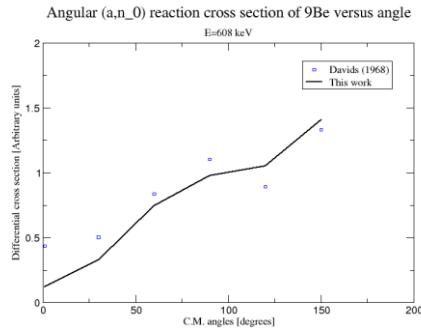
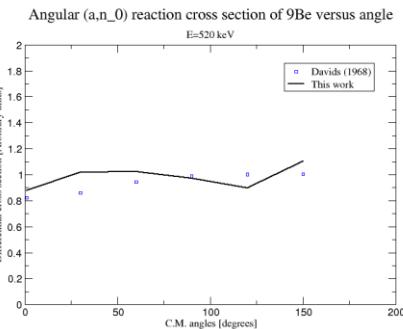
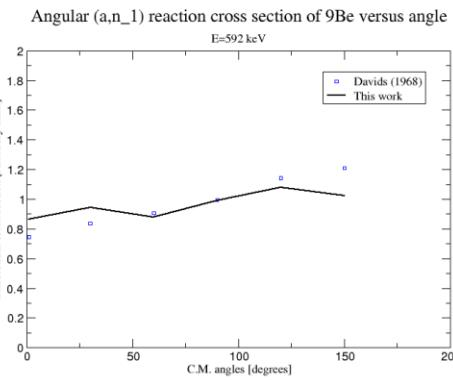
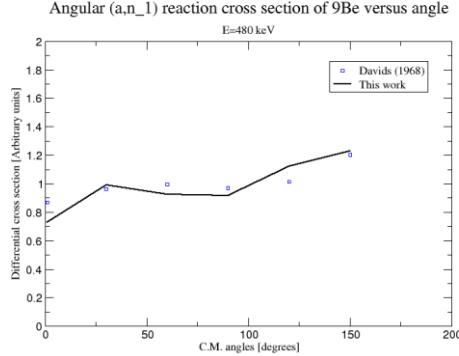
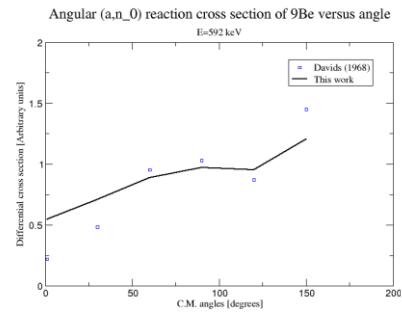
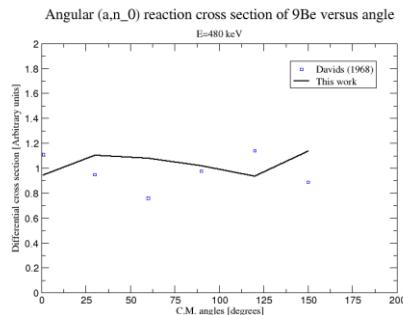
Comparison with Davids (1968) :
 $\sigma(a, n_0)$ normalization doubtful

(a,n₀) excitation function at zero degree of 9Be(a,n₁) excitation function at zero degree of 9Be

Low energy fit ($E < 700$ kev) : $\sigma(a,n_0)$ and $\sigma(a,n_1)$ angular

Davids (1968) $\sigma(a,n_0)$ $\sigma(a,n_1)$ angular dist. at 480, 520, 592.5 and 608 keV
 Spin assignment checks

$\sigma(a,n_0)$ angular dist.



MEDIUM ENERGY FIT (700 KEV < E < 3500 KEV)

Experimental database

Integrated : evaluation

- (α, n_{tot}) 4π Van der Zwan and Geiger (1970); 1500-7900 keV

Integrated :

- (α, n_{tot}) 4π Gibbons and Macklin (1965); 1660-10300 keV
- (α, n_{tot}) 4π Wrean (1993); 0-2670 keV
- $(\alpha, n_0), (\alpha, n_1) 4\pi$ Kunz (1996); 0-3500 keV

Excitation function at zero : 3 sets

- (α, n_0) à 0° Risser (1957); 1600-4830 keV
- (α, n_1) à 0° Risser (1957); 3100-4777 keV
- (α, n_0) et (α, n_1) à 0° Obst (1972); 1600-6500 keV
- $(\alpha, n_0), (\alpha, n_1)$ et (α, n_2) à 0° Van der Zwan (1970); 1470-7480 keV

Excitation function at various angles :

- (α, n_0) 1750, 1960 keV 12 angles Klages (1969)
- (α, n_0) 2020, 2290, 2500 et 2690 keV Risser (1957)

(α, n_{tot}) 4π Kunz(1996) and Wrean (1993) agree

Gibbons OK

Van der Zwan and Geiger (1970) up to +40% difference at 4MeV

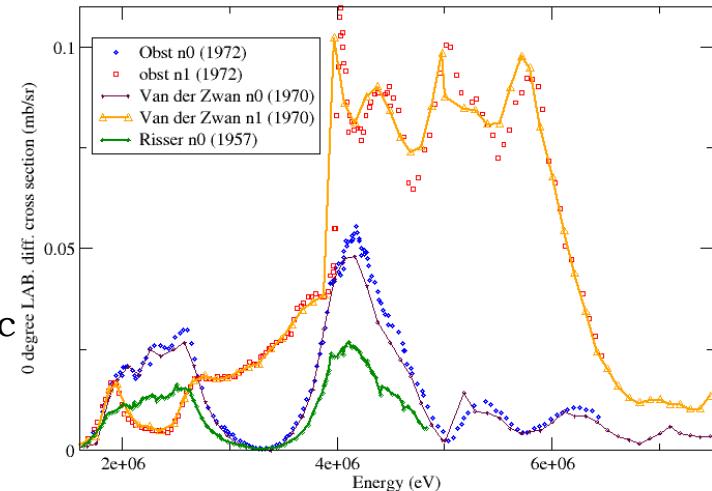
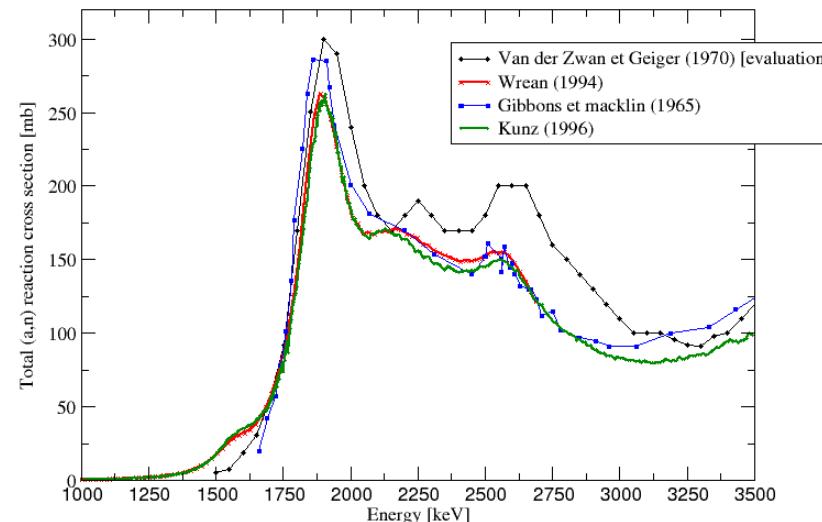
→ Advising Kunz

(α, n_0) 0° Obst, Van der Zwan/ Risser (1957) factor 2

(α, n_1) 0° Obst, Van der Zwan/ Risser (1957) same diagnostic

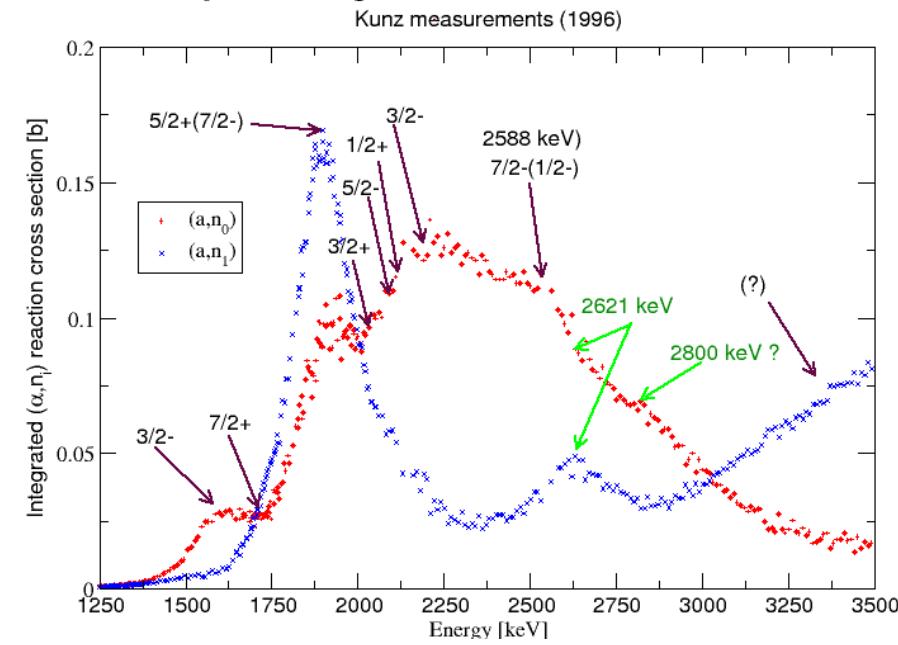
→ Advising Obst (Risser too old?)

Integrated (a, n_{tot}) reaction cross section of ^9Be versus energy



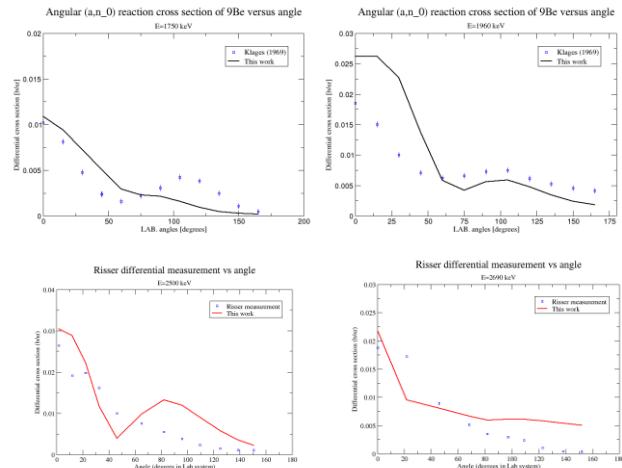
MEDIUM ENERGY FIT (700 KEV < E < 3500 KEV): RESONANCE DISCRIMINATION

Integrated (α, n_0) and (α, n_1) reaction cross sections of ${}^9\text{Be}$ versus energy



} Black arrows: literature
Green arrows: possible resonances

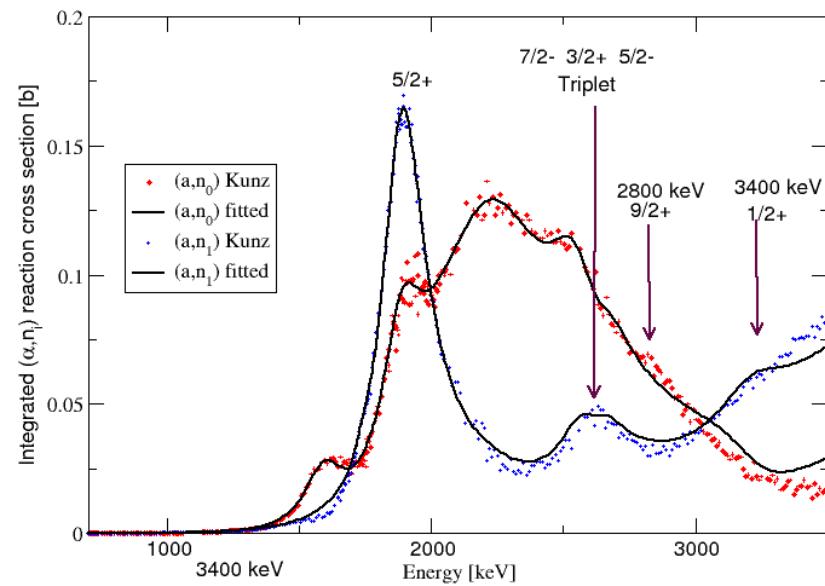
Angular measurements always needed to discriminate spins



(α, n_0)
Klages (1968)
1750, 1960 keV

(α, n_0)
Risser (1957)
2500 2690 keV

Integrated (α, n_0) and (α, n_1) reaction cross sections of ${}^9\text{Be}$ versus energy



**1 – Preliminary evaluation of ${}^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n){}^{12}\text{C}$ cross
section data below 4 mev using the SAMMY
code**

**2 – Neutron source calculation using the
iSourceC code: Application to Pu^9Be**

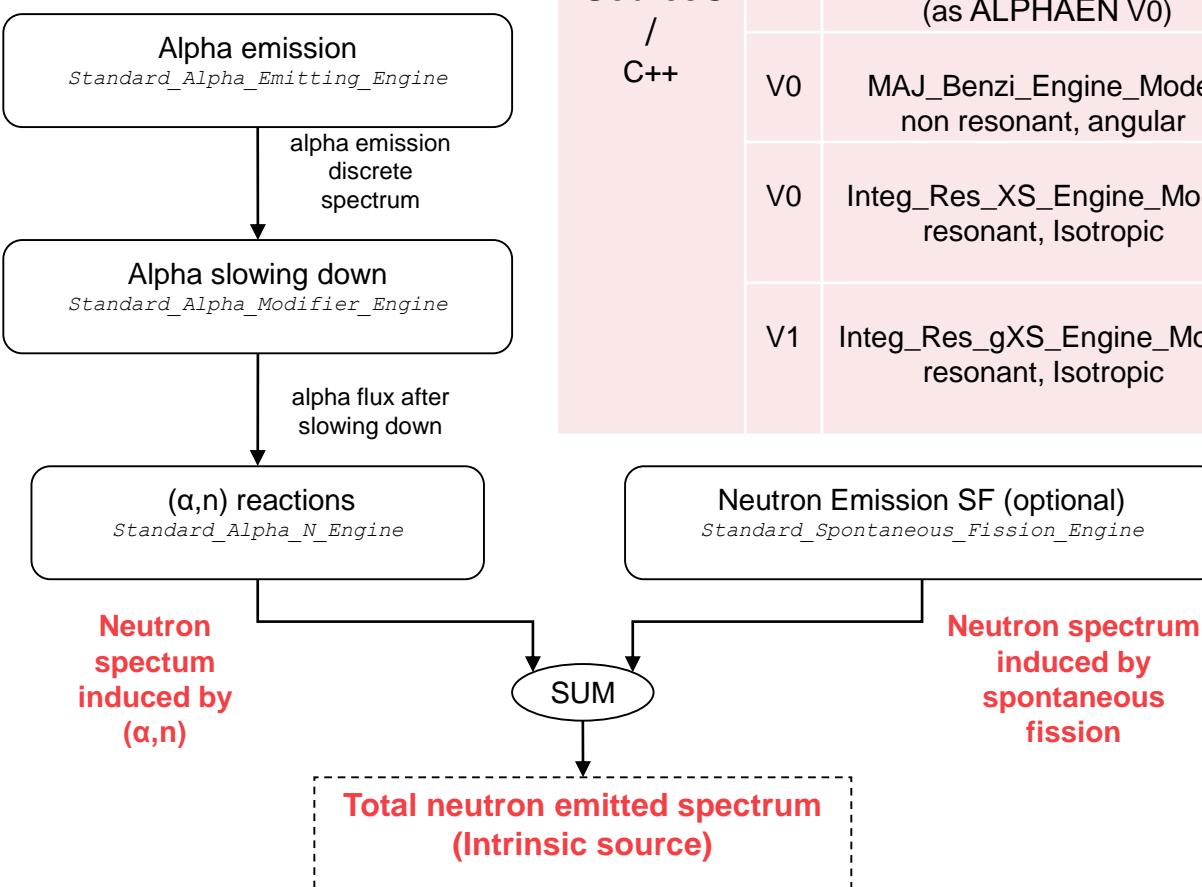
Did we really need another code to calculate neutron fluxes and energy-differential neutron spectra off reactor ?

- Other codes making reference exist (SOURCES-4C, ORIGEN, etc.),
- Always good reasons (historical tradition, start from scratch, more flexible language, etc.)
- New version in C++, like LEGO bricks, benchmarked against SOURCES-4C, any type of homogenized mixture, users-friendly,
- Numerous applications such as $^{nat}UO_2$, $^{238}PuO_2$, UPuAmO₂, UPuC, Pu¹⁵N, UPuAm¹⁴N, CmBe, AmBe, PuBe, Cf
- Recent extension (2018) (γ ,n) sources; tested for SbBe neutron sources,
- Chained to the JENDL/AN-2005 (α ,n) and JENDL/PD-2004 (γ ,n) cross section libraries

Superphenix – start-up 1987

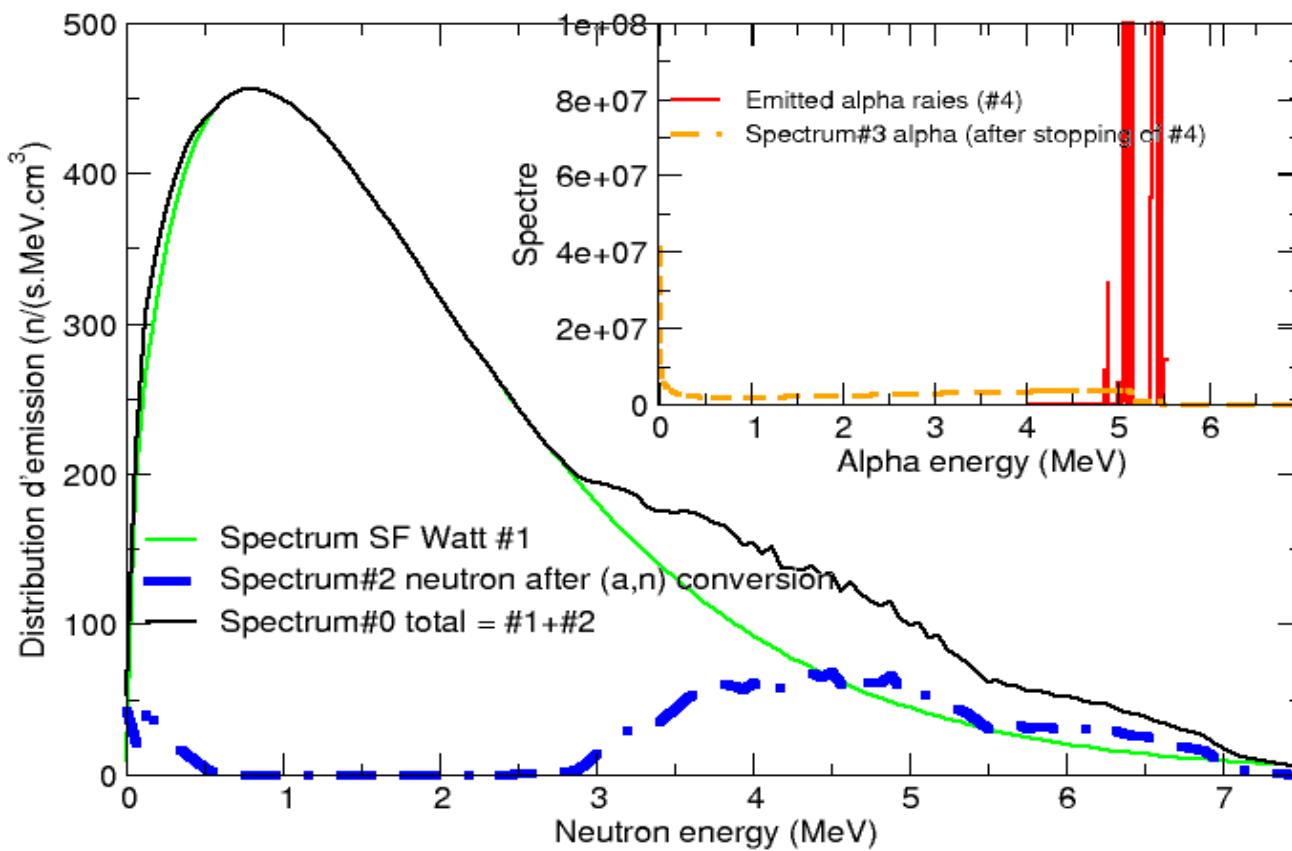


FEATURES (LANGUAGE, VERSION, PATH, APPLICATION, MASTER EQUATION)



ALPHAĒN / Fortran 77	V0	Original Benzi non resonant, angular	SF+(α,n) oxide	$C_{L,K,Oxygen}(E_\alpha)$
	V1	Alternative resonant, angular	SF+(α,n) oxide	$C_{L,,Oxygen}(E_\alpha)$
iSourceC / C++	V0	Benzi_Engine_Model (as ALPHAĒN V0)	SF+(α,n)oxide	$C_{L,K,Oxygen}(E_\alpha)$
	V0	MAJ_Benzi_Engine_Model non resonant, angular	SF Watt + (α,n)oxyde	$C_{L,K,Oxygen}(E_\alpha)$
	V0	Integ_Res_XS_Engine_Model resonant, Isotropic	SF Watt + (α,n) JENDL/AN-2005	$\frac{1}{4\pi} \sigma_{(\gamma,n),i,k}(E_\gamma)$
	V1	Integ_Res_gXS_Engine_Model resonant, Isotropic	(γ,n) JENDL/PD-2004	$\frac{1}{4\pi} \sigma_{(\alpha,n),i,k}(E_\alpha)$

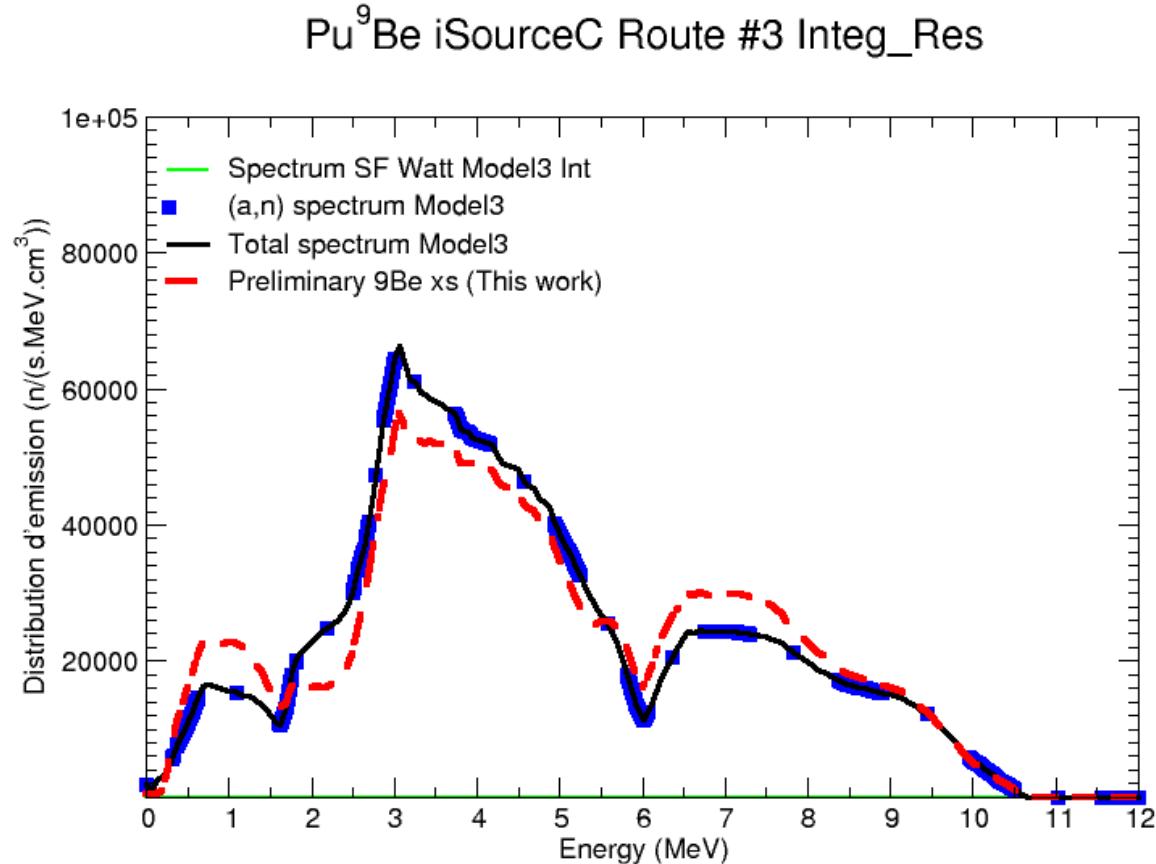
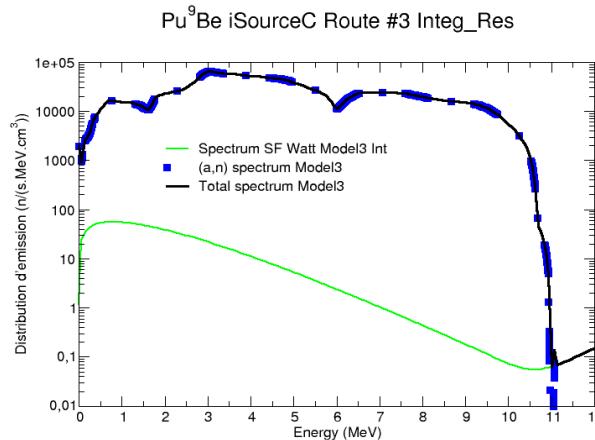
Sample UPuC model #3 iSourceC Calculation



6	13
92	235
92	238
94	238
94	239
94	240
94	241
94	242
95	241

${}^{9}\text{Be}(\alpha, n){}^{12}\text{C}$ preliminary results (new up to 5 Mev)

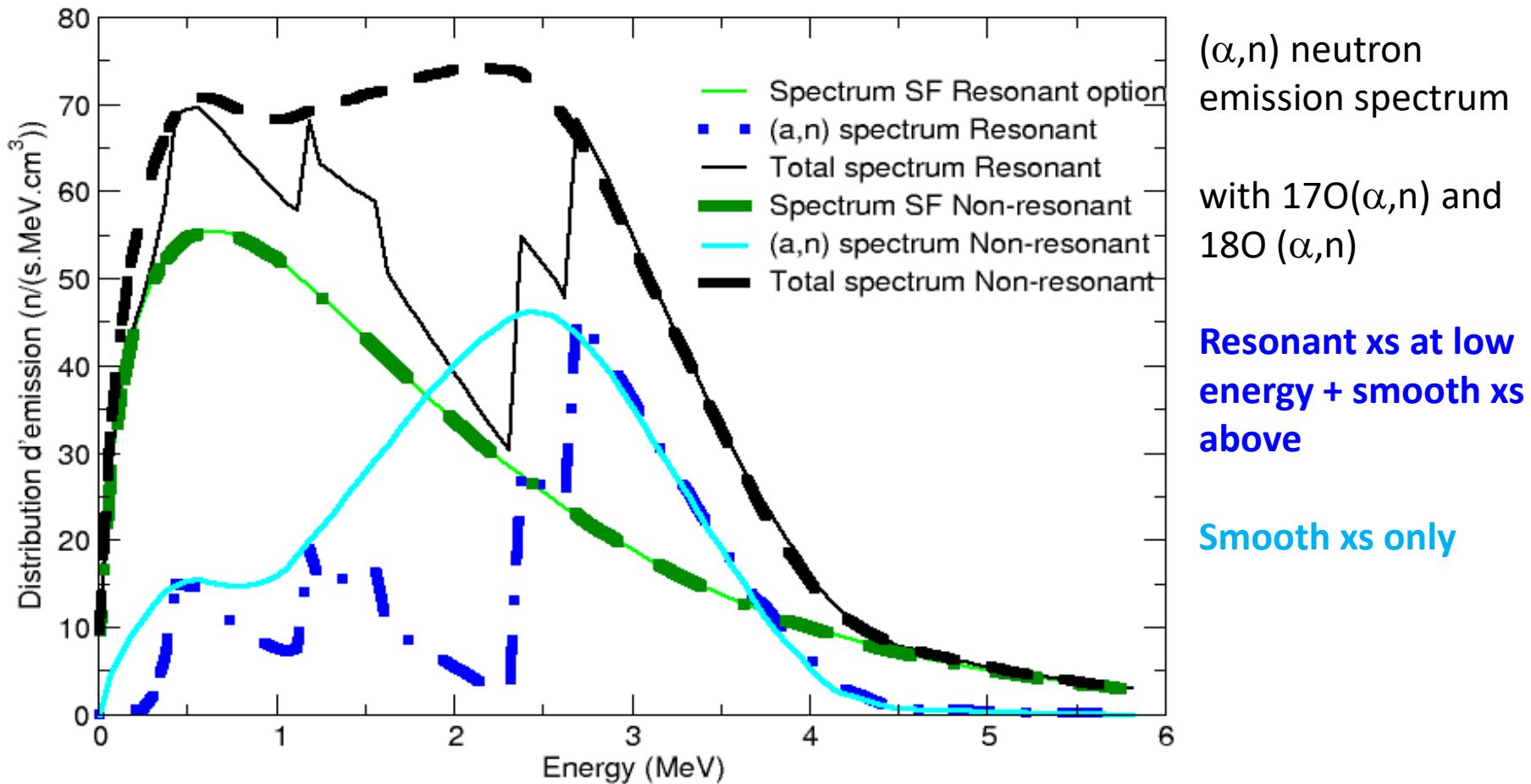
Composition PuBe13 (Stewart, 1953) extracted from Perry, Wilson, LA-13639_MS, p46



JENDL/AN 266597 $\text{n}/(\text{s} \cdot \text{MeV} \cdot \text{cm}^3)$ calculation time 360ms

This work 264916 $\text{n}/(\text{s} \cdot \text{MeV} \cdot \text{cm}^3)$ calculation time 18s

0.6% difference

UPuAmO₂ resonant Vs non-resonant ALPHAEN calculations

Evaluation

- ❑ $\sigma(\alpha, n_{\text{tot}})$; only 2 measurements Gibbons (1965), Schmidt (1992) above 4 MeV
- ❑ No $\sigma(\alpha, n_0)$, $\sigma(\alpha, n_1)$, $\sigma(\alpha, n_2)$ individual measurements
- ❑ Disagreement between measurements observed (normalization)
- ❑ Accurate angular measurements needed for spin discrimination
- ❑ High L-waves observed → impact of angular distributions in the neutron source

Neutron source

- ❑ Resonant vs non resonant – obvious impact
- ❑ Strong (α, n) evaluations are needed for next generation fuel matrices (as UPuC, Pu¹⁵N, UPuAm¹⁴N matrices for instance)
- ❑ Impact of angular resonant distributions still to be tested in *iSourceC*

Thanks for your attention

SUPPLEMENT MATERIALS

