

FAIR4Fusion – Introducing FAIR Principles to Fusion

Authors: Shaun de Witt (UKAEA) David Coster (IPP) Frederic
Imbeaux (CEA) Marcin Plociennik (PSNC) Par Strand (Chalmers) Iraklis
Klampanos (NCSR-D)
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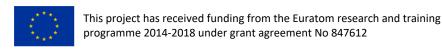
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Background

- About the Project
 - Funding and Goals
- Why FAIR and What's the current status in fusion?
- Outputs so far





Fair for Fusion – Open Access for fusion data in Europe

Project duration: 24 months

(2019-2021)

Total budget: € 1 987 960

Consortium: 7 partners



Project website: https://fair4fusion.eu/

In Fair4Fusion we work on:

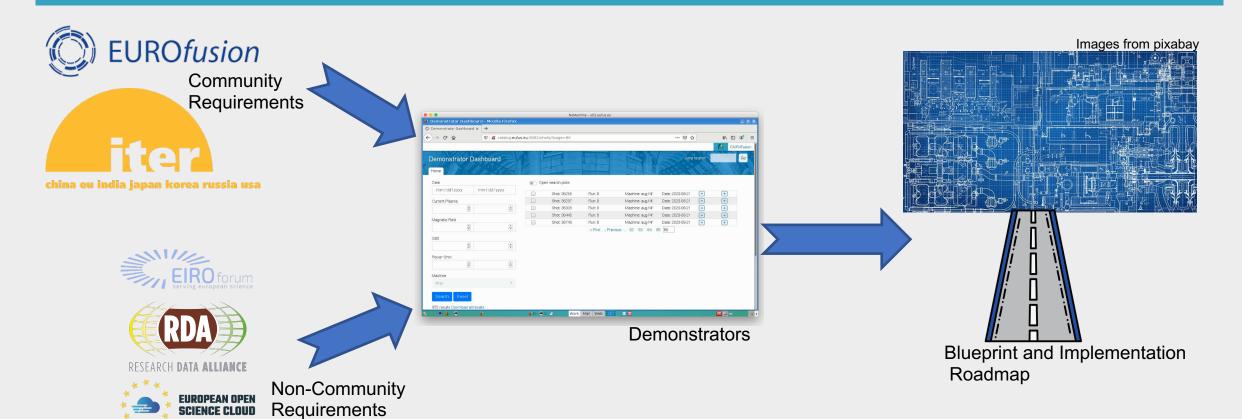
- Comprehensive assessments of FAIR data requirements and open data issues in fusion programme
- Recommendations on the best technical approaches for providing access to data
- Development of support platforms and tools required to implement an open data policy adapted to the needs of the fusion research programme.
- Pooling the talent and knowledge from big science programmes and organisations

With the objectives of:

- Further developing tools and platforms needed for an open data approach.
- Raising the profile and awareness of FAIR and open data within the fusion programme.
- Laying the foundations for implementing an **open data policy adapted to the needs of the present and especially the future fusion energy research programme**,
 particularly in the run up to the operation of ITER from the middle of the next decade.



Project Structure



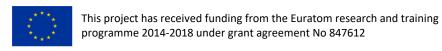




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The FAIR Principles and the EU



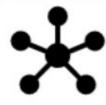
Findable

Data and materials enriched with metadata assigned with a unique identifier



 $\mathbf{A}_{\mathsf{ccessible}}$

Data and metadata stored in a trusted repository with an open and free protocol. Accessible by machines and humans



nteroperable

Using vocabularies and public domain ontologies the metadata can be referenced and linked



Reusable

Additional documentation and protocols describing the acquisition of the data, licensed with a detailed provenance EU's Open Science Policy in Horizon Europe

Aims for open science policy under Horizon Europe

- ensure that <u>beneficiaries retain the intellectual</u>
 <u>property rights they need to comply with their open</u>
 <u>access obligations</u>
- require research data to be FAIR and open by default (with exceptions notably for commercial purposes)
- promote the adoption of open science practices, from sharing research outputs as early and widely as possibly, to citizen science, and developing new indicators for evaluation research and rewarding researchers
- engage and involve citizens, civil society organisations and end-users in co-design and co-creation processes and promote responsible research and innovation
- European Open Science Cloud (EOSC) will enter its next stage of development in 2021
- fund the development of an open-access publishing platform to host Horizon 2020 (and later Horizon Europe) beneficiaries' publications



FAIR and Open

- Rule 1: FAIR data does not have to be open
 - FAIR supports institutional closed repositories, or supporting data and information exchange between groups working on the same project
- Rule 2: Open data does not have to be FAIR (but it helps)
 - Just because your data is available on the web does not mean it is usable by anyone or indexed by your favourite search engine
- Rule 3: FAIR is **not** binary
 - There are 50 shades of FAIR (or there abouts)
- Rule 4: Open data does not have to mean Open Access
 - Registration can still be required





So how FAIR is Experimental Fusion Data?



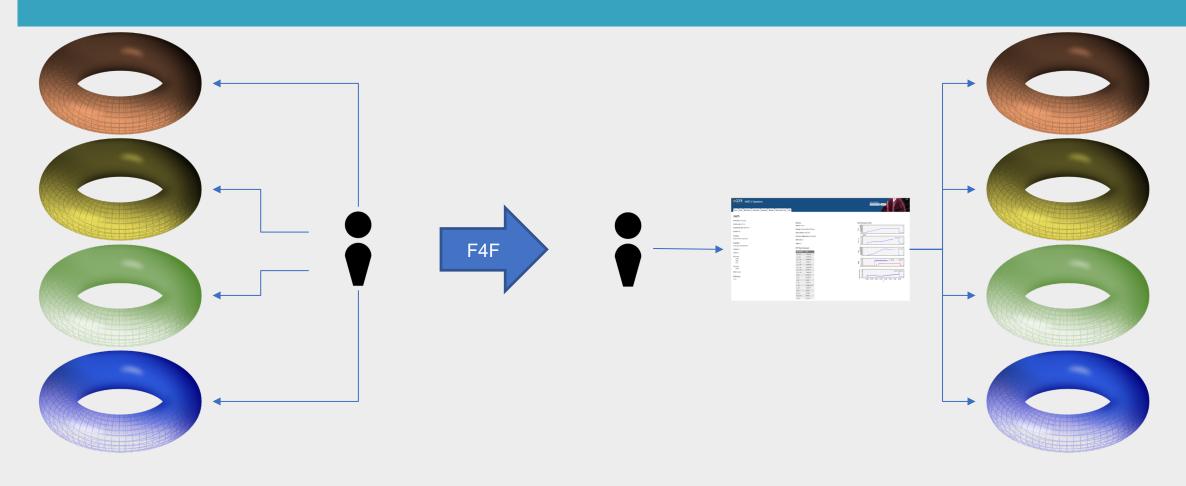
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- Summary of Issues
 - Although there is a community way of identifying data sets, this is **not a persistent identifier**
 - There is a lack of common metadata standards and vocabularies
 - Although MDS+ is widely used and open, it is not a recognized standard
 - Although sharing of data is done through Acceptable Use Polices, this is not the same as a license
 - Although some **provenance** is captured it is **often incomplete and not accessible** to external users via the protocols available
 - There is no common Authorization and Authentication System, meaning data access methods are site dependent





What can FAIR do?



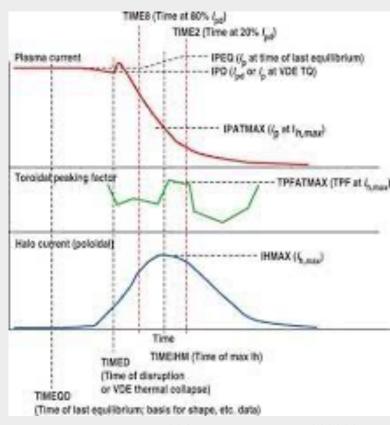
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What else can it make easier?

- Many years have gone into creating special databases to make things easier for the researcher
 - Core Confinement
 - Disruption
 - Pedestal
 - Stellerator
- Identifying and automating validation could have saved 5-15% of the effort
- And have any of you tried to find these databases?



.W. Eidietis et al 2015 Nucl. Fusion 55 063030





Outputs of the Project

- Two 'demonstrators'
 - One built on existing technology; JET dashboard, CatalogQT, Summary IDS
 - One built to test new technologies
 - https://box.psnc.pl/f/aee690aada/ and talk by Michal Owsiak
- Recommendations to make data FAIR
 - And cost modelling
- Blueprint Architecture
 - To produce a fully operational service for the community
 - See talk by Marcin Plociennik



Some Key Recommendations so far

- Use DataCite or EPIC Handles AS WELL as shot/pass
 - Makes data citable, but issues around granularity and legal entity for hosting
- Use Common Metadata and Ontologies
 - IDS Data Dictionary and Summary IDS represent common "standards"
- Make data as open as possible, as closed and necessary
 - Metadata should be open even if the data isn't.
- Adopt a community wide Authentication and Authorization Infrastructure
 - White listing is so 20th century and means you can't embrace the cloud
- Provide a license
 - EU recommend either CC-BY or CC-BY-SA and most EIROForum members use one of these. MAST data released under CC-BY-NC-SA. In discussion with legal experts.



Questions?

For more please follow us on social media and check the web site for project updates

https://www.fair4fusion.eu







in https://www.linkedin.com/company/fair4fusion



