

Observation and interpretation of tornado modes coupled to near-axis Alfvén cascade eigenmodes in JET sawtoothed plasmas

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The seeming coupling between fast upwards frequency sweeping modes and tornado modes in a set of JET sawtoothed discharges was investigated. The frequency sweeping modes were identified as near-axis Alfvén cascade eigenmodes associated with a very flat yet strictly monotonic q -profile near the axis, in contrast with the common reversed-shear scenarios. The evolution of the modes' frequency during the post-sawtooth regime, characterized by a gradually decreasing q -profile, was numerically reproduced and the transition from cascade modes to tornado modes was demonstrated to occur when the q profile takes specific values on-axis given by $q_0=(n-1/2)/n$, with n the toroidal mode number of the mode. An MHD spectroscopy technique based on this result is proposed to track the evolution of q_0 when such transitions are observed. Calculations of the resonant interaction between the modes and an ICRH-heated hydrogen minority population indicate the population contributed to driving the mode unstable.

Speaker's Affiliation

Instituto de Plasmas e Fusão Nuclear, Instituto Superior Técnico, 1049-001 Lisboa, Portugal

Member State or IGO

Portugal

Primary authors: CALADO, Rui (Instituto de Plasmas e Fusão Nuclear, Instituto Superior Técnico, 1049-001 Lisboa, Portugal); SHARAPOV, Sergei (CCFE); BIZARRO, João P. S. (Instituto de Plasmas e Fusão Nuclear, Instituto Superior Técnico, 1049-001 Lisboa, Portugal); NABAIS, Fernando (Instituto de Plasmas e Fusão Nuclear, Instituto Superior Técnico, 1049-001 Lisboa, Portugal)

Presenter: CALADO, Rui (Instituto de Plasmas e Fusão Nuclear, Instituto Superior Técnico, 1049-001 Lisboa, Portugal)

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