Real-time classification of L-H transition & ELM in KSTAR

- From our previous study on automatic detection of the L-H transition to enhance density feedback control in KSTAR, we showed the possibility of real-time detection with SVM classifier trained through machine learning.
- To overcome the previous results and to apply more suitable real-time algorithm in KSTAR practically, we trained neural networks based on long short-term memory (LSTM).
- Using 65 shots in the 2017 KSTAR campaign, we trained the LSTM network to learn L-H transition related patterns. According to a **test** result, the accuracy of the test set is 94.45% (total 174,000 test samples in 58 shots)
- In the 2018 KSTAR campaign, **434 shots** of the total 542 H-mode shots are successfully classified (80.07%) using D_{α} and post processed $\overline{n_{\rho}}$. 448 H-mode shots of the total 533 shots are also successfully classified(84.05%) using Intermediate L-mod D_{α} and real-time $\overline{n_e}$.

Scatter diagram for #20703 The LSTM classifier - mode statecan classify the intermediate state such as dithering. 3 The classifier has never been trained (1) for the ELMs before the ELM phase 0.5 1.5 2.5 2 $D_{\alpha}[\mathbf{v}]$



	SVM classifier	LSTM classifier
Data set	2017 campaign data	2017 campaign data
	(139 shots)	(123 shots)
	2	4
Number of labels	(Land H mode)	(L-mode, intermediate state,
	(L- and H- mode)	H-mode, and ELM)
Calculation time	About 9 ms	About 250 us
per a sample	About 8 ms	About 250 μ s
Classification average		
accuracy for test set	74.47%	94.45%
(same shots	(58 shots)	(58 shots)
in 2017campaign)		



Example result for real-time version



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ELM

value)

 $D_{\alpha}(res$

Example result for off-line version