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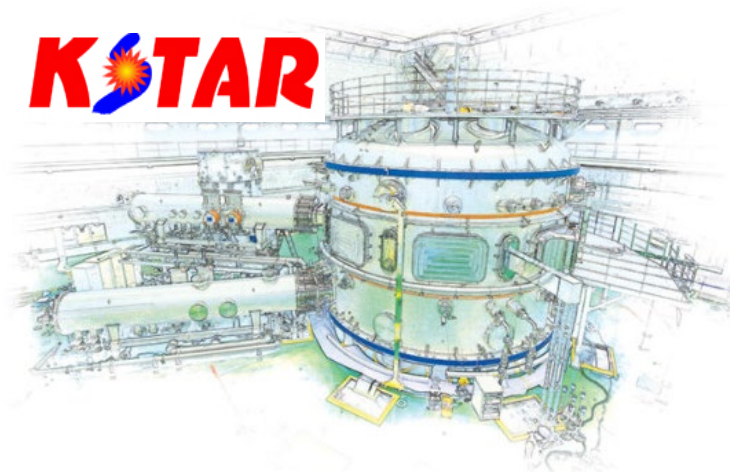
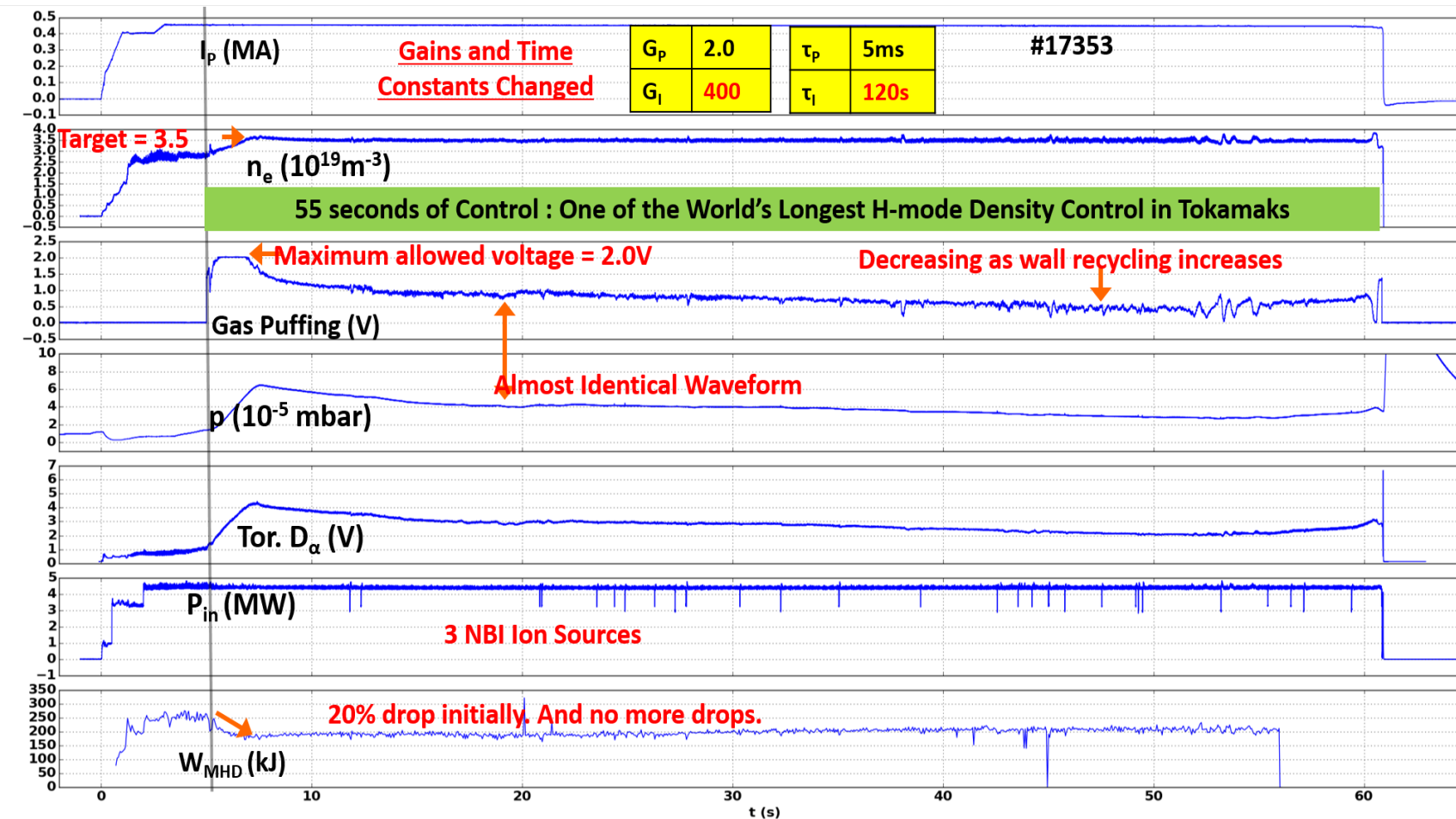
Low-risk Beginning of the Density Feedback Control in KSTAR

June-Woo Juhn^{a*}, Sang-hee Hahn^a, Yong-Seok Hwang^b, K. P. Kim^a, Y. O. Kim^a, Y. U. Nam^a and J. I. Song^a

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Now, density control is widely used for plasma physics experiments such as...

- L/H power threshold experiments
- SOL characteristics analysis with FRPA
- Mode locking with RMP
- Rotation reversal experiments
- MGI-based disruption-mitigation experiments
- And more ...



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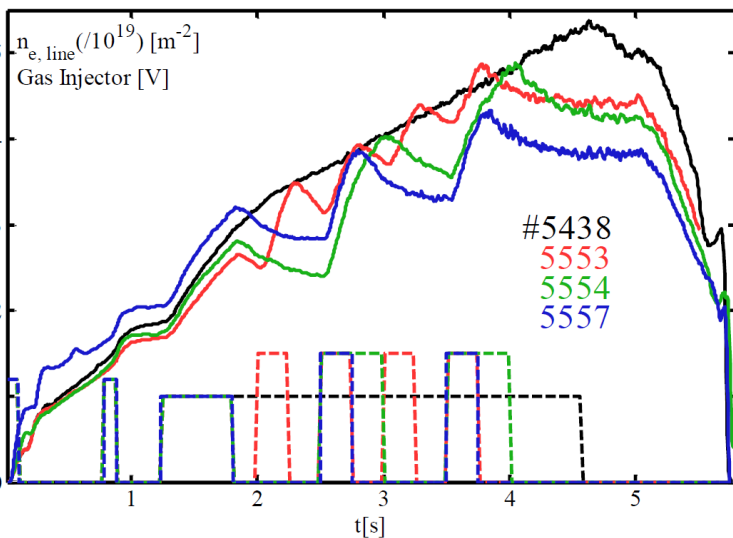
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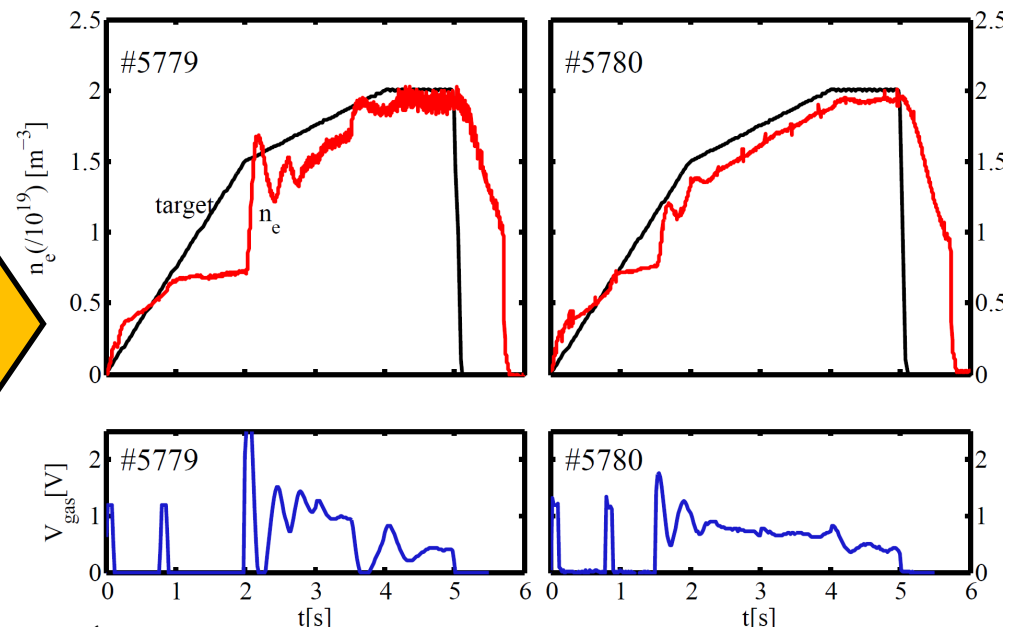
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Performance Estimation

Natural Frequency
Damping Ratio
Settlement Time (s)
Overshoot Ratio (%)
Critical Gain
Rising Time (s)



✓ **Use low target and gain especially in the beginning of the feedback**

- Not to overshoot too much

✓ **Avoid to use integral gain**

- For simple and intuitive results
- Instead, increase gain to reduce s.s. error

✓ **No use of derivative gain in the first try**

- signal noise may amplify the actuator

$$\frac{dN_i}{dt} = -\frac{N_i}{\tau_i} + R \frac{N_i}{\tau_i} + f_{ex} \Phi = -\frac{(1-R)}{\tau_i} N_i + f_{ex} \Phi$$

$$= -\frac{N_i}{\tau_i^*} + f_{ex} \Phi,$$

