

Predictive multi-channel modelling to optimise W control in JET

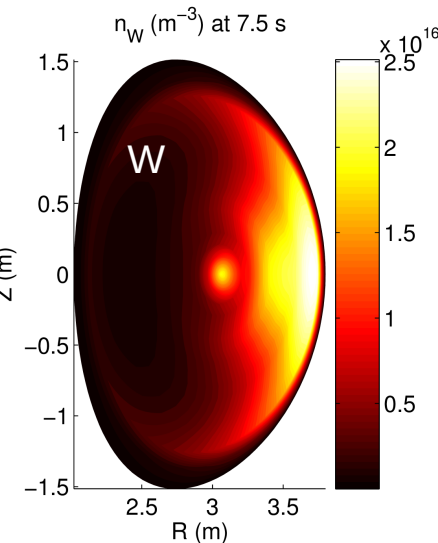
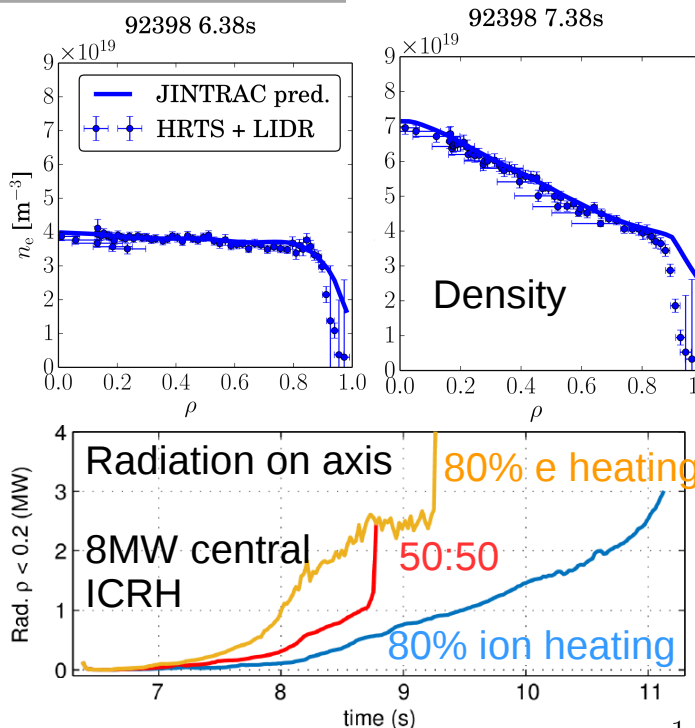


(TH/3-2)

8 channels modelled predictively with first-principle models:

$$T_i, T_e, j, n_D, n_{Be}, n_{Ni}, n_W, \omega$$

- Reproduces evolution including radiative collapse after $\sim 10 \tau_E$
- Includes poloidal asymmetry enhancement of neoclassical W transport (20x)
- Used to optimise ICRH for W control: He-3 predicted more effective than H minority in JET hybrid conditions (increased temperature screening)



Extrapolations to DT find positive isotope scaling of confinement due to increased Ti / Te and ITG stabilisation

- Inclusion of ETG scales pins Te; ion-electron collisional energy exchange decreases with isotope mass
- Improved confinement in DT also gives larger density peaking and earlier W accumulation
- Mitigate with increased density (less central NBI particle deposition)

