Integrated Operation of Steady-state Long Pulse H-mode in EAST

by X. Gong¹

With

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Acknowledgement

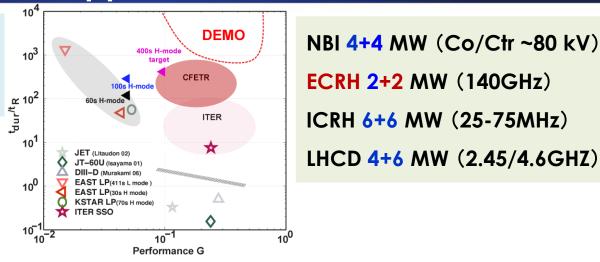


Great Progress on EAST Is Benefit from Broad Domestic and Wide International Collaboration!



Strategies to Establish the Scientific Basis for Long Pulse Operation in Support of ITER and CFETR

\$1: Enhance H/CD efficiency and relevant to fundamental physics and key diagnostics



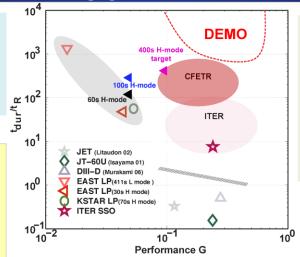
NBI 4+4 MW (Co/Ctr ~80 kV) ECRH 2+2 MW (140GHz) ICRH 6+6 MW (25-75MHz)



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 (≥100s) H-mode plasmas and develop fully non-inductive high-β scenarios



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LHCD 4+6 MW (2.45/4.6GHZ)

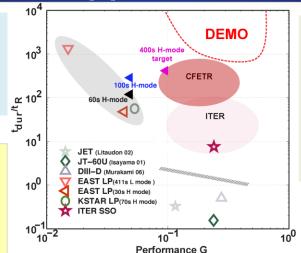


Strategies to Establish the Scientific Basis for Long Pulse Operation in Support of ITER and CFETR

\$1: Enhance H/CD efficiency and relevant to fundamental physics and key diagnostics

\$2: Demonstrate long-pulse
 (≥100s) H-mode plasmas and develop fully non-inductive high-β scenarios

S3: Extend EAST operation regime to demonstrate steady-state high performance plasmas and deliver relevant physics for ITER and CFETR



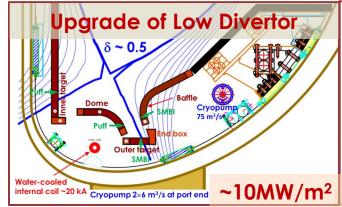
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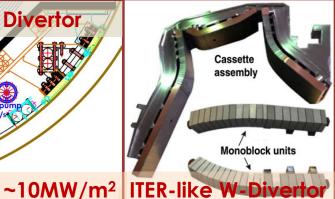
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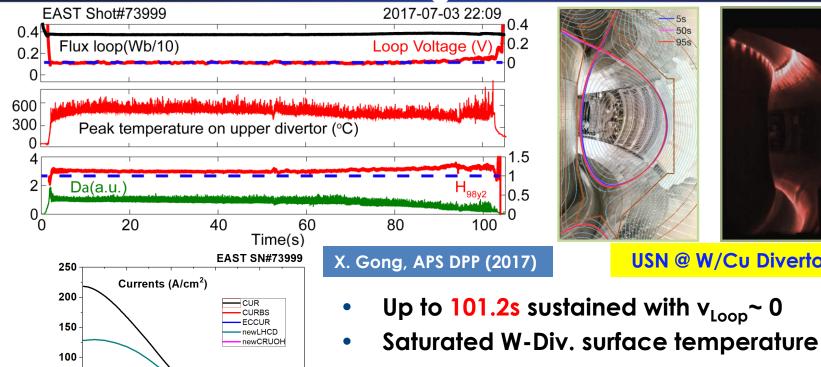
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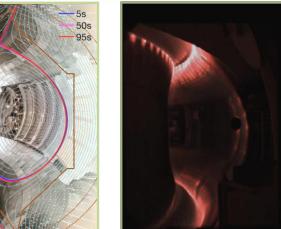
B.N. Wan, IAEA FEC (2018) OV/2-2





The Longest Pulse Fully Non-inductive H-mode Operation **Achieved with Tungsten Divertor on EAST**





USN @ W/Cu Divertor

- Good confinement (LHW+ICRF+ECH)
 - $H_{98v2} \sim 1.1-1.2$
 - Low bootstrap current fraction: f_{RS}~23%

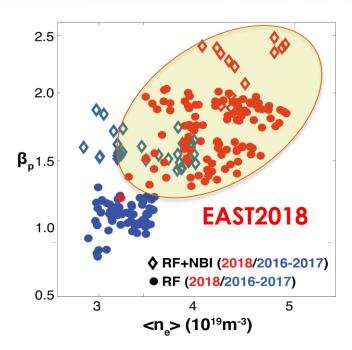


50

0.6

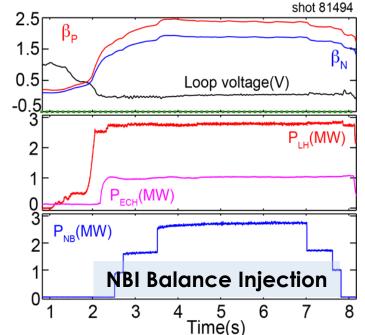
Ptor

Recent Experiments Demonstrated Steady-state Fully Noninductive Scenarios with Extension of Operational Regime



- High f_{BS} ~40-50% with H_{98y2} >1.0 at f_{Gr} ~0.6-0.8
- Broad q-profile, Shafranov shift and e-ITB

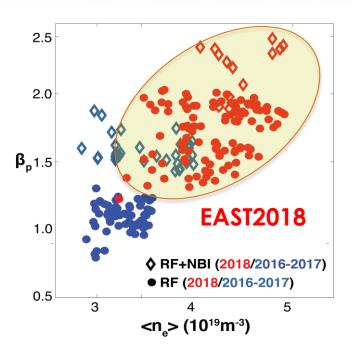
• High β_P ~2.5/ β_N ~2.0 with H_{98y2} ~1.25 and f_{BS}~47% at f_{Gr}~0.8 by RF+NBI



J. Huang, IAEA FEC (2018) EX/P2-15

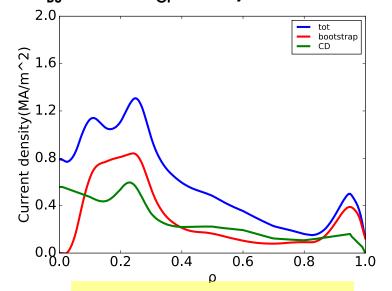


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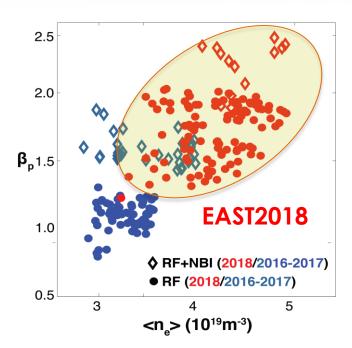
Alignment of Bootstrap

Current and total current

J. Huang, IAEA FEC (2018) EX/P2-15

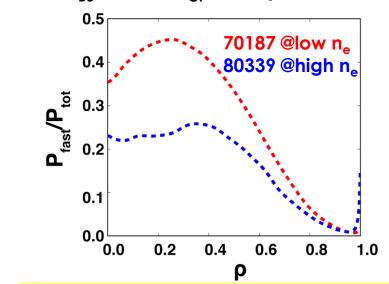


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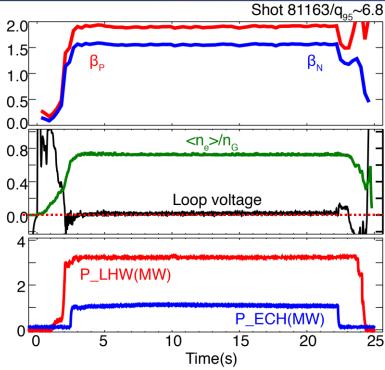


Dramatically decreased for Fast-ion pressure at high-ne /low beam energy

J. Huang, IAEA FEC (2018) EX/P2-15



Long Pulse Fully Non-inductive High-β_p up to 21s Achieved by RF-only on EAST with Metal Walls



Good confinement H_{98,y2}~1.2

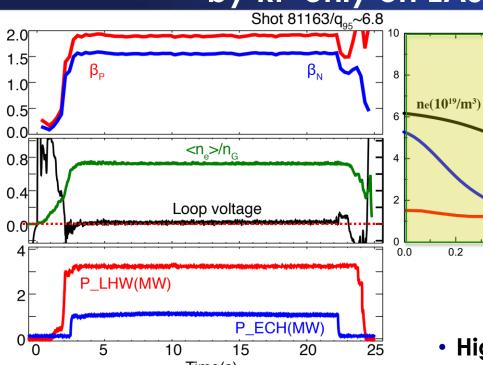
$$- \beta_{p} \sim 1.95/\beta_{N} \sim 1.6, \ f_{Gr} \sim 0.78, \\ f_{BS} \sim 45\%, \ V_{loop} \sim 0$$



Long Pulse Fully Non-inductive High-β_p up to 21s Achieved by RF-only on EAST with Metal Walls

0.4

0.6



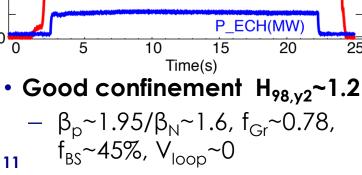
Broaden current profile and e-ITB is key to high performance

ASIPP

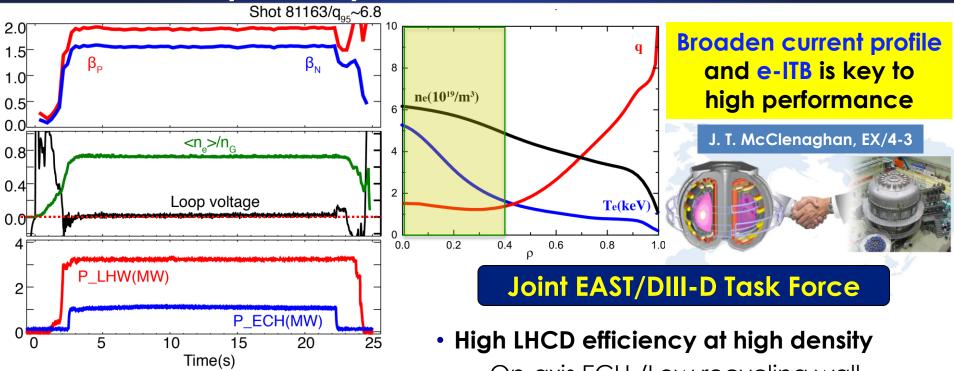
- High LHCD efficiency at high density
 - On-axis ECH /Low recycling wall /Integrated active control
- Small/no ELM is essential for SSO

Te(keV)

8.0



Long Pulse Fully Non-inductive High-β_p up to 21s Achieved by RF-only on EAST with Metal Walls

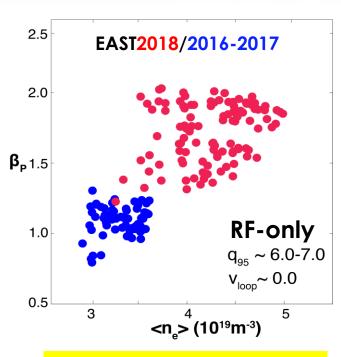


- Good confinement H_{98,v2}~1.2
- $-\beta_{p}\sim1.95/\beta_{N}\sim1.6$, $f_{Gr}\sim0.78$, $f_{RS} \sim 45\%$, $V_{loop} \sim 0$

- On-axis ECH /Low recycling wall
- /Integrated active control
- Small/no ELM is essential for SSO



Fully Non-inductive High- β_p Scenarios Extends to High Density Regime Demonstrated on EAST



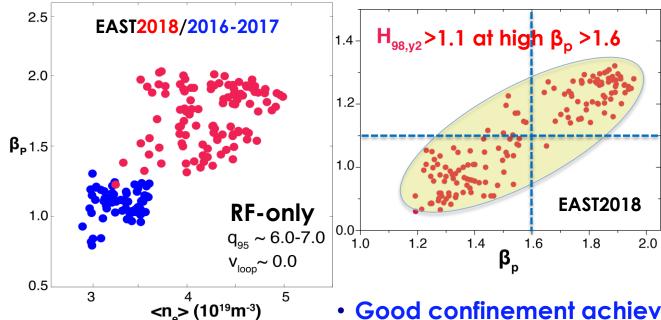
Zero or low torque experiments on EAST may contribute to ITER

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- With new guide limiter of LHW and the 2nd ECH
 - β_p ~2.0/ β_N ~1.6 using **RF-only**
 - $-V_{loop} \sim 0$, $f_{BS} \sim 40-50\%$ with $f_{Gr} \sim 0.6-0.8$



Fully Non-inductive High- β_p Scenarios Extends to High **Density Regime Demonstrated on EAST**



- Good confinement achieved at high β_n
- With new guide limiter of LHW and the 2nd ECH

ASIPP

- $-\beta_p \sim 2.0/\beta_N \sim 1.6$ using **RF-only**
- V_{loop} ~ 0, f_{BS} ~40-50% with f_{Gr} ~0.6-0.8

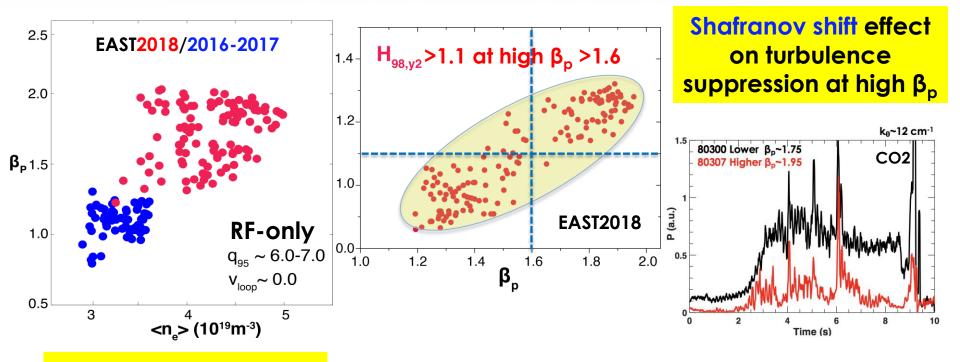


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Fully Non-inductive High- β_p Scenarios Extends to High Density Regime Demonstrated on EAST



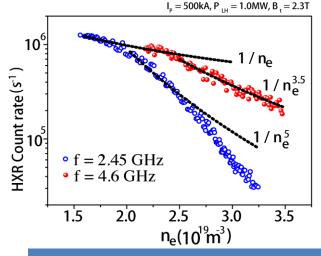
- Zero or low torque experiments on EAST may contribute to ITER
- More effective heating is required to raise β_N
- Active kinetics control for stabilities



Higher LHW Frequency and Lower Recycling Wall Allows High LHCD Efficiency at High Density

4.6GHz LHCD

- Weaker non-linear effect lead
 - Higher current drive efficiency
 - Better confinement
 - Higher rotation driving



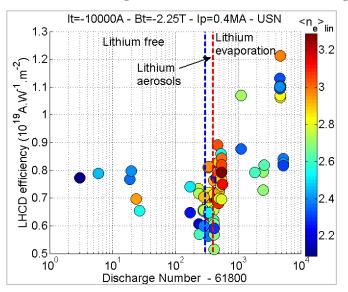
A. Ekedah, IAEA FEC (2018) EX/P2-15

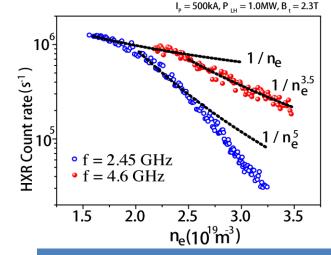


Higher LHW Frequency and Lower Recycling Wall Allows High LHCD Efficiency at High Density

4.6GHz LHCD

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A. Ekedah, IAEA FEC (2018) EX/P2-15

- Higher CD efficiency due to lower Z_{eff} : $n_{LH} \sim 1/(5+Z_{Eff})$
 - Reduced edge neutral density improves accessibility (weaken nonlinear effect)

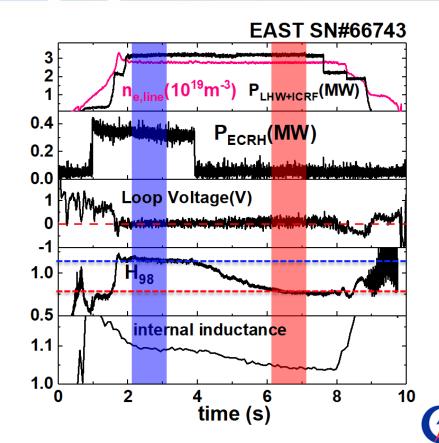


Synergy of ECH and LHCD also Helps Improvement Confinement and Enabling Higher Performance

RF discharges

- P_{LHW}~2.0MW, P_{ICRF}~1.0MW
 P_{FCH} ~0.4MW @ on-axis
- Confinement decreased from H_{98y2} ~1.15 to 0.75 when ECH turned off

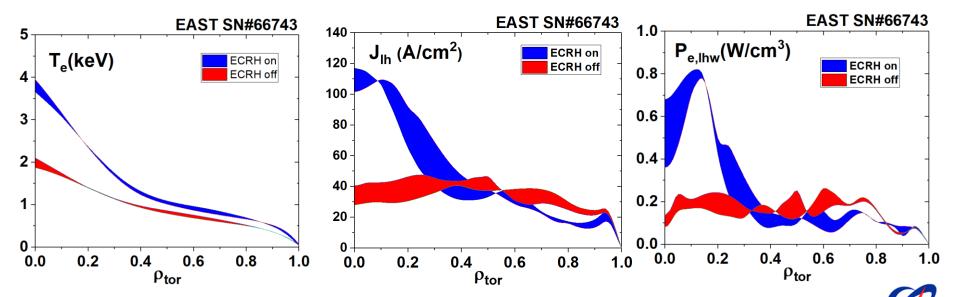
H.F. Du et al., Nucl. Fusion 58, 066011 (2018)



Synergy of ECH and LHCD also Helps Improvement Confinement and Enabling Higher Performance

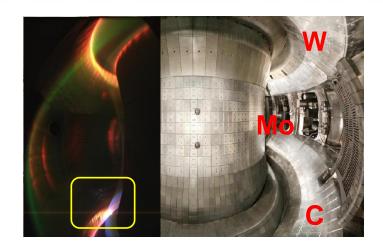
Shift of LHW H&CD, GENRAY+CQL3D shows

 More efficient electron heating and current driving by LHW at core with on-axis ECRH



ASIPP

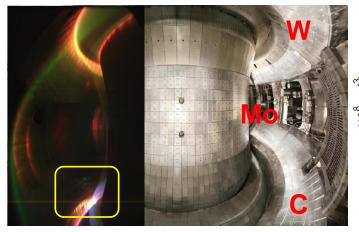
Demonstration of Effective Particle and Heat Load Exhaust Low Impurity Concentration/Recycling Control



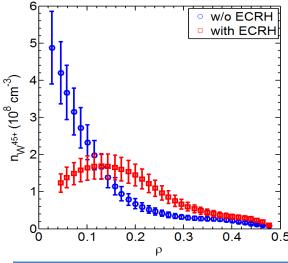
- Actively water-cooled W/Cu
 Divertor ~10MW/m²
- Inner Cryopump @ Divertors
 ~75,000l/s for D₂ (@ LHe)
- Real-time Wall conditioning



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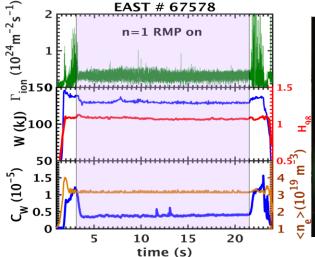
L. Zhang, IAEA FEC (2018) EX/P2-3

 On-axis ECH pump out high Z impurities from core plasma



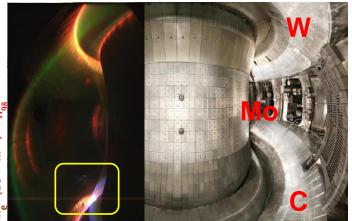
L. Wang, IAEA FEC (2018) EX/P2-8

Demonstration of Effective Particle and Heat Load Exhaust Low Impurity Concentration/Recycling Control



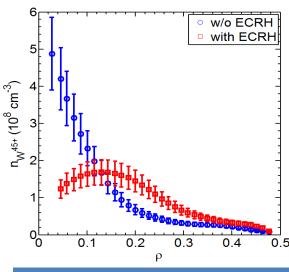
- ELM control by n=1 and rotating n=2 and static n=3 RMP in low rotating plasmas
- W-impurities pump-out and heat flux reduced

Y. Sun, IAEA FEC (2018) EX/7-2



- Actively water-cooled W/Cu
 Divertor ~10MW/m²
- Inner Cryopump @ Divertors ~75,000l/s for D₂ (@ LHe)
- Real-time Wall conditioning

L. Wang, IAEA FEC (2018) EX/P2-8



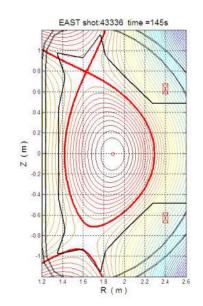
L. Zhang, IAEA FEC (2018) EX/P2-3

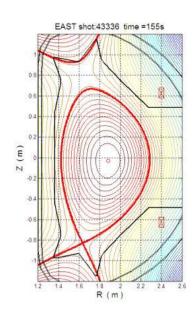
 On-axis ECH pump out high Z impurities from core plasma



- Plasma Configuration for RF-coupling
 - Outer/inner gap and X-point, Gas-puffing at RF antenna
- Divertor Heat flux and Particle Exhaust
 - Sweep of X point
 - Strike point for pumping

N.Viaello, IAEA FEC (2018) EX/3-2







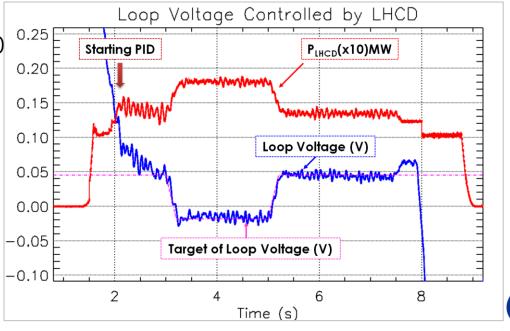
- Plasma Configuration for RF-coupling
- Divertor Heat flux and Particle Exhaust

Loop Voltage Feedback Control by

LHW

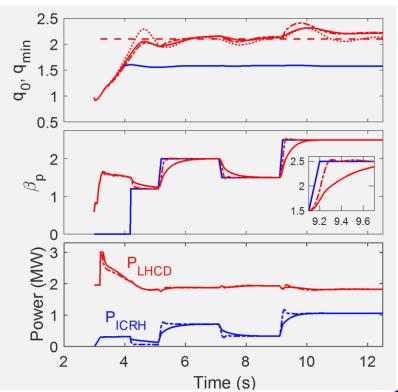
True steady-state , I_{OH}~ 0

PF-coils Consumption





- Plasma Configuration for RF-coupling
- Divertor Heat flux and Particle Exhaust
- Loop Voltage Feedback Control by LHW
- Active Feedback Control
 - Beta and j(r) for stationary SSO
- Active Feedback Control of Radiation Power
 - To reduce heat flux into SOL

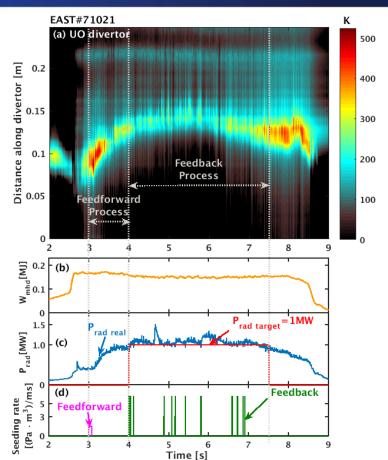


D. Moreau, IAEA FEC (2018) EX/P2-26



- Plasma Configuration for RF-coupling
- Divertor Heat flux and Particle Exhaust
- Loop Voltage Feedback Control by LHW
- Active Feedback Control
 - Beta and j(r) for stationary SSO
- Active Feedback Control of Radiation Power
 - To reduce heat flux into SOL

K. Wu et al., Nucl. Fusion 58, 056019 (2018)





Summary

- A world record discharge of 101.2 s H-mode achieved on EAST
- Steady-state fully non-inductive high- β_P scenarios demonstrated with extension of operational regime
 - High LHCD efficiency at high density with on-axis ECH
 - High f_{RS}~40-50% with good confinement
 - Broad q-profile, Shafranov shift and e-ITB is key to high performance
 - Zero or low torque experiments on EAST may contribute to ITER
- Further research on integration of core performance and edge-divertor plasma for scenarios development and resolving heat flux issues will try to extrapolate to reactor regime, essential for advanced steady-state operation

