

# Multi-scale drift turbulence dynamics in an Ohmic discharge as measured at the FT-2 tokamak and modelled by full-f gyrokinetic ELMFIRE-code

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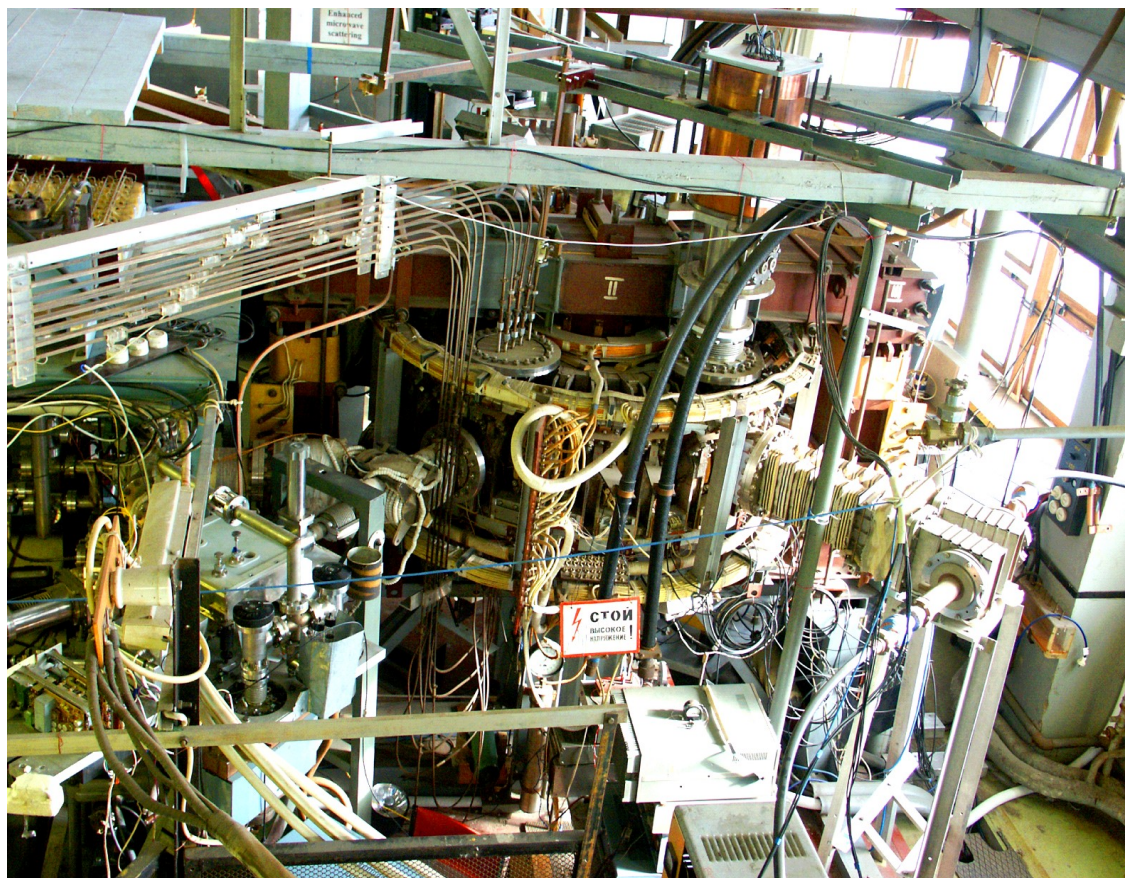
4 Euratom-Tekes Association, Aalto University, Espoo, Finland

# Contents of this talk

1. Introduction to ELMFIRE, Doppler reflectometry and Enhanced Scattering
2. Profiles and transport properties
3. DR spectra comparison
4. Poloidal velocity comparison
5. Electric field statistics comparison
6. Comparison on spatial structure of GAM
7. Conclusions



# FT-2 tokamak (Ioffe Institute)



$$R_0 = 55 \text{ cm}$$

$$a = 8 \text{ cm}$$

$$B_t < 2.7 \text{ T}$$

$$I_p < 50 \text{ kA}$$

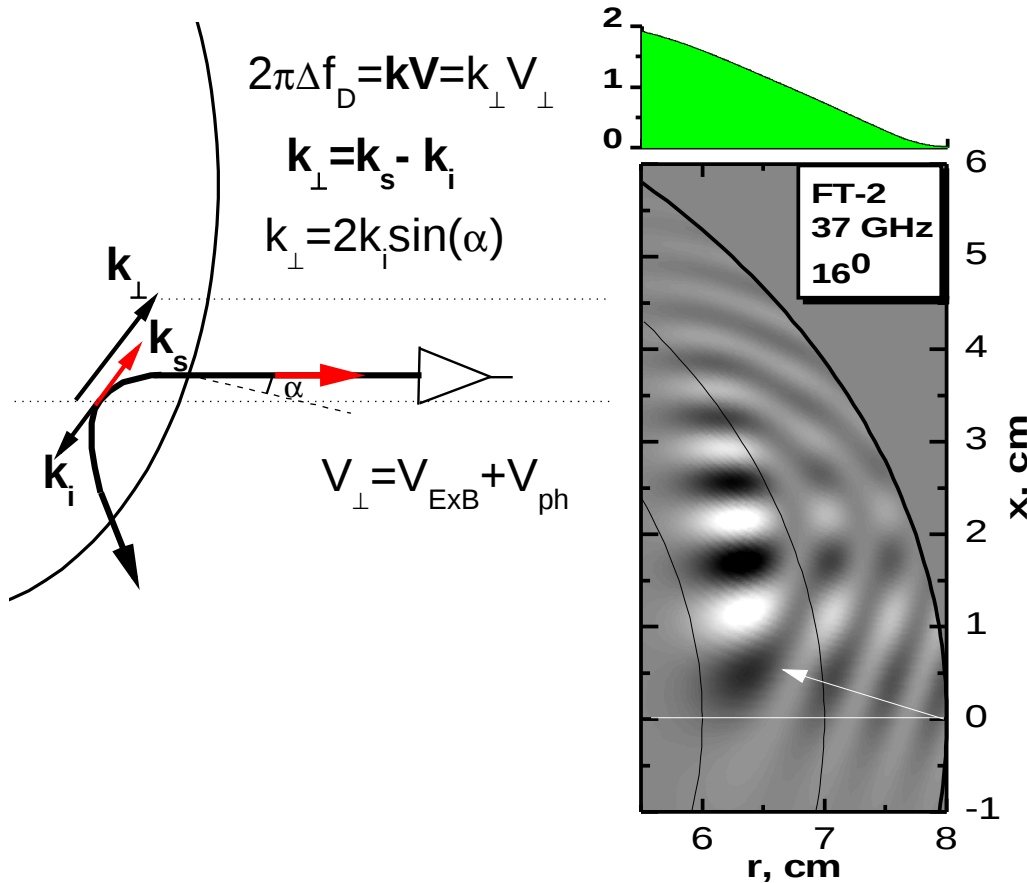
$$N_e < 7 \cdot 10^{19} \text{ m}^{-3}$$

$$T_e < 1.0 \text{ keV}$$

$$T_i < 0.4 \text{ keV}$$



# Microwave Doppler reflectometry



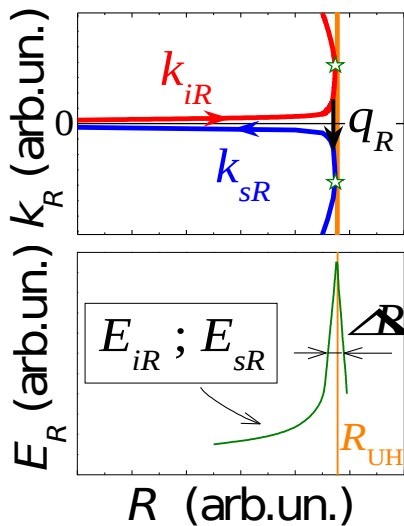
Synthetic diagnostic

$$I(t) = \int w(r, \theta) \delta n(r, \theta, t) r dr d\theta$$

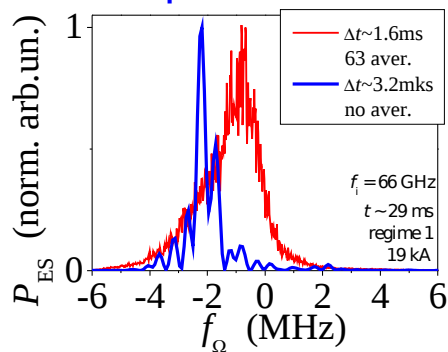
$$W(r, \theta) = w \cos + i^* w \sin$$

The synthetic diagnostic is constructed using the complex instrumental DR weighting function. (S.Leerink CPP'10 50)

# Microwave Enhanced scattering in UHR

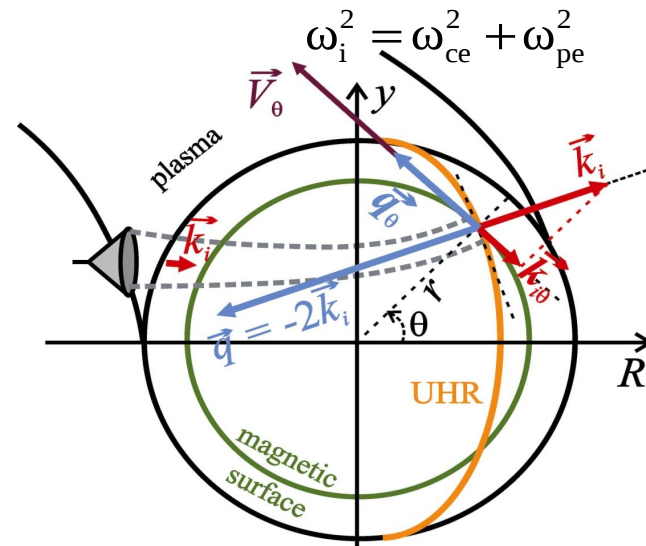
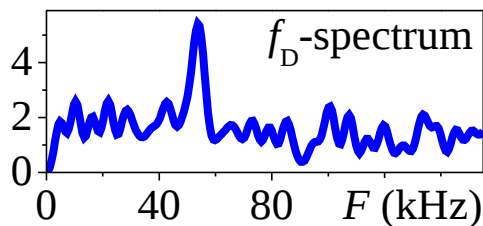
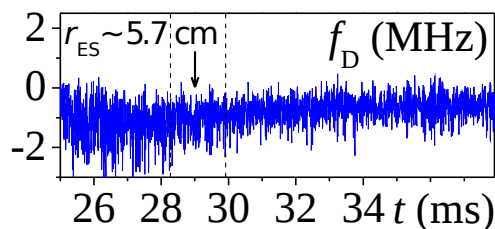


ES spectrum



Doppler frequency shift

$$f_D = \frac{\int_{\Omega} f_{\Omega} |P(f_{\Omega})| df_{\Omega}}{\int_{\Omega} |P(f_{\Omega})| df_{\Omega}}$$



$$2\pi f_D = q_{\theta} V_{\theta} \quad f_{\Omega} = f_s - f_i$$

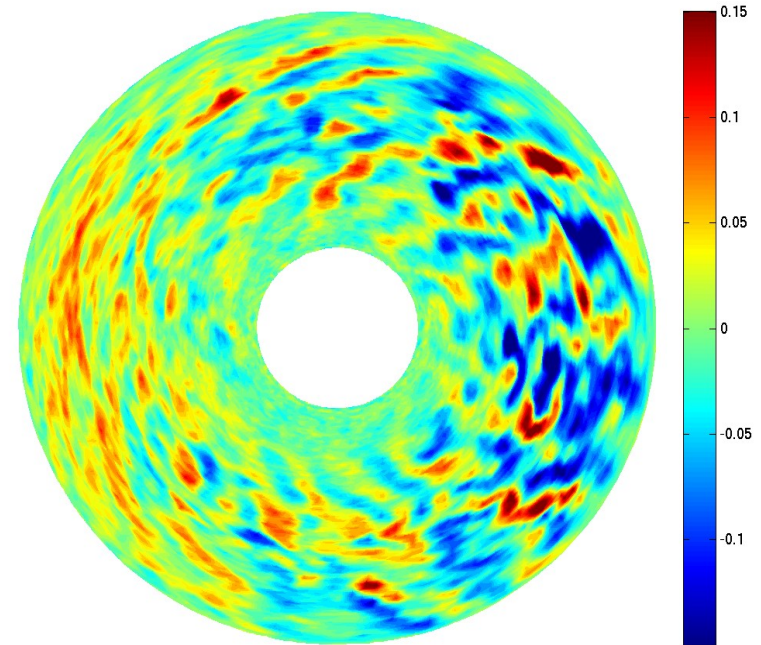
Gusakov et al. PPCF'06 **48**  
Gurchenko et al. PPCF'10 **52**



# Gyrokinetic full-f code: ELMFIRE

## ELMFIRE properties:

- Gyrokinetic electrostatic 5D full-f particle code.
- Species: e,i, impurity.
- Binary collision model.
- Quasineutrality enforced through polarization drift and electron parallel non-linearity.
- Applicable for kinetic analysis of neo-classical physics and microturbulence.



Instantaneous density fluctuation normalized to flux-surface averaged density, poloidal section.

Heikkinen et al. JCP '08 & '11, PoP'10

# Profiles and transport results

$t \sim 28.3-29.9$  ms

$I_p \sim 19$  kA

$B_T \sim 2.2$  T

$v^* \sim 10-25$

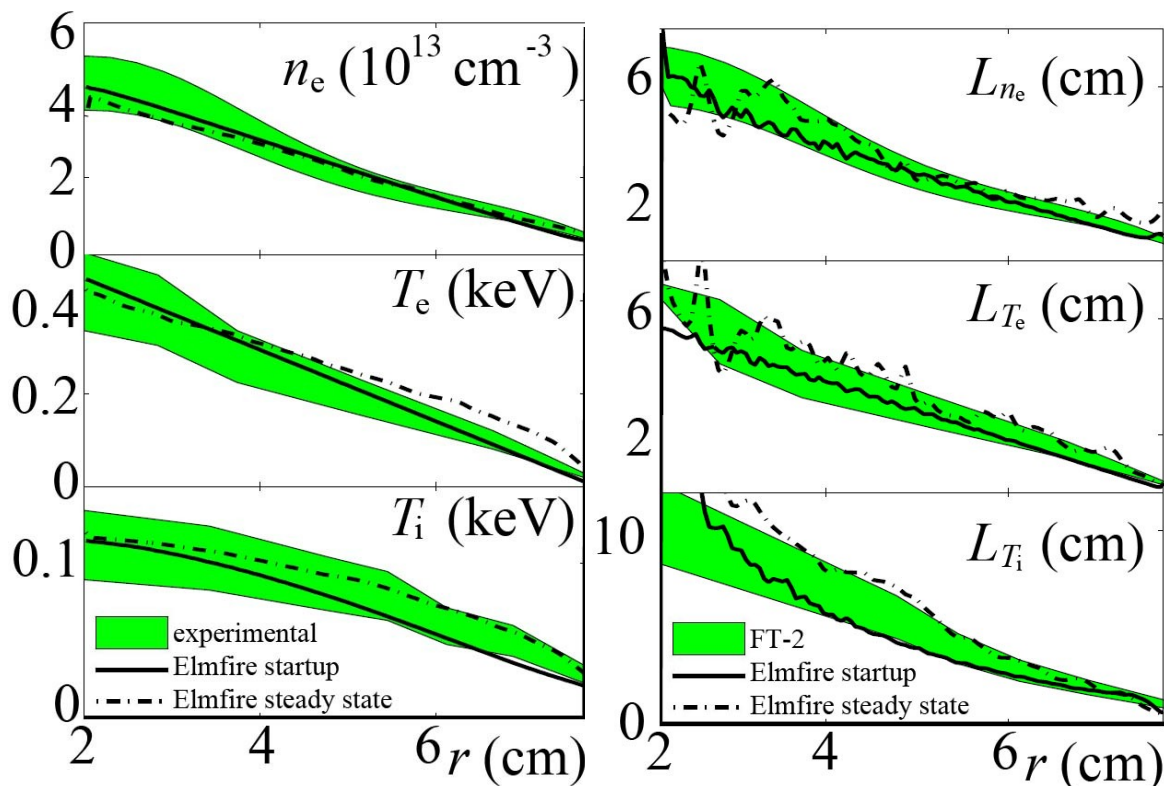
$\tau_E \sim 1$  ms

hydrogen plasma

main impurity: oxygen  $O^{+6}$

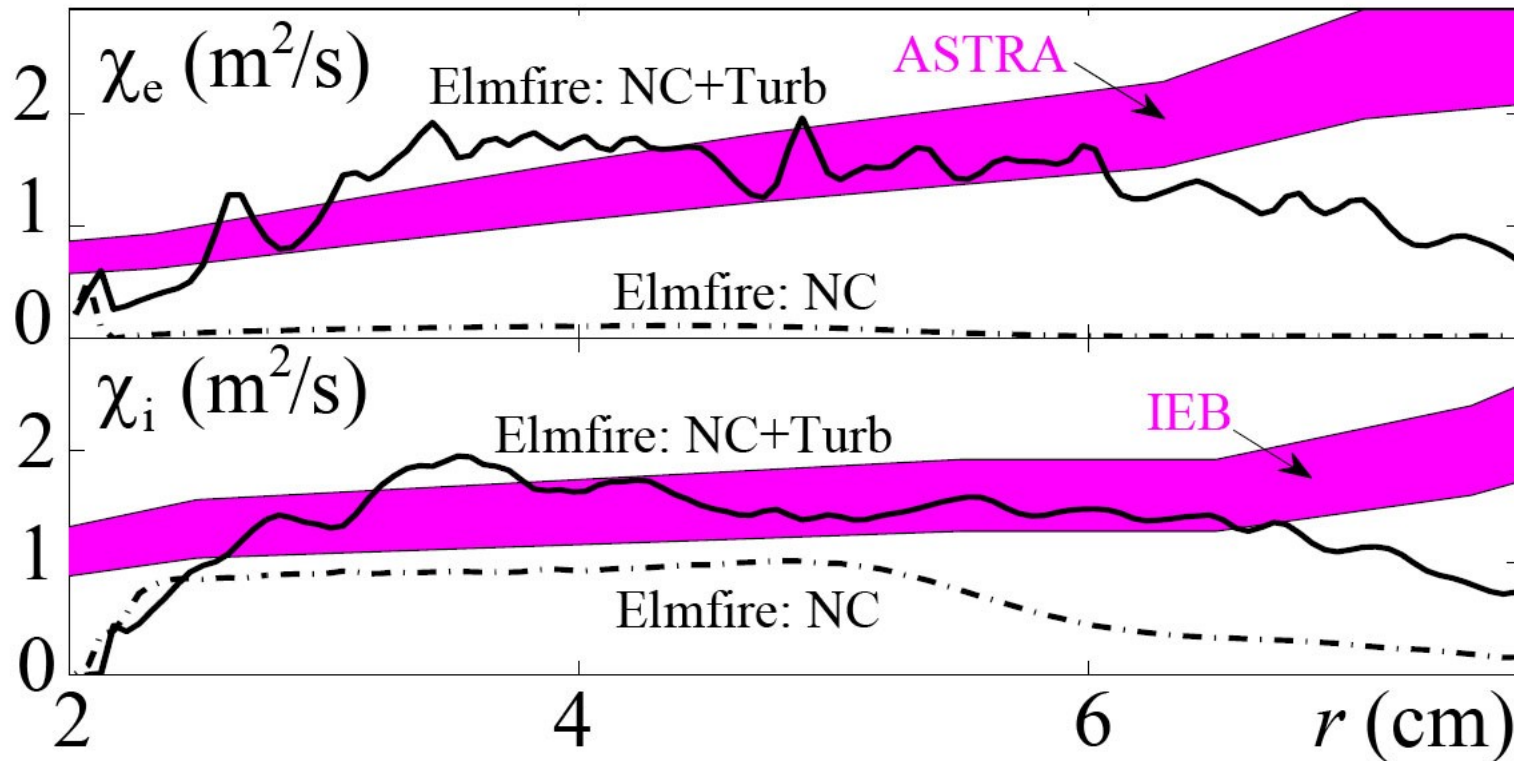
$Z_{\text{eff}} \sim 3.1$

$T_{H^+} = T_{O^{+6}}$  assumed



# Profiles and transport results (ctd)

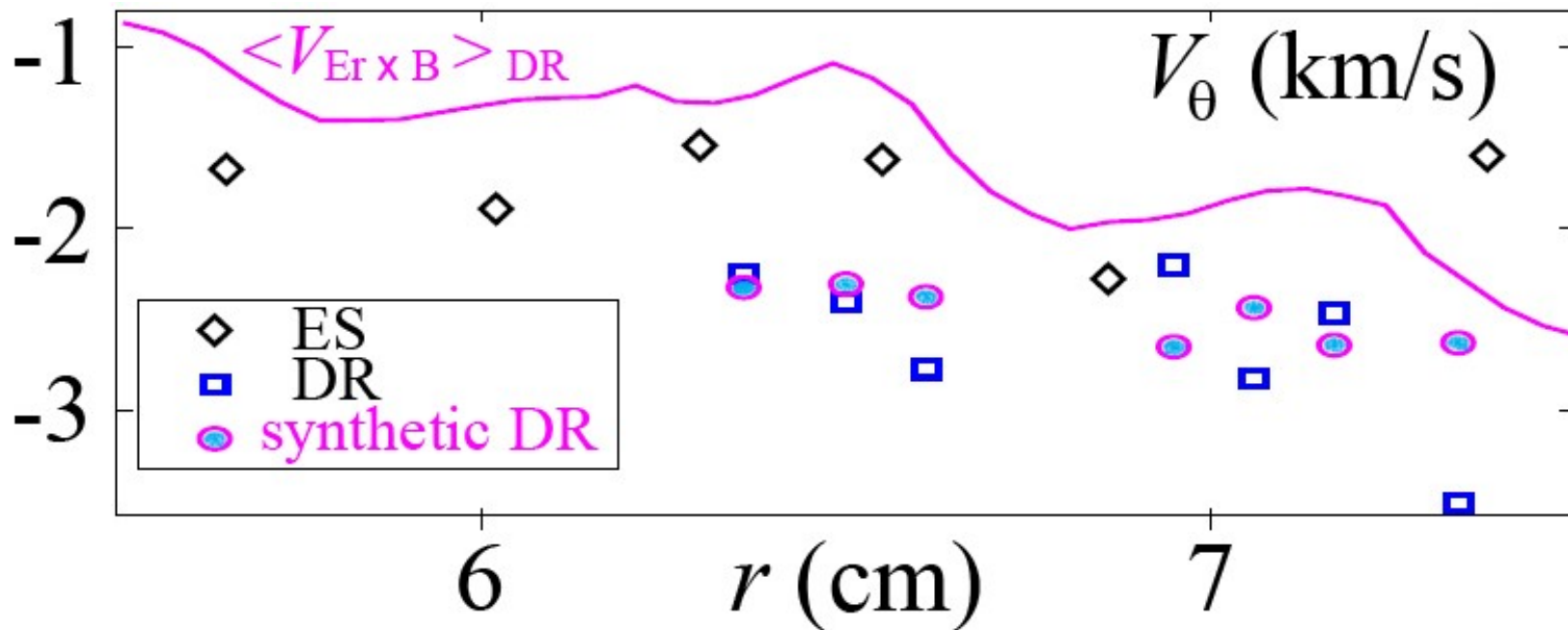
ASTRA modeling: G.V. Pereverzev and P.N. Yushmanov, preprint IPP 5/98 Garching





# Poloidal rotation profiles compared

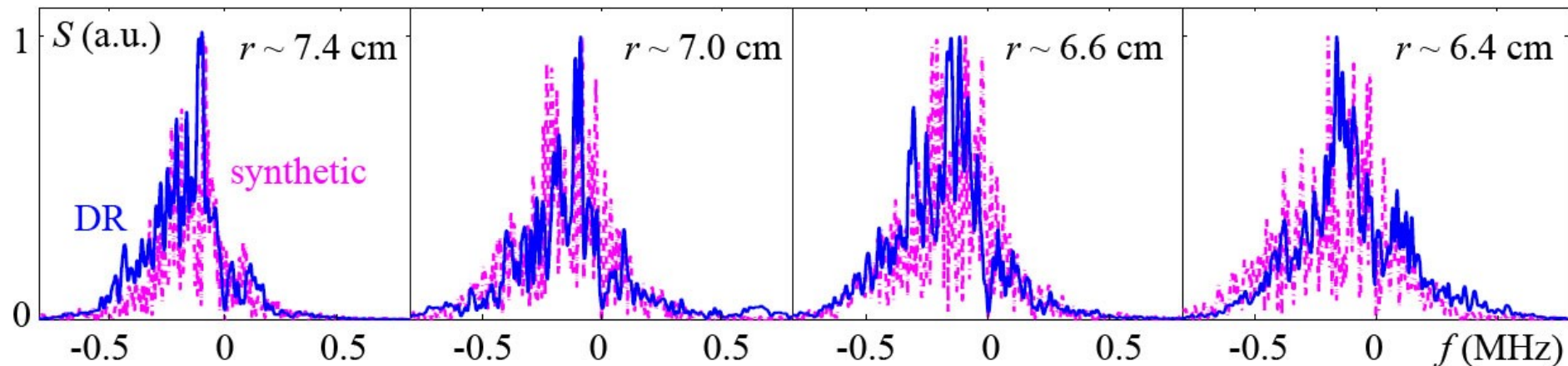
Poloidal rotation profiles were measured with Enhanced Scattering, Doppler Reflectometry and from ELMFIRE.



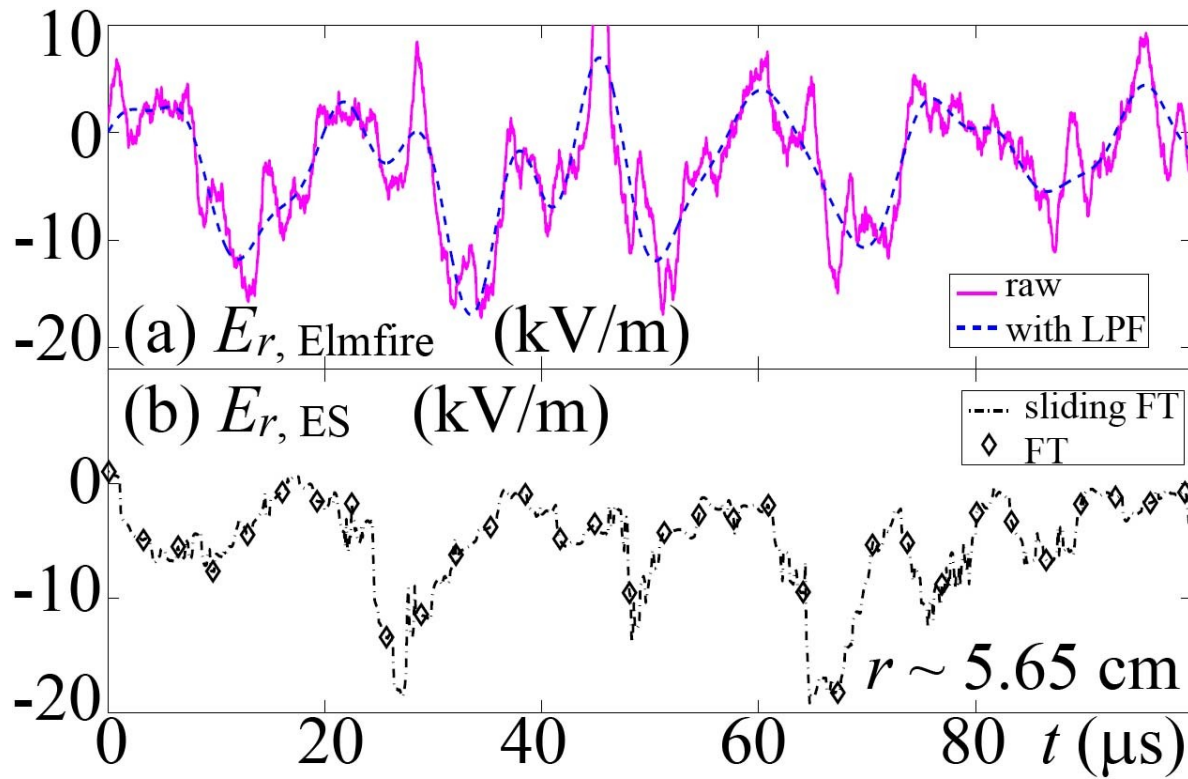
# Doppler reflectometry spectra

DR spectra were compared to the synthetic diagnostic.  
Shift, width and shape reproduced.

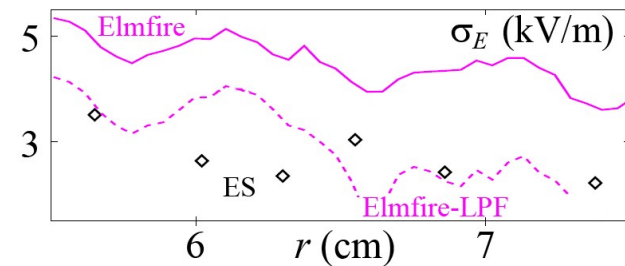
S.Leerink et al. PRL'12, accepted for publication



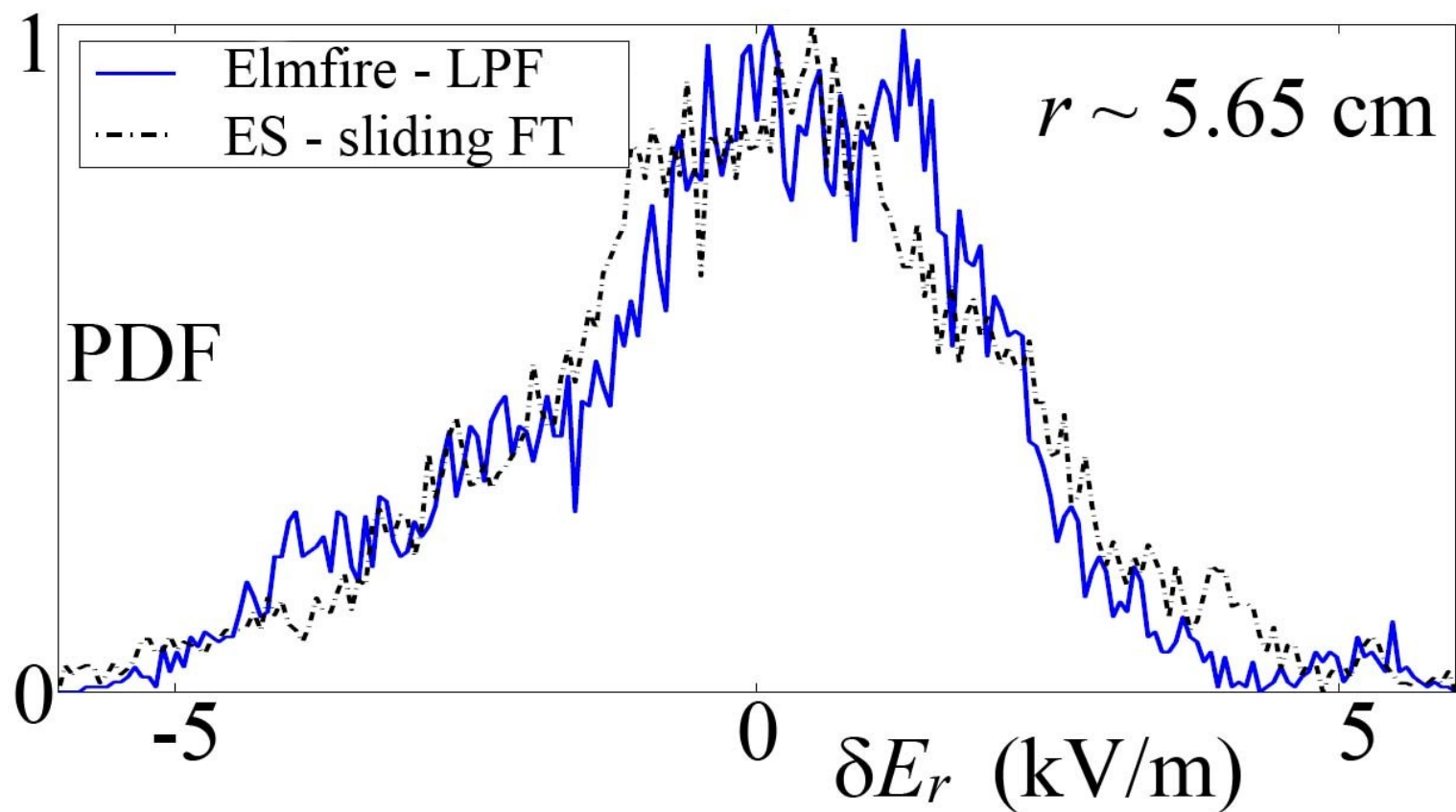
# $E_r$ evolution in time



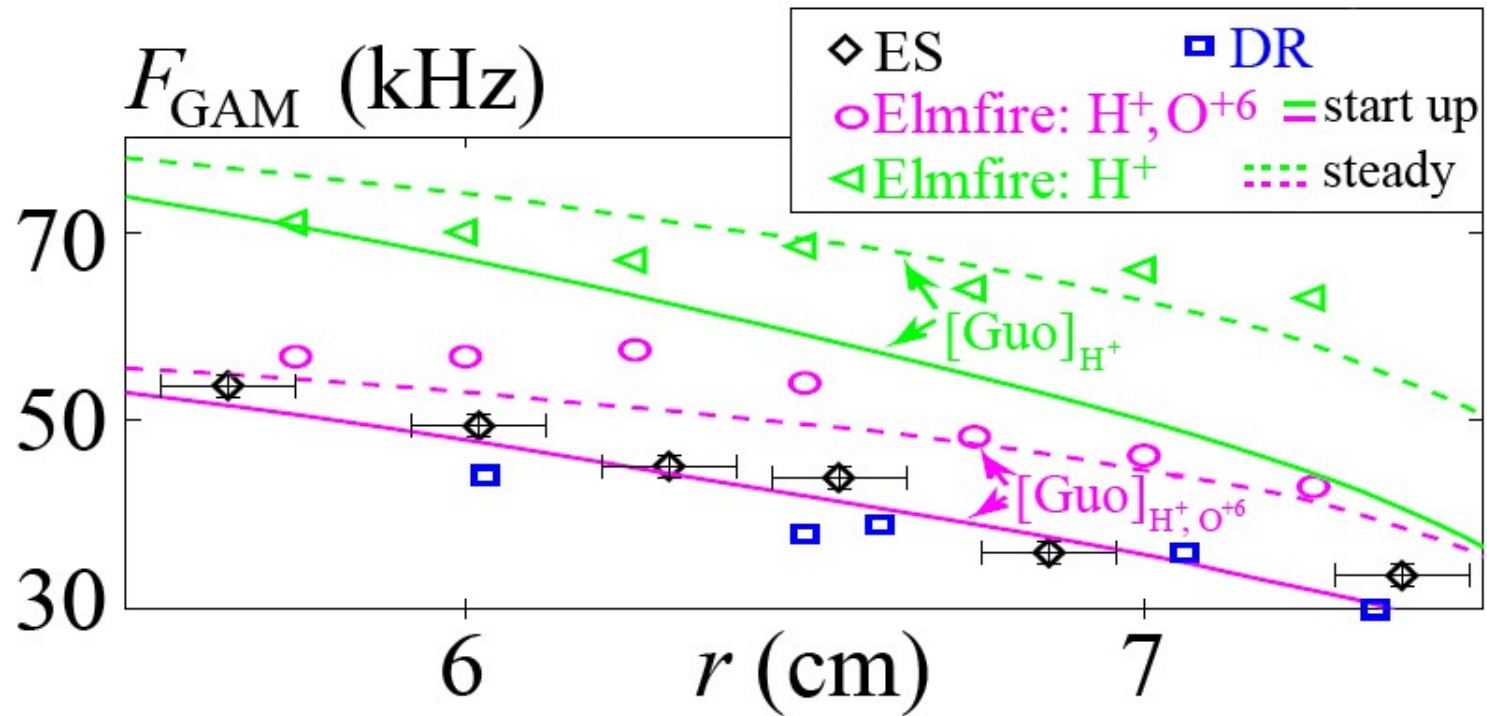
The experimental signal is low-pass filtered with a Nyquist frequency of  $F_N = 156.25 \text{ kHz}$ . This has to be taken into account in analysis of simulation data.



# $E_r$ fluctuation statistics

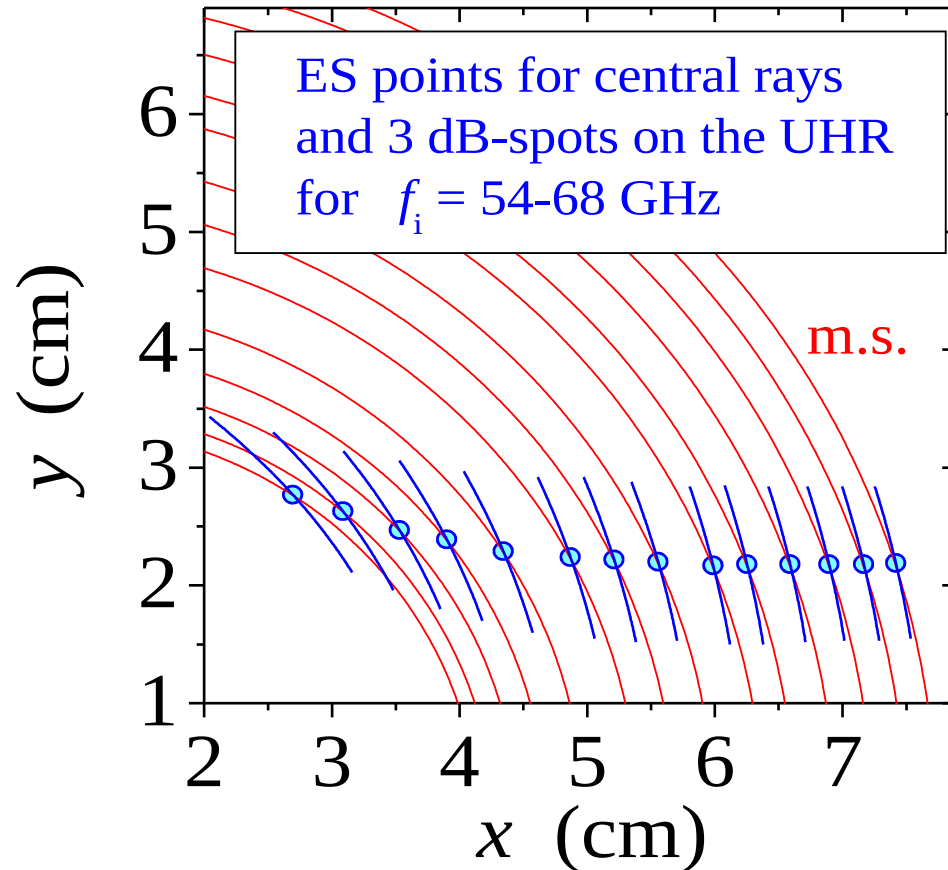


# Comparison of GAM frequencies





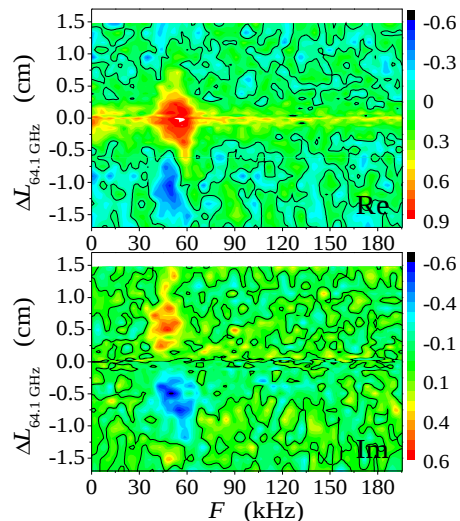
# GAM correlation measurements with ES



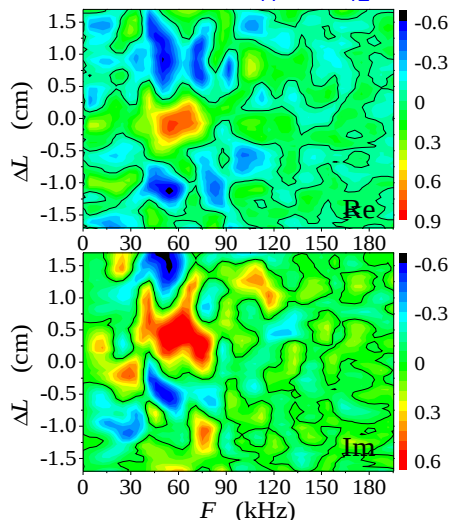
Enhanced scattering allows correlation measurements if two signals are measured,  
 $|f_2 - f_1| < 4$  GHz corresponds to  
 $|\Delta L| < 2$  cm in plasma

# GAM correlation measurements with ES

ES: two  $f_D$ -signals

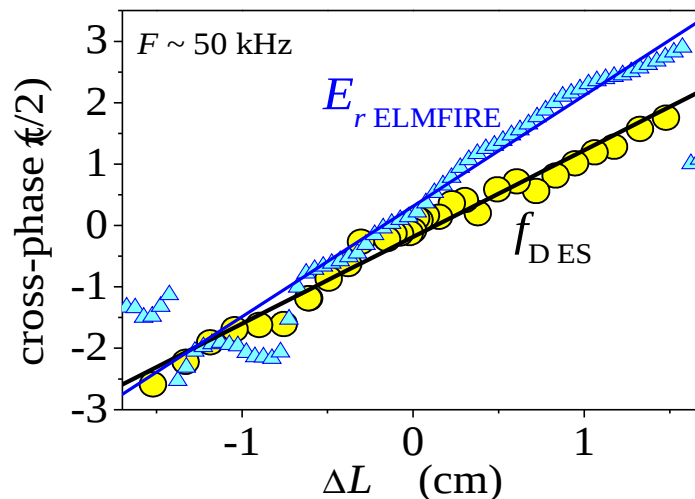
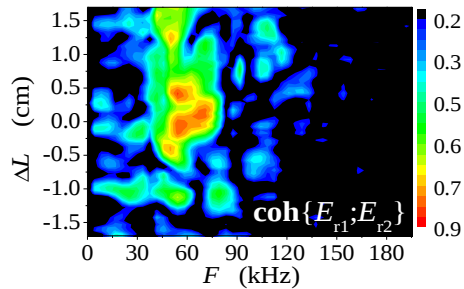
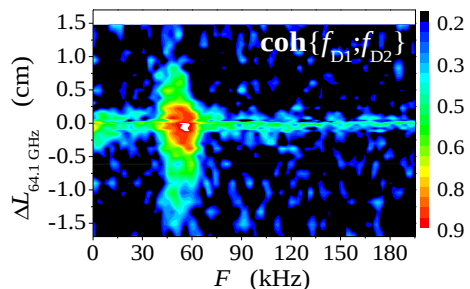


Elmfire:  $E_{r1}$  &  $E_{r2}$



$V_r$  direction: radially outwards

Coherence:



# Conclusions

Good correspondence between experimental and simulation data have been obtained:

- For transport properties.
- Doppler reflectometry, and ES measurements of
  - Mean  $E \times B$  flows.
  - DR spectra.
  - Oscillations in zonal flows.
  - GAM spatial correlation properties.
- Clear influence of an impurity species is observed.

# Acknowledgements

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