

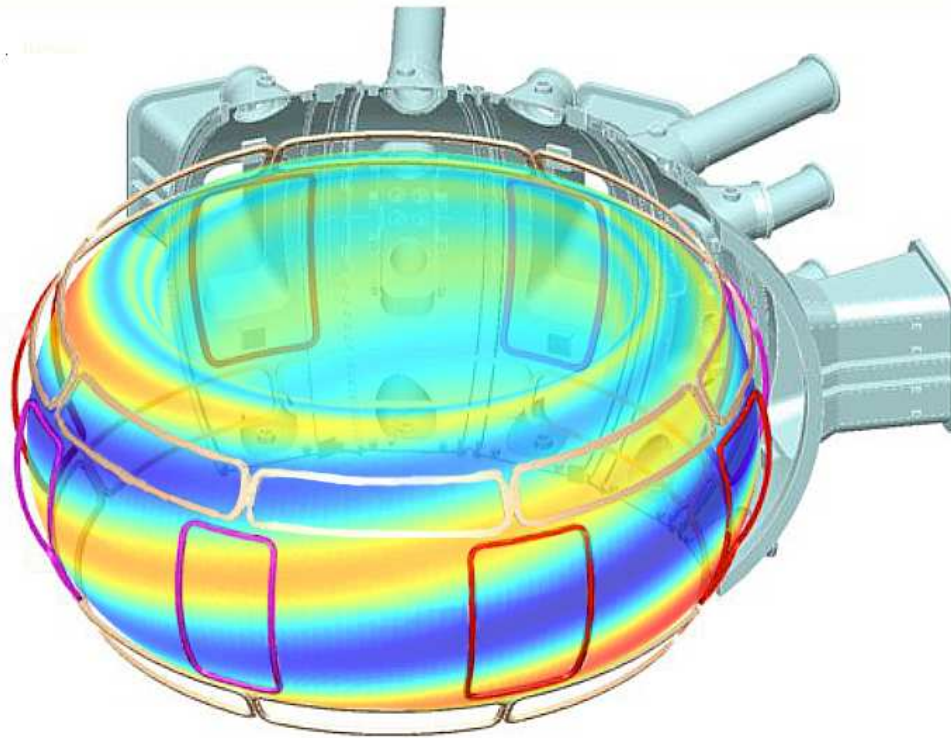
Mitigation of Edge Localized Modes with non-axisymmetric magnetic perturbations in ASDEX Upgrade

Wolfgang Suttrop

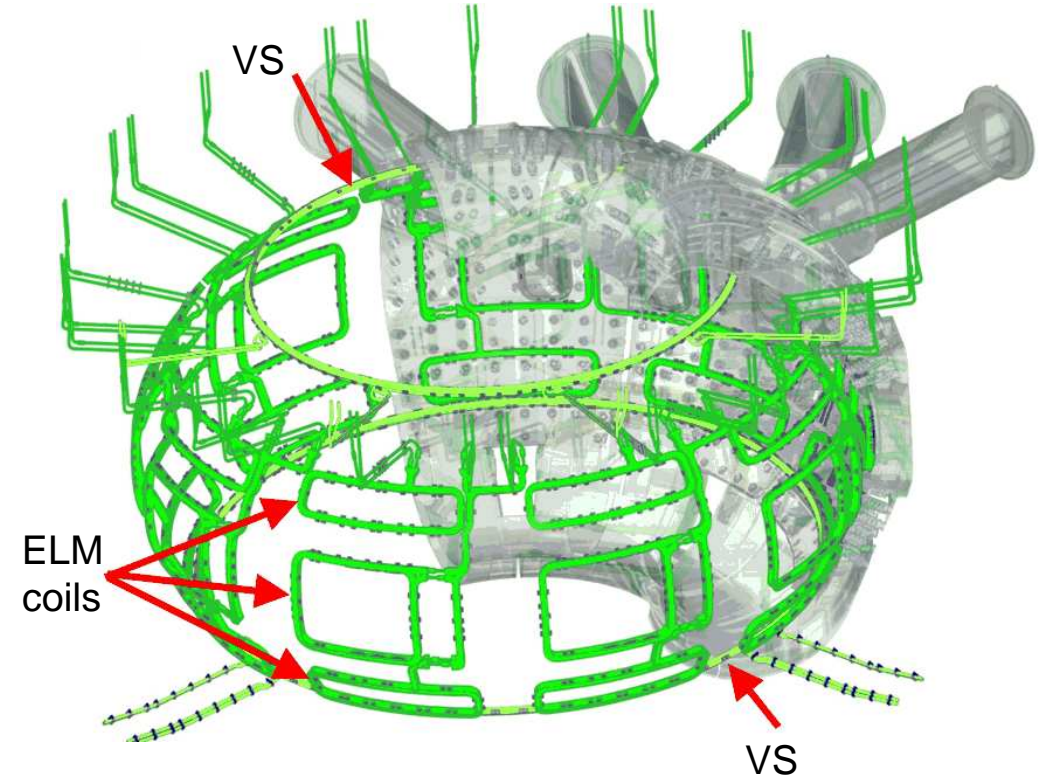
L Barrera Orte, T Eich, R Fischer, J C. Fuchs, L Giannone, M Kočan, P T Lang, T Lunt, M Maraschek, R M McDermott, A Mlynek, H W Müller, T Pütterich, S K Rathgeber, M Rott, F Ryter, T Vierle, E Viezzer, E Wolfrum, and the ASDEX Upgrade Team

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ASDEX Upgrade



ITER



Mitigation of Edge Localised Modes (ELMs)

Locking of MHD modes to error fields

Control of the Resistive Wall Mode (RWM) — with conducting wall and feedback system

W Suttrop *et al*, Fus. Eng. Des. 84 (2009) 209

First enhancement stage is in operation:

4 (8) upper and 4 (8) lower coils

DC power supplies (2 circuits)

Any (anti-) series connection of coils

Plasma surface: $B_{r,\max} \sim 10^{-3} \times B_t$

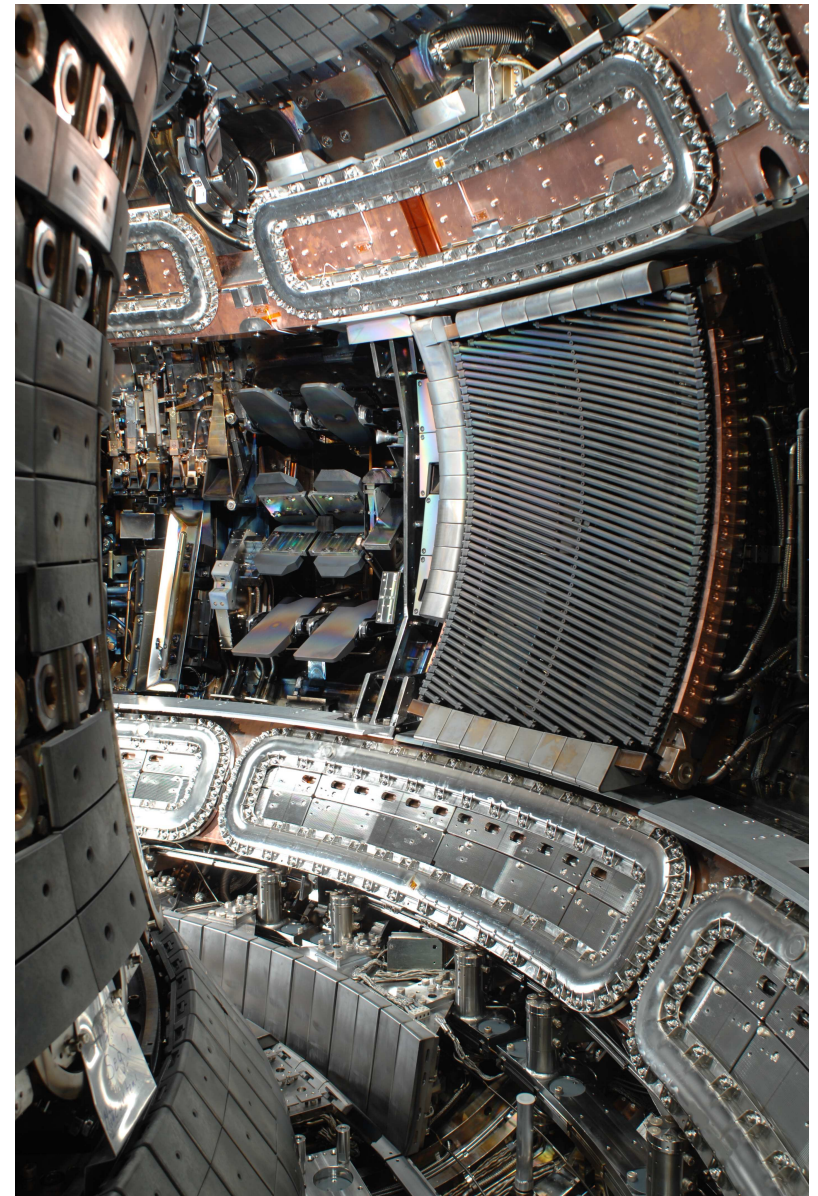
Outline of presentation

Phenomenology of ELM mitigation

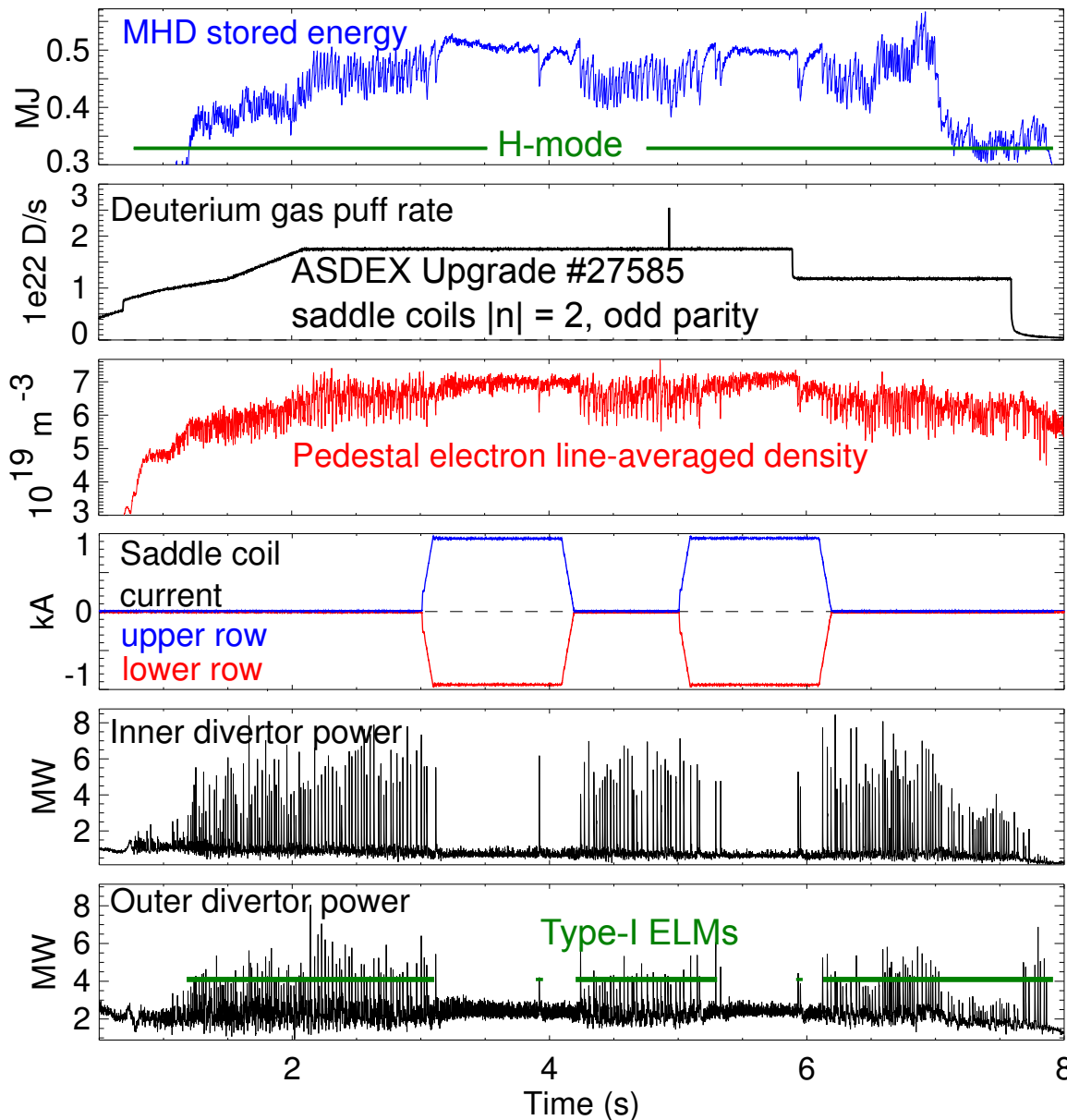
Access conditions

- Plasma density
- Importance of resonance condition
- Extension to $n = 1, 2, 4$, He plasmas

Saddle coils mounted in ASDEX Upgrade
(view with PFCs removed)



Large ELMs disappear as saddle coil current applied



Deuterium divertor plasma
 Lower single null, $B_t = -2.5$ T, $I_p = 0.8$ MA

$P_{\text{NBI}} = 7.5$ MW
 → ELMy High-confinement mode

Type-I ELMs disappear when $|n| = 2$ perturbation is applied

Peak power to divertor targets strongly reduced

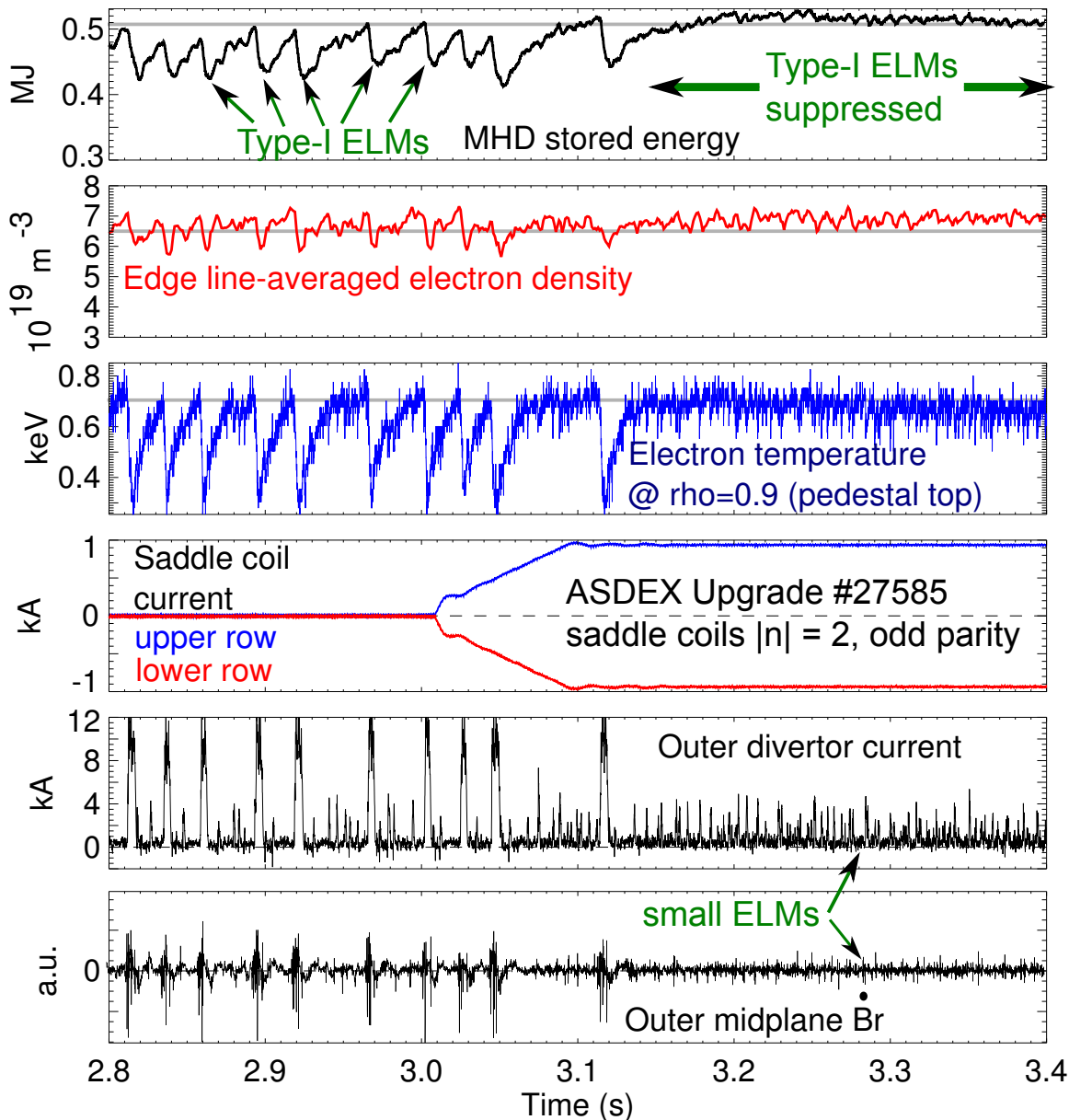
— Inner divertor remains continuously detached

— Steady heat flux to outer divertor

W Suttrop *et al*, PRL 106 (2011) 225004

W Suttrop *et al*, PPCF 53 (2011) 124014

Large ELMs are replaced by small ELMs



As large type-I ELMs disappear:

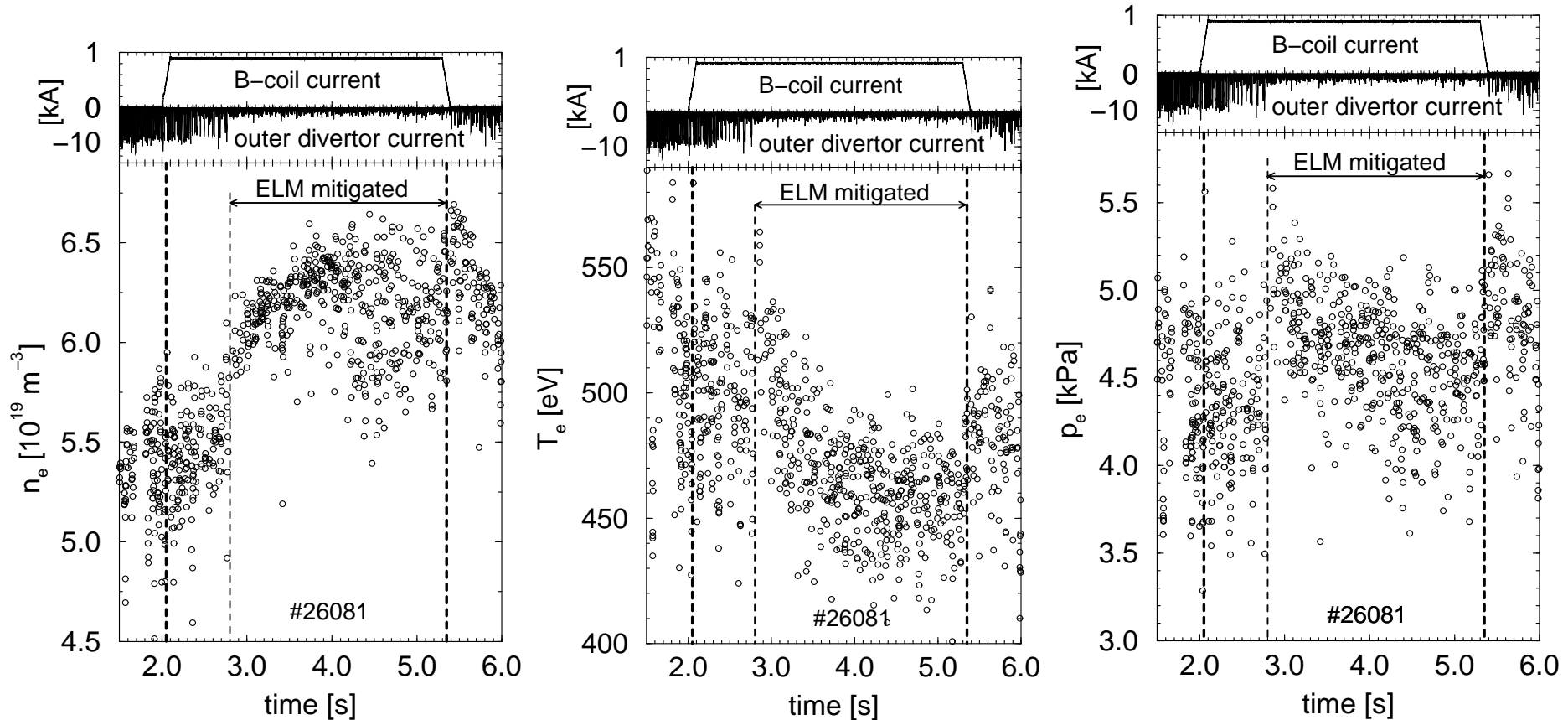
Stored energy,
plasma density and
temperature

at H-mode edge pedestal top remain at
upper envelope of type-I ELM cycle

Magnetic activity shows that plasma
edge is still limited by a localised MHD
instability:

Frequent “small” ELMs

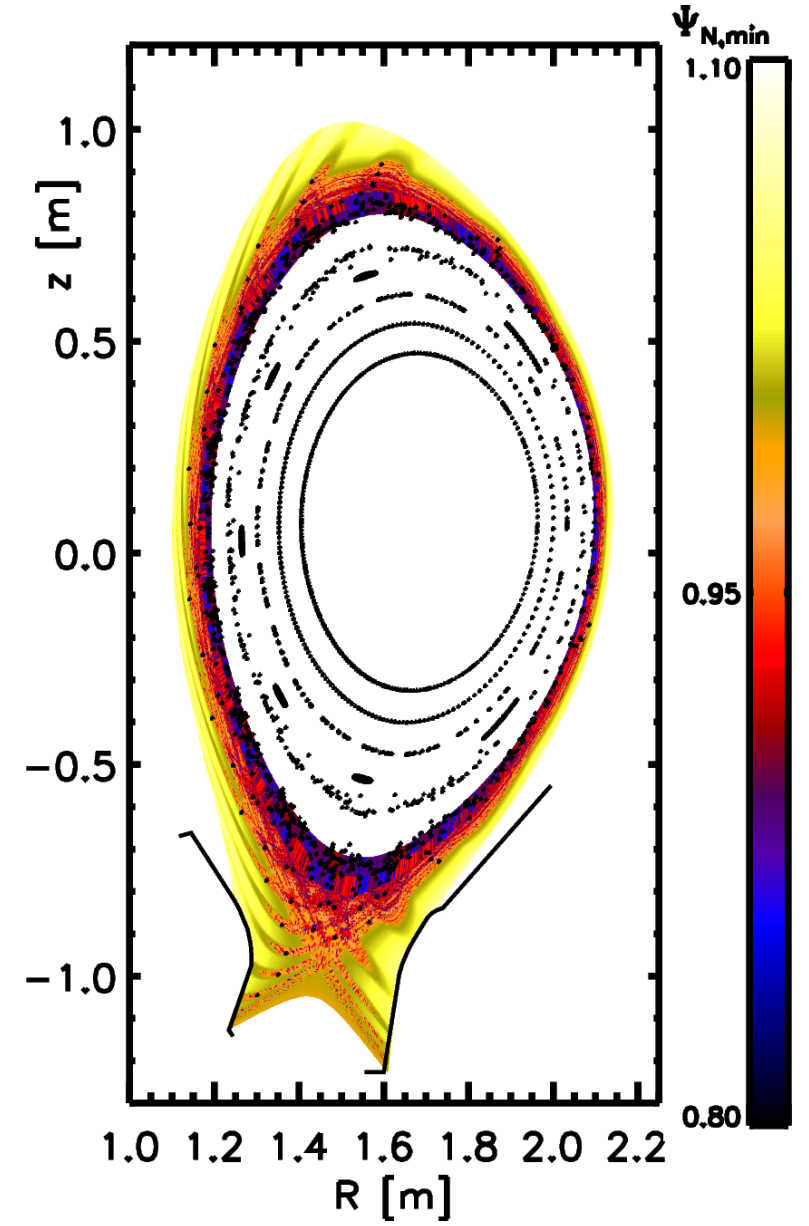
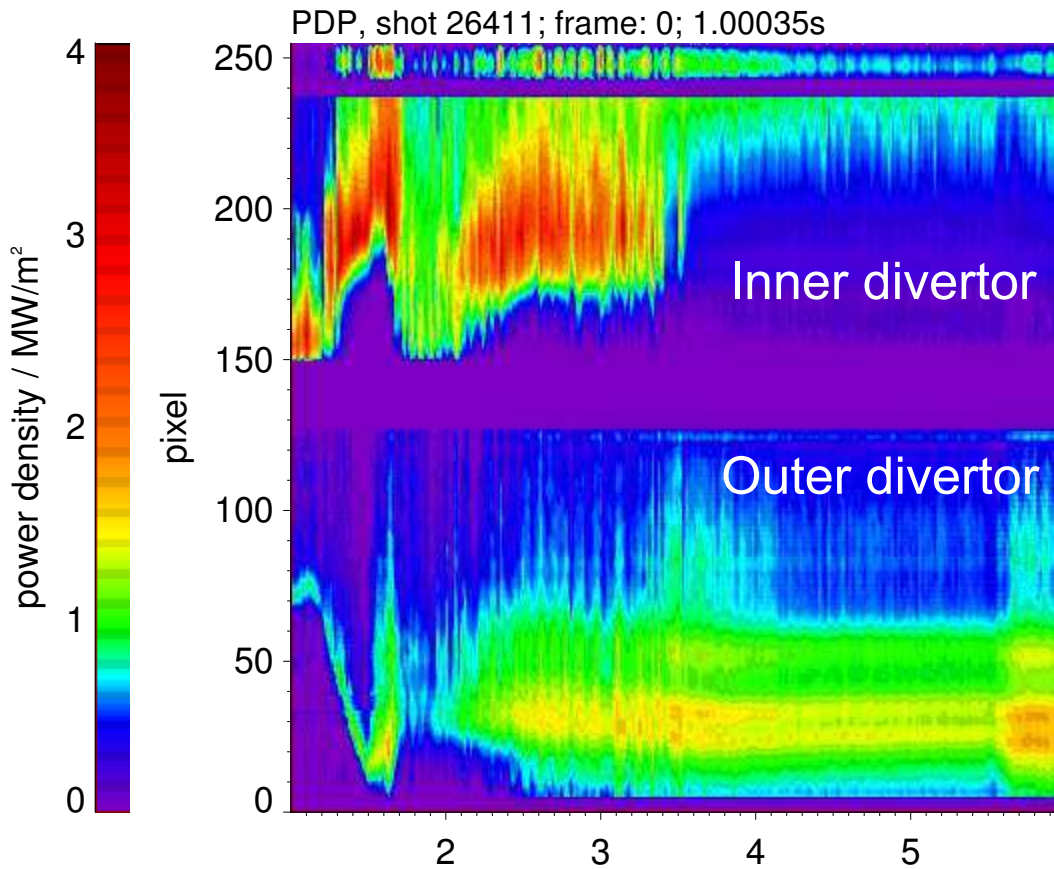
Pedestal density increases, pedestal pressure is maintained



- Minimum density for type-I ELM suppression: $n_{\text{ped}} = 65\% n_{\text{GW}} \quad (|n| = 2)$
- Increased particle confinement as type-I ELMs disappear
- Gradients change little, light and heavy impurity contents comparable or reduced

R Fischer *et al*, accepted for PPCF, EPS 2011, P1.072

Thermography view of divertor targets:



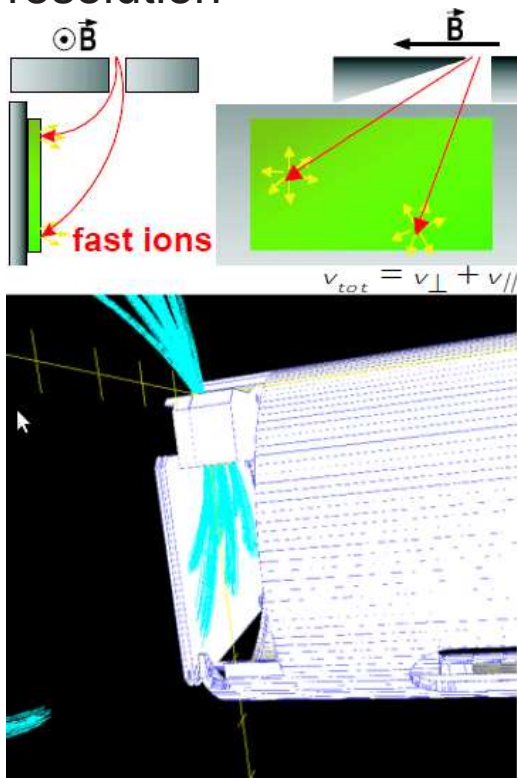
Comparison with magnetic field structure:

J C Fuchs *et al* EPS 2011, P1.090

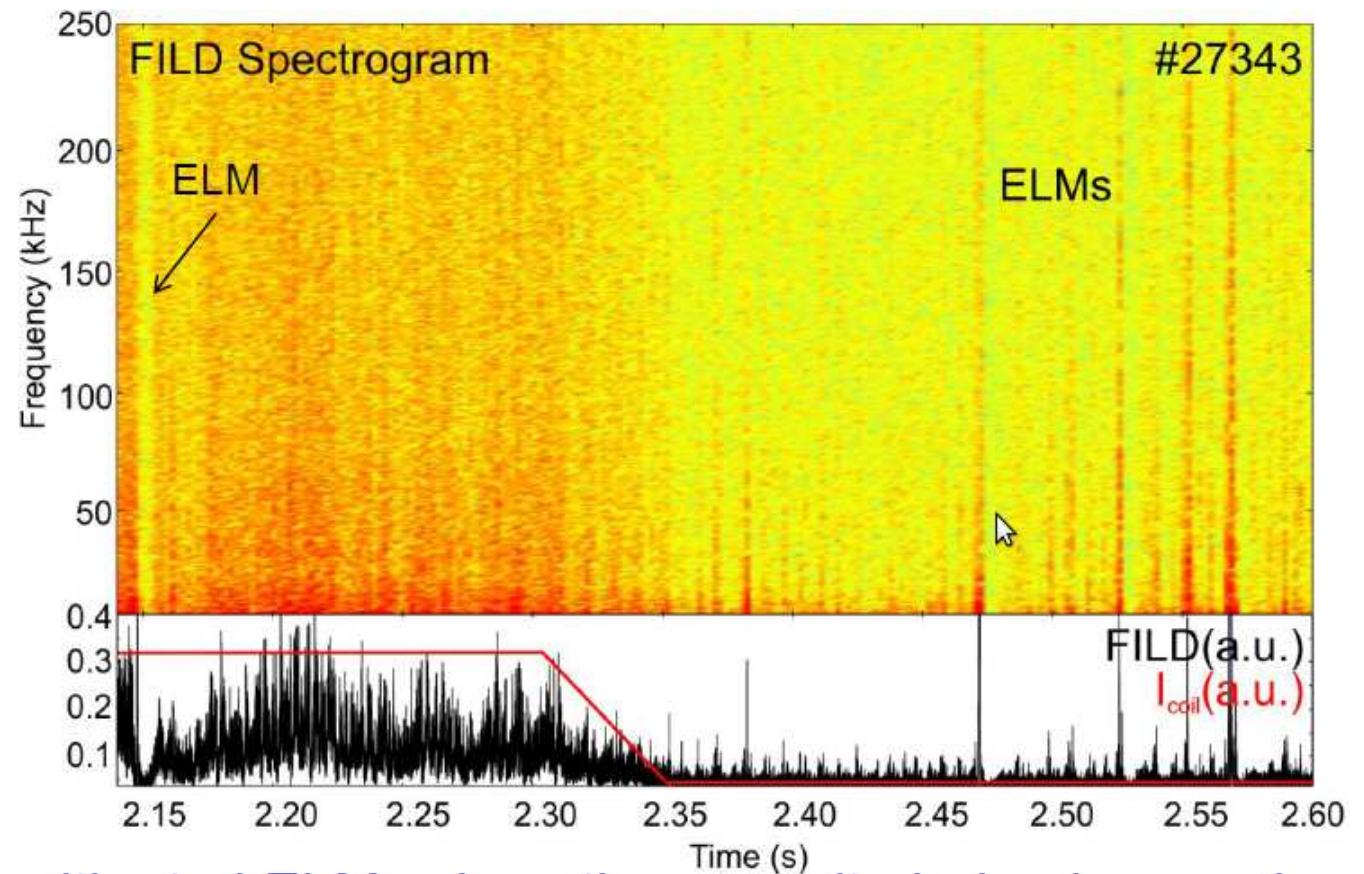
T Lunt *et al* Nucl. Fus. 52 (2012) 54013

M Kočan EX/P7-23

Fast Ion Loss Detector (FILD)
Ion energy and pitch angle
resolution



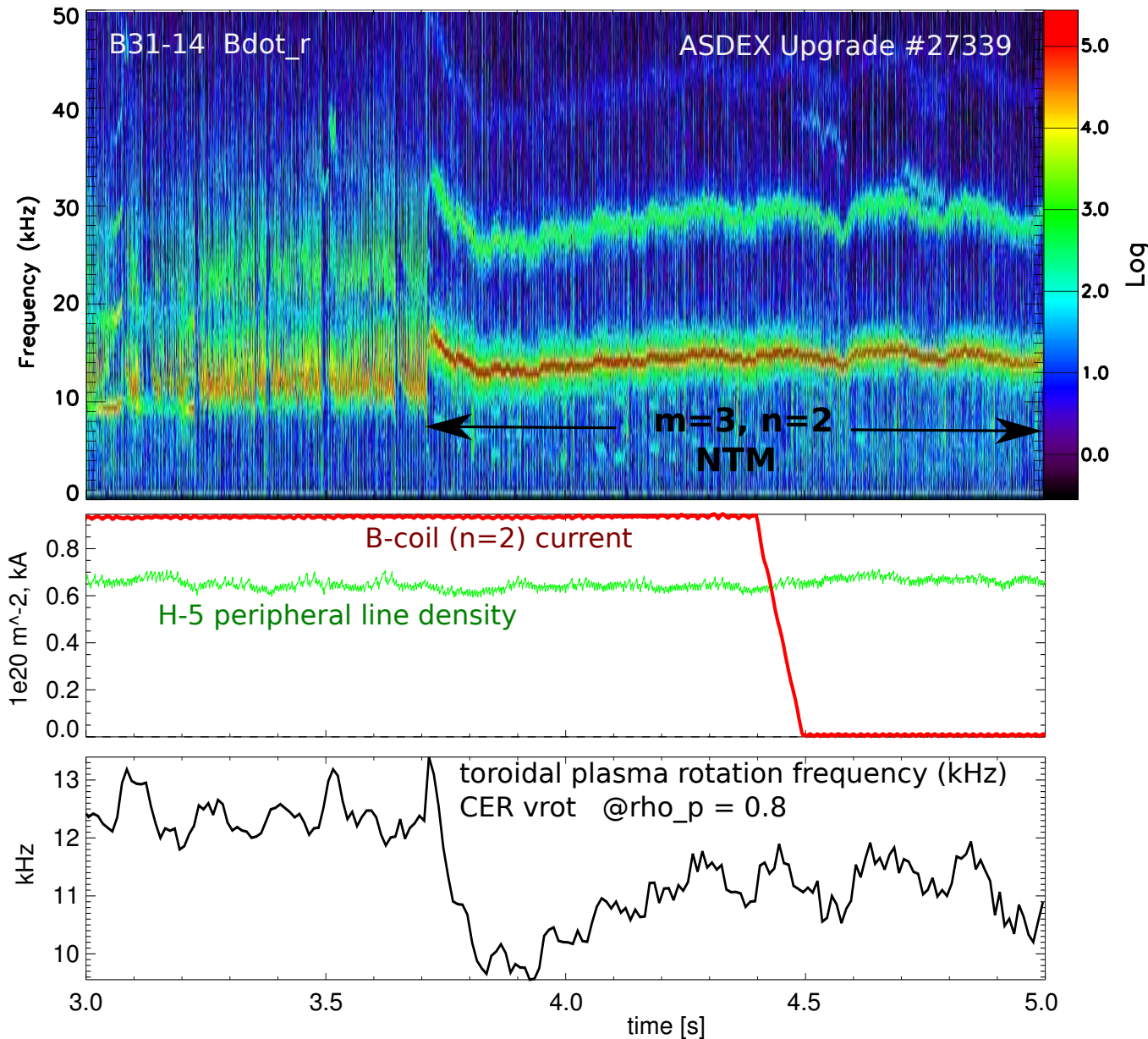
M García-Muñoz *et al*,
RSI 80 (2009) 053003



M García-Muñoz, EX/P6-03

Power load on wall by fast particles:

T Kurki-Suonio, ITR/P1-33



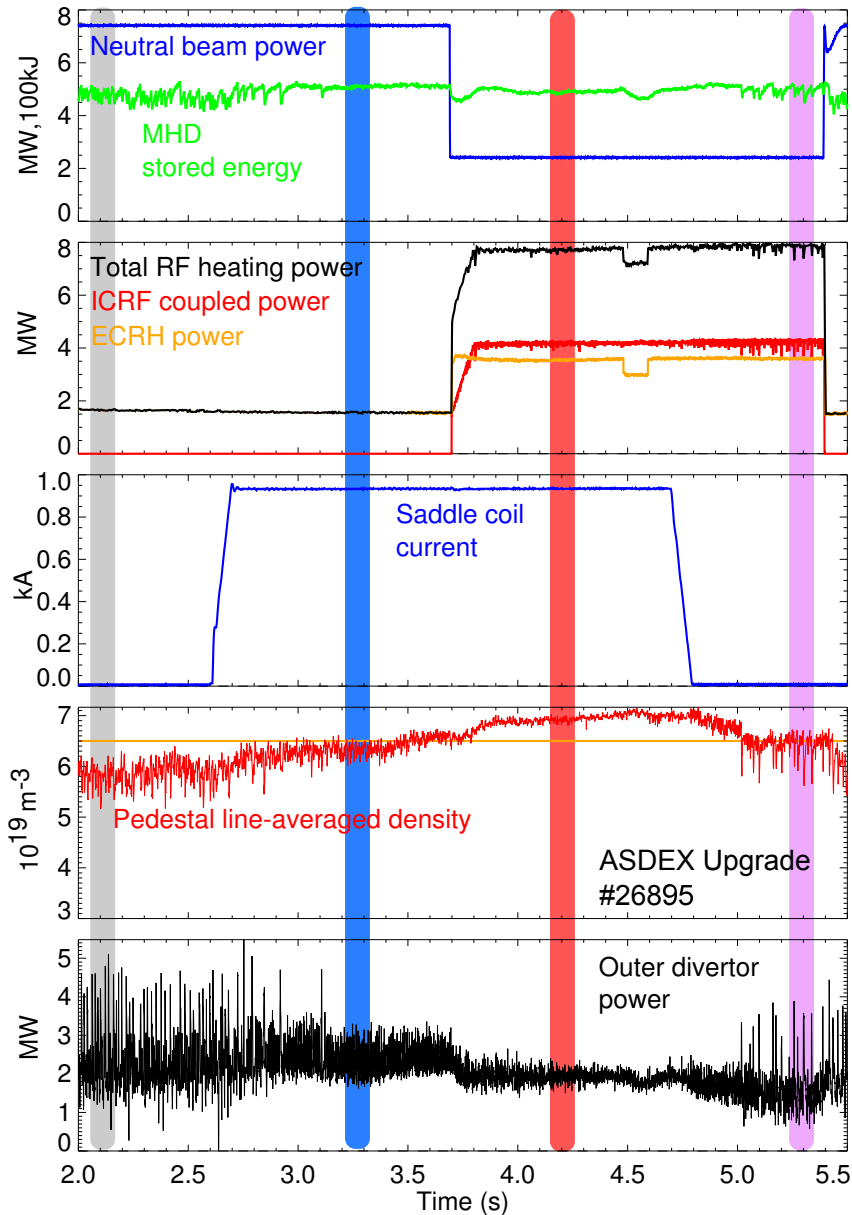
Neoclassical Tearing Mode (NTM) island does not lock to $n = 2$ error field

$$m = 3, n = 2, \rho_p \approx 0.8$$

$$T_{J \times B}(\text{Vacuum}) \sim 100 T_{\text{NBI}}$$

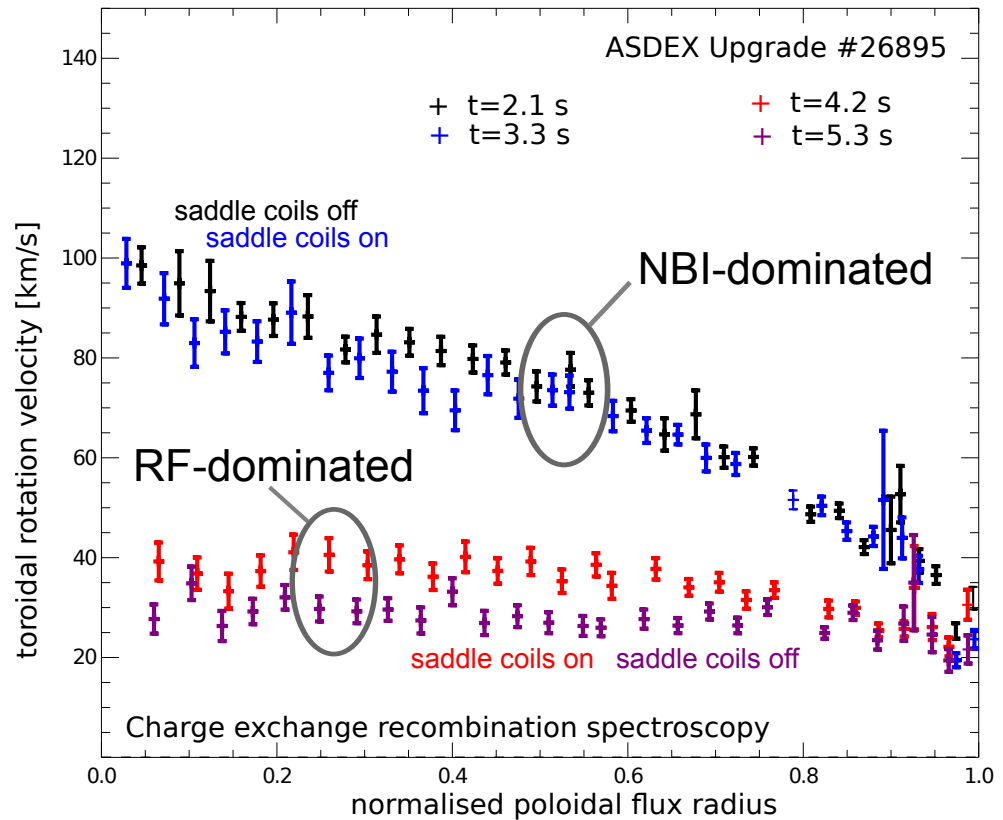
Local magnetic shear small at outer midplane

→ multiple resonant surfaces can carry shielding currents



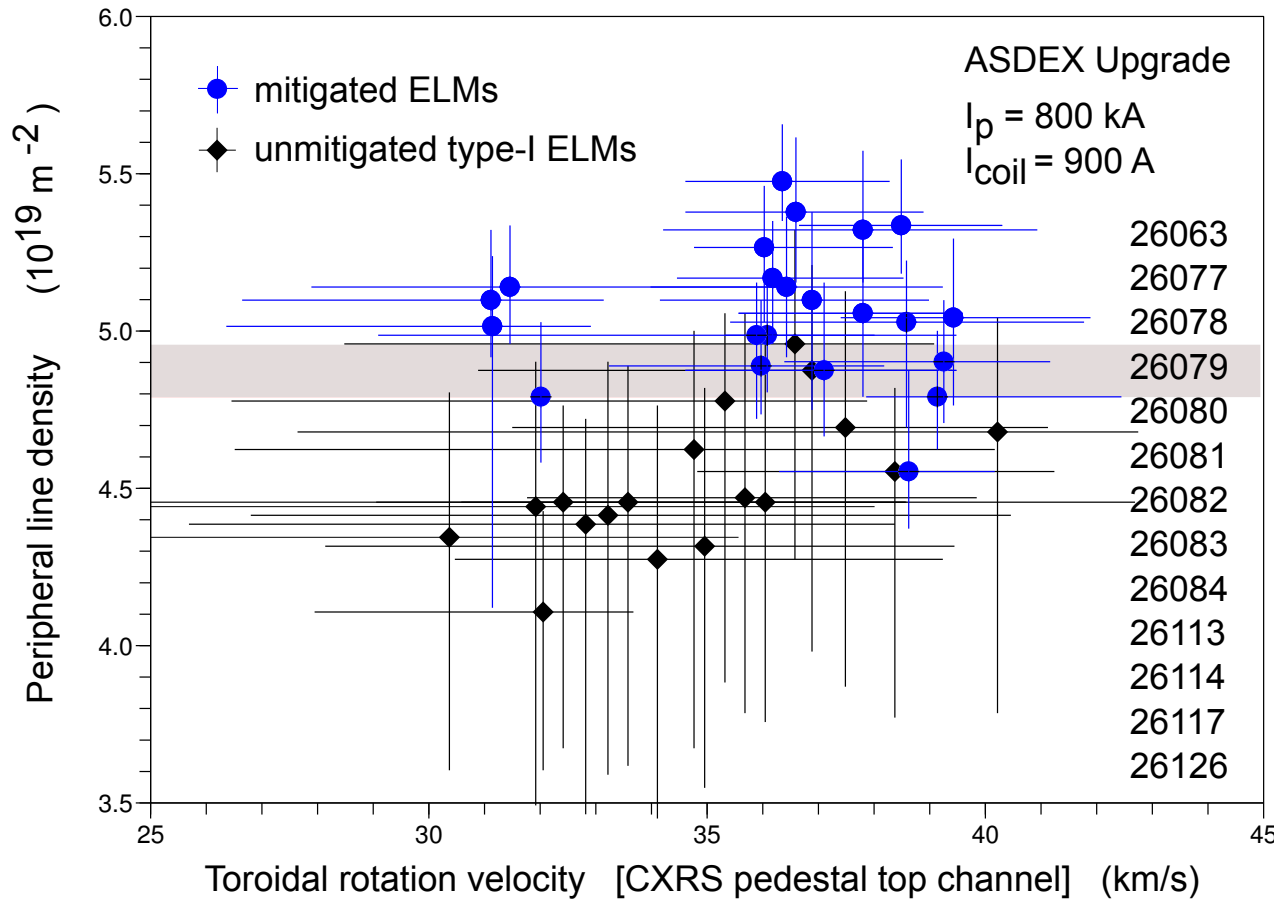
... and independent of plasma rotation

As yet no window in v_{rot} for plasma core islands/ergodisation observed



Connections between v_{ϕ} , density peaking and turbulence regimes: **R M McDermott EX/2-1**

Data set of plasmas with identical shape, plasma parameters.
 Variation of momentum input (heating type and power):
 $P_{\text{NBI}} = 2.5 - 12.5 \text{ MW}$, $P_{\text{ECRH}} = 0 - 1.6 \text{ MW}$.



Minimum density

(best description so far)

$$n_{e,\text{ped}} \geq 65\% n_{\text{GW}}$$

for $n = 2$ perturbations.

No maximum density

Cryogenic pellets:

— $\bar{n}_e = 1.5 n_{\text{GW}}$

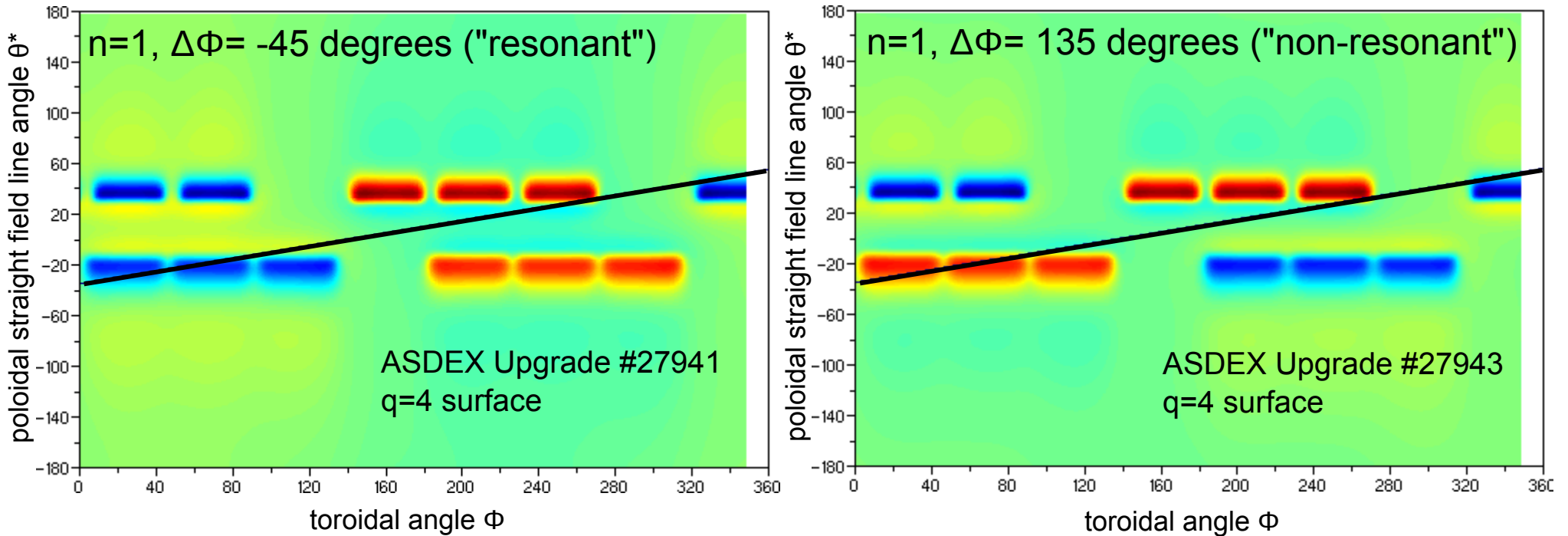
— no ELMs triggered

— good fueling efficiency

P T Lang, EX/P4-01

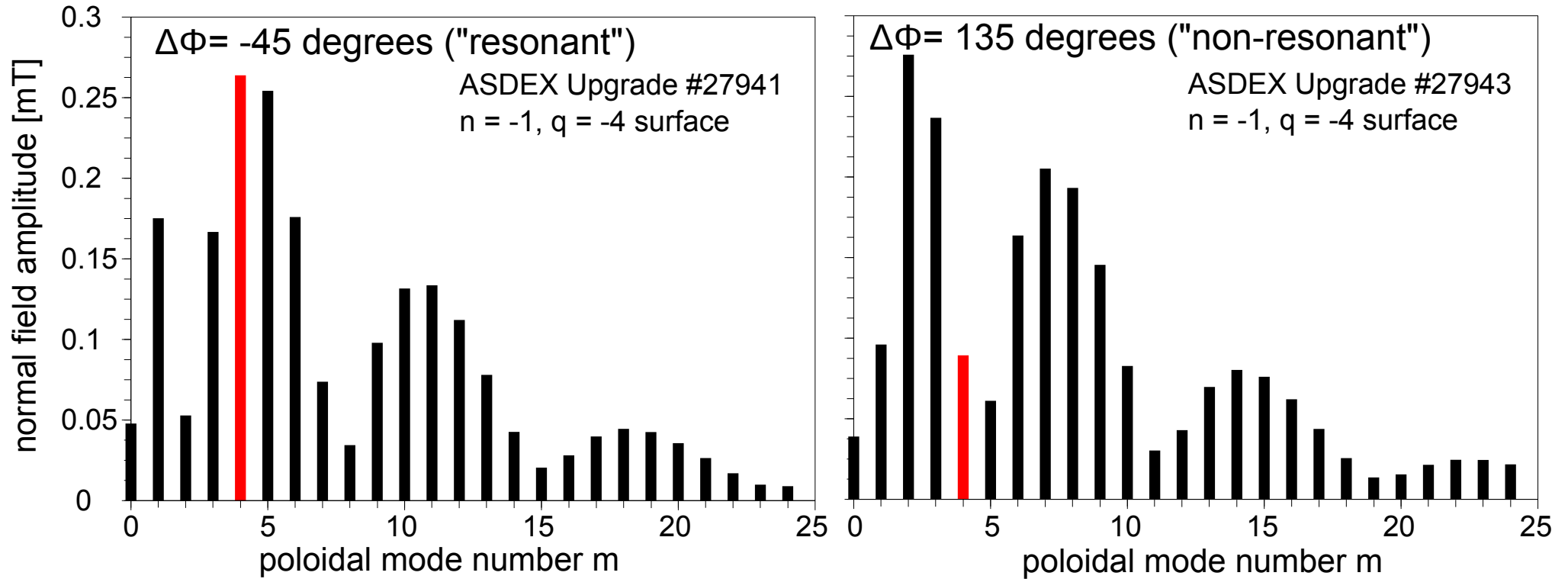
Nucl. Fus. **52** (2012) 023017

Example: $n = 1$ perturbation

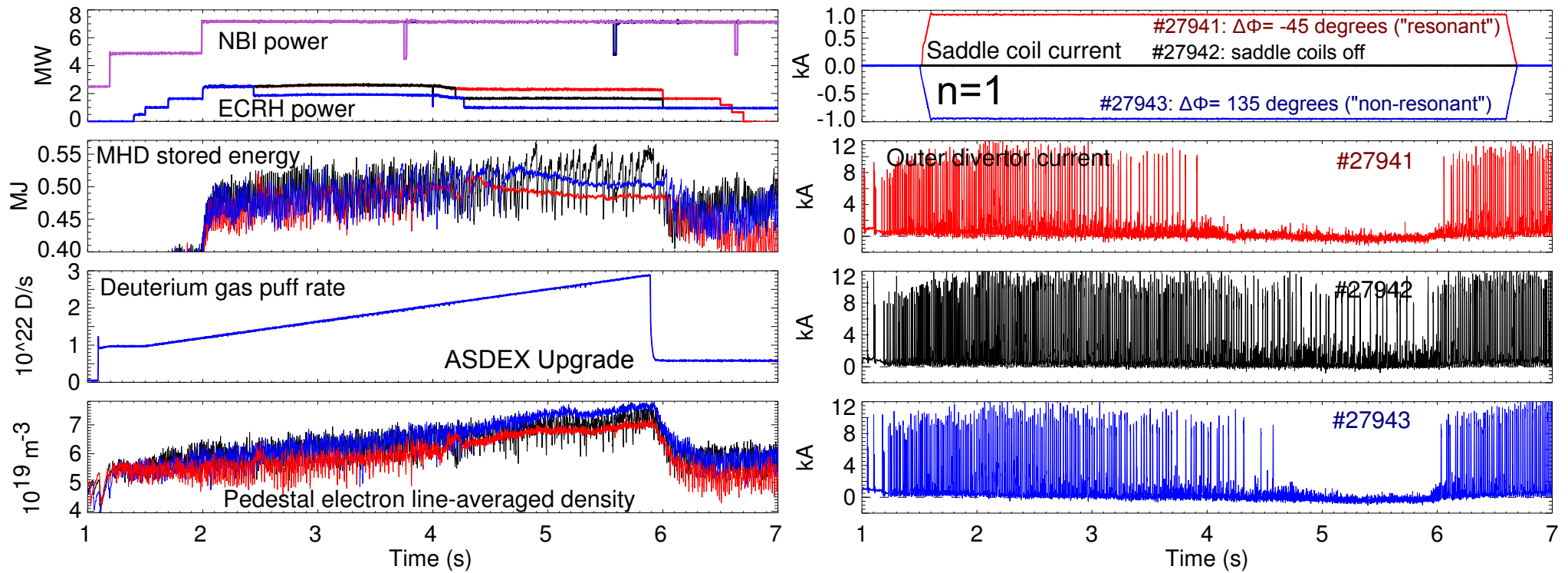


Alignment of perturbation field with field lines can be changed by varying the toroidal phase $\Delta\Phi$ between upper and lower coil rings.

Poloidal mode number spectrum:



ELM mitigation with resonant and non-resonant perturbation



Resonant and non-resonant configurations work (Same coil current threshold, see poster)

Slightly lower threshold density for $n = 1$, resonant config.: $n_{e,ped} = 60\% n_{GW}$

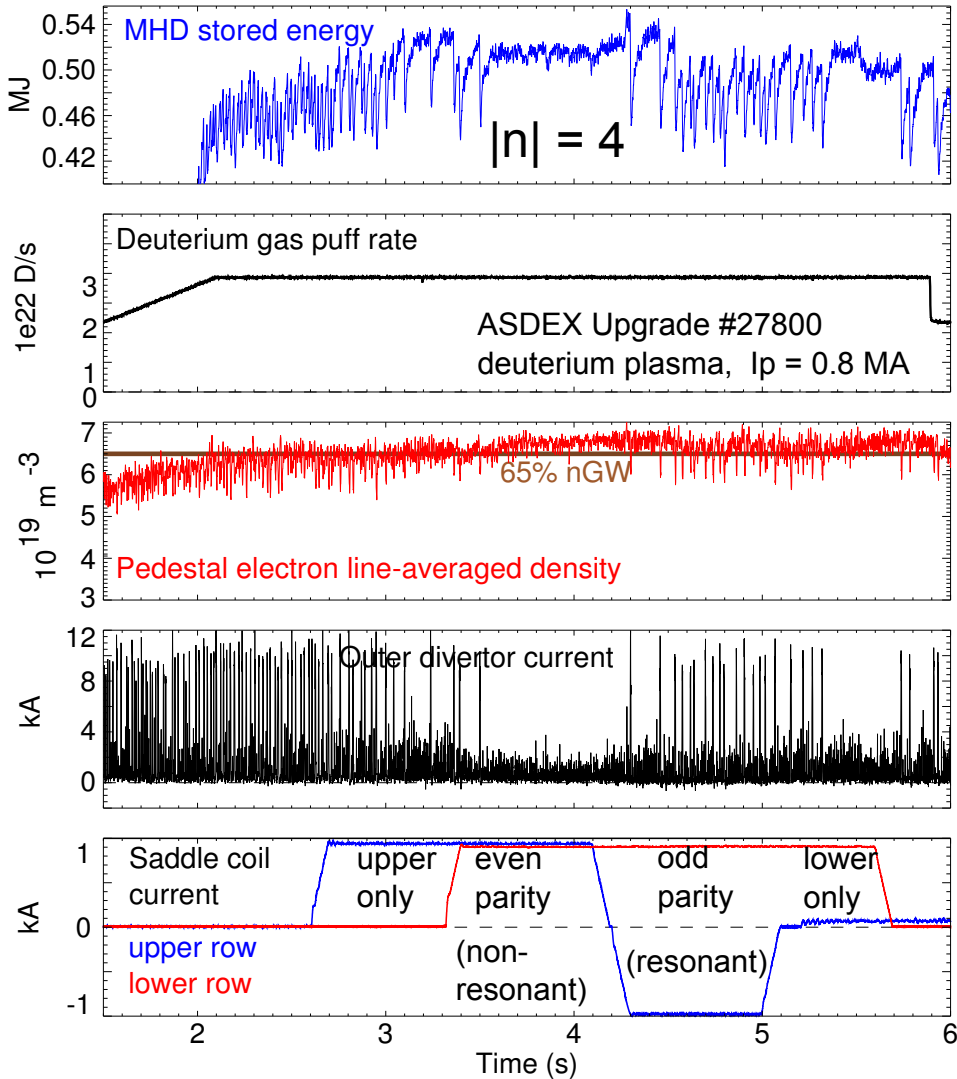
Control experiment (saddle coils off):

At highest gas puff, type-I ELM frequency decreases

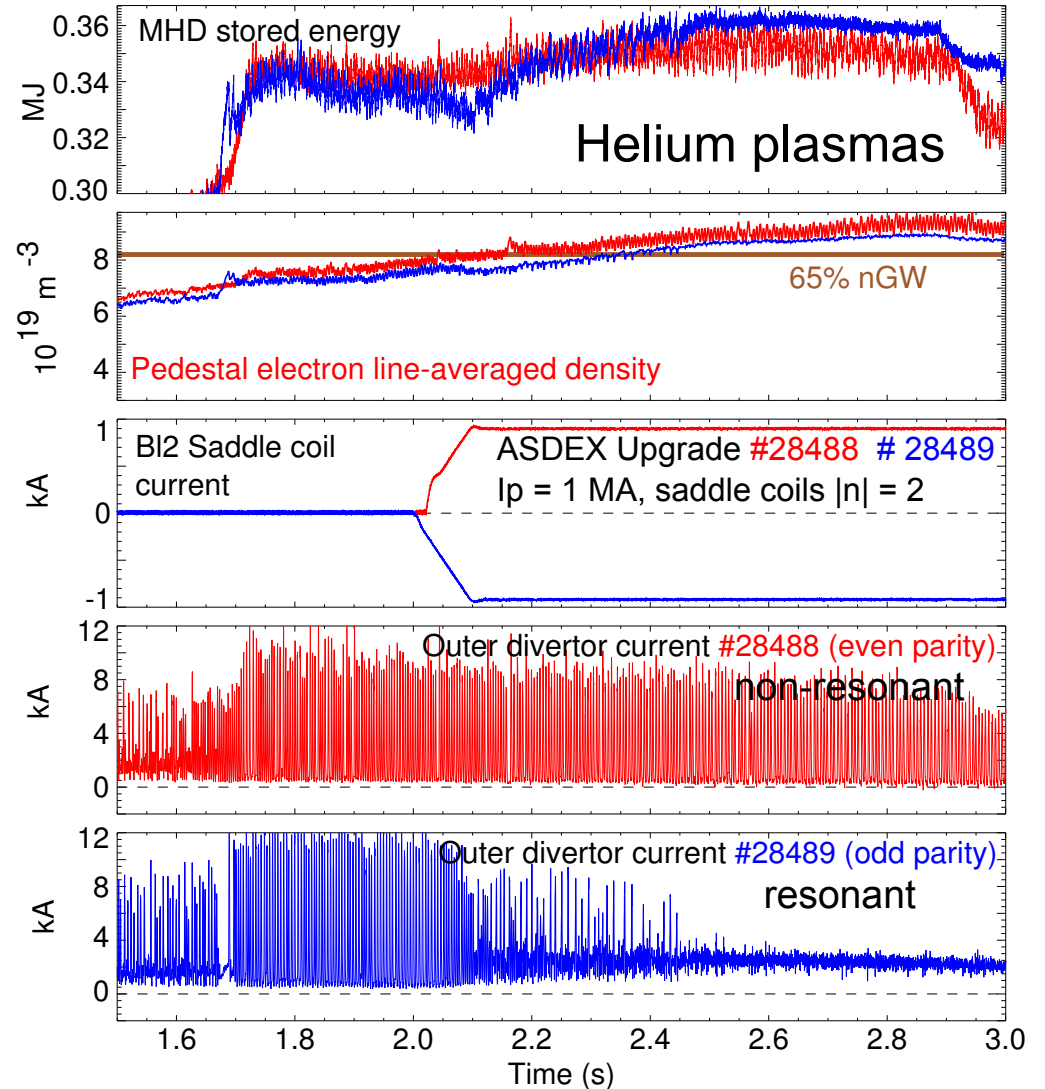
because small ELMs appear spontaneously → upper end of ELM mitigation window.

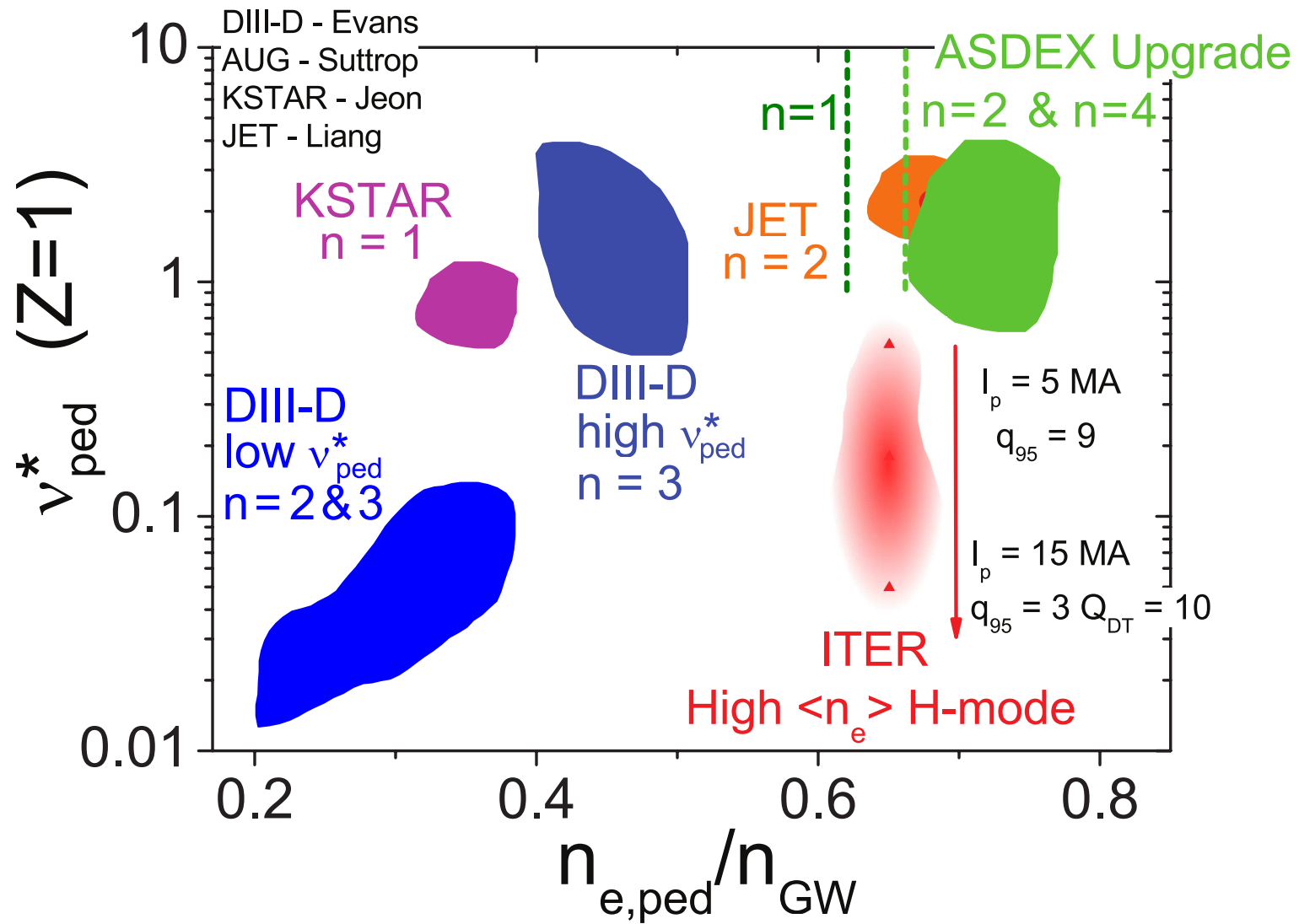
Expanding the ELM mitigation operation range

Deuterium plasma, $|n| = 4$, $I_p = 0.8$ MA

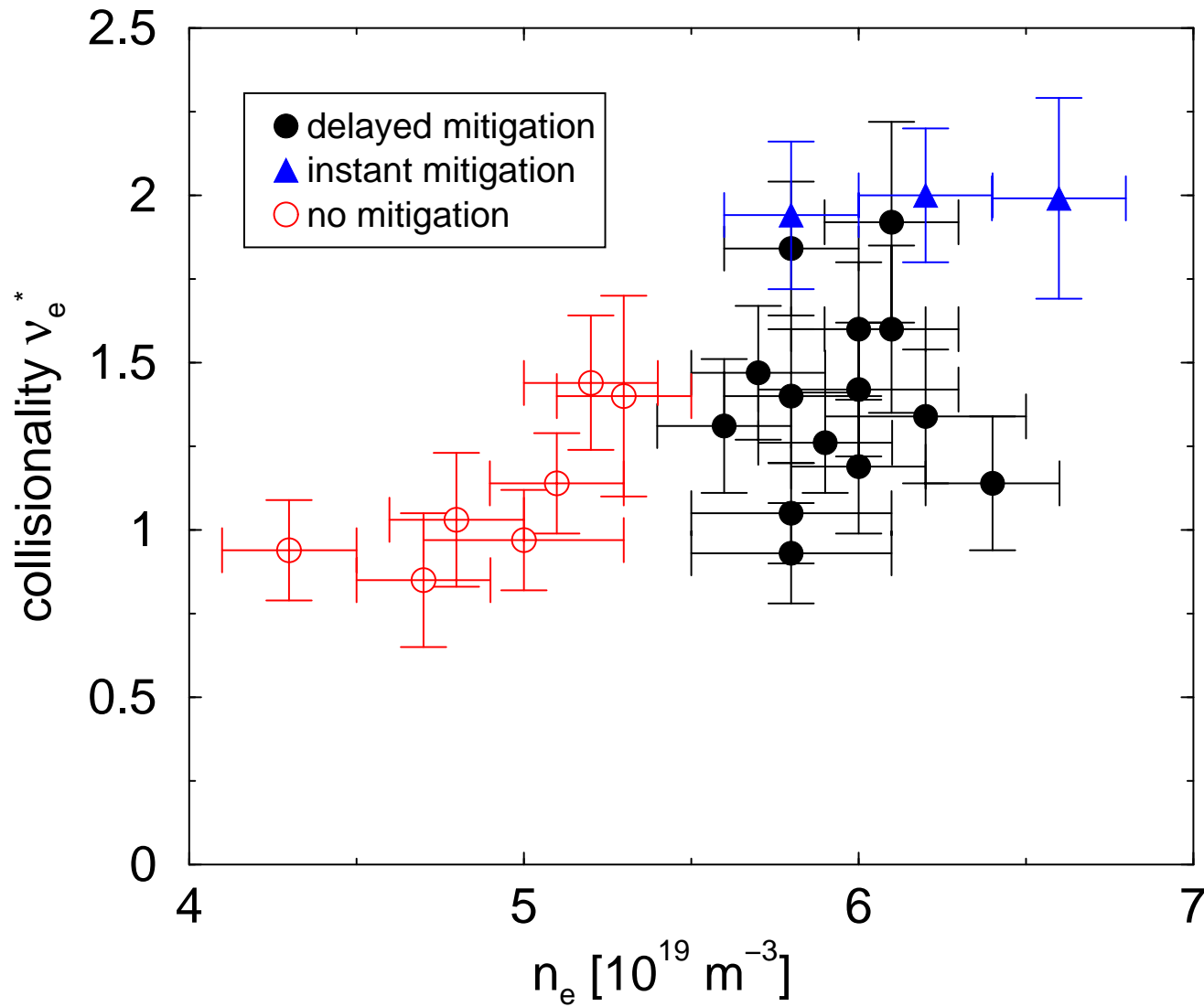


Helium plasma, $|n| = 2$, $I_p = 1.0$ MA





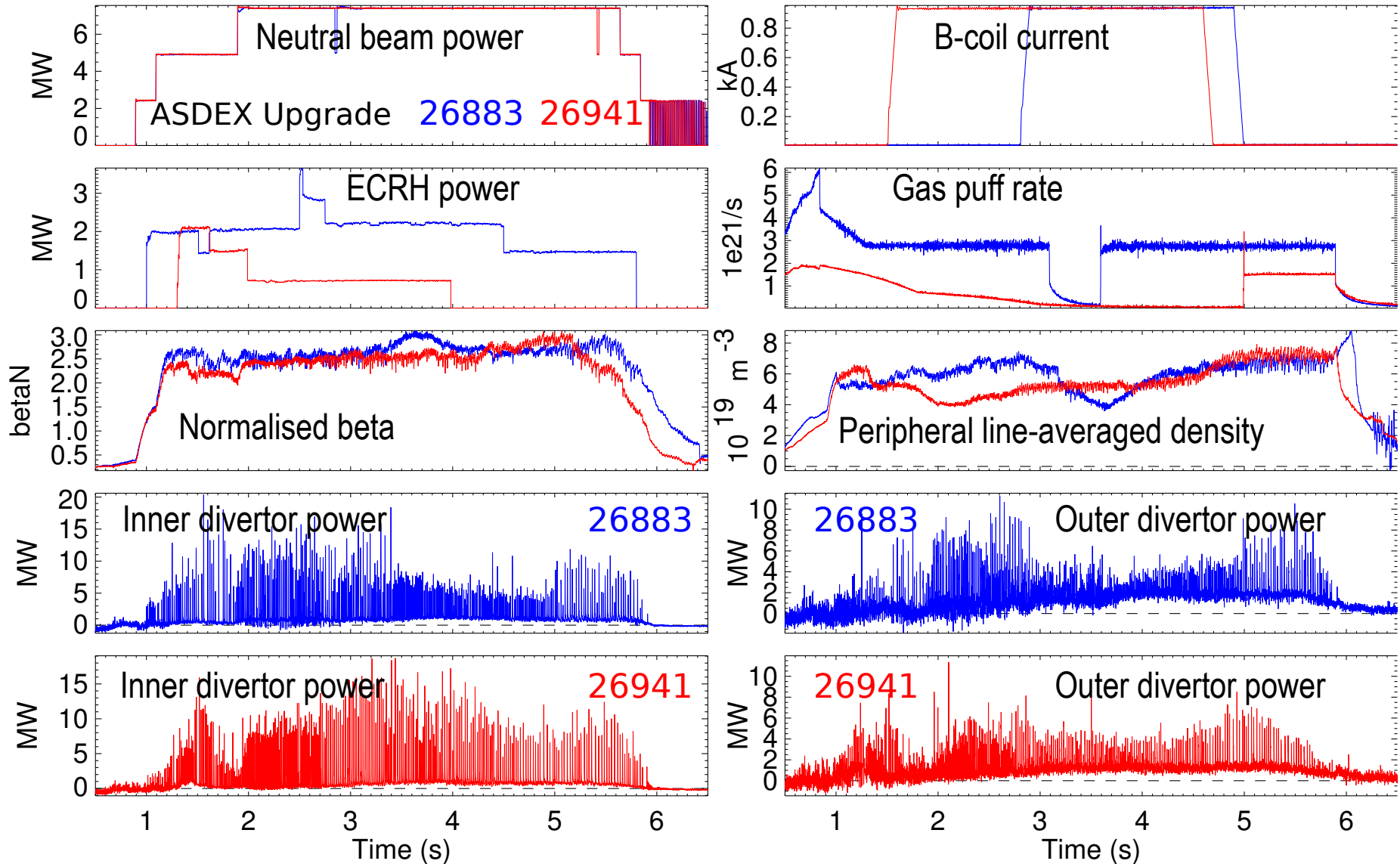
A Loarte, ITR/1-2



R Fischer *et al*, accepted for Plasma Phys. Control. Fusion

At low plasma collisionality, ELM suppression so far not found

$q_{95} = 3.2$, $v_{i,neo}^* = 0.14 - 0.36$ (pedestal top)



Type-I ELMs suppressed with
 $n = 1, 2, 4$ perturbations in ASDEX Upgrade

Frequent, small ELMs

- Benign energy loss and divertor power load,
- No penalty in energy confinement, impurity content

Minimum pedestal plasma density:

$$f_{GW} = 0.65 \quad (|n| = 2, 4)$$

$$f_{GW} = 0.6 \quad (|n| = 1, \text{resonant})$$

Works with non-resonant perturbation

Not sensitive to

- q_{95} (tested $q_{95} = 3.7 \dots 6.2$)
- heating power, β
- heating method, plasma rotation

Search for low density (collisionality) ELM suppression regime continues

See also:

Pellet injection with MP

No ELM triggered

High fueling efficiency

P T Lang EX/P4-01

L-H transition with MP

Suppression of first ELM

F Ryter EX/P4-03

Small ELM filaments

I Classen EX/P4-07

Fast ion redistribution

M García Muñoz EX/P6-03

SOL structure with MP

M Kočan EX/P7-23